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Robert Herriot (editor)  
Xerox Corp.  
Carl Kugler  
Harry Lewis  
IBM, Corp.  
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Internet Printing Protocol (IPP):  
**The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for Event Notifications**

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24 **Abstract**

25 This document describes an extension to the Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2566, RFC2565]  
26 and IPP/1.1 [RFC2911, RFC2910]. This document specifies the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for use with  
27 the [“IPP Event Notifications and Subscriptions” Specification \[ipp-ntfy\]](#). [When IPP Notification \[ipp-  
28 ntfy\] is supported, the Delivery Method defined in this document is one of the RECOMMENDED  
29 Delivery Methods for Printers to support.](#)

30 The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method is a ‘pull-~~and-push~~’ Delivery Method [with aspects of a ‘push’ method as  
31 well](#). That is, when an Event occurs, the Printer saves the Event Notification for a period of time called  
32 the *Event Notification Lease Time*. The Notification Recipient fetches (pulls) Event Notifications using  
33 the Get-Notifications operation. If the Notification Recipient has selected the option to wait for  
34 additional Event Notifications, the Printer continues to return ([similar to push](#)) Event Notifications to  
35 the Notification Recipient as Get-Notification responses as Events occur. [This push aspect is not a true  
36 ‘push’, since the Printer does not open the connect, but rather continues to return responses as Events  
37 occur using the connection originated by the Notification Recipient.](#)

38

38

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## 96 1 Introduction

97 The “IPP Event Notifications ~~and Subscriptions~~ ~~Specification~~” document [ipp-ntfy] defines an  
98 OPTIONAL extension to Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2566, RFC2565] and IPP/1.1  
99 [RFC2911, RFC2910]. For a description of the base IPP documents, see section 19. This ~~The [ipp-~~  
100 ~~ntfy]~~ extension defines operations that a client can perform in order to create *Subscription Objects* in a  
101 Printer and carry out other operations on them. A Subscription Object represents a Subscription  
102 abstraction. A client associates Subscription Objects with a particular Job by performing the Create-  
103 Job-Subscriptions operation or by submitting a Job with subscription information. A client associates  
104 Subscription Objects with the Printer by performing a Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation. Four  
105 other operations are defined for Subscription Objects: Get-Subscriptions-Attributes, Get-Subscriptions,  
106 Renew-Subscription, and Cancel-Subscription. The Subscription Object specifies that when one of the  
107 specified *Events* occurs, the Printer sends an asynchronous *Event Notification* to the specified  
108 *Notification Recipient* via the specified *Delivery Method* (i.e., protocol).

109 The “IPP Event Notifications ~~and Subscriptions~~ ~~Specification~~” document [ipp-ntfy] specifies that each  
110 Delivery Method is defined in another document. This document is one such document, and it specifies  
111 the ‘ippget’ delivery method. When IPP Notification [ipp-ntfy] is supported, the Delivery Method  
112 defined in this document is one of the RECOMMENDED Delivery Methods for Printers to support.

113 The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method is a ‘pull’ ~~and push~~–Delivery Method with aspects of a ‘push’ method as  
114 well. That is, when an Event occurs, the Printer saves the Event Notification for a period of time called  
115 the *Event Notification Lease Time*. The Notification Recipient fetches (pulls) the Event Notifications  
116 using the Get-Notifications operation. This operation causes the Printer to return all Event  
117 Notifications held for the Notification Recipient. If the Notification Recipient has selected the option to  
118 wait for additional Event Notifications, the Printer continues to return (similar to push) Event  
119 Notifications to the Notification Recipient as Get-Notification responses as Events occur. This push  
120 aspect is not a true ‘push’, since the Printer does not open the connect, but rather continues to return  
121 responses as Events occur using the connection originated by the Notification Recipient.

## 122 2 Terminology

123 This section defines the following terms that are used throughout this document:

124 This document uses the same terminology as [RFC2911], such as “client”, “Printer”, “Job”, “attribute”,  
125 “attribute value”, “keyword”, “operation”, “request”, “response”, and “support”.

126 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,  
127 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance ~~to this specification.~~  
128 ~~These terms are defined in [RFC2911 section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken~~  
129 ~~from as defined in RFC 2119 [RFC2119] and [RFC2911] section 12.1. If an implementation supports~~  
130 the extension defined in this document, then these terms apply; otherwise, they do not. These terms  
131 define conformance to this document only; they do not affect conformance to other documents, unless  
132 explicitly stated otherwise.

133 **Event Notification Lease:** The lease that is associated with an Event Notification. When the lease  
134 expires, the Printer discards the associated Event Notification.

135 **Event Notification Lease Time:** The expiration time assigned to a lease that is associated with an  
136 Event Notification.

137 **Event Notification Attributes Group:** The attributes group in a response that contains attributes that  
138 are part of an Event Notification.

139 Event Wait Mode: The mode requested by a Notification Recipient client in its Get-Notifications  
140 Request and granted by a Printer to keep the connection open where the Printer sends subsequent Event  
141 Notifications to the Notification Recipient as they occur as additional Get-Notification Responses.

142 Other capitalized terms, such as Notification Recipient, Event Notification, Compound Event  
143 Notification, Printer, etc., are defined in [ipp-ntfy], have the same meanings, and are not reproduced  
144 here.

145 For other capitalized terms that appear in this document, see [ipp-ntfy].

### 146 3 Model and Operation

147 In a Subscription Creation Operation, when the value of the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute has the  
148 scheme ‘ippget’, the client is requesting that the Printer use the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for the Event  
149 Notifications associated with the new Subscription Object. The client SHOULD choose a value for the  
150 address part of the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute that uniquely identifies the Notification Recipient.

151 When an Event occurs, the Printer MUST generate an Event Notification and MUST assign it the Event  
152 Notification Lease Time. The Printer MUST hold an Event Notification for its assigned Event  
153 Notification Lease Time. The Printer MUST assign the same Event Notification Lease Time to each  
154 Event Notification.

155 When a Notification Recipient wants to receive Event Notifications, it performs the Get-Notifications  
156 operation, which causes the Printer to return all un-expired Event Notifications held for the Notification  
157 Recipient. If the Notification Recipient has selected the Event Wait Mode option to wait for additional  
158 Event Notifications, the response to the Get-Notifications request continues indefinitely as the Printer  
159 continues to send Event Notifications in the response as Events occur. For the Get-Notification  
160 operation, the Printer sends only those Event Notifications that are generated from Subscription Objects  
161 whose “notify-recipient-uri” attribute value equals the value of the “notify-recipient-uri” Operation  
162 Attribute in the Get-Notifications operation.

163 If a Notification Recipient performs the Get-Notifications operation twice in quick succession, it will  
164 receive nearly the same Event Notification both times because most of the Event Notifications are those  
165 that the Printer saves for a few seconds after the Event occurs. There are two possible differences.  
166 Some old Event Notifications may not be present in the second response because their Event  
167 Notification Leases have expired. Some new Event Notifications may be present in the second response  
168 but not the first response, because they occurred after the first response.

169        When the Notification Recipient requests Event Notifications for per-Job Subscription Objects, the  
170        Notification Recipient typically performs the Get-Notifications operation within a second of performing  
171        the Subscription Creation operation. Because the Printer is likely to save Event Notifications for  
172        several seconds, the Notification Recipient is unlikely to miss any Event Notifications that occur  
173        between the Subscription Creation and the Get-Notifications operation.

174 **4 General Information**

175 If a Printer supports this Delivery Method, the following are its characteristics.

176 **Table 1 – Information about the Delivery Method**

Document Method Conformance Requirement	Delivery Method Realization
1. What is the URL scheme name for the Delivery Method?	ippget
2. Is the Delivery Method REQUIRED, RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for an IPP Printer to support?	RECOMMENDED
3. What transport and delivery protocols does the Printer use to deliver the Event Notification Content, i.e., what is the entire network stack?	IPP with one new operation.
4. Can several Event Notifications be combined into a Compound Event Notification?	Yes.
5. Is the Delivery Method initiated by the Notification Recipient (pull), or by the Printer (push)?	This Delivery Method is a pull <u>method with aspects of</u> <del>and</del> a push <u>method, though the Printer does not initiate the connection.</u>
6. Is the Event Notification content Machine Consumable or Human Consumable?	Machine Consumable
7. What section in this document answers the following question? For a Machine Consumable Event Notification, what is the representation and encoding of values defined in section 9.1 of [ipp-ntfy] and the conformance requirements thereof? For a Human Consumable Event Notification, what is the representation and encoding of pieces of information defined in section 9.2 of [ipp-ntfy] and the conformance requirements thereof?	Section 5
8. What are the latency and reliability of the transport and delivery protocol?	Same as IPP and the underlying HTTP transport
9. What are the security aspects of the transport and delivery protocol, e.g., how it is handled in firewalls?	Same as IPP and the underlying HTTP transport
10. What are the content length restrictions?	None
11. What are the additional values or pieces of information that a Printer sends in an Event Notification content and the conformance requirements thereof?	None
12. What are the additional Subscription Template and/or Subscription Description attributes and the conformance requirements thereof?	None
13. What are the additional Printer Description attributes and the conformance requirements thereof?	None

177

## 178 5 Get-Notifications operation

179 This operation is issued by a client acting in the role of a Notification Recipient and causes the Printer to  
180 return all Event Notifications held for the Notification Recipient.

181 A Printer MUST support this operation.

182 When a Printer performs this operation, it MUST return all and only those Event Notifications:

- 183 1. Whose associated Subscription Object's "notify-subscription-id" attribute equals the "notify-  
184 subscription-id" Operation attribute if supplied AND
- 185 2. Whose associated Subscription Object's "notify-recipient-uri" attribute equals the "notify-
- 186 recipient-uri" Operation attribute AND
- 187 3. Whose associated Subscription Object's "notify-recipient-uri" attribute has a matches the  
188 scheme value of 'ippget' using the matching rules in section 11.5.2 AND
- 189 4. Whose Event Notification Lease Time has not yet expired AND
- 190 5. Where the Notification Recipient is the owner of or has read-access rights to the associated  
191 Subscription Object.

192 The Printer has the following options for responding to a Get-Notifications Request:

- 193 1. The Printer can reject the request and return the 'server-error-busy' status code, if the Printer is  
194 too busy to accept this operation at this time. In this case, the Printer MUST return the "get-  
195 notify-interval" attribute to indicate when the client should try again.
- 196 2. If the Notification Recipient did not request Event Wait Mode, the Printer MUST respond to  
197 this operation immediately with whatever Event Notifications it currently holds and return the  
198 "notify-get-interval" attribute with number of seconds from now at which the Notification  
199 Recipient MAY repeat the Get-Notifications Request to get future Event Notifications.
- 200 3. If the Notification Recipient requested Event Wait Mode, the Printer MUST respond to this  
201 operation immediately with whatever Event Notifications it currently holds. ~~If the Notification~~  
202 Recipient has selected the option to wait for additional Event Notifications, the Printer MUST  
203 continue to send Event Notifications as they occur until all of the associated Subscription  
204 Objects are cancelled. A Subscription Object is cancelled either via the Cancel-Subscription  
205 operation or by the Printer (e.g., the Subscription Object is cancelled when the associated Job  
206 completes and is no longer in the Job Retention or Job History phase - see the "ippget-event-  
207 time-to-live (integer(0:MAX))" attribute discussion in section 8.1). However, the Printer MAY  
208 decide to terminate Event Wait Mode at any time, including in the first response. In this case  
209 the Printer MUST return an additional Event Notification Attributes Group that contains the  
210 single "notify-get-interval" attribute. This attribute indicates that the Printer wishes to leave  
211 Event Wait Mode and the number of seconds in the future that the Notification Recipient  
212 SHOULD try the Get-Notifications operation again. The Notification Recipient MUST accept



213 this response and MUST disconnect. If the Notification Recipient does not disconnect, the  
214 Printer SHOULD do so.

215 ~~Note, the Printer terminates the operation in the same way that it normally terminates IPP operations.~~  
216 ~~For example, if the Printer is sending chunked data, it can send a 0 length chunk to denote the end of~~  
217 ~~the operation or it can close the connection.~~ If the Notification Recipient wishes to terminate the Get-  
218 Notifications operation, it can close the connection. See section 12 for the encoding and transport rules  
219 for the Get-Notifications Response for the Event Wait Mode.

220 The Printer MUST accept the request in any state (see [RFC2911] "printer-state" and "printer-state-  
221 reasons" attributes) and MUST remain in the same state with the same "printer-state-reasons" values.

222 *Access Rights:* If the policy of the Printer is to allow all users to access all Event Notifications, then the  
223 Printer MUST accept this operation from any user. Otherwise, the authenticated user (see [RFC2911]  
224 section 8.3) performing this operation MUST either be the owner of each Subscription Object identified  
225 by the "notify-recipient-uri" Operation attribute (as determined during a Subscription Creation  
226 Operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer (see [RFC2911] Sections 1 and 8.5).  
227 Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-  
228 not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' status code as appropriate.

## 229 5.1 Get-Notifications Request

230 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Notifications Request:

231 Group 1: Operation Attributes

232 Natural Language and Character Set:

233 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in  
234 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.1.

235

236 Target:

237 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
238 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5.

239

240 Requesting User Name:

241 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
242 described in [RFC2911] section 8.3.

243

244 "notify-subscription-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

245 The client SHOULD supply this attribute, if known, and the client is only monitoring a single  
246 Subscription object. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If supplied, but no  
247 Subscription Object exists with this identifier, the Printer MUST return the 'client-error-not-  
248 found' status code.

249

250 If supplied and the identified Subscription Object exists, the Printer MUST check that the  
251 Subscription Object's "notify-recipients-uri" attribute scheme is 'ippget' (case insensitive-

252 match - see section 11.5.2). If the scheme does not match 'ippget', the Printer MUST reject  
253 the request and return the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code.

254  
255 Note: If Notification Recipients supplies this attribute, if known, then the Event Notifications  
256 will be sent in time stamp order since only one Subscription object is involved (see "Event  
257 Notification Ordering" requirements in [ipp-ntfy] section 9). Supplying this attribute also  
258 reduces the Event processing time on the Printer since the Printer doesn't have to search all of  
259 the Subscription Objects in order to match the "notify-recipient-uri" operation attribute (see  
260 next attribute).

261  
262 "notify-recipient-uri" (uri(255)):

263 The client MUST-MAY supply this attribute whether or not it also supplies the "notify-  
264 subscription-id" operation attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the  
265 client supplies neither the "notify-subscription-id" nor the "notify-recipient-uri", the Printer  
266 MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.

267  
268 If the supplied scheme is not ippget (case insensitive-match - see section 11.5.2), the Printer  
269 MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code.

270  
271 If the client also supplied the "notify-subscription-id" attribute, then the value of this attribute  
272 MUST match the "notify-recipient-uri" Subscription Description attribute for the identified  
273 Subscription object. If they do not match, the Printer MUST return the 'client-error-not-  
274 found' status code.

275  
276 If the client did not supply the "notify-subscription-id" operation attribute, the Printer  
277 matches the value of this "notify-recipient-uri" attribute (byte for byte with no case conversion)  
278 against the value of the "notify-recipient-uri" Subscription Description attribute in each  
279 Subscription Object in the Printer using the URI matching rules specified in section 11.5.2. If  
280 there are no matches, the IPP Printer MUST return the 'client-error-not-found' status code.  
281 For each matched Subscription Object, the IPP Printer MUST return all unexpired Event  
282 Notifications associated with it. The Printer MUST send additional Event Notifications as  
283 Events occur if and only if the value of the "notify-no-wait" attribute is 'false' or not supplied  
284 by the client (see the next attribute below).

285  
286 The value of this attribute is defined to be shorter (255 octets) than the 'uri' attribute syntax  
287 (1023 octets) in [RFC2911], since this uri is used for identification, not for locating a network  
288 resource.

289  
290 The [ipp-ntfy] specification REQUIRES that Subscription Object's "notify-recipient-uri"  
291 attribute be returned in any operation with the identical representation as supplied by the  
292 original Subscribing Client in the Subscription Creation Request. Therefore the Printer  
293 implementation MUST use other means to perform the URI match than changing the  
294 Subscription Object's original "notify-recipient-uri" value to a canonical form.

295

296 Note: this attribute allows a subscribing client to pick URLs that are unique, e.g. the client’s  
 297 own URL or a friend’s URL, which in both cases is likely the URL of the person’s host. An  
 298 application could make a URL unique for each application.  
 299

300 “notify-~~no~~-wait” (boolean):

301 The client MAY supply this attribute. The Printer object MUST support **both values of** this  
 302 attribute. **If the value is ‘true’, the client is requesting Event Wait Mode. See the beginning of**  
 303 **section 5 for the rules for Event Wait Mode.**~~If the value of this attribute is ‘false’, the Printer~~  
 304 ~~MUST send all un-expired Event Notifications (as defined in the previous attribute) and it~~  
 305 ~~MUST continue to send responses for as long as the Subscription Objects associated with the~~  
 306 ~~specified “notify-recipient-uri” continue to exist. If the value of this attribute is ‘true’, the~~  
 307 ~~Printer MUST send all un-expired Event Notifications (as defined in the previous attribute) and~~  
 308 ~~the Printer MUST conclude the operation without waiting for any additional Events to occur.~~  
 309 ~~If the client doesn’t supply this attribute, the Printer MUST behave as if the client had supplied~~  
 310 ~~this attribute with the value of ‘false’.~~

## 311 5.2 Get-Notifications Response

312 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Notifications Response:

313 Group 1: Operation Attributes

314 Status Message:

315 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response  
 316 OPTIONALLY includes a “status-message” (text(255)) and/or a “detailed-status-message”  
 317 (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in [RFC2911] sections 13 and 3.1.6.  
 318

319 The Printer can return any status codes defined in [RFC2911]. If the status code is not  
 320 ‘successful-~~xxx~~’, the Printer MUST NOT return any Event Notification Attribute groups. The  
 321 following is a description of the important status codes:  
 322

323 **successful-ok:** the response contains all Event Notification associated with the specified  
 324 “notify-recipient-uri”. If the specified Subscription Objects have no associated Event  
 325 Notification, the response MUST contain zero Event Notifications.

326 **client-error-not-found:** The Printer has no Subscription Object’s whose “notify-  
 327 recipient-uri” attribute equals the “notify-recipient-uri” Operation attribute, **if supplied**  
 328 **or whose “notify-subscription-id” attribute equals the “notify-subscription-id”**  
 329 **Operation attribute, if supplied.**

330 **server-error-busy:** The Printer is too busy to accept this operation. If the “~~suggested-~~  
 331 ~~ask-again-time-interval~~**notify-get-interval**” operation attribute is present in the  
 332 Operation Attributes of the response, then the Notification Recipient SHOULD wait  
 333 for the number of seconds specified by the “~~suggested-ask-again-time-interval~~**notify-**  
 334 **get-interval**” attribute before performing this operation again. If the “~~suggested-ask-~~  
 335 ~~again-time-interval~~**notify-get-interval**” Operation Attribute is not present, the  
 336 Notification Recipient ~~should~~**SHOULD** use the normal network back-off algorithms  
 337 for determining when to perform this operation again.

338           **redirection-other-site:** The Printer does not handle this operation and requests the  
339           Notification Recipient to perform the operation again with the uri specified by the  
340           ~~“notify-ippget-redirect-”~~redirect-uri” Operation Attribute in the response.  
341

342 Natural Language and Character Set:

343           The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in  
344           [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2.

345  
346           The Printer MUST use the values of “notify-charset” and “notify-natural-language”,  
347           respectively, from one Subscription Object associated with the Event Notifications in this  
348           response.  
349

350           Normally, there is only one matched Subscription Object, or the value of the “notify-charset”  
351           and “notify-natural-language” attributes is the same in all Subscription Objects. If not, the  
352           Printer MUST pick one Subscription Object from which to obtain the value of these attributes.  
353           The algorithm for picking the Subscription Object is implementation dependent. The choice of  
354           natural language is not critical because ‘text’ and ‘name’ values can override the “attributes-  
355           natural-language” Operation attribute. The Printer’s choice of charset is critical because a bad  
356           choice may leave it unable to send some ‘text’ and ‘name’ values accurately.  
357

358           “printer-up-time” (integer(0:MAX)):

359           The value of this attribute is the Printer’s “printer-up-time” attribute at the time the Printer  
360           sends this response. Because each Event Notification also contains the value of this attribute  
361           when the event occurred, the value of this attribute lets a Notification Recipient know when  
362           each Event Notification occurred relative to the time of this response.  
363

364           ~~“suggested-ask-again-time-interval” (integer(0:MAX)):~~

365           ~~The value of this attribute is the number of seconds that the Notification Recipient SHOULD~~  
366           ~~wait before trying this operation again when~~  
367           ~~a)the Printer returns the ‘server-error-busy’ status code OR~~  
368           ~~the Printer returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code and the client supplied the “notify-no-wait”~~  
369           ~~attribute with a value of ‘true’ This value is intended to help the client be a good network~~  
370           ~~citizen.~~  
371

372           ~~“notify-ippget-redirect-”~~redirect-uri” (uri):

373           The value of this attribute is the uri that the Notification Recipient MUST use for ~~the a~~  
374           subsequent Get-Notifications operation. This attribute is ~~present~~returned in the Operation  
375           Attributes Group if and only if the status code has the value ‘redirection-other-site’.  
376

377 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

378           See [RFC2911] section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.  
379

380           ~~If the “subscription-ids” attribute contained subscription-ids that do not exist, the Printer~~  
381           ~~returns them in this group as value of the “subscription-ids” attribute.~~  
382

## 383 Group 3 through N: Event Notification Attributes

384 The Printer responds with one Event Notification Attributes Group per matched Event  
385 Notification. The entire response is considered a single Compound Event Notification (see  
386 [ipp-ntfy]). The last Event Notification Attributes Group MAY contain a single “notify-get-  
387 interval” (see section 7.1 and 12), in which case the Printer will return no future responses.  
388 The initial matched Event Notifications are all un-expired Event Notification associated with  
389 the matched Subscription Objects and MUST follow the “Event Notification Ordering”  
390 requirements for Event Notifications within a Compound Event Notification specified in [ipp-  
391 ntfy] section 9.

392  
393 If the Notification Recipient has selected the Event Wait Mode option to wait for additional  
394 Event Notifications (the “notify-wait” attribute was set to ‘true’), the Printer sends the  
395 subsequent Event Notifications in the response each time it processes additional Events~~are~~  
396 ~~Event Notifications associated with the matched Subscription Objects as the corresponding~~  
397 ~~Event occurs.~~ Each time the Printer sends such Event Notifications, their ordering MUST  
398 follow the “Event Notification Ordering” requirements in [ipp-ntfy] section 9.  
399

400 Note: If a Notification Recipient performs two consecutive Get-Notifications operations, the  
401 time stamp of the first Event Notification in the second Get-Notifications Response may be less  
402 than the time stamp of the last Event Notification in the first Get-Notification Response. This  
403 happens because the Printer sends all unexpired Event Notification according to the ordering  
404 specified in [ipp-ntfy] and some Event Notifications from the first Get-Notifications operation  
405 may not have expired by the time the second Get-Notifications operation occurs.  
406

407 From the Notification Recipient’s view, the response appears as an initial burst of data, which  
408 includes the Operation Attributes Group and one Event Notification Attributes Groups per  
409 Event Notification that the Printer is holding. After the initial burst of data, if the Notification  
410 Recipient has selected the Event Wait Mode option to wait for additional Event Notifications,  
411 the Notification Recipient receives occasional Event Notification Attribute Groups. Proxy  
412 servers may delay some Event Notifications or cause time-outs to occur. The client MUST be  
413 prepared to perform the Get-Notifications operation again when time-outs occur.  
414

415 ~~Each Event Notification Group MUST start with an ‘event-notification-attributes-tag’ (see the~~  
416 ~~section “Encodings of Additional Attribute Tags” in [ipp-ntfy]).~~  
417

418 Each attribute is encoded using the IPP rules for encoding attributes [RFC2910] and may  
419 MAY be encoded in any order. Note: the Get-Jobs response in [RFC2911] acts as a model for  
420 encoding multiple groups of attributes. See section 12 for the encoding and transport rules.  
421

422 Each Event Notification Group MUST contain all of attributes specified in section 9.1  
423 (“Content of Machine Consumable Event Notifications”) of [ipp-ntfy] with exceptions denoted  
424 by asterisks in the tables below.  
425

426 The tables below are copies of the tables in section 9.1 (“Content of Machine Consumable  
427 Event Notifications”) of [ipp-ntfy] except that each cell in the “Sends” column is a “MUST”.

428

429

For an Event Notification for all Events, the Printer includes the attributes shown in Table 2.

430

**Table 2 – Attributes in Event Notification Content**

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
notify-subscription-id (integer(1:MAX))	MUST	Subscription
notify-printer-uri (uri)	MUST	Subscription
notify-subscribed-event (type2 keyword)	MUST	Event Notification
printer-up-time (integer(MIN1:MAX))	MUST	Printer
printer-current-time (dateTime)	MUST *	Printer
notify-sequence-number (integer (0:MAX))	MUST	Subscription
notify-charset (charset)	MUST	Subscription
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MUST	Subscription
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MUST **	Subscription
notify-text (text)	MUST	Event Notification
attributes from the “notify-attributes” attribute	MUST ***	Printer
attributes from the “notify-attributes” attribute	MUST ***	Job
attributes from the “notify-attributes” attribute	MUST ***	Subscription

431

432

\* The Printer MUST send the “printer-current-time” attribute if and only if it supports the “printer-current-time” attribute on the Printer object.

433

434

435

\*\* If the associated Subscription Object does not contain a “notify-user-data” attribute, the Printer MUST send an octet-string of length 0.

436

437

438

\*\*\* If the “notify-attributes” attribute is present on the Subscription Object, the Printer MUST send all attributes specified by the “notify-attributes” attribute. Note: if the Printer doesn’t support the “notify-attributes” attribute, it is not present on the associated Subscription Object.

439

440

441

For Event Notifications for Job Events, the Printer includes the additional attributes shown in Table 3.

442

443

444

**Table 3 – Additional Attributes in Event Notification Content for Job Events**

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
job-id (integer(1:MAX))	MUST	Job
job-state (type1 enum)	MUST	Job
job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	Job
job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))	MUST *	Job

445

446

\* The Printer MUST send the “job-impressions-completed” attribute in an Event Notification only for the combinations of Events and Subscribed Events shown in Table 4.

447

448

449

**Table 4 – Combinations of Events and Subscribed Events for “job-impressions-completed”**

Job Event	Subscribed Job Event
‘job-progress’	‘job-progress’
‘job-completed’	‘job-completed’
‘job-completed’	‘job-state-changed’

450

451

452

453

For Event Notification for Printer Events, the Printer includes the additional attributes shown in Table 5.

454

**Table 5 – Additional Attributes in Event Notification Content for Printer Events**

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
printer-state (type1 enum)	MUST	Printer
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	Printer
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)	MUST	Printer

455

## 6 Subscription Template Attributes

456

This section defines the Subscription object conformance requirements for Printers.

457

### 6.1 Subscription Template Attribute Conformance

458

459

460

The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method has the same conformance requirements for Subscription Template attributes as defined in [ipp-ntfy]. The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method does not define any addition Subscription Template attributes.

461

### 6.2 Additional Information about Subscription Template Attributes

462

This section defines additional information about Subscription Template attributes defined in [ipp-ntfy].

463

#### 6.2.1 notify-recipient-uri (uri)

464

465

466

This section describes the syntax of the value of this attribute for the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method. The syntax for values of this attribute for other Delivery Method is defined in other Delivery Method Documents.

467

468

In order to support the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method and Protocol, the Printer MUST support the following syntax:

469 The ‘ippget://’ URI scheme. The remainder of the URI indicates something unique about the  
470 Notification Recipient, such as its host name or host address (and optional path) that the Printer uses  
471 to match the “notify-recipient-uri” Operation attribute supplied in the Get-Notifications request. See  
472 section 11 for a complete definition of the syntax of the IPPGET URL.

### 473 **6.3 Subscription Description Attribute Conformance**

474 The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method has the same conformance requirements for Subscription Description  
475 attributes as defined in [ipp-ntfy]. The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method does not define any addition  
476 Subscription Description attributes.

## 477 **7 Attributes only in Event Notifications**

478 This section defines attributes that exist only in Event Notifications and do not exist in any IPP-defined  
479 objects.

### 480 **7.1 “notify-get-interval” (integer(0:MAX))**

481 The Printer returns this attribute to give the client an indication of when to try another Get-Notifications  
482 request in the future. The value of this attribute is the number of seconds that the Notification Recipient  
483 SHOULD wait before trying the Get-Notifications operation again. This value is intended to help the  
484 client be a good network citizen.

485 The Printer MUST return this attribute by itself in a separate Event Notification Attributes Group. The  
486 Printer MUST return this attribute if and only if:

- 487 1. Printer busy case: the Printer returns the ‘server-error-busy’ status code OR
- 488 2. No wait case: the Printer returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code and the client either (1)  
489 supplied the “notify-wait” attribute with a value of ‘false’ or (2) omitted the attribute entirely  
490 OR
- 491 3. Printer leaves Event Wait Mode: the Printer returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code and the  
492 client supplied the “notify-wait” attribute with the ‘true value (Event Wait Mode) but the Printer  
493 wants the client to disconnect (no wait), instead of staying connected. The client MUST accept  
494 this response and MUST disconnect. If the client does not disconnect, the Printer SHOULD do  
495 so. The Printer returns this attribute for this case only if the implementation does not want to  
496 keep the connection open at this time. If the Printer wants the client to keep the connection  
497 open and remain in Event Wait Mode, then the Printer MUST NOT return this attribute in the  
498 response.

## 499 **8 Additional Printer Description Attributes**

500 This section defines additional Printer Description attributes for use with the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method.



## 501 ~~7.18.1 ippget-event-time-to-live~~~~begin-to-expire-time-interval~~ (integer(0:MAX))

502 This Printer Description attribute specifies the number of seconds that a Printer keeps an Event  
503 Notification that is associated with the 'ippget' Delivery Method.

504 The Printer MUST support this attribute if it supports the 'ippget' Delivery Method.

505 The value of this attribute is the minimum number of seconds that MUST elapse between the time the  
506 Printer creates an Event Notification object for the 'ippget' Delivery Method and the time the Printer  
507 discards the same Event Notification.

508 For example, assume the following:

- 509 1. a client performs a Job Creation operation that creates a Subscription Object associated with this  
510 Delivery Method, AND
- 511 2. an Event associated with the new Job occurs immediately after the Subscription Object is  
512 created, AND
- 513 3. the same client or some other client performs a Get-Notifications operation N seconds after the  
514 Job Creation operation.

515 Then, if N is less than the value of this attribute, the client(s) performing the Get-Notifications  
516 operations can expect not to miss any Event-Notifications, barring some unforeseen lack of memory  
517 space in the Printer.

518 The value of this attribute also specifies the minimum number of seconds that the Printer, if supporting  
519 the ippget Delivery Method, MUST keep 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' Job objects in the Job  
520 Retention and/or Job History phases. See [RFC2911] section 4.3.7.1 and the discussion in [ipp-ntfy]  
521 'job-completed' event) that explains that a Notification Recipients can query the Job after receiving a  
522 'job-completed' Event Notification in order to find out other information about the job that is  
523 completing. However, this attribute has no effect on the Cancel-Subscription operation which deletes  
524 the object immediately, whether or not it contain the ippget scheme. Immediately thereafter,  
525 subsequent Get-Notifications Responses MUST NOT contain Event Notifications associated with the  
526 cancelled Subscription object.

## 527 ~~Additional Printer Description Attributes~~

528 ~~This section defines the Printer Description Attributes conformance requirements for Printers.~~

## 529 ~~7.1 Printer Description Attribute Conformance~~

530 ~~The 'ippget' Delivery Method has the same conformance requirements for Printer Description attributes~~  
531 ~~as defined in [ipp-ntfy]. The 'ippget' Delivery Method does not define any addition Printer Description~~  
532 ~~attributes.~~

## 533 **9 New Values for Existing Printer Description Attributes**

534 This section defines additional values for existing Printer Description attributes [define in \[ipp-ntfy\]](#).

### 535 **9.1 notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)**

536 The following value for the “notify-schemes-supported” attribute is added in order to support the new  
537 Delivery Method defined in this document:

538 ‘ippget’ - The IPP Notification Delivery Method defined in this document.

### 539 **9.2 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)**

540 Table 6 lists the “operation-id” value defined in order to support the new Get-Notifications operation  
541 defined in this document.

542 **Table 6 – Operation-id assignments**

Value	Operation Name
0x001C	Get-Notifications

543

## 544 **10 New Status Codes**

545 The following status codes are defined as extensions for this Delivery Method and are returned as the  
546 status code of the Get-Notifications operation.

### 547 **10.1 redirection-other-site (0x0300)**

548 This status code means that the Printer doesn’t perform that Get-Notifications operation and that the  
549 “~~notify-ippget-redirect~~[redirect-uri](#)” Operation Attribute in the response contains the uri that the  
550 Notification Recipient MUST use for performing the Get-Notifications operation.

## 551 **11 The IPPGET URL Scheme**

552 This section defines the ‘ippget’ URL and the conformance requirements for using it.

### 553 **~~10.1~~11.1 The IPPGET URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

554 This section is intended for use in registering the ‘ippget’ URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms  
555 to the requirements in [RFC2717]. This document defines the ‘ippget’” URL (Uniform Resource

556 Locator) scheme for specifying a unique identifier for an IPP Client which implements the IPP Get-  
557 Notifications operation specified in this document (see section 5).

558 The intended usage of the 'ippget' URL scheme is COMMON.

## 559 11.2 The IPPGET URL Scheme Associated Port

560 None.

561 An 'ippget' URL behaves as a unique identifier for IPP Clients and is NOT used to initiate any over-the-  
562 wire protocol associations.

563 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

## 564 11.3 The IPPGET URL Scheme Associated MIME Type

565 All IPP Get-Notifications operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an  
566 'application/ipp' MIME media type as registered in [IANA-MIMEREG]. An 'ippget' URL MUST  
567 uniquely identify an IPP Client that support this 'application/ipp' MIME media type.

568 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MIMEREG].

## 569 11.4 The IPPGET URL Scheme Character Encoding

570 The 'ippget' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the URI Generic Syntax  
571 [RFC2396] and further updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The  
572 'ippget' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the scheme and 'authority' part; however, the 'abs\_path' part  
573 is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the  
574 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

## 575 11.5 The IPPGET URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF

576 This document is intended for use in registering the 'ippget' URL scheme with IANA and fully  
577 conforms to the requirements in [RFC2717]. This document defines the 'ippget' URL (Uniform  
578 Resource Locator) scheme for specifying a unique identifier for an IPP Client which implements IPP  
579 'Get-Notifications' operation specified in this document.

580 The intended usage of the 'ippget' URL scheme is COMMON.

581 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section  
582 4.1.5 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPP Printer MUST return the 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status  
583 code (see section 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

584 *Note: IPP Clients and IPP Printers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above*  
 585 *255 bytes, because some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these*  
 586 *lengths.*

587 An 'ippget' URL MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme  
 588 name followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform  
 589 Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the  
 590 definitions of "authority", "abs\_path", "query", "reg\_name", "server", "userinfo", and "hostport" from  
 591 [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs).

592 The 'ippget' URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
593 ippget_URL = "ippget:" "//" authority [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]
594 authority  = server | reg_name
595 reg_name   = 1*( unreserved | escaped | "$" | "," |
596               ";" | ":" | "@" | "&" | "=" | "+" )
597 server     = [ [ userinfo "@" ] hostport ]
598 userinfo   = *( unreserved | escaped |
599               ";" | ":" | "&" | "=" | "+" | "$" | "," )
600 hostport   = host [ ":" port ]
601 abs_path   = "/" path_segments
602
```

603 If the port is empty or not given, then no port is assumed. The semantics are that the 'ippget' URL is a  
 604 unique identifier for an IPP Client that will retrieve IPP event notifications via the IPP Get-Notifications  
 605 operation.

606 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

### 607 11.5.1 IPPGET URL Examples

608 The following are examples of valid 'ippget' URLs for IPP Clients (using DNS host names):

```
609 ippget://abc.com
610 ippget://abc.com/listener
611 ippget://bob@abc.com/listener/1232
612
```

613 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

614 The IPP Client that creates the Subscription object and the Notification Recipient have to agree on a  
 615 unique IPPGET URL value in order for the Get-Notifications operations to retrieve the proper Event  
 616 Notifications. Therefore, the choice of 'userinfo@hostport' versus the simpler 'hostport' production in  
 617 an 'ippget' URL may be influenced by the intended usage.

618 If a given IPP Client creates an IPP Subscription object for event notifications intended for retrieval by  
 619 the same IPP Client, then the simple 'hostport' production may be most appropriate. In this case, the  
 620 IPP Client and the Notification Recipient both know the 'hostport' of the client.

621 On the other hand, if a given IPP Client creates an IPP Subscription object for event notifications  
622 intended for retrieval by a *different* IPP Client, then the 'userinfo@hostport' production (using, for  
623 example, the right-hand side of a 'mailto:' URL, see [RFC2368]) may be most appropriate. For this  
624 case, a mail address serves as the prior agreement on the IPPGET URL value between the IPP Client  
625 and the Notification Recipient.

## 626 11.5.2 IPPGET URL Comparisons

627 When comparing two 'ippget' URLs to decide if they match or not, an IPP Client or IPP Printer  
628 MUST use the same rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616].

## 629 11.12 Encoding and Transport

630 This section defines the encoding and transport considerations for this Delivery Method based on  
631 [RFC2910].

632 The encoding of a Get-Notifications Response is modeled the Get-Jobs Response (see [RFC2911]). In  
633 a Get-Notifications Response, each Event Notification Attributes Group MUST start with an 'event-  
634 notification-attributes-tag' (see the section "Encodings of Additional Attribute Tags" in [ipp-ntfy]), but  
635 only the last group ends with an 'end-of-attributes-tag'. In addition, for Event Wait Mode the multi-  
636 part/related is used to separate each multiple response (in time) to a single Get-Notifications Request.

637 The Printer returns Get-Notification Response as follows:

- 638 1. If the Notification Recipient client did not request **Event Wait Mode** ("notify-wait" = 'false' or  
639 omitted), the Printer ends the response with an 'end-of-attributes-tag' (see [RFC2911] Get-Jobs  
640 encoding) as with any operation response. The Notification Recipient is expected to close the  
641 connection.
- 642 2. If the Notification Recipient client requests **Event Wait Mode** ("notify-wait" = 'true') and the  
643 Printer wishes to honor the request, the Printer ends the Response without an 'end-of-attributes-  
644 tag' and MUST return the response as an application/ipp part inside a multi-part/related MIME  
645 media type. Neither the Notification Recipient nor the Printer close the connection. When one  
646 or more additional Events occur, the Printer returns each as an additional Event Notification  
647 Group using a separate application/ipp part under the multi-part/related type.
- 648 3. If the client requested **Event Wait Mode** ("notify-wait" = 'true'), but the Printer does not wish  
649 to honor the request in the initial response but wants the client to disconnect, the Printer MUST  
650 return the "notify-get-interval" attribute (see section 7.1) as the last Event Notifications  
651 Attributes Group - see section 5.2), the Printer ends the Response with an 'end-of-attributes-  
652 tag'. The Printer returns the response as an application/ipp part which MAY be inside an multi-  
653 part/related type. The client MUST accept this response and MUST disconnect. If the client  
654 does not disconnect, the Printer SHOULD do so.

655 4. If the client requested **Event Wait Mode** (“notify-wait” = ‘true’), and the Printer initially  
 656 honored the request, but later wishes to leave Event Wait Mode, the Printer MUST return the  
 657 “notify-get-interval” attribute (see section 7.1) as the last Event Notifications Attributes Group -  
 658 see section 5.2), the Printer ends the Response with an ‘end-of-attributes-tag’. The Printer  
 659 returns the response as an application/ipp part which MUST be inside an multi-part/related type.

660 **ISSUE: Should we use application/multiplexed (draft-herriot-application-multiplexed-03.txt) which can**  
 661 **chunk mime types using content lengths, instead of multi-part/related, which uses boundary strings?**

662 Note: either the Notification Recipient or the Printer can abnormally terminate by closing the  
 663 connection. However, if the Printer closes the connection too soon after returning the response, the  
 664 client may not receive the response.

665 The Printer MAY chunk the responses, but this has no significance to the IPP semantics.

666 This notification delivery method uses the IPP transport and encoding [RFC2910] for the Get-  
 667 Notifications operation with one extension allocated in [ipp-ntfy]:

668 **Table 7 – The "event-notification-attributes-tag" value**

Tag Value (Hex)	Meaning
0x07	“event-notification-attributes-tag”

## 670 **12.13 Conformance Requirements**

671 The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method is RECOMMEND for Printers to support.

### 672 **12.13.1 Conformance for IPP Printers**

673 IPP Printers that conform to this specification:

- 674 1. MUST meet the conformance requirements defined in [ipp-ntfy];
- 675 2. MUST support the Get-Notifications operation defined in section 5;
- 676 3. MUST support the Subscription object attributes as defined in section 6;
- 677 4. MUST support the additional values for IPP/1.1 Printer Description attributes defined in section  
678 9;
- 679 5. MUST support the “~~begin-to-expire-time-interval~~ippget-event-time-to-live” Printer Description  
680 attribute defined in section 8.1;

- 681 6. MUST support the “redirection-other-site” status code defined 10.1, if it redirects Get-  
682 Notifications operations;
- 683 7. SHOULD reject received ‘ippget’ URLs in ‘application/ipp’ request bodies (e.g., in the “notify-  
684 recipient-uri” attribute in a Get-Notifications request) that do not conform to the ABNF for  
685 ‘ippget’ URLs specified in section 11.5 of this document;
- 686 8. MUST listen for the IPP Get-Notifications operation requests on IANA-assigned well-known  
687 port 631, unless explicitly configured by system administrators or site policies;
- 688 9. SHOULD NOT listen for IPP Get-Notifications operation requests on any other port, unless  
689 explicitly configured by system administrators or site policies.

## 690 12.2**13.2** Conformance for IPP Clients

691 IPP Clients that conform to this specification:

- 692 1. MUST create unambiguously unique ‘ippget’ URLs in all cases;
- 693 2. MUST send ‘ippget’ URLs (e.g., in the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute in a Get-Notifications  
694 request) that conform to the ABNF specified in section 11.5 of this document;
- 695 3. MUST send IPP Get-Notifications operation requests via the port specified in the associated  
696 ‘ipp’ URL (if present) or otherwise via IANA assigned well-known port 631;
- 697 4. MUST convert the associated ‘ipp’ URLs for use in IPP Get-Notifications operation to their  
698 corresponding ‘http’ URL forms for use in the HTTP layer according to the rules in section 5  
699 “IPP URL Scheme” in [RFC2910].

700 Note: The use of ambiguous ‘ippget’ URLs is NOT an optional feature for IPP Clients; it is a non-  
701 conformant implementation error.

## 702 13**14** IANA Considerations

703 IANA ~~is requested to~~shall register the ‘ippget’ URL scheme as defined in section 11 according to the  
704 procedures of [RFC2717].

705 The rest of this section contains the exact information ~~for additional IPP entities~~ for IANA to add to the  
706 IPP Registries according to the procedures defined in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.

707 *Note to RFC Editors: Replace RFC NNNN below with the RFC number for this document, so that it*  
708 *accurately reflects the content of the information for the IANA Registry.*

709 **13.114.1 Operation Registrations**

710 The following table lists the operations defined in this document. This is to be registered ~~will be~~  
 711 ~~published by IANA~~ according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.4. ~~with the~~  
 712 ~~following path:~~

713 ~~—[ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/)~~

714 ~~The registry entry will contain the following information:~~

715	Operations:	Ref.	Section:
716	Get-Notifications operation	RFC NNNN	5

717  
 718 The resulting operation registration will be published in the  
 719 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/>  
 720 area.  
 721

722 **13.214.2 Additional attribute value registrations ~~of~~ for existing attributes**

723 This section lists additional attribute value registrations for use with existing attributes defined in other  
 724 documents.

725 **13.2.114.2.1 Additional values for the “notify-schemes-supported” Printer attribute**

726 The following table lists the uriScheme value defined in this document as an additional uriScheme value  
 727 for use with the “notify-schemes-supported” ~~‘uriScheme’~~ Printer attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy]. value  
 728 ~~defined in this document~~ This is to be registered ~~will be published by IANA~~ according to the  
 729 procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.1. ~~with the following path:~~

730 ~~[ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/notify-schemes-supported/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/notify-schemes-supported/)~~

731 ~~The registry entry will contain the following information:~~

732	<u>uriScheme Attribute Values:</u>	Ref.	Section:
733	ippget	RFC NNNN	9.1

734  
 735 The resulting URI scheme attribute value registrations will be published in the  
 736 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/notify-schemes-supported/>  
 737 area.  
 738

739 **13.2.214.2.2 Additional values for the “operations-supported” Printer attribute**

740 The following table lists the enum attribute value defined in this document as an additional type2 enum  
 741 value for use with the “operations-supported” Printer attribute defined in [RFC2911]. type2 enum



742 ~~attribute value defined in this document~~ This is to be registered ~~will be published by IANA~~ according to  
 743 the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.1. ~~with the following path:~~

744 ~~[ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/operations-supported/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/operations-supported/)~~

745 ~~The registry entry will contain the following information:~~

746	<u>type2 enum Attribute Values:</u>	Value	Ref.	Section:
747	Get-Notifications	0x001C	RFC NNNN	9.2

748  
 749 The resulting enum attribute value registration will be published in the  
 750 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/operations-supported/>  
 751 area.  
 752

### 753 13.3**14.3 Attribute Registrations**

754 The following table lists the attributes defined in this document. This is to be registered ~~will be~~  
 755 ~~published by IANA~~ according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.2. ~~with the~~  
 756 ~~following path:~~

757 ~~[ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/)~~

758 ~~The registry entry will contain the following information:~~

759	Printer Description attributes:	Ref.	Section:
760	<u>ippget-event-time-to-live</u> (integer(0:MAX))	RFC NNNN	8.1

761  
 762 The resulting attribute registration will be published in the  
 763 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/>  
 764 area.  
 765

### 766 13.4**14.4 Status code Registrations**

767 The following table lists the status codes defined in this document. This is to be registered ~~will be~~  
 768 ~~published by IANA~~ according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.6. ~~with the~~  
 769 ~~following path:~~

770 ~~[ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/)~~

771 ~~The registry entry will contain the following information:~~

772	Status codes:	Ref.	Section:
773	redirection-other-site (0x <u>0</u> 300)	RFC NNNN	10.1

774

775 [The resulting status code registration will be published in the](http://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/)  
776 [ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/](http://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/)  
777 [area.](http://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/)  
778

## 779 **1415 Internationalization Considerations**

780 The IPP Printer MUST localize the “notify-text” attribute as specified in section 14 of [ipp-ntfy].

781 In addition, when the client receives the Get-Notifications response, it is expected to localize the  
782 attributes that have the ‘keyword’ attribute syntax according to the charset and natural language  
783 requested in the Get-Notifications request.

## 784 **1516 Security Considerations**

785 The IPP Model and Semantics document [RFC2911] discusses high-level security requirements (Client  
786 Authentication, Server Authentication and Operation Privacy). Client Authentication is the mechanism  
787 by which the client proves its identity to the server in a secure manner. Server Authentication is the  
788 mechanism by which the server proves its identity to the client in a secure manner. Operation Privacy is  
789 defined as a mechanism for protecting operations from eavesdropping.

790 Unlike other Event Notification delivery methods in which the IPP Printer initiates the Event  
791 Notification, with the method defined in this document, the Notification Recipient is the client who  
792 the Get-Notifications operation. Therefore, there is no chance of “spam” notifications with this method.  
793 Furthermore, such a client can close down the HTTP channel at any time, and so can avoid future  
794 unwanted Event Notifications at any time.

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## 852 1718 Authors' Addresses

- 853  
854 Robert Herriot  
855 Xerox Corp.  
856 3400 Hill View Ave, Building 1  
857 Palo Alto, CA 94304  
858  
859 Phone: 650-813-7696  
860 Fax: 650-813-6860  
861 e-mail: [robert.herriot@pahv.xerox.com](mailto:robert.herriot@pahv.xerox.com)  
862
- 863 Carl Kugler  
864 IBM  
865 P.O. Box 1900  
866 Boulder, CO 80301-9191  
867  
868 Phone:  
869 Fax:  
870 e-mail: [kugler@us.ibm.com](mailto:kugler@us.ibm.com)  
871
- 872 Harry Lewis  
873 IBM  
874 P.O. Box 1900  
875 Boulder, CO 80301-9191  
876  
877 Phone: 303-924-5337  
878 FAX:  
879 e-mail: [harryl@us.ibm.com](mailto:harryl@us.ibm.com)

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IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>

IPP Mailing List: [ipp@pwg.org](mailto:ipp@pwg.org)

To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

1) send it to [majordomo@pwg.org](mailto:majordomo@pwg.org)

2) leave the subject line blank

3) put the following two lines in the message body:

subscribe ipp

end

Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

## 896 **1819 Description of Base IPP documents**

897 The base set of IPP documents includes:

898 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]

899 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]

900 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics [RFC2911]

901 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]

902 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [ipp-iig]

903 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

904 Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): IPP Event Notifications and Subscriptions Specification [ipp-ntfy]

905

906 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed  
907 printing functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to  
908 be included in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users:  
909 end users, operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied  
910 in IPP/1.0. A few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

911 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document  
912 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of  
913 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major  
914 decisions.

915 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics" document describes a simplified model with  
916 abstract objects, their attributes, and their operations that are independent of encoding and transport. It  
917 introduces a Printer and a Job object. The Job object optionally supports multiple documents per Job.  
918 It also addresses security, internationalization, and directory issues.

919 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport” document is a formal mapping of the  
920 abstract operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines  
921 the encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called “application/ipp”. This document also  
922 defines the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is “application/ipp”.  
923 This document defines the ‘ippget’ scheme for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

924 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer’s Guide” document gives insight and advice to  
925 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some  
926 of the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object  
927 implementations. For example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking.  
928 Motivation for some of the specification decisions is also included.

929 The “Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols” document gives some advice to implementers of  
930 gateways between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

931 The “IPP Event Notifications and Subscriptions” Specification document defines an extension to  
932 IPP/1.0 [RFC2566, RFC2565] and IPP/1.1 [RFC2911, RFC2910]. This extension allows a client to  
933 subscribe to printing related Events and defines the semantics for delivering asynchronous *Event*  
934 *Notifications* to the specified *Notification Recipient* via a specified *Delivery Method* (i.e., protocols)  
935 defined in (separate) Delivery Method documents.

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