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Carl Kugler
IBM Corporation
T. Hastings
Xerox Corporation
H. Lewis
IBM Corporation
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8 Internet Printing Protocol (IPP)/4.1:
9 Job and Printer Administrative Set2 Operations

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20 Abstract

21 This document specifies the following 16 additional OPTIONAL operations for use with the Internet
22 Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2565, RFC2566] and IPP/1.1 [ipp-mod, ipp-pro]. ~~These operations are 9~~
23 ~~Printer object operations that operators/administrators may perform on a Printer object:~~

Printer operations:

Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job

~~Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs~~ Hold-New-
Jobs and Release-Held-New-Jobs

Deactivate-Printer and Activate-Printer
Restart-Printer
Shutdown-Printer and Startup-Printer

Job operations:

Reprocess-Job
Cancel-Current-Job ~~(though the target is the Printer~~
~~object)~~

Suspend-Current-Job ~~(though the target is the~~
~~Printer object)~~ and Resume-Job

Promote-Job

Redirect-Job

Schedule-Job-After

24 ~~and 7 Job object operations that end users may perform on their jobs and operators/administrators may~~
25 ~~perform on any job, depending on circumstances:~~

26
27 New Printer Description attributes: "subordinate-printers-supported", "parent-printers-supported", and
28 "redirection-printers-supported".
29 ~~New are added, along with additional values for the~~ "printer-state-reasons" values: 'hold-new-jobs' and
30 'deactivated'.

- 31 New ~~and~~ "job-state-reasons" attribute values: 'job-suspended'.
- 32 New 'forwarded-operation-failed' event code.
- 33 New status code: 'server-error-printer-is-deactivated'.

34 The scope of IPP, is characterized in RFC2526 "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol". It is not
35 the intent of this document to revise or clarify this scope or conjecture as to the degree of industry adoption
36 or trends related to IPP within printing systems. It is the intent of this document to extend the original set
37 of operations - in a similar fashion to the Set1 extensions which referred to IPP/1.0 and were later
38 incorporated into IPP/1.1.

39 ~~This document is intended for registration following the registration procedures of IPP/1.0 [RFC2566] and~~
40 ~~IPP/1.1 [ipp-mod]. This version includes the comments discussed at the IPP telecon, on 6/23/1999,~~
41 ~~6/30/1999, at the IETF IPP WG meeting, 7/7/99-7/8/99, in Copenhagen, and the IPP telecon, 7/17/1999, the~~
42 ~~August, 1999 IPP meeting in Alaska and subsequent phone conferences and discussions. Specifically, the~~
43 ~~9/16 update refers to this set of extensions simply as "Set2" rather than using the term "Administrative"~~
44 ~~which was misleading, controversial and incorrect as an overall description. Also, two new attributes have~~
45 ~~been proposed to clarify the intent of each operation in terms of its target, the Printer vs. the Print Job.~~

46 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 47 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 48 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 49 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (~~this document~~ [IPP-MOD](#))
- 50 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 51 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 52 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

53

54 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
55 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
56 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
57 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
58 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

59 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
60 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
61 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
62 decisions.

63 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
64 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
65 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
66 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
67 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

68 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
69 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
70 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
71 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
72 the specification decisions is also included.

73 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
74 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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167 **1 Introduction**

168 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing
169 using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 ([IPP/1.1\[ipp-mod, ipp-pro\]](#)) focuses on end user
170 functionality with a few administrative operations included. This document defines additional OPTIONAL
171 end user, operator, and administrator operations used to control Jobs and Printers. This document is a
172 registration proposal for an extension to IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 following the registration procedures in those
173 documents.

174 **2 Terminology**

175 This section defines terminology used throughout this document.

176 **2.1 Conformance Terminology**

177 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY, NEED
178 NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These terms are defined in [ipp-
179 mod] section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

180 The following specialization of these terms apply to this document:

181 **REQUIRED:** if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it MUST
182 support a REQUIRED feature.

183 **OPTIONAL:** if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it MAY support
184 an OPTIONAL feature.

185 **2.2 Other terminology**

186 This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These terms have special
187 meaning and are defined in the model terminology [ipp-mod] section 12.2. In addition, the following
188 capitalized terms are defined.

189 **IPP Printer object (or Printer for short)** - a software abstraction defined by [ipp-mod].

190 **Printer Operation - an operation whose target is an IPP Printer object and whose effect is on the**
191 **Printer object.**

192 **Output-Device** - the physical imaging mechanism that an IPP Printer controls. Note: while this term is
193 capitalized in this specification (but not in [ipp-mod]), there is no formal object called an Output
194 Device.

195 **Device Operation - an operation whose target is an IPP Printer object and whose defined effect is**
196 **on an Output Device.**

197 **Output-Device Fan-Out** - a configuration in which an IPP Printer controls more than one output-
198 device.

- 199 **Printer fan-out** - a configuration in which an IPP Printer object controls more than one Subordinate
200 IPP Printer object.
- 201 **Printer fan-in** - a configuration in which an IPP Printer object is controlled by more than one IPP
202 Printer object.
- 203 **Subordinate Printer** - an IPP Printer object that is controlled by another IPP Printer object. Such a
204 Subordinate Printer MAY have one or more Subordinate Printers.
- 205 **Leaf Printer** - a Subordinate Printer that has no Subordinate Printers.
- 206 **Non-Leaf Printer** - an IPP Printer object that has one or more Subordinate Printers.
- 207 **Chained Printer** - a Non-Leaf Printer that has exactly one Subordinate Printer.
- 208 **Job Creation operations** - IPP operations that create a Job object: Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-
209 Job.

210 3 Requirements and Use Cases

211 The following requirements and usage cover both the "[Job and Printer Administrative Operations](#)" ([this](#)
212 [document](#))~~Set2 [ipp-set2]~~ and the "[Device Administrative Operations](#)" (see [\[ipp-device-ops\]](#))~~Set3 [this~~
213 [document\] operations. They \[requirements\]\(#\) are presented here together to show the parallelism.](#)

- 214 1. Have separate operations for affecting the IPP Printer versus affecting the Output Device, so its clear
215 what the intent of each is and implementers can implement one or the other or both.
- 216 2. Support fan-out of Printer objects.
- 217 3. Support fan-out of Output Devices.
- 218 4. Support fan-in of Printer objects, as long as it doesn't make the semantics more complicated when not
219 supporting fan-in.
- 220 5. Support fan-in of output objects, as long as it doesn't make the semantics more complicated when not
221 supporting fan-in.
- 222 6. Instead of having operation attributes that alter the behavior of the operation significantly, have separate
223 operations, so that it is simple and clear to a client which semantics the Printer is supporting (by
224 querying the "operations-supported" attribute) and it is simple to describe the capabilities of a Printer
225 implementation in written documentation (just list the OPTIONAL operations supported).
- 226 7. Need a Printer Operation to prevent a Printer object from accepting new IPP jobs, but currently
227 accepted jobs continue unaffected to be scheduled and processed. Need a companion one to restore the
228 Printer object to accept new IPP jobs.

229 Usage: Operator is preparing to take the IPP Printer out of service or to change the configuration of the
230 IPP Printer.

231 Suggested name and operations: **Disable-Printer** and **Enable-Printer**

232 8. Need a Device Operation to prevent an Output Device from accepting any new jobs from any job
233 submission protocol and a companion one to restore the Output Device to accepting any jobs.

234 Usage: Operator is preparing to take the Output Device out of service.

235 Suggested name and operations: **Disable-Device** and **Enable Device**

236 9. Need a Printer Operation to stop the processing after the current IPP job completes and not start
237 processing any additional IPP jobs (either by scheduling the jobs or sending them to the Output Device),
238 but continue to accept new IPP jobs. Need a companion operation to start processing/sending IPP jobs
239 again.

240 Usage: Operator wants to gracefully stop the IPP Printer at the next job boundary. The Pause-Printer-
241 After-Current-Job operation is also invoked implicitly by the Deactivate-Printer and the Shutdown-
242 Printer Operations.

243 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job**, **(IPP/1.1) Resume-Printer**

244 10. Need a Device Operation to stop the processing the current job "immediately", no matter what protocol.
245 Its like the Pause button on the Output Device. This operation is for emergencies. The stop point
246 depends on implementation, but can be mid page, end of page, end of sheet, or after a few sheets for
247 Output Devices that can't stop that quickly. The paper path isn't run out. Need a companion operation
248 to start processing the current any-protocol job without losing any thing.

249 Usage: Operator sees something bad about to happen, such as the paper is about to jam, or the toner is
250 running out, or the device is overheating or wants to add more paper.

251 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Device-Now**, **Resume-Device**

252 11. Need a Printer Operation to stop the processing of IPP jobs after all of the currently accepted jobs ~~that~~
253 have been processed, but any newly accepted jobs go into the 'processing-held' state.

254 Usage: This allows an operator to reconfigure the Output Device in order to let jobs that are held
255 waiting for resources, such as special media, to get a chance. Then the operator uses another operation
256 after reconfiguring. He repeats the two operations to restore the Output Device to its normal media.

257 Suggested name and operations: **Hold-New-Jobs, Release-Held-New-Jobs**

258 ~~ISSUE 01: There are several approaches to defining new operations to achieve this requirement:~~

259 ~~1. Define two operations, one that adds a 'hold-new-jobs' value to the Printer's "printer-state-~~
260 ~~reasons" attribute. When 'hold-new-jobs' is present, the Printer adds a companion, say, 'job-held-by-~~
261 ~~operator' value to subsequently submitted jobs' "job-state-reasons" attribute. The operator then uses~~
262 ~~the existing IPP/1.1 Resume-Job operation to resume such held jobs.~~

263 **Hold-New-Jobs, Release-Job**

264 ~~2. Define a single new Pause Printer After All Current Jobs and use the current Resume Printer to~~
265 ~~continue.~~

266 ~~**Pause Printer After All Current Jobs, Resume Printer (IPP/1.1)**~~

267 ~~3. Define an operation which defines a "line" in the queue.~~

268 ~~**Add Printer Queue Mark, Remove Printer Queue Mark**~~

269 12. Need a Device Operation to stop the processing the current any-protocol job at a convenient point, such
270 as after the current copy (or end of job if last or only copy). Need a companion operation to start
271 processing the current any-protocol job or next job without losing any thing.

272 Usage: The operator wants to empty the output bin that is near full. The paper path is run out.

273 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy, Resume-Device**

274 13. Need a Device Operation that always pauses on a device-defined boundary, no matter how many copies,
275 in order to not break up a job. Need a companion operation to start processing the current any-protocol
276 job or next job without losing any thing.

277 Usage: The operator wants to empty the output bin that is near full, but he doesn't want to break up a
278 job in case it has multiple copies. The paper path is run out.

279 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Device-After-Current-Job, Resume-Device**

280 14. Need a Printer Operation that combines Disable-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, and rejects all
281 other Job, Printer, and Device Operations, except Job and Printer queries, System Administrator Set-
282 Printer-Attributes, and the companion operation to resume activity. In other words, this operation
283 makes the Printer a read-only object in a graceful manner for end-users and the operator.

284 Usage: The administrator wants to reconfigure the Printer object using the Set-Printer-Attributes
285 operation without disturbing the current in process work, but wants to make sure that the operator isn't
286 also trying to change the Printer object as part of running the Printer.

287 Suggested name and operation: **Deactivate-Printer, Activate-Printer**

288 15. Need a Device Operation that combines Disable-Device, Pause-Device-After-Current-**Job**, and rejects
289 all other Device Operations, except Job and Printer queries and the companion operation to resume
290 activity. In other words, this operation makes the Output Device a read-only object in a graceful
291 manner.

292 Usage: The field service person wants to open up the device without disturbing the current in process
293 work, perhaps to replace staples, or replace the toner cartridge.

294 Suggested name and operation: **Deactivate-Device, Activate-Device**

295 16. Need a Printer Operation to recover from the IPP Printer software that has gotten confused (run out of
296 heap memory or gotten into a state that it doesn't seem to be able to get out of). This is a condition that
297 shouldn't happen, but does in real life. Any volatile information is saved if possible before the software
298 is re-initialized. No companion operation is needed to undo this. We don't want to go back to the
299 "confused" state :-).

300 Usage: The IPP Printer software has gotten confused or isn't responding properly.

301 Suggested name and operation: **Restart-Printer**

302 17. Need a Device Operation to recover from the Output Device hardware and software that has gotten
303 confused (gotten into a state that it doesn't seem to be able to get out of, run out of heap memory, etc.).
304 This is a condition that shouldn't happen, but does in real life. This is the same and has the same
305 options as the Printer MIB reset. No companion operation is needed to undo this. We don't want to go
306 back to the "confused" state :-).

307 Usage: The Output Device has gotten confused or need resetting to some initial conditions.

308 Suggested name and operation: **Reset-Device**

309 18. Need a Printer Operation to put the IPP Printer object out of business with no way in the protocol to
310 bring that instantiation back to life (but see Startup-Printer which brings up exactly one new
311 instantiation to life with the same URL). Any volatile information is saved if possible.

312 Usage: The Printer is being moved or the building's power is being shut off.

313 Suggested name and operation: **Shutdown-Printer**

314 19. Need a Printer Operation to bring an IPP Printer to life when there is an already running host.

315 Usage: After the host is started (by means outside the IPP protocol), the operator is able to ask the host
316 to bring up any number of Printer objects (that the host has been configured in some way) each with
317 distinct URLs.

318 Suggested name and operation: **Startup-Printer**

319 20. Need a Device Operation to power off the Output Device after writing out any software state. It is
320 assumed that other operations have more gracefully prepared the Output Device for this drastic and
321 immediate. There is no companion Device Operation to bring the power back on.

322 Usage: The Output Device is going to be moved, the power in the building is going to be shutoff, the
323 repair man has arrived and needs to take the Output Device apart.

324 Suggested name and operation: **Power-Off-Device**

325 21. Need a Device Operation to startup a powered-off device.

326 Usage: After a Power-Off-Device, if the device can be powered back up (possibly by an intervening
327 host that supports the Device Operation).

328 Suggest name and operation: Power-On-Device

329 3.1 List of the Printer and Device Operations

330 The list of Printer and the corresponding Device Operations is shown in Table 1:

331 **Table 1 - List of Printer Operations and corresponding Device Operations**

Printer Operation (see [ipp-set2])	Corresponding Device Operation equivalent (see [ipp-device-ops])
Get-Printer-Attribute	no
Set-Printer-Attributes	no
Disable-Printer	Disable-Device
Enable-Printer	Enable-Device
Pause-Printer (IPP/1.1 - [ipp-mod] - one interpretation)	Pause-Device-Now
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job no	Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Pause-Device-After-Current-Job
Resume-Printer (IPP/1.1 - [ipp-mod])	Resume-Device
Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs Hold-New-Jobs	no
Release-Held-New-Jobs	no
Deactivate-Printer	Deactivate-Device
Activate-Printer	Activate-Device
Purge-Jobs (IPP/1.1 - [ipp-mod])	Purge-Device
Restart-Printer	Reset-Device
Shutdown-Printer	Power-Off-Device
Startup-Printer	Power-On-Device

332 There are no conformance dependencies between Printer Operations and Device Operations. Either MAY
333 be supported without supporting the corresponding operations.

334 ~~When a Printer object receives a Device Operation, it performs the corresponding Printer Operation as~~
335 ~~shown in Table 1 and simultaneously controls the Output Device, so that the effect of the Device Operation~~
336 ~~also happens to the IPP Jobs and the IPP Printer object, thereby keeping the IPP semantics correctly~~
337 ~~representing the state of the Output Device.~~

338 ~~ISSUE 02—Ok that every Device Operation REQUIRES the IPP Printer to perform the corresponding~~
339 ~~Printer Operation, if implemented?~~

340 ~~ISSUE 03—Which corresponding Printer Operations MUST an implementation support, if it supports a~~
341 ~~particular Device Operation?~~

342 **4 Use of the Printer object to represent IPP Printer fan-out and IPP Printer fan-in**

343 This section defines how the Printer object MAY be used to represent IPP Printer fan-out and IPP Printer
344 fan-in. Fan-out is where an IPP Printer is used to represent other IPP Printer objects. Fan-in is where
345 several IPP Printer objects are used to represent another IPP Printer object.

346 **4.1 IPP Printer Fan-Out**

347 The IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics introduces the semantic concept of an IPP Printer object that represents
348 more than one Output Device (see [ipp-mod] section 2.1). This concept is called "Output Device Fan-Out".
349 However, there was no way to represent the individual states of the Output Devices or to perform
350 operations on a specific Output Device when there was fan-out. This document generalizes the semantics
351 of the Printer object to represent such Subordinate fan-out Output Devices as IPP Printer objects. This
352 concept is called "Printer object fan-out". A Printer object that has a Subordinate Printer object is called a
353 Non-Leaf Printer object. Thus a Non-Leaf Printer object MAY support_s one or more Subordinate Printer
354 objects in order to represent Printer object fan-out. A Printer object that does not have any Subordinate
355 Printer objects is called a Leaf Printer object.

356 Each Non-Leaf Printer object submits jobs to its immediate Subordinate Printers and otherwise controls the
357 Subordinate Printers using IPP or other protocols. Whether pending jobs are kept in the Non-Leaf Printer
358 until a Subordinate Printer can accept them or are kept in the Subordinate Printers depends on
359 implementation and/or configuration policy. Furthermore, a Subordinate Printer object MAY, in turn, have
360 Subordinate Printer objects. Thus a Printer object can be both a Non-Leaf Printer and a Subordinate
361 Printer.

362 A Subordinate Printer object MUST be a conforming Printer object, so it MUST support all of the
363 REQUIRED operations and attributes. However, with access control, the Subordinate Printer MAY be
364 configured so that end-user clients are not permitted to perform any operations (or just Get-Printer-
365 Attributes) while one or more Non-Leaf Printer object(s) are permitted to perform any operation.

366 **4.2 IPP Printer Fan-In**

367 The IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics did not preclude the semantic concept of multiple IPP Printer objects that
368 represent a single Output Device (see [ipp-mod] section 2.1). However, there was no way for the client to
369 determine that there was a fan-in configuration, nor was there a way to perform operations on the
370 Subordinate device. This specification generalizes the semantics of the Printer object to allow several Non-
371 Leaf IPP Printer objects to represent a single Subordinate Printer object. Thus a Non-Leaf Printer object
372 MAY share a Subordinate Printer object with one or more other Non-Leaf Printer objects in order to
373 represent IPP Printer fan-in.

374 As with fan-out (see section 4.1), when a Printer object is a Non-Leaf [Printer](#), it MUST NOT have an
375 associated Output Device. As with fan-out, a Leaf Printer object has ~~an~~ [one or more](#) associated Output
376 Device(s). As with fan-out, the Non-Leaf Printer objects submit jobs to their Subordinate Printer objects
377 and otherwise control the Subordinate Printer. As with fan-out, whether pending jobs are kept in the Non-
378 Leaf Printers until the Subordinate Printer can accept them or are kept in the Subordinate Printer depends
379 on implementation and/or configuration policy.

380 **4.3 Printer object attributes used to represent Printer fan-out and Printer fan-in**

381 The following Printer Description attributes are defined to represent the relationship between Printer
382 object(s) and their Subordinate Printer object(s):

- 383 1. "subordinate-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) - contains the URI of the immediate Subordinate Printer
384 object(s).
- 385 2. "parent-printers-supported (1setOf uri) - contains the URI of the Non-Leaf printer object(s) for which
386 this Printer object is the immediate Subordinate, i.e., this Printer's immediate "parent" or "parents".
387 ~~Each Subordinate Printer object MUST support this Printer Description attribute. A Printer that has no~~
388 ~~parents, either does not support the "parent-printers-supported" attribute or does so with the 'no-value'~~
389 ~~out-of-band value (see [ipp-mod] section 4.1), depending on implementation.~~

390 **4.4 Subordinate Printer URI**

391 Each Subordinate Printer object has a URI which is used as the target of each operation on the Subordinate
392 Printer. The means for configuring URIs for Subordinate Printer objects is implementation-dependent as
393 are all URIs. However, there are two distinct approaches:

- 394 a. When the implementation wants to make sure that no operation on a Subordinate Printer object as
395 a target "sneaks by" the parent Printer object (or the Subordinate Printer is fronting for a device that
396 is not networked), the host part of the URI specifies the host of the parent Printer. Then the parent
397 Printer object can easily reflect the state of the Subordinate Printer objects in the parent's Printer
398 object state and state reasons as the operation passes "through" the parent Printer object.
- 399 b. When the Subordinate Printer is networked and the implementation allows operations to go
400 directly to the Subordinate Printer (with proper access control) without knowledge of the parent
401 Printer object, the host part of the URI is different than the host part of the parent Printer object. In
402 such a case, the parent Printer object MUST keep its "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" up to
403 date, either by polling the Subordinate Printer object or by subscribing to events with the
404 Subordinate Printer object (see [ipp-not-spec] for means to subscribe to event notification when the
405 Subordinate Printer object supports IPP notification).

406 4.5 Printer object attributes used to represent Output Device Fan-Out

407 Only Leaf IPP Printer objects are allowed to have one or more associated Output Devices. Each Leaf
408 Printer object MAY support the "output-devices-supported" (1setOf name(127)) to indicate the user-
409 friendly name(s) of the Output Device(s) that the Leaf Printer object represents. It is RECOMMENDED
410 that each Leaf Printer object have only one associated Output Device, so that the individual Output Devices
411 can be represented completely and controlled completely by clients. In other words, the Leaf Printer's
412 "output-devices-supported" attribute SHOULD have only one value.

413 Non-Leaf Printer MUST NOT have associated Output Devices. However, a Non-Leaf Printer SHOULD
414 support an "output-devices-supported" (1setOf name(127)) Printer Description attribute that contains all the
415 values of its immediate Subordinate Printers. Since such Subordinate Printers MAY be Leaf or Non-Leaf,
416 the same rules apply to them, etc. Thus any Non-Leaf Printer SHOULD have an "output-devices-
417 supported" (1setOf name(127)) attribute that contains all the values of the Output Devices associated with
418 Leaf Printers of its complete sub-tree.

419 When adding, removing, or changing a configuration of Printers and Output Devices, there can be moments
420 in time when the tree structure is not consistent. In other words, times when a Non-Leaf Printer's
421 "subordinate-printers-supported" does not agree with the Subordinate Printer's "parent-printers-supported".
422 Therefore, the operator SHOULD first Deactivate all Printers that are being configured in this way, update
423 all pointer attributes, and then reactivate. A useful client tool would validate a tree structure before
424 Activating the Printers involved.

425 ~~ISSUE 04—How is the "output-devices-supported" attribute populated for a Non-Leaf Printer? By the~~
426 ~~operator client knowing to fill it in when setting the Non-Leaf Printer's "subordinate-printers" (1setOf uri)~~
427 ~~Printer-Description attribute or MUST the Non-Leaf Printer fill in its "output-devices-supported" as a~~
428 ~~defined side effect whenever its "subordinate-printers" attribute is set?~~

429 ~~ISSUE 05—Since a Non-Leaf Printer has pointers to its subordinate Printers and they have pointer back it is~~
430 ~~impossible to change both objects in a single Set Printer-Attributes operation. Therefore, the configuration~~
431 ~~is not consistent unless the tree is populated from top-down.~~

432

433 **4.6 Figures to show all possible configurations**

434 Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3 are taken from [ipp-mod] to show the configurations possible with IPP/1.0
435 and IPP/1.1 where all Printer objects are Leaf Printer objects. The remaining figures show additional
436 configurations that this document defines using Non-Leaf and Leaf Printer objects. Legend for all figures:

437 ----> indicates a network protocol with the direction of its requests

438

439 ##### indicates a Printer object which is either:

440 - embedded in an Output Device or

441 - hosted in a server. The Printer object

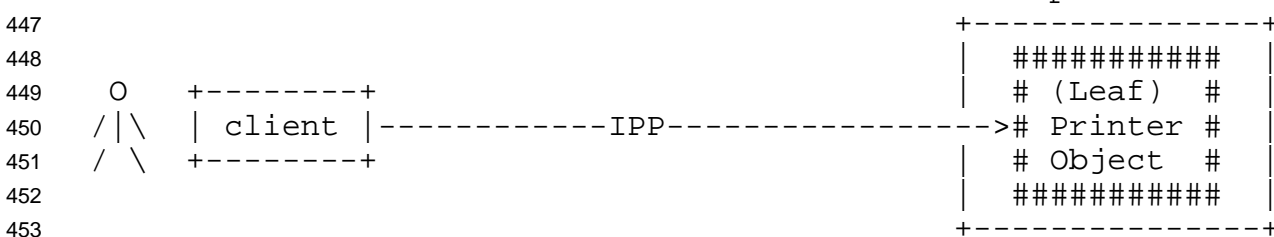
442 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

443

444 any indicates any network protocol or direct

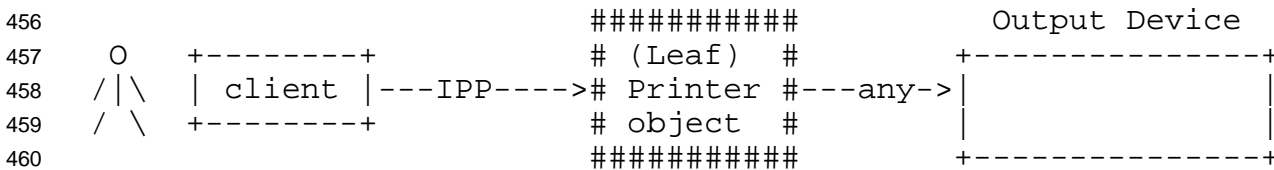
445 connect, including IPP

446



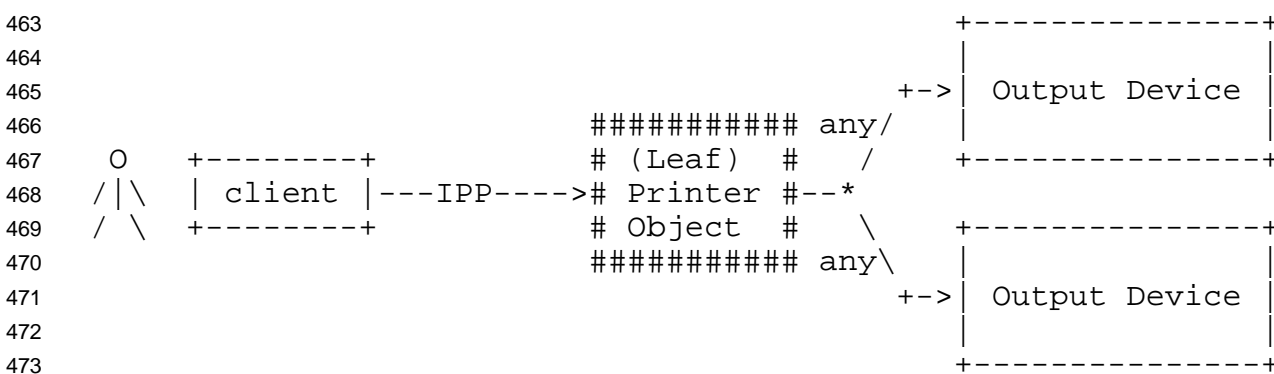
454 **Figure 1 - Embedded Printer object**

455



461 **Figure 2 - Hosted Printer object**

462



474 **Figure 3 - Output Device fan out**


```

475          #####
476  O  +-----+          # Non-Leaf#          #####
477  /|\ | client |---IPP---># Printer #---IPP---># Printer #
478  / \ +-----+          # object #          #####
479          #####

```

481 The Subordinate Printer can be a Non-Leaf Printer as in Figure 4 to
 482 Figure 6, or can be a Leaf Printer as in Figure 1 to Figure 3.

483 **Figure 4 - Chained IPP Printer**

```

484
485          +-----IPP----->#####
486          /
487          /
488          /
489  O  +-----+          ##### any #####
490  /|\ | client |---IPP---># Printer #--*
491  / \ +-----+          # object # \
492          \
493          \
494          \
495          +-----IPP-----># object #
496          #####

```

498 The Subordinate Printer can be a Non-Leaf Printer as in Figure 4 to
 499 Figure 6, or can be a Leaf Printer as in Figure 1 to Figure 3.

500 **Figure 5 - IPP Printer fan out**

```

501
502          (Non-Leaf)
503          #####
504          # Non-Leaf#
505          +----># Printer #-+
506          /      # object # \
507          IPP    ##### \
508  O  +-----+  /      +---IPP---># subord. #
509  /|\ | client |--+-IPP-----># Printer #
510  / \ +-----+  \      +---IPP---># object #
511          IPP    ##### /      #####
512          \      # Non-Leaf# /
513          +----># Printer #-+
514          # object #
515          #####
516          (Non-Leaf)

```

517 The Subordinate Printer can be a Non-Leaf Printer as in Figure 4, Figure
 518 5, or Figure 6, or can be a Leaf Printer as in Figure 1, Figure 2, or
 519 Figure 3.

520 **Figure 6 - IPP Printer fan in**

521 **4.7 Forwarding requests**

522 This section describes the forwarding of Job and Printer requests to Subordinate Printer objects.

523 **4.7.1 Forwarding requests that affect Printer objects**

524 In Printer fan-out, Printer fan-in, and Chained Printers, the Non-Leaf IPP Printer object **MUST NOT**
 525 forward the **Printer Operations** that affect Printer objects to its Subordinate Printer objects. If a client wants
 526 to explicitly target a Subordinate Printer, the client **MUST** specify the URI of the Subordinate Printer. The
 527 client can determine the URI of any Subordinate Printers by querying the Printer's "subordinate-printers-
 528 supported (1setOf uri) attribute (see section 6.1).

529 Table 2 lists the operations that affect Printer objects and the forwarding behavior that a Non-Leaf Printer
 530 **MUST** exhibit to its immediate Subordinate Printers. **Printer Operations** that affect jobs have a different
 531 forwarding rule (see section 4.7.2 and Table 3):

532 **Table 2 - Forwarding operations that affect Printer objects**

Printer Operation	Non-Leaf Printer action
Printer Operations:	
Enable-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Disable-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs Hold-New-Jobs	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Release-Held-New-Jobs	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Deactivate-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Activate-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Restart-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Shutdown-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Startup-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
IPP/1.1 Printer Operations:	See [ipp-mod]
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Pause-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Resume-Printer	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Set operations:	See [ipp-set-ops]
Set-Printer-Attributes	MUST NOT forward to any of its Subordinate Printers

533

534 **4.7.2 Forwarding requests that affect Jobs**

535 Unlike Printer Operations that only affect Printer objects (see section 4.7.1), a Non-Leaf Printer object
 536 **MUST** forward operations that directly affect jobs to the appropriate Job object(s) in one or more of its
 537 immediate Subordinate Printer objects. Forwarding is **REQUIRED** since the purpose of such a Job

538 operation is to affect the indicated job which itself may have been forwarded. Such forwarding MAY be
 539 immediate or queued, depending on the operation and the implementation. For example, a Non-Leaf
 540 Printer object MAY queue/spool jobs, feeding a job at a time to its Subordinate Printer(s), or MAY forward
 541 jobs immediately to one of its Subordinate Printers. In either case, the Non-Leaf Printer object is
 542 forwarding Job Creation operations to one of its Subordinate Printers. Only the time of forwarding of the
 543 Job Creation operations depends on whether the policy is to queue/spool jobs in the Non-Leaf Printer or the
 544 Subordinate Printer.

545 When a Non-Leaf Printer object creates a Job object in its Subordinate Printer, whether that Non-Leaf
 546 Printer object keeps a fully formed Job object or just keeps a mapping from the "job-ids" that it assigned to
 547 those assigned by its Subordinate Printer object is IMPLEMENTATION-DEPENDENT. In either case, the
 548 Non-Leaf Printer MUST be able to accept and carry out future Job operations that specify the "job-id" that
 549 the Non-Leaf Printer assigned and returned to the job submitting client.

550 Table 3 lists the operations that directly affect jobs and the forwarding behavior that a Non-Leaf Printer
 551 MUST exhibit to its Subordinate Printers:

552 **Table 3 - Forwarding operations that affect Jobs objects**

Job operation	Non-Leaf Printer action
Job operations:	
Reprocess-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Cancel-Current-Job	MUST NOT forward
Resume-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Promote-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
IPP/1.1 Printer Operations:	
Print-Job	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Print-URI	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Validate-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Create-Job	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Get-Jobs	MUST forward to <i>all</i> its Subordinate Printers
Purge-Jobs	MUST forward to <i>all</i> its Subordinate Printers
IPP/1.1 Job operations:	
Send-Document	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Send-URI	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Cancel-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Get-Job-Attributes	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers, if the Non-Leaf Printer doesn't know the complete status of the Job object
Hold-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers

Release-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Restart-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
IPP Set operations:	See [ipp-set-ops]
Set-Job-Attributes	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers

553 When a Printer receives a request that REQUIRES forwarding, it does so on a "best efforts basis", and
 554 returns a response to its client without waiting for responses from any of its Subordinate Printers. Such
 555 forwarded requests could fail. In order for a client to become aware of such a condition, a new 'forwarded-
 556 operation-failed' event is defined, which a client can subscribe to (see section [ipp-ntfy]).

557 ~~ISSUE 06: Do we want to define whether the response to the client for Job operations can happen before~~
 558 ~~the non-leaf Printer gets the response from its subordinate Printer or MUST the non-leaf Printer wait until~~
 559 ~~its gets the response from its subordinate Printer?~~

560 ~~The December minutes said we agreed to "Yes". But which of the two choices were we agreeing to?~~

561 The following Job Description attributes are defined to help represent Job relationships for fan-out and
 562 forwarding of jobs:

- 563 1. "output-device-assigned" (name(127)) - from [ipp-mod]: This attribute identifies the Output Device to
 564 which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an Output Device implements an embedded Printer
 565 object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print server implements a Printer object, the
 566 value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the Printer object assigns an Output
 567 Device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer object supports multiple
 568 devices (so called "fan-out").
- 569 2. "original-requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) - operation attribute containing the user name of the
 570 original user, i.e., corresponds to the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute that the original client
 571 supplied to the first Printer object. The IPP/1.1 "requesting-user-name" operation attribute (see [ipp-
 572 mod]) is updated by each client to be itself on each hop, i.e., the "requesting-user-name" is the client
 573 forwarding the request, not the original client. The "job-originating-user-name" Job Description
 574 attribute remains as the authenticated original user, not the parent Printer's authenticated host, and is
 575 forwarded by each client without changing the value.

576 **5 New Operation attributes**

577 This section summarizes the usage of the new "printer-message-from-operation" and "job-message-from-
 578 operator" operation attributes that set the corresponding Printer and Job Description attributes. These
 579 operation attributes are defined for most of the Device and Job operations that operators are likely to
 580 perform, respectively, so that operators can indicate the reasons for their actions. See [ipp-set-ops] for the
 581 definition of these operation attributes.

582 Table 4 shows the operation attributes that are defined for use with the Printer Operations.

583 Legend:

584 R - REQUIRED for a Printer to support

585 O - OPTIONAL for a Printer to support; the Printer ignores the attribute if not supported

586 <blank> - not defined for use with the operation; the Printer ignores the attribute

587 **Table 4 - Operation attribute support for Printer Operations**

Operation Attribute	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After- Current-Job, Resume-Printer	Pause-Printer- After-All- Jobs Hold-New- Jobs, Release- Held-New-Jobs	Purge- Jobs	Get-Printer- Attributes, Set-Printer- Attributes	Enable- Print, Disable- Printer	Restart- Printer	Shut down- Printer, Startup- Printer
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural- language	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
printer-message-from- operator	O	O	O		O	O	O

588 Table 5 shows the operation attributes that are defined for use with the Job operations.

589 Legend:

590 R - REQUIRED for a Printer to support

591 O - OPTIONAL for a Printer to support; the Printer ignores the attribute if supplied, but not
592 supported

593 <blank> - not defined for use with the operation; the Printer ignores the attribute

594 **Table 5 - Operation attribute support for Job operations**

Operation Attribute	Cancel -Job	Cancel- Current -Job	Hold- Job, Releas e-Job	Suspe nd- Curren t-Job	Res ume -Job	Get-Job- Attributes, Set-Job- Attributes	Restart- Job	Reproces s-Job	Promo te-Job	<u>Redire ct-Job</u>	<u>Sched ule- Job- After</u>
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
attributes-natural- language	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
job-uri	R		R		R	R	R	R	R	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
job-id	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	<u>R</u>	<u>R</u>
job-message-from- operator	O	O	O	O	O		O	O	O	<u>O</u>	<u>O</u>
message [to-operator]	O		O	O	O		O	O	O	<u>O</u>	<u>O</u>
job-hold-until			O*					O**			

595 * The Printer MUST support the "job-hold-until" operation attribute if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job
596 Template attribute.

597 ** The Printer MUST support the "job-hold-until" operation attribute if it supports the Set-Job-Attributes
598 operation, so that the client can hold the job with the Reprocess-Job operation and the modify the job before
599 releasing it to be processed.

600 **6 New Printer Description Attributes**

601 The following new Printer Description attributes are needed to support the new operations defined in this
602 document.

603 **6.1 subordinate-printers-supported (1setOf uri)**

604 This Printer attribute is REQUIRED if an implementation supports Subordinate Printers (see section 4) and
605 contains the URIs of the immediate Subordinate Printer object(s) associated with this Printer object. Each
606 Non-Leaf Printer object MUST support this Printer Description attribute. A Leaf Printer object either does
607 not support the "subordinate-printers-supported" attribute or does so with the 'no-value' out-of-band value
608 (see [ipp-mod] section 4.1), depending on implementation.

609 The precise format of the Subordinate Printer URIs is implementation dependent (see section 4.4).

610 If the Printer object does not have an associated Output Device, the Printer MAY automatically copy the
611 value of the Subordinate Printer object's "printer-name" MAY be used to populate the Job object's "output-
612 device-assigned" attribute (see [ipp-mod] section 4.3.13). The "output-device-assigned" Job attribute
613 identifies the Output Device to which the Printer object has assigned a job, for example, when a single
614 Printer object is supporting Device fan-out or Printer fan-out.

615 **6.2 parent-printers-supported (1setOf uri)**

616 This Printer attribute is REQUIRED if an implementation supports Subordinate Printers (see section 4) and
617 contains the URI of the Non-Leaf printer object(s) for which this Printer object is the immediate
618 Subordinate, i.e., this Printer's immediate "parent" or "parents". Each Subordinate Printer object MUST
619 support this Printer Description attribute. A Printer that has no parents, either does not support the "parent-
620 printers-supported" attribute or does so with the 'no-value' out-of-band value (see [ipp-mod] section 4.1),
621 depending on implementation.

622 **6.3 redirection-printers-supported (1setOf uri)**

623 This Printer attribute is REQUIRED if an implementation supports the Redirect-Job operation (see section
624 12.5). It specifies the URIs that the Printer supports for redirection jobs to other Printers (on the same
625 server).

626 **7 Additional Values for "printer-state-reasons"**

627 This section defines additional values for the "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute.

628 **1.17.1 'moving-to-paused-allhold-new-jobs'**

629 ~~'moving-to-paused-allhold-new-jobs': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer-~~
630 ~~After-All-Current-Jobs~~**The operator has issued the Hold-New-Jobs** operation (see section 11.3.1) or
631 other means, but the output-device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when all output
632 has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-
633 paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value MUST be supported, if the ~~Pause-~~
634 ~~Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs~~**Hold-New-Jobs** operation is supported and the implementation takes
635 significant time to pause a device in certain circumstances.
636 ~~ISSUE 07—What other 'moving-to-xxx' and 'xxx' values do we need to support the new operations~~
637 ~~defined in this document, besides 'printer-moving-to-paused-all'?~~

638 **7.2 'printer-deactivated'**

639 ~~'printer-deactivated':~~ **Someone**~~A client~~ has issued a Deactivate-Printer operation for the Printer object
640 (see section 11.4.1) and the Printer is in the process of becoming deactivated or has become
641 deactivated. The Printer MUST reject all requests except Activate-Printer, queries (Get-Printer-
642 Attributes, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, etc.), Send-Document, and Send-URI (so that partial job
643 submission can be completed - see section 11.1.1) and return the 'server-error-service-unavailable'
644 status code.
645

646 **8 Additional Values for "job-state-reasons"**

647 This section defines additional values for the "job-state-reasons" Job Description attribute.

648 **8.1 'job-suspended'**

649 'job-suspended': The job has been suspended while processing using the Suspend-Current-Job
650 operation and other jobs can be processed on the Printer. The Job can be resumed using the
651 Resume-Job operation which removes this value.
652

653 **9 Additional events**

654 The following Printer events are defined for use with [ipp-ntfy]:

655 'forwarded-operation-failed' - an operation that a Printer forwarded to a Subordinate Printer (see section
656 4.7) failed.

657 **10 Additional status codes**

658 This section defines new status codes used by the operations defined in this document.

659 **10.1 'server-error-printer-is-deactivated' (0x????)**

660 The Printer has been deactivated using the Deactivate-Printer operation and is only accepting the Activate-
 661 Printer (see section 11.5.1), Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, and any other Get-Xxxx
 662 operations. An operator can perform the Activate-Printer operation to allow the Printer to accept other
 663 operations.

664 **11 Definition of the ~~Set 2~~ Printer Operations**

665 All Printer Operations are directed at Printer objects. A client MUST always supply the "printer-uri"
 666 operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation. These descriptions assume all of
 667 the common semantics of IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document [ipp-mod] section 3.1.

668 The Set 2 Printer Operations are summarized in Table 6:

669 **Table 6 - Printer Operation Operation-Id assignments**

Operation Name	Operation-Id	Brief description
Enable-Printer	0x??	Allows the target Printer to accept Job Creation operations
Disable-Printer	0x??	Prevents the target Printer from accepting Job Creation operations
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	0x??	Pause the Printer after the current job has been sent to the Output Device.
Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs Hold-New-Jobs	0x??	Finishes processing all currently pending jobs. Any new jobs are placed in the 'pending-held' state.
Release-Held-New-Jobs	0x??	Release all jobs to the 'pending' state that had been held by the effect of a previous Hold-New-Jobs operation and condition the Printer to no longer hold new jobs.
Deactivate-Printer	0x??	Puts the Printer into a read-only deactivated state.
Activate-Printer	0x??	Restores the Printer to normal activity
Restart-Printer	0x??	Restarts the target Printer and re-initializes the software
Shutdown-Printer	0x??	Shuts down the target Printer so that it cannot be restarted or queried
Startup-Printer	0x??	Starts up the instance of the Printer object

670 All of the operations in this document are OPTIONAL for an IPP object to support. Unless the
 671 specification of an OPTIONAL operation requires support of another OPTIONAL operation, conforming
 672 implementations may support any combination of these operations. Many of the operations come in pairs
 673 and so both are REQUIRED if either one is implemented.

674

675 11.1 The Disable and Enable Printer Operations

676 This section defines the OPTIONAL Disable-Printer and Enable-Printer operations that stop and start the
677 IPP Printer object from accepting new IPP jobs. If either of these operations are supported, both MUST be
678 supported.

679 These operations allow the operator to control whether or not the Printer will accept new Job Creation
680 (Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job) operations. These operations have no other effect on the Printer, so
681 that the Printer continues to accept all other operations and continues to schedule and process jobs
682 normally. In other words, these operation control the "input of new jobs" to the IPP Printer while the Pause
683 and Resume operations (see section 11.2) independently control the "output of new jobs" from the IPP
684 Printer to the Output Device.

685 The Disable-Printer and Enable-Printer operations MUST NOT affect the submission of jobs using other
686 job submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Disable and Enable **Device Operations** (see
687 [ipp-device-opsset3]) are intended to stop the acceptance of all jobs by the associated Output Device(s).

688 11.1.1 Disable-Printer Operation

689 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from accepting new jobs, i.e., cause the
690 Printer to reject subsequent Job Creation operations and return the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status
691 code. The Printer still accepts all other operations, including Validate-Job, Send-Document and Send-URI
692 operations. Thus a Disable-Printer operation allows a client to continue submitting multiple documents of a
693 multiple document job if the Create-Job operation had already been accepted. All previously created or
694 submitted Jobs and currently processing Jobs continue unaffected.

695 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. The Printer sets the value of its "printer-is-
696 accepting-jobs" READ-ONLY Printer Description attribute to 'false' (see [ipp-mod] section 4.4.20), no
697 matter what the previous value was. This operation has no immediate or direct effect on the Printer's
698 "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes.

699 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
700 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

701 The Disable-Printer Request and Disable-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as
702 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new "printer-
703 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

704

705 **11.1.2 Enable-Printer Operation**

706 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to start the Printer object accepting jobs, i.e., cause the Printer to
707 accept subsequent Job Creation operations. The Printer still accepts all other operations. All previously
708 submitted Jobs and currently processing Jobs continue unaffected.

709 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. The Printer sets the value of its "printer-is-
710 accepting-jobs" READ-ONLY Printer Description attribute to 'true' (see [ipp-mod] section 4.4.20), no
711 matter what the previous value was. This operation has no immediate or direction effect on the Printer's
712 "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes.

713 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
714 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

715 The Enable-Printer Request and Enable-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as
716 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.8.1 and 3.2.8.2), including the new "printer-
717 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

718 **11.2 The Pause and Resume Printer Operations**

719 This section ~~clarifies~~ ~~leaves~~ the OPTIONAL IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7) to be
720 ~~ambiguous as to whether or not it stops the Printer immediately or after the current job (to be Pause-Printer-~~
721 ~~After-Current-Job) and Resume-Printer (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7 and 3.2.8) and defines the~~
722 OPTIONAL Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs operation ~~to be after the current jobs~~. These operations
723 affect the scheduling of IPP jobs. If either of the ~~se~~ Pause ~~Printer~~ operations are supported, then the
724 Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported.

725 These operations allow the operator to control whether or not the Printer will send new IPP jobs to the
726 associated Output Device(s) that the IPP Printer object represents. These operations have no other effect on
727 the Printer, so that the Printer continues to accept all operations. In other words, these operation control the
728 "output of new jobs" to the Output Device(s) while the Disable and Enable Printer Operations (see section
729 11.1) independently control the "input of new jobs" to the IPP Printer.

730 The Pause and Resume Printer Operations MUST NOT affect jobs that were submitted using other job
731 submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Pause and Resume Device Operations (see [ipp-
732 ~~device-ops~~set3]) are intended to stop the acceptance of all jobs by the associated Output Device(s).

733 ~~10.2.1 IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer operation and the other Pause operations~~

734 ~~IPP/1.1 defines the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.7) with a number of implementation~~
735 ~~options:~~

736 ~~This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its~~
 737 ~~devices. Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer~~
 738 ~~from processing the current job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as~~
 739 ~~soon as the implementation permits or is completed, depending on implementation. The Printer~~
 740 ~~object MUST still accept create operations to create new jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from~~
 741 ~~entering the 'processing' state.~~

742 ~~If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported,~~
 743 ~~and vice-versa.~~

744 ~~The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-~~
 745 ~~stopped' states as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation will take appreciable~~
 746 ~~time to stop, the IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-~~
 747 ~~reasons" attribute (see section [ipp-mod] 4.4.12). When the device(s) have all stopped, the IPP~~
 748 ~~Printer transitions the Printer object to the 'stopped' state, removes the 'moving-to-paused' value, if~~
 749 ~~present, and adds the 'paused' value (see [ipp-mod] 4.4.12) to the Printer object's "printer-state-~~
 750 ~~reasons" attribute.~~

751 ~~The Set2 and Set3~~ This documents [and \[ipp-device-ops\]](#) define distinct operations in order to disambiguate
 752 the Pause-Printer operation as shown in Table 7. ~~Set2~~ The Printer ~~e~~Operations affect only Jobs submitted
 753 using IPP, while ~~Set3~~ the Device ~~e~~Operations affect all jobs no matter what job submission protocol was
 754 used to submit them to the Output Device.

755 **Table 7 - ~~Set2 and Set3~~ Pause and Resume Printer and Device Operations**

Set2 and Set3 Pause and Resume Printer and Device Operations	Description
<u>IPP/1.1 Pause Printer</u>	<u>Stops the IPP Printer from sending new IPP Jobs to the Output Device(s) either immediately or after the current job completes, depending on implementation, as defined in [ipp-mod].</u>
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Stops the IPP Printer from sending new IPP Jobs to the Output Device(s) after the current jobs finish
Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs	Stops the IPP Printer from sending IPP Jobs that are accepted subsequently to the Output Device(s). All currently pending jobs are scheduled and printed.
Resume-Printer	Starts the IPP Printer sending IPP Jobs to the Output Device again.
Pause-Device-Now	Stops the Output Device immediately from producing marked media (current page, sheet, depending on implementation) for any job. Like the Pause button on the Output Device.
Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy	Stops the Output Device from producing marked media after the current copy of the current job.
Pause-Device-After-Current-Job	Stops the Output Device from producing marked media

Set2 and Set3 Pause and Resume Printer and Device Operations	Description
	after the current job.
Resume-Device	Starts the Output Device processing any jobs again.

756 **10.2.2.1.1 Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job operation**

757 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from starting to send IPP jobs to any of
 758 its Output Devices or Subordinate Printers. If the IPP Printer is in the middle of sending an IPP job to an
 759 Output Device or Subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer MUST complete sending that Job. However, after
 760 receiving this operation, the IPP Printer MUST NOT start to send any additional IPP jobs to any of its
 761 Output Devices or Subordinate Printers. In addition, after having received this operation, the IPP Printer
 762 MUST NOT start processing any more jobs, so additional jobs MUST NOT enter the 'processing' state.

763 If the IPP Printer is not sending an IPP Job to the Output Device or Subordinate Printer (whether or not the
 764 Output Device or Subordinate Printer is busy processing any jobs), the IPP Printer object transitions
 765 immediately to the 'stopped' state by setting its "printer-state" attribute to 'stopped', removing the 'moving-
 766 to-paused' value, if present, from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and adding the 'paused' value to its
 767 "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

768 If the implementation will take appreciable time to complete sending an IPP job that it has started sending
 769 to an Output Device or Subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer
 770 object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see section [ipp-mod] 4.4.12). When the IPP Printer has
 771 completed sending IPP jobs that it was in the process of sending, the Printer object transitions to the
 772 'stopped' state by setting its "printer-state" attribute to 'stopped', removing the 'moving-to-paused' value, if
 773 present, from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and adding the 'paused' value to its "printer-state-reasons"
 774 attribute.

775 This operation MUST NOT affect the acceptance of Job Creation requests (see Disable-Printer section
 776 11.1.1).

777 For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"
 778 attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"
 779 attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried using the Get-Job-
 780 Attributes or Get-Jobs operations (so-called "lazy evaluation").

781 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new
 782 "printer-state" and MUST add the indicated value to "printer-state-reasons" attribute before returning as
 783 follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer- state- reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action: REQUIRED/OPTIONAL state transition for a Printer to support
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to- paused'	OPTIONAL: 'successful-ok'; Later, when the IPP Printer has finished sending IPP jobs to an Output Device, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'; the IPP Printer wasn't in the middle of sending an IPP job to an Output Device
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'

784 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
785 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

786 The Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job Request and Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job Response have the same
787 attribute groups and attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2),
788 including the new "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

789 11.3 Hold and Release New Jobs operations

790 This section defines operations to condition the Printer to hold any new jobs and to release them.

791 ~~10.2.3~~ 11.3.1 Hold-New-Jobs operation ~~Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs~~

792 ~~ISSUE-08: Would a better name for Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs be Hold-Future-Jobs?~~
793 ~~Unfortunately, unlike Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs which gets to 'paused', the state transition~~
794 ~~would just be to 'idle' when all of the current jobs have completed? But what operation would undo this~~
795 ~~condition? Do-Not-Hold-Future-Jobs, Release-All-Jobs? Or how about having a single Schedule-Jobs~~
796 ~~operation that has a parameter that says whether to hold all future jobs or not?~~

797 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to condition the Printer to complete the current 'pending' and
798 'processing' IPP Jobs but not start processing any subsequently ~~received-created~~ IPP Jobs. If the IPP Printer
799 is in the middle of sending an IPP job to an Output Device or Subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer MUST
800 complete sending that Job. Furthermore, the IPP Printer MUST send all of the current 'pending' IPP Jobs to
801 the Output Device(s) or Subordinate IPP Printer object(s). Any subsequently received Job Creation
802 operations will cause the IPP Printer to put the Job into the 'pending-held' state with the 'job-held-on-create'
803 value being added to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute. Thus all newly accepted jobs will be
804 automatically held by the Printer.

805 When the Printer completes all of the 'pending' and 'processing' jobs, it enters the 'idle' state as usual. An
806 operator that is monitoring Printer state changes will know when the Printer has completed all current jobs
807 because the Printer enters the 'idle' state, until the Printer is resumed using the Resume-Printer operation.

808 ~~If the IPP Printer has no 'pending' IPP Jobs and is not sending an IPP Job to an Output Device or~~
809 ~~subordinate Printer (whether or not the Output Device or subordinate Printer is busy processing any jobs),~~
810 ~~the IPP Printer object transitions immediately to the 'stopped' state by setting its "printer-state" attribute to~~
811 ~~'stopped', removing the 'moving-to-paused-all' value, if present, from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute,~~
812 ~~and adding the 'paused' value to its "printer-state-reasons" attribute.~~

813 ~~ISSUE 09: Any better name than 'moving-to-paused-all' Printer state reason to distinguish Pause-Printer-~~
814 ~~After-All-Current-Jobs from Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job which uses 'moving-to-paused'?~~

815 ~~If the IPP Printer has 'pending' jobs or the implementation will take appreciable time to complete sending~~
816 ~~an IPP job that it has started sending to an Output Device or subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer adds the~~
817 ~~'moving-to-paused-all' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see section [ipp-mod]~~
818 ~~4.4.12). When the IPP Printer has completed sending IPP jobs that it was in the process of sending and all~~
819 ~~its 'pending' jobs, the Printer object transitions to the 'stopped' state by setting its "printer-state" attribute to~~
820 ~~'stopped', removing the 'moving-to-paused-all' value, if present, from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute,~~
821 ~~and adding the 'paused' value to its "printer-state-reasons" attribute.~~

822 This operation MUST NOT affect the acceptance of Job Creation requests (see Disable-Printer section
823 11.1.1), except to put the Jobs into the 'pending-held' state, instead of the 'pending' or 'processing' state.

824 ~~For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"~~
825 ~~attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"~~
826 ~~attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried using the Get-Job-~~
827 ~~Attributes or Get-Jobs operations (so-called "lazy evaluation").~~

828 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state, MUST NOT and transition the Printer to the
829 indicated-any-new-other "printer-state", and MUST add the indicated-'hold-new-jobs' value to the Printer's
830 "printer-state-reasons" attribute (whether the value was present or not).

831 ~~before returning as follows:~~

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer-state-reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action: REQUIRED/OPTIONAL state transition for a Printer to support
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to-paused-all'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'; Later, when the IPP Printer has finished sending IPP jobs, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused-all' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'; the IPP Printer didn't have any 'pending' jobs and wasn't in the middle of sending an IPP job to the Output Device
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'

832 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
833 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

834 The ~~Pause Printer After All Current Jobs~~Hold-New-Jobs Request and Hold-New-Jobs~~Pause Printer After~~
835 ~~All Current Jobs~~ Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see
836 [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new "printer-message-from-operator" operation
837 attribute (see section 5).

838 11.3.2 Release-Held-New-Jobs operation

839 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to undo the effect of a previous Hold-New-Jobs operation. In
840 particular, the Printer releases all of the jobs that it had held as a consequence of a Hold-New-Jobs
841 operations, i.e., while the 'hold-new-jobs' value was present in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute.
842 In addition, the Printer MUST accept this request in any state, MUST NOT transition the Printer to any
843 other "printer-state", and MUST remove the 'hold-new-jobs' value from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute
844 (whether the value was present or not) so that the Printer no longer holds newly created jobs.

845 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
846 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

847 The Release-Held-New-Jobs Request and Release-Held-New-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups
848 and attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new
849 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

850 **11.4 Deactivate and Activate Printer Operations**

851 This section defines the OPTIONAL Deactivate-Printer and Activate-Printer operations that stop and start
852 the IPP Printer object from accepting all requests except queries and performing work. If either of these
853 operations are supported, both MUST be supported.

854 These operations allow the operator to put the Printer into a dormant read-only condition and to take it out
855 of such a condition. These operations are a combination of the Deactivate and Pause operations, plus
856 preventing the acceptance of any other requests, except queries.

857 The Deactivate and Activate Printer Operations MUST NOT affect the submission of jobs using other job
858 submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Deactivate and Activate Device Operations (see
859 [ipp-device-ops~~set3~~]) are intended to stop the associated Output Device(s) from performing work and
860 accepting operations, except query operations.

861 **11.4.1 Deactivate-Printer operation**

862 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from starting to send IPP jobs to any of
863 its Output Devices or Subordinate Printers (Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job) and stop the Printer object
864 from accepting any, but query requests. The Printer performs a Disable-Printer and a Pause-Printer-After-
865 Current-Job operation immediately, including use of all of the "printer-state-reasons" if these two
866 operations cannot be completed immediately. In addition, the Printer MUST immediately reject all
867 requests, except Activate-Printer, queries (Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, etc.), Send-
868 Document, and Send-URI (so that partial job submission can be completed - see section 11.1.1) and return
869 the 'server-error-service-unavailable' status code.

870 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. Immediately, the Printer MUST set the '~~printer-~~
871 deactivated' value in its "printer-state-reasons" attribute. Note: neither the Disable-Printer nor the Pause-
872 Printer-After-Current-Job set the 'deactivated' value.

873 ~~ISSUE 10—Ok that Deactivate-Printer sets the 'printer-deactivated' "printer-state-reasons" value, in addition~~
874 ~~to performing both a Disable-Printer and a Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, neither of which set this value?~~

875 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
876 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

877 The Deactivate-Printer Request and Deactivate-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and
878 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new
879 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

880 **11.4.2 Activate-Printer operation**

881 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to undo the effects of the Deactivate-Printer, i.e., allow the
882 Printer object to start sending IPP jobs to any of its Output Devices or Subordinate Printers (Pause-Printer-
883 After-Current-Job) and start the Printer object from accepting any requests. The Printer performs an
884 Enable-Printer and a Resume-Printer operation immediately. In addition, the Printer MUST immediately
885 start accepting all requests.

886 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. Immediately, the Printer MUST immediately
887 remove the '~~printer-~~deactivated' value from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute (whether present or not).

888 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
889 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

890 The Activate-Printer Request and Activate-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes
891 as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new "printer-
892 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

893 **11.5 Restart-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Startup-Printer operations**

894 This section defines the OPTIONAL Restart-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Startup-Printer operations that
895 initialize, shutdown, and startup the Printer object, respectively. Each of these operations is OPTIONAL
896 and any combination MAY be supported.

897 The Restart-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Startup-Printer operations MUST NOT affect the submission of
898 jobs using other job submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Reset-Device and Power-
899 Off-Device Operations (see [ipp-device-opsset3]) are intended to initialize or power off the associated
900 Output Device(s).

901 **11.5.1 Restart-Printer operation**

902 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a Printer object whose operation is in need of
903 initialization because of incorrect or erratic behavior, i.e., perform the effect of a software re-boot. The
904 implementation MUST attempt to save any information about Jobs and the Printer object before re-
905 initializing. However, this operation MAY have drastic consequences on the running system, so the
906 operator should first try the Deactivate-Printer to minimize the effect on the current state of the system.
907 The effects of previous Disable-Printer, Pause Printer, and Deactivate-Printer operations are lost.

908 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. The Printer object MUST initialize its Printer's
909 "printer-state" to 'idle', remove the state reasons from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and its "printer-is-
910 accepting-jobs" attribute to 'true'.

911 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
912 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

913 The Restart-Printer Request and Restart-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as
914 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.8.1 and 3.2.8.2), including the new "printer-
915 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

916

917 11.5.2 Shutdown-Printer Operation

918 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to shutdown a Printer, i.e., stop processing jobs and make the
919 Printer object no longer available for any operations using the IPP protocol without losing any jobs. There
920 is no way to bring the instance of the Printer object back to being used, except for the Startup-Printer (see
921 section 11.5.3) which starts up a new instance of the Printer object for hosted implementations. The
922 purpose of Shutdown-Printer is to shutdown the Printer for an extended period, not to reset the device(s) or
923 modify a Printer attribute. See Restart-Printer (section 11.5.1), Startup-Printer (section), and Reset-Device
924 [ipp-device-opsset3] for the way to initialize the software or reset the Output Device(s). See the Disable-
925 Printer operation (section 11.1) for a way for the client to stop the Printer from accepting Job Creation
926 requests without stopping processing or shutting down.

927 The Printer MUST add the 'shutdown' value (see [ipp-mod] section 4.4.11) immediately to its "printer-state-
928 reasons" Printer Description attribute and performs a Deactivate-Printer operation (see section 11.4.1)
929 which performs a Disable-Printer and Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job operation).

930 Note: In order to shutdown the Printer after all the currently submitted jobs have completed, the operator
931 issues a Disable-Printer operation (see section 11.1.1) and then waits until all the jobs have completed and
932 the Printer goes into the 'idle' state before issuing the Shutdown-Printer operation.

933 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object through the
934 "printer-states" and "printer-state-reasons" defined for the Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job operation until
935 the activity is completed and the Printer object disappears.

936 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
937 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

938 The Shutdown-Printer Request and Shutdown-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and
939 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new
940 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

941 11.5.3 Startup-Printer operation

942 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to startup an instance of a Printer object, provided that there isn't
943 ~~already~~ one already instantiated. The purpose of Startup-Printer is to allow a hosted implementation of the
944 IPP Printer object (i.e., a Server that implements an IPP Printer on behalf of a networked or local Output
945 Device) to be started after the host is available (by means outside this document). See Restart-Printer
946 (section 11.5.1) and Reset-Device [ipp-device-opsset3] for the way to initialize the software or reset the
947 Output Device(s) when the IPP Printer object has already been instantiated.

948 The host MUST accept this operation only when the Printer object has not been instantiated. If the Printer
949 object already exists, the host must return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code.

950 The result of this operation MUST be with the Printer object's "printer-state" set to 'idle', the state reasons
951 removed from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and its "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute set to
952 'false'. Then the operator can reconfigure the Printer before performing an Enable-Printer operation.

953 ~~However, when a Printer is first powered up, it is RECOMMENDED that its "printer-is-accepting-jobs"~~
954 ~~attribute be set to 'true' in order to achieve easy "out of the box" operation.~~~~If the operator wants to change~~
955 ~~the configuration, he/she should immediately issue a Disable-Printer operation (or have changed the~~
956 ~~configuration before the Shutdown-Printer operation.~~

957 ~~ISSUE 11—Ok that Startup-Printer sets the "printer-is-accepting-jobs" to 'true'? If the operator wants to~~
958 ~~change the configuration, he/she should immediately issue a Disable-Printer operation (or have changed the~~
959 ~~configuration before the Shutdown-Printer operation.~~

960 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
961 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

962 The Shutdown-Printer Request and Shutdown-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and
963 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new
964 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

965

966 **12 Definition of the Job Operations**

967 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying the
 968 Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either be a
 969 single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation MUST
 970 support both forms of identification for every job.

971 The Job Operations are summarized in Table 8:

972

Table 8 - Job operation Operation-Id assignments

Operation Name	Operation-Id	Brief description
Reprocess-Job	0x??	Creates a copy of a completed target job with a new Job ID and processes it
Cancel-Current-Job	0x??	Cancels the current job on the target Printer or the specified job if it is the current job
Suspend-Current-Job	0x??	Suspends the current processing job on the target Printer or the specified job if it is the current job, allowing other jobs to be processed instead
Resume-Job	0x??	Resume the paused suspended target job
Promote-Job	0x??	Promote the pending target job to be next after the current job(s) complete
<u>Redirect-Job</u>	<u>0x??</u>	<u>Redirect the target job to the specified Printer on the same server.</u>
<u>Schedule-Job-After</u>	<u>0x??</u>	<u>Schedule the target job immediately after the specified job, all other scheduling factors being equal.</u>

973

974

975 **12.1 Reprocess-Job Operation**

976 This OPTIONAL operation is a create job operation that allows a client to re-process a copy of a job that
977 had been retained in the queue after processing completed, was canceled, or was aborted (see [ipp-mod]
978 section 4.3.7.2). This operation is the same as the Restart-Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.7),
979 except that the Printer creates a new job that is a copy of the target job and the target job is unchanged. The
980 new job is assigned new values to the "job-uri" and "job-id" attributes and the new job's Job Description
981 attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-
982 completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", are initialized to 0 as with any create job operation. The target
983 job moves to the Job History after a suitable period, independent of whether one or more Reprocess-Job
984 operations have been performed on it.

985 If the Set-Job-Attributes operation is supported, then the "job-hold-until" operation attribute MUST be
986 supported with at least the 'indefinite' value, so that a client can modify the new job before it is scheduled
987 for processing using the Set-Job-Attributes operation. After modifying the job, the client can release the
988 job for processing, by using the Release-Job operation specifying the newly assigned "job-uri" or "job-id"
989 for the new job.

990

991 **12.2 Cancel-Current-Job Operation**

992 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to cancel the current job on the target Printer or the specified job
993 if it is the current job on the Printer. See [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3 for the semantics of canceling a job.
994 Since a Job might already be marking by the time a Cancel-Current-Job is received, some media sheet
995 pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

996 ~~ISSUE 12: At the December meeting we agreed to move Cancel-Current-Job to the [ipp-device-ops] spec
997 and call it something like Cancel-Current-Device-Job. The problem is that the Output Device may not have
998 a concept of a job. So ok to keep Cancel-Current-Job in this spec as a Printer Operation?~~

999 If the client does not supply a "job-id" operation attribute, the Printer MUST accept the request and cancel
1000 the current job if there is a current job in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state; otherwise, it MUST
1001 reject the request and return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. If more than one job is in the
1002 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states, the one that is marking is canceled and the others are unaffected.

1003 **Warning:** On a shared printer, there is a race condition. Between the time that a user issues this operation
1004 and its acceptance, the current job might change to a different job. If the user or operator is authenticated to
1005 cancel the new job, the wrong job is canceled. To prevent this race from canceling the wrong job, the client
1006 MAY supply the "job-id" operation attribute which is checked against the current job's job-id. If the job
1007 identified by the "job-id" attribute is not the current job on the Printer, i.e., is not in the 'processing' or
1008 'processing-stopped' states, the Printer MUST reject this operation and return the 'client-error-not-possible'
1009 status code. Otherwise, the Printer cancels the specified job.

1010 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be
1011 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer
1012 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1013 The Cancel-Current-Job Request and Cancel-Current-Job Response have the same attribute groups and
1014 attributes as the Resume-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.8), including the new "job-message-
1015 from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5), with the addition of the following Group 1 Operation
1016 attributes in the request:

1017 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1018 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute in order to verify that the identified job
1019 is still the current job on the target Printer object. The IPP object MUST supports this operation
1020 attribute, if it supports this operation.

1021

1022 **12.3 Suspend and Resume Job operations**

1023 This section defines the Suspend-Current-Job and Resume-Job operations. These operations allow an
1024 operator or user to suspend a job while it is processing and allow other jobs to be processed and the resume
1025 the suspended job at a later point in time without losing any of the output.

1026 If either of these operations is supported, they both **MUST** be supported.

1027 The Hold-Job and Release-Job operations ([ipp-mod] section 3.3.5) are for holding and releasing held jobs,
1028 not suspending and resuming suspended jobs.

1029 **12.3.1 Suspend-Current-Job operation**

1030 This **OPTIONAL** operation allows a client to stop the current job on the target Printer or the specified job if
1031 it is the current job on the Printer, and allow other jobs to be processed instead. The Printer moves the
1032 current job or the target job to the 'processing-stopped' state and sets the 'job-suspended' value (see section
1033 8.1) in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute and processes other jobs.

1034 If the client does not supply a "job-id" operation attribute, the Printer **MUST** accept the request and suspend
1035 the current job if there is a current job in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state; otherwise, it **MUST**
1036 reject the request and return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. If more than one job is in the
1037 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states, all of them are suspended.

1038 **Warning:** On a shared printer, there is a race condition. Between the time that a user issues this operation
1039 and its acceptance, the current job might change to a different job. If the user or operator is authenticated to
1040 suspend the new job, the wrong job is suspended. To prevent this race from pausing the wrong job, the
1041 client **MAY** supply the "job-id" operation attribute which is checked against the current job's job-id. If the
1042 job identified by the "job-id" attribute is not the current job on the Printer, i.e., is not in the 'processing' or
1043 'processing-stopped' states, the Printer **MUST** reject this operation and return the 'client-error-not-possible'
1044 status code. Otherwise, the Printer suspends the specified job and processed other jobs.

1045 The Printer **MUST** reject a Resume-Job request (and return the 'client-error-not-possible') for a job that has
1046 been suspended , i.e., for a job in the 'processing-stopped' state, with the 'job-suspended' value in its "job-
1047 state-reasons" attribute.

1048 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be
1049 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer
1050 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1051 The Suspend-Current-Job Request and Suspend-Current-Job Response have the same attribute groups and
1052 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.8), including the new "job-message-
1053 from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5), with the addition of the following Group 1 Operation
1054 attributes in the request:

1055 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1056 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute in order to verify that the identified job
1057 is still the current job on the target Printer object. The IPP object MUST supports this operation
1058 attribute, if it supports this operation.

1059

1060 12.3.2 Resume-Job operation

1061 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to resume the target job at the point where it was suspended.
1062 The Printer moves the target job to the 'pending' state and removes the 'job-suspended' value from the job's
1063 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1064 If the target job is not in the 'processing-stopped' state with the 'job-suspended' value in the job's "job-state-
1065 reasons" attribute, the Printer **MUST** rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-not-possible' status
1066 code, since the job was not suspended.

1067 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be
1068 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer
1069 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1070 The Resume-Job Request and Resume-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
1071 Release-Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.6), including the new "job-message-from-operator"
1072 operation attribute (see section 5).

1073

1074 **12.4 Promote-Job operation**

1075 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to make the pending target job be processed next after the
1076 current job completes. This operation is specially useful in a production printing environment where the
1077 operator is involved in job scheduling.

1078 If the target job is in the 'pending' state, this operation does not change the job's state, but causes the job to
1079 be processed after the current job(s) complete. If the target job is not in the 'pending' state, the Printer
1080 rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. The Printer returns the target job
1081 immediately after the current job(s) in a Get-Jobs response (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.6) for the 'not-
1082 completed' jobs.

1083 When the current job completes, is canceled, suspended, or aborted, the target of this operation is processed
1084 next.

1085 If a client issues this request (again) before the target of the operation of the original request started
1086 processing, the target of this new request is scheduled before the previous job that was to be processed next.

1087 IPP is specified not to require queues for job scheduling, since there are other implementation techniques
1088 for scheduling multiple jobs, such as re-evaluating a criteria function for each job on a scheduling cycle.
1089 However, if an implementation does implement queues for jobs, then the Promote-Job puts the specified
1090 job at the front of the queue. A subsequent Promote-Job before the first job starts processing puts that
1091 specified job at the front of the queue, so that it is "in front" of the previously promoted job.

1092 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an
1093 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1094 The Promote-Job Request and Promote-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
1095 Cancel-Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3), including the new "job-message-from-operator"
1096 operation attribute (see section 5).

1097 **12.5 Redirect-Job operation**

1098 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to redirect a not-completed job to another Printer on the same
1099 server. Redirect-Job is defined to be a Job Creation operation, along with the Print-Job, Print-URI, and
1100 Create-Job operations. Thus all semantics that apply to Job Creation operations also apply to this operation.
1101 For example, the new Printer validates the job using all of its "xxx-supported" attributes and either accepts
1102 or rejects the job. If the job is rejected, it remains in its original state before the Redirect-Job operation was
1103 attempted. As an other example, the Job inherits the defaults for the new Printer (since the defaults aren't
1104 copied onto the Job object when it is created, but are applied when the job is processed - see [ipp-mod]).
1105 Finally, this operation generates a 'job-created' event as does any Job Creation Operation.

1106 In order to preserve the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" semantics that the original client supplied when the job was
1107 first created, each Job Creation Operation copies the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" (boolean) operation attribute o
1108 the job as a Job Description attribute, if the Redirect-Job operation is supported. Then the "ipp-attribute-
1109 fidelity" attribute is re-used by the new Printer during its job validation, unless the client performing the
1110 Redirect-Job operation supplies the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute.

1111 This operation is limited to redirecting a job to another Printer on the same server. Thus the same copy of
1112 the job MAY be used, depending on implementation. Also, depending on implementation, the new Printer
1113 MAY generate a new job-id and job-uri, or use the same one. In either case the response contains the "job-
1114 id" and "job-uri" for the redirected job as for any Job Creation operation. If the new Printer does assign a
1115 new "job-id" and "job-uri", then it MUST automatically update an Per-Job Subscription objects that are
1116 associated with the job.

1117 The Printer MUST accept this operation whenever the job is in the 'pending' or 'pending-held' states. The
1118 Printer MUST reject this operation whenever the job is in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states and
1119 return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. Whether the Printer accepts this operation when the job is
1120 in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states depends on implementation.

1121 Access Rights: The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be
1122 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer
1123 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1124 The Redirect-Job Request have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Create-Job operation (see
1125 [ipp-mod] section 3.2.4), plus the new "job-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5). In
1126 addition, the following operation attributes are defined:

1127 Target:

1128 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
1129 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in [ipp-mod] section 3.1.5. The
1130 client MUST supply this attribute and the Printer MUST support it.

1131 new-printer-uri (uri):

1132 The URI of another Printer on the same server. The client MUST supply this attribute and the
1133 Printer MUST support it.

1134 ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean):

1135 The client MAY supply this attribute, but the Printer MUST support it. It indicates whether or not
1136 the Job Template attributes on the Job object MUST be supported by the new Printer. If the client
1137 omits this attribute, the new Printer uses the value copied to the job as a Job Description attribute
1138 when the job was originally created. The Job Description attribute is not affected by the value
1139 supplied in this request, so that the original user's intent is preserved across multiple Redirect-Job
1140 operations.

1141 The Redirect-Job Response has the same attribute groups, attributes, and status codes as the Create-Job
1142 operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.4). The following status codes have particular meaning for this
1143 operation:

1146 'client-error-not-possible' - the job was in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states or the
1147 implementation does not support the Redirect-Job operation on a job when it is in the 'processing' or
1148 'processing-stopped' states.
1149 'client-error-not-found' - the target job was not found.
1150 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' - the specified Printer is not supported for redirection,
1151 i.e., the URI was not amongst the Printer's "redirection-printers-supported" (1setOf uri).

1152 12.6 Schedule-Job-After operation

1153 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to request the Printer to schedule the target job so that it will be
1154 processed immediately after the specified job, all other scheduling factors being equal.

1155 IPP is specified not to require queues for job scheduling, since there are other implementation techniques
1156 for scheduling multiple jobs, such as re-evaluating a criteria function for each job on a scheduling cycle.
1157 However, if an implementation does implement queues for jobs, then the Schedule-Job-After operation puts
1158 the specified job immediately after the specified job in the queue. A subsequent Schedule-Job-After
1159 operation specifying the same job will cause its target job to be placed after that job, even though it is
1160 between the first target job and the specified job. For example, suppose the job queue consisted of jobs: A,
1161 B, C, D, and E, in that order. A Schedule-Job-After with job E as the target and B as the specified job
1162 would result in the following queue: A, B, E, C, D. A subsequent Schedule-Job-After with Job D as the
1163 target and B as the specified job would result in the following queue: A, B, D, E, C. In other words, the
1164 link between the two jobs in a Schedule-Job-After is ephemeral, rather than setting an attribute of either of
1165 the jobs.

1166 If the target job is not in the 'pending' state, the Printer MUST reject the request and returns the 'client-error-
1167 not-possible' status code, since the job cannot have its position changed. The predecessor job can be in the
1168 'pending', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped' states.

1169 Access Rights: The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be
1170 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1171 The Schedule-Job-After Request have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Cancel-Job operation
1172 (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3), plus the new "job-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).
1173 In addition, the following operation attributes are defined:

1174 "predecessor-job-id":
1175 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer MUST support it, if it supports this
1176 operation. This attribute specifies the job after which the target job is to be scheduled. If the client
1177 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST schedule the target job next, i.e., after the current job, if any.

1178 The Schedule-Job-After Response has the same attribute groups, attributes, and status codes as the Cancel-
1179 Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3). The following status codes have particular meaning for this
1180 operation:

1181 'client-error-not-possible' - the target job was not in the 'pending' state or the predecessor job was no in
1182 the 'pending', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped' states.
1183 'client-error-not-found' - either the target job or the predecessor job was not found.
1184

1185

1186 **13 Conformance Requirements**

1187 The Job and Printer Administrative Set2 operations defined in this document are OPTIONAL operations.
 1188 However, some Set2 operations MUST be implemented if others are implemented as shown in Table 9.

1189

Table 9 - Conformance Requirement Dependencies for Operations

Operations REQUIRED	If any of these operations are supported:
Enable-Printer	Disable-Printer
Disable-Printer	Enable-Printer
Pause-Printer	Resume-Printer
Resume-Printer	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs
<u>Hold-New-Jobs</u>	<u>Release-Held-New-Jobs</u>
<u>Release-Held-New-Jobs</u>	<u>Hold-New-Jobs</u>
Activate-Printer, Disable-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Deactivate-Printer
Deactivate-Printer, Enable-Printer, Resume-Printer	Activate-Printer
Restart-Printer	none
Shutdown-Printer	none
Startup-Printer	none
Reprocess-Job	none
Cancel-Current-Job	none
Resume-Job	Suspend-Current-Job
Suspend-Current-Job	Resume-Job
Promote-Job	none

1190 Table 10 and Table 11 list the "printer-state-reasons" and "job-state-reasons" values that are REQUIRED if
 1191 the indicated operations are supported.

1192

Table 10- Conformance Requirement Dependencies for "printer-state-reasons" Values

"printer-state-reasons" values:	Conformance Requirement	If any of the following Printer Operations are supported:
'paused'	REQUIRED	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, or Pause-Printer-After-All-Jobs , Deactivate-Printer
'moving-to-paused' <u>hold-new-jobs'</u>	REQUIRED	Pause-Printer-After-All-Jobs <u>Hold-New-Jobs</u>
'moving-to-paused'	OPTIONAL	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, Deactivate-Printer

' printer -deactivated'	REQUIRED	Deactivate-Printer
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Table 11- Conformance Requirement Dependencies for "job-state-reasons" Values

"job-state-reasons" values:	Conformance Requirement	If any of the following Job operations are supported:
'job-suspended'	REQUIRED	Suspend-Current-Job
'printer-stopped'	REQUIRED	always REQUIRED

1195

1196

14 IANA Considerations

1197

The operations and attributes in this registration proposal will be published by IANA according to the procedures in RFC 2566 [rfc2566] section 6.4 for operations with the following URL:

1198

1199

<ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/ipp-admin-opsset2.txt>

1200

15 Internationalization Considerations

1201

This document has the same localization considerations as the [ipp-mod].

1202

16 Security Considerations

1203

The IPP Model and Semantics document [ipp-mod] discusses high level security requirements (Client Authentication, Server Authentication and Operation Privacy). Client Authentication is the mechanism by which the client proves its identity to the server in a secure manner. Server Authentication is the mechanism by which the server proves its identity to the client in a secure manner. Operation Privacy is defined as a mechanism for protecting operations from eavesdropping.

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17 Author's Addresses

1209

Carl Kugler

1210

IBM

1211

Boulder CO

1212

1213

Phone: (303) 924-5060

1214

FAX:

1215

e-mail: kugler@us.ibm.com

1216

1217

Tom Hastings

1218 Xerox Corporation
1219 737 Hawaii St. ESAE 231
1220 El Segundo, CA 90245
1221
1222 Phone: 310-333-6413
1223 Fax: 310-333-5514
1224 e-mail: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com

1225
1226 Harry Lewis
1227 IBM
1228 Boulder CO
1229
1230 Phone: (303) 924-5337
1231 FAX:
1232 e-mail: harryl@us.ibm.com
1233

1234 18 References

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1249 Semantics", RFC 2566, April 1999.

1250 19 Change History

1251 This section summarizes the changes. Each sub-section is in reverse chronological order. Adding or
1252 removing ISSUES that don't change the document are not listed here.

1253 **19.1 Changes to the February 3, 2000 version to make the July 6, 2000 version**

1254 The following changes to the February 3, 2000 version to make the July 6, 2000 version as a result of the
1255 February 2000 IPP WG meeting and subsequent email and telecons:

- 1256 1. Renamed the Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs operation to Hold-New-Jobs and added a
1257 complementary Release-Held-New-Jobs operation. This sets the 'hold-new-jobs' value (instead of the
1258 'moving-to-paused-all' which is gone) in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" so that new jobs are held.
1259 The Printer eventually goes idle when all the current jobs have been processed.
- 1260 2. Added the Redirect-Job operation to redirect a job from one Printer to another on the same server. It
1261 had been previously called Move-Job, but no movement is required.
- 1262 3. Added the Schedule-Job-After operation to schedule a job immediately a specified job.
- 1263 4. Added Printer Description attribute: "redirection-printers-supported" for validating the Printers that the
1264 Redirect-Job operation supports.
- 1265 5. Added the 'forwarded-operation-failed' event code.
- 1266 6. Left IPP/1.1 Pause Printer ambiguous as to whether it pauses immediately or after the current job. So
1267 the Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job is the unambiguously after the current job.
- 1268 7. Capitalized the terms throughout the document.
- 1269 8. Clarified that either the Printer or the Device operations or both can be supported independently of each
1270 other.
- 1271 9. Clarified that it is the client's responsibility to keep the Printer's subordinate and parent pointers correct,
1272 not the Printer's.
- 1273 10. Clarified that forwarding operations is done on a best efforts basis and not before returning a response.
1274 The 'forwarded-operation-failed' event helps indicate such problems.
- 1275 11. Changed Startup-Printer so that "printer-is-accepting-jobs" is set to 'false'. But SHOULD be true when
1276 the Printer is powered up, so that it works out of the box.

1277 **19.2 Changes to the December 8, 1999 version to make the February 3, 2000 version**

1278 The following changes to the December 8, 1999 version to make the February 3, 2000 version as a result of
1279 the December 1999 IPP WG meeting:

- 1280 1. The Set-Printer-Attributes and Set-Job-Attributes operations were moved to a new "Job and Printer Set
1281 operations" spec [ipp-set-ops], along with the "printer-message-from-operator" & "job-message-from-
1282 operator" operation attributes, the "printer-settable-attributes", "job-settable-attributes", "printer-

- 1283 message-time" (integer), and "printer-message-date-time" (dateTime) Printer Description attributes, the
1284 'client-error-attributes-not-settable' status code, and the 'not-settable' out-of-band value.
- 1285 2. Deleted the "printer-message-operation: (type2 keyword) altogether.
- 1286 3. Add a requirement to startup a powered-off device, say, Power-On-Device.
- 1287 4. Deleted the Interpreter object. Functionality moved to the [ipp-set-ops] spec through the addition of a
1288 "document-format-varying-attributes" (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute instead.
- 1289 5. Clarified that, while a Non-Leaf Printer MUST NOT have associated devices, it SHOULD have an
1290 "output-devices-supported" (1setOf name(127)) Printer Description attribute which is a roll up of its
1291 subordinate "output-devices-supported" attributes.
- 1292 6. Changed Suspend-Current-Job operation so that the Printer MUST NOT forward it to subordinate
1293 Printers.
- 1294 7. Clarified that as jobs are forwarded, the IPP/1.1 "requesting-user-name" operation attribute is the
1295 immediate submitting client while the "job-originating-user-name" Job Description attribute is the
1296 authenticated original user.
- 1297 8. Left IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer operation unchanged with multiple interpretations. The Pause-Printer-After-
1298 Current-Job, Pause-Device-Now, Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy, and Pause-Device-After-Current-
1299 Job all provide unambiguous interpretations.
- 1300 9. Clarified that the 'paused' values is REQUIRED if the Pause-Printer or Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job
1301 operations are supported, but that 'moving-to-paused' depends on implementation.
- 1302 10. Clarified that the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused-all' values is REQUIRED if the Pause-Printer-After-
1303 All-Jobs operation is supported.
- 1304 11. Clarified that the Shutdown-Printer operation MUST NOT lose any jobs.
- 1305 12. Added a Conformance section which as a "Conformance Requirement Dependencies For Operations"
1306 table and a "Conformance Requirement Dependencies for State Reasons Values" table.

1307 **19.3 Changes to the November 16, 1999 version to make the December 8, 1999 version**

1308 The following changes to the November 16, 1999 version to make the December 8, 1999 version as a result
1309 of the IPP WG telecons and mailing list discussion:

- 1310 1. Introduced the separation of Printer operation from Device Operations. Removed the "printer-controls-
1311 other-protocols" (boolean) Printer Description attribute. Printer operations affect only IPP jobs and
1312 objects, while the Device Operations affect the Output Device. Set2 has the Printer operations and Set3
1313 has the Device Operations. But do both sets of operations with only the Printer object and only the
1314 "printer-uri" target.

- 1315 2. Remove the "when" operation attribute and added distinct Pause operations instead: Pause-Printer-
1316 After-Current-Job (IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer clarified), Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs
- 1317 3. Added Deactivate-Printer and Activate-Printer which do Disable-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-
1318 Job, and only allow query, Send-Document, Send-URI, and Activate-Printer operations. This is a
1319 clearer "shutdown" that can be brought back up using the protocol.
- 1320 4. Clarified that Shutdown-Printer cannot be brought back via the protocol, though added Startup-Printer
1321 for hosted implementations to instantiate a fresh copy of the Printer object.
- 1322 5. Changed the name of Pause-Current-Job to Suspend-Current-Job, since other jobs can be processed on
1323 the Printer (unlike Pause-Printer).
- 1324 6. Added the Terminology section
- 1325 7. Added the Requirements and Use Cases section
- 1326 8. Added pictures of chained Printers, Printer fan-out, and Printer fan-in.
- 1327 9. Added the concept of subordinate Printers and the "subordinate-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) Printer
1328 Description attribute to describe the configuration.
- 1329 10. Added the forwarding rules: IPP Printer objects MUST NOT forward Printer operations to subordinate
1330 IPP Printer objects, except for the chained Printer configuration. IPP Printer objects MUST forward
1331 Job operations to the intended Job object.
- 1332 11. Removed the "synchronize" operation attribute from all operations.
- 1333 12. Renamed 'standby' to 'deactivated' Printer state reason.
- 1334 13. Added 'moving-to-paused-all' Printer state reason for use with Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs
- 1335 14. Added 'printer-deactivated' Printer state reason for use with Deactivate-Printer.
- 1336 15. Renamed 'job-paused' to 'job-suspended' to go with the rename Suspend-Current-Job operation.
- 1337 16. Renamed 'server-error-printer-is-in-standby-mode' status code to 'server-error-printer-is-deactivated'.
1338
- 1339 17. Grouped attributes that come in pairs.
- 1340 18. Changed Shutdown-Printer so that there is no operation to come back to life, except Startup-Printer
1341 which starts a new instance (but there can only be one instance per Printer object).
- 1341 **19.4 Changes to the November 1, 1999 version to make the November 16, 1999 version**
- 1342 1. Formally defined IPP Printer fan-out, IPP Printer fan-in, and Output Device fan-out. Added figures to
1343 show IPP Printer fan-out and IPP Printer fan-in.

- 1344 2. Added "parent-printers-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute to point back up the Printer
1345 hierarchy.
- 1346 3. Added the requirements for forwarding operations that affect Jobs and for not forwarding operations
1347 that affect Printers.
- 1348 4. Added "original-requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) to represent the original end user, not the parent
1349 Printer's host.
- 1350 5. Changed the default for "when" for the Pause-Printer operation from 'after-current-job' to 'now', since
1351 that is the behavior in IPP/1.1 where the "when" operation attribute is not defined.
- 1352 6. Allowed a non-leaf Printer to have only one subordinate Printer.
- 1353 7. Changed most of the "parent" Printer terminology to "non-leaf" Printer to contrast more clearly with
1354 "leaf" Printer objects. The term "parent" is only used when talking about a subordinate's immediate
1355 parent Printer object.
- 1356 8. Added "original-requesting-user-name" (name (MAX)) to the list of READ-ONLY Job Description
1357 attributes.

1358 **19.5 Changes to the October 22, 1999 version to make the November 1, 1999 version**

1359 The following changes to the October 22, 1999 version to make the November 1, 1999 version as a result of
1360 the IPP WG meeting in Durham, 10/99:

- 1361 1. Removed the Reset-Printer, Non-Process-Run-Out, and Space-Current-Job operations from this Set2
1362 spec and moved them to a new Set3 spec for use with the new Device object, renaming them
1363 appropriately, to Reset-Device, Non-Process-Run-Out-Device, and Space-Device.
- 1364 2. Added the concept of parent and subordinate Printer objects to formally represent fan-out. Mentioned
1365 the Device object that is in a new [ipp-[device-opsset3](#)] spec.
- 1366 3. Distributed the definition of the "when" operation attribute to the Pause-Printer (IPP/1.1), Shutdown-
1367 Printer, and Pause-Current-Job operations and listed the values that are appropriate to that operation
1368 only:
1369 Pause-Printer: 'now', 'after-current-copy', 'after-current-job' (default), and 'after-all'.
1370 Shutdown-Printer: 'now', 'after-current-job' (default), and 'after-all'
1371 Pause-Current-Job: 'now', 'after-current-copy' (default)
- 1372 4. Deleted the "device-name" operation attribute and the "device-names-supported" (1setOf name(127))
1373 Printer Description attribute. The latter will be part of the [ipp-[device-opsset3](#)] document.
- 1374 5. Kept the "job-settable-attributes" (1setOf type2 keyword) and "printer-settable-attributes" (1setOf type2
1375 keyword), but deleted the "interpreter-settable-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword), since the Interpreter
1376 object and its attributes are really a sub-class of the Printer object.

- 1377 6. Deleted the "when-values-supported" (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute.
- 1378 7. Added the "subordinate-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute.

1379 **19.6 Changes to the September 19, 1999 version to make the October 22, 1999 version**

1380 Adding or removing ISSUES that don't change the document are not listed here. The following changes to
1381 the September 19, 1999 version to make the October 22, 1999 version as a result of the IPP WG meeting in
1382 Denver, 9/99:

- 1383 1. Added the Interpreter object.
- 1384 2. Added the "device-name" operation attribute to handle passing operations through the IPP Printer object
1385 to the device.
- 1386 3. Added the out-of-band 'not-settable' to allow the Set-Job-Attributes and Set-Printer-Attributes response
1387 to indicate the difference between an unsupported attribute and a supported, but not settable, attribute in
1388 the Unsupported Attributes Group.
- 1389 4. Removed "when-values-supported" and "job-settable-attributes" and "printer-settable-attributes" and
1390 "interpreter-settable-attributes" from the list of attributes that MUST be read-only. So an administrator
1391 could sub-set the policy on what when values are supported or which attributes can be set.

1392 **19.7 Changes to the July 19, 1999 version to make the September 19, 1999 version**

1393 The following changes to the July 19, 1999 version to make the September 19, 1999 version as a result of
1394 the IPP WG meeting in Alaska, 8/99:

- 1395 1. Refer to proposal as "Set2" rather than "Administrative" operations.
- 1396 2. Revise the emphasis on administrator throughout the document, although the word administrator
1397 remains wherever appropriate.
- 1398 3. Convert non-process-run-out from an operations attribute to an operation.
- 1399 4. Added Issue 21: For all these "access" caveats, why not just say... 'authentication and access control
1400 (see ipp-mod sections 1, 8.3 and 8.5) applies to this operation'.?
- 1401 5. Added Issue 22: Why? This is backward, if you ask me (HRL).
- 1402 6. Per resolution of Issue 2, the "settable-attributes" Printer Description attribute, was replaced with three
1403 Printer Description attributes: "printer-settable-attributes", "job-settable-attributes", and "interpreter-
1404 settable-attributes". The latter for those implementations that have different values for Printer attributes
1405 in the Get-Printer-Attributes and Set-Printer-Attributes operations, depending on the value of the

1406 "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the client. If and when we get a Document object,
1407 then we can add a "document-settable-attributes" Printer Description attribute.

1408 **19.8 Changes to the June 30, 1999 version to make the July 19, 1999 version**

1409 The following changes to the June 30, 1999 version to make the July 19, 1999 version as a result of the IPP
1410 WG meeting in Copenhagen, 7/7/99-7/8/99, and the IPP telecon, 7/14/1999:

- 1411 1. Sections 2.1 and 2.2: Clarified that the way to remove a message from the operator was for the client to
1412 supply a zero-length or all white space text string which is copied as usual to the "xxx-message-from-
1413 operator" attribute.
- 1414 2. Section 2.3: Added "factory-settings" (boolean) operation attribute to the Get-Printer-Attributes
1415 operation.
- 1416 3. Section 2.4: Added the "when" operation attribute to the Pause-Current-Job operation.
- 1417 4. Section 2.4: Made the "when" operation attribute OPTIONAL for use in operations (Pause-Printer,
1418 Reset-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Pause-Current-Job operations).
- 1419 5. Sections 2.5: Added table of operation attributes for the Printer operations to make it easy to compare.
- 1420 6. Sections 2.6: Added table of operation attributes for the Job operations to make it easy to compare.
- 1421 7. Section 3.1: Added "settable-attributes" (1setOf type2 keyword) READ-ONLY Printer Description
1422 attribute.
- 1423 8. Section 3.2: Added "printer-controls-other-protocols" (boolean) Printer Description attribute
- 1424 9. Section 3.3: Added the READ-ONLY "printer-message-time" (integer(MIN:MAX)) Printer
1425 Description attribute to keep time message updated in time ticks.
- 1426 10. Section 4.2: Deleted the 'process-next' "job-state-reasons" value, so that repeated Promote-Job
1427 operations promote each job "to the front of the queue".
- 1428 11. Sections 6.1.1.1 and 6.2.1.1: Replaced the table that listed all attributes with one that lists only the
1429 attributes that MUST be READ-ONLY.
- 1430 12. Section 6.1.1.1: Indicated that attributes that are not specified as READ-ONLY in this document MAY
1431 be settable. If they control behavior, that changing their values MUST change the behavior.
- 1432 13. Section 6.1.1.2 and 6.2.1.2: Deleted the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute from the Set-Printer-
1433 Attributes and Set-Job-Attributes operations. All set operations are atomic.

- 1434 14. Section 6.1.1.2: Add the concept of the Interpreter object to handle attributes whose values vary in the
1435 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Attributes, depending on the value of the "document-format"
1436 operation attribute.
- 1437 15. Sections 6.1.1.3 and 6.2.1.2: Changed the "out-of-band" 'not-settable' value back to the existing 'not-
1438 supported' value.
- 1439 16. Section 6.1.2 and 6.1.3: Added "job-type" operation attribute to Disable-Printer and Enable-Printer
1440 operations with values: 'network-jobs', 'walk-up-jobs', and 'all-jobs'.
- 1441 17. Section 6.1.5: Clarified that Restart-Printer brings up the Printer disabled and paused, since that is the
1442 eventual state that Shutdown-Printer leaves the printer in.
- 1443 18. Section 6.1.5: Indicated that if Restart-Printer is supported, then Shutdown-Printer MUST be
1444 supported.
- 1445 19. Section 6.1.6: Deleted Space-Printer operation. Keep Space-Current-Job operation only which has a
1446 "job-id" operation attribute that a client MAY supply.
- 1447 20. Section 6.1.6: Clarified that Shutdown-Printer is for a long period of time, not just to reset the device or
1448 change attribute values. Also that Shutdown performs an immediate Disable-Printer and an eventual
1449 Pause-Printer.
- 1450 21. Sections 6.2.3, 6.2.4, and 6.2.7 : Added a "job-id" operation attribute to Cancel-Current-Job, Pause-
1451 Current-Job, and Space-Current-Job that a client MAY supply to check for race condition where current
1452 job changes
- 1453 22. Section 6.2.4: Combined Pause-Job into Pause-Current-Job operation.
- 1454 23. Sections 6.2.4 and 6.2.5: Pause-Current-Job puts job in 'processing-stopped' state, not 'pending-held'
1455 state.
- 1456 24. Section 6.2.6: Simplified Promote-Job, so that it behaves as if the job were put at the front of the
1457 queue.

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