

1 INTERNET-DRAFT
2 draft-ietf-ipp-model-v11-076.txt

R. deBry
Utah Valley State College
T. Hastings (editor)
Xerox Corporation
R. Herriot
Xerox Corporation
S. Isaacson
Novell, Inc.
P. Powell
Astart Technologies
~~May 22~~~~March 4~~, 2000

3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics
16 Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2000). All Rights Reserved.

17 Status of this Memo

18 This document is an Internet-Draft and is in full conformance with all provisions of Section 10 of
19 [RFC2026]. Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its
20 areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-
21 Drafts.

22 Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or
23 obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or
24 to cite them other than as "work in progress".

25 The list of current Internet-Drafts can be accessed at <http://www.ietf.org/ietf/1id-abstracts.txt>

26 The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed as <http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html>.

27 Abstract

28 This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing
29 Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet
30 tools and technologies. This document describes a simplified model consisting of abstract objects, their
31 attributes, and their operations that is independent of encoding and transport. The model consists of a
32 Printer and a Job object. A Job optionally supports multiple documents. IPP 1.1 semantics allow end-users
33 and operators to query printer capabilities, submit print jobs, inquire about the status of print jobs and
34 printers, cancel, hold, release, and restart print jobs. IPP 1.1 semantics allow operators to pause, resume,
35 and purge (jobs from) Printer objects. This document also addresses security, internationalization, and
36 directory issues.

37 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 38 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 39 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 40 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 41 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 42 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 43 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

44

45 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
46 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
47 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
48 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
49 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

50 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
51 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
52 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
53 decisions.

54 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
55 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
56 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
57 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
58 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

59 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
60 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
61 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
62 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
63 the specification decisions is also included.

64 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
65 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

66

Table of Contents

67	1. Introduction	10
68	1.1 Simplified Printing Model	11
69	2. IPP Objects	13
70	2.1 Printer Object	13
71	2.2 Job Object	15
72	2.3 Object Relationships	16
73	2.4 Object Identity	17
74	3. IPP Operations	19
75	3.1 Common Semantics	20
76	3.1.1 Required Parameters	20
77	3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs	21
78	3.1.3 Attributes	21
79	3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes	22
80	3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes	23
81	3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes	26
82	3.1.5 Operation Targets	27
83	3.1.6 Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages	28
84	3.1.6.1 "status-code" (type2 enum)	28
85	3.1.6.2 "status-message" (text(255))	29
86	3.1.6.3 "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX))	29
87	3.1.6.4 "document-access-error" (text(MAX))	29
88	3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes	30
89	3.1.8 Versions	31
90	3.1.9 Job Creation Operations	33
91	3.2 Printer Operations	35
92	3.2.1 Print-Job Operation	35
93	3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request	35
94	3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response	39
95	3.2.2 Print-URI Operation	41
96	3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation	41
97	3.2.4 Create-Job Operation	42
98	3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation	42
99	3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request	43
100	3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response	44
101	3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation	45
102	3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request	45
103	3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response	47
104	3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation	48
105	3.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request	49
106	3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response	49
107	3.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation	50

108	3.2.9	Purge-Jobs Operation.....	51
109	3.3	Job Operations	51
110	3.3.1	Send-Document Operation.....	51
111	3.3.1.1	Send-Document Request	52
112	3.3.1.2	Send-Document Response.....	54
113	3.3.2	Send-URI Operation	54
114	3.3.3	Cancel-Job Operation.....	54
115	3.3.3.1	Cancel-Job Request	55
116	3.3.3.2	Cancel-Job Response.....	56
117	3.3.4	Get-Job-Attributes Operation.....	56
118	3.3.4.1	Get-Job-Attributes Request	57
119	3.3.4.2	Get-Job-Attributes Response.....	57
120	3.3.5	Hold-Job Operation.....	58
121	3.3.5.1	Hold-Job Request	59
122	3.3.5.2	Hold-Job Response.....	60
123	3.3.6	Release-Job Operation	60
124	3.3.7	Restart-Job Operation	61
125	3.3.7.1	Restart-Job Request.....	62
126	3.3.7.2	Restart-Job Response	63
127	4.	Object Attributes	63
128	4.1	Attribute Syntaxes.....	64
129	4.1.1	'text'.....	64
130	4.1.1.1	'textWithoutLanguage'.....	65
131	4.1.1.2	'textWithLanguage'.....	65
132	4.1.2	'name'.....	66
133	4.1.2.1	'nameWithoutLanguage'.....	66
134	4.1.2.2	'nameWithLanguage'.....	67
135	4.1.2.3	Matching 'name' attribute values	67
136	4.1.3	'keyword'	68
137	4.1.4	'enum'	69
138	4.1.5	'uri'.....	69
139	4.1.6	'uriScheme'.....	69
140	4.1.7	'charset'.....	70
141	4.1.8	'naturalLanguage'.....	70
142	4.1.9	'mimeType'.....	71
143	4.1.9.1	Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the document format	71
144	4.1.10	'octetString'.....	72
145	4.1.11	'boolean'.....	72
146	4.1.12	'integer'.....	72
147	4.1.13	'rangeOfInteger'.....	72
148	4.1.14	'dateTime'.....	73
149	4.1.15	'resolution'.....	73
150	4.1.16	'1setOf X'.....	73
151	4.2	Job Template Attributes.....	73

152	4.2.1	job-priority (integer(1:100)).....	77
153	4.2.2	job-hold-until (type3 keyword name (MAX)).....	78
154	4.2.3	job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX)).....	78
155	4.2.4	multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword).....	79
156	4.2.5	copies (integer(1:MAX)).....	80
157	4.2.6	finishings (1setOf type2 enum).....	80
158	4.2.7	page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX)).....	82
159	4.2.8	sides (type2 keyword)	83
160	4.2.9	number-up (integer(1:MAX))	83
161	4.2.10	orientation-requested (type2 enum)	84
162	4.2.11	media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	85
163	4.2.12	printer-resolution (resolution).....	85
164	4.2.13	print-quality (type2 enum)	85
165	4.3	Job Description Attributes	86
166	4.3.1	job-uri (uri).....	88
167	4.3.2	job-id (integer(1:MAX))	88
168	4.3.3	job-printer-uri (uri).....	88
169	4.3.4	job-more-info (uri)	89
170	4.3.5	job-name (name(MAX))	89
171	4.3.6	job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))	89
172	4.3.7	job-state (type1 enum)	89
173	4.3.7.1	Forwarding Servers.....	92
174	4.3.7.2	Partitioning of Job States.....	92
175	4.3.8	job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword).....	93
176	4.3.9	job-state-message (text(MAX))	96
177	4.3.10	job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX))	96
178	4.3.11	job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX)).....	96
179	4.3.12	number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))	96
180	4.3.13	output-device-assigned (name(127)).....	97
181	4.3.14	Event Time Job Description Attributes.....	97
182	4.3.14.1	time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX))	97
183	4.3.14.2	time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX)).....	98
184	4.3.14.3	time-at-completed (integer(MIN:MAX))	98
185	4.3.14.4	job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	98
186	4.3.14.5	date-time-at-creation (dateTime).....	98
187	4.3.14.6	date-time-at-processing (dateTime).....	98
188	4.3.14.7	date-time-at-completed (dateTime)	98
189	4.3.15	number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))	98
190	4.3.16	job-message-from-operator (text(127)).....	99
191	4.3.17	Job Size Attributes	99
192	4.3.17.1	job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))	99
193	4.3.17.2	job-impressions (integer(0:MAX)).....	99
194	4.3.17.3	job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX)).....	100
195	4.3.18	Job Progress Attributes	100
196	4.3.18.1	job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))	100

197	4.3.18.2	job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX)).....	100
198	4.3.18.3	job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX)).....	100
199	4.3.19	attributes-charset (charset).....	101
200	4.3.20	attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage).....	101
201	4.4	Printer Description Attributes.....	101
202	4.4.1	printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri).....	103
203	4.4.2	uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword).....	104
204	4.4.3	uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword).....	104
205	4.4.4	printer-name (name(127)).....	105
206	4.4.5	printer-location (text(127)).....	106
207	4.4.6	printer-info (text(127)).....	106
208	4.4.7	printer-more-info (uri).....	106
209	4.4.8	printer-driver-installer (uri).....	106
210	4.4.9	printer-make-and-model (text(127)).....	106
211	4.4.10	printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri).....	106
212	4.4.11	printer-state (type1 enum).....	107
213	4.4.12	printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword).....	107
214	4.4.13	printer-state-message (text(MAX)).....	109
215	4.4.14	ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword).....	109
216	4.4.15	operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum).....	110
217	4.4.16	multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean).....	111
218	4.4.17	charset-configured (charset).....	111
219	4.4.18	charset-supported (1setOf charset).....	111
220	4.4.19	natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage).....	111
221	4.4.20	generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage).....	111
222	4.4.21	document-format-default (mimeMediaType).....	112
223	4.4.22	document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType).....	112
224	4.4.23	printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean).....	112
225	4.4.24	queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX)).....	112
226	4.4.25	printer-message-from-operator (text(127)).....	112
227	4.4.26	color-supported (boolean).....	113
228	4.4.27	reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme).....	113
229	4.4.28	pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword).....	113
230	4.4.29	printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX)).....	113
231	4.4.30	printer-current-time (dateTime).....	114
232	4.4.31	multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX)).....	114
233	4.4.32	compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword).....	115
234	4.4.33	job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX)).....	115
235	4.4.34	job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX)).....	115
236	4.4.35	job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX)).....	115
237	4.4.36	pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX)).....	115
238	4.4.37	pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX)).....	115
239	5.	Conformance.....	116
240	5.1	Client Conformance Requirements.....	116

241	5.2	IPP Object Conformance Requirements	117
242	5.2.1	Objects	117
243	5.2.2	Operations	118
244	5.2.3	IPP Object Attributes	118
245	5.2.4	Versions	119
246	5.2.5	Extensions	119
247	5.2.6	Attribute Syntaxes	119
248	5.2.7	Security	120
249	5.3	Charset and Natural Language Requirements	120
250	6.	IANA Considerations	120
251	6.1	Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions	121
252	6.2	Attribute Extensibility	123
253	6.3	Attribute Syntax Extensibility	123
254	6.4	Operation Extensibility	124
255	6.5	Attribute Group Extensibility	124
256	6.6	Status Code Extensibility	124
257	6.7	Out-of-band Attribute Value Extensibility	125
258	6.8	Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats	125
259	6.9	Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values	125
260	7.	Internationalization Considerations	125
261	8.	Security Considerations	129
262	8.1	Security Scenarios	129
263	8.1.1	Client and Server in the Same Security Domain	129
264	8.1.2	Client and Server in Different Security Domains	130
265	8.1.3	Print by Reference	130
266	8.2	URIs in Operation, Job, and Printer attributes	130
267	8.3	URIs for each authentication mechanisms	130
268	8.4	Restricted Queries	131
269	8.5	Operations performed by operators and system administrators	131
270	8.6	Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols	131
271	9.	References	132
272	10.	Author's Address	135
273	11.	Formats for IPP Registration Proposals	139
274	11.1	Type2 keyword attribute values registration	139
275	11.2	Type3 keyword attribute values registration	139
276	11.3	Type2 enum attribute values registration	140
277	11.4	Type3 enum attribute values registration	140
278	11.5	Attribute registration	140
279	11.6	Attribute Syntax registration	141
280	11.7	Operation registration	141

281	11.8	Attribute Group registration.....	141
282	11.9	Status code registration.....	142
283	11.10	Out-of-band Attribute Value registration.....	142
284	12.	APPENDIX A: Terminology.....	142
285	12.1	Conformance Terminology.....	143
286	12.1.1	NEED NOT.....	143
287	12.2	Model Terminology.....	143
288	12.2.1	Keyword.....	143
289	12.2.2	Attributes.....	143
290	12.2.2.1	Attribute Name.....	143
291	12.2.2.2	Attribute Group Name.....	143
292	12.2.2.3	Attribute Value.....	144
293	12.2.2.4	Attribute Syntax.....	144
294	12.2.3	Supports.....	144
295	12.2.4	print-stream page.....	145
296	12.2.5	impression.....	146
297	13.	APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages.....	146
298	13.1	Status Codes.....	147
299	13.1.1	Informational.....	147
300	13.1.2	Successful Status Codes.....	147
301	13.1.2.1	successful-ok (0x0000).....	147
302	13.1.2.2	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001).....	147
303	13.1.2.3	successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002).....	147
304	13.1.3	Redirection Status Codes.....	148
305	13.1.4	Client Error Status Codes.....	148
306	13.1.4.1	client-error-bad-request (0x0400).....	148
307	13.1.4.2	client-error-forbidden (0x0401).....	148
308	13.1.4.3	client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402).....	148
309	13.1.4.4	client-error-not-authorized (0x0403).....	148
310	13.1.4.5	client-error-not-possible (0x0404).....	149
311	13.1.4.6	client-error-timeout (0x0405).....	149
312	13.1.4.7	client-error-not-found (0x0406).....	149
313	13.1.4.8	client-error-gone (0x0407).....	149
314	13.1.4.9	client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408).....	150
315	13.1.4.10	client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409).....	150
316	13.1.4.11	client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A).....	150
317	13.1.4.12	client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B).....	150
318	13.1.4.13	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C).....	151
319	13.1.4.14	client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D).....	151
320	13.1.4.15	client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E).....	151
321	13.1.4.16	client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F).....	151
322	13.1.4.17	client-error-compression-error (0x0410).....	151
323	13.1.4.18	client-error-document-format-error (0x0411).....	152

324	13.1.4.19	client-error-document-access-error (0x0412).....	152
325	13.1.5	Server Error Status Codes.....	152
326	13.1.5.1	server-error-internal-error (0x0500).....	152
327	13.1.5.2	server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501).....	152
328	13.1.5.3	server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502).....	152
329	13.1.5.4	server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503).....	153
330	13.1.5.5	server-error-device-error (0x0504).....	153
331	13.1.5.6	server-error-temporary-error (0x0505).....	153
332	13.1.5.7	server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506).....	154
333	13.1.5.8	server-error-busy (0x0507).....	154
334	13.1.5.9	server-error-job-canceled (0x0508).....	154
335	13.1.5.10	server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509).....	154
336	13.2	Status Codes for IPP Operations.....	155
337	14.	APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values.....	157
338	15.	APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes.....	175
339	15.1	Fidelity.....	176
340	15.2	Page Description Language (PDL) Override.....	177
341	15.3	Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.....	178
342	16.	APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema.....	179
343	17.	APPENDIX F: Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics" Documents	182
344	18.	Full Copyright Statement.....	187
345			

346 1. Introduction

347 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing
348 using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality
349 with a few administrative operations included. This document is just one of a suite of documents that fully
350 define IPP. The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 351 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 352 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 353 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 354 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 355 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 356 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

357

358 Anyone reading these documents for the first time is strongly encouraged to read the IPP documents in the
359 above order.

360 This document is laid out as follows:

- 361 - The rest of Section 1 is an introduction to the IPP simplified model for distributed printing.
- 362 - Section 2 introduces the object types covered in the model with their basic behaviors, attributes, and
363 interactions.
- 364 - Section 3 defines the operations included in IPP/1.1. IPP operations are synchronous, therefore, for
365 each operation, there is a both request and a response.
- 366 - Section 4 defines the attributes (and their syntaxes) that are used in the model.
- 367 - Sections 5 - 6 summarizes the implementation conformance requirements for objects that support the
368 protocol and IANA considerations, respectively.
- 369 - Sections 7 - 11 cover the Internationalization and Security considerations as well as References,
370 Author contact information, and Formats for Registration Proposals.
- 371 - Sections 12 - 14 are appendices that cover Terminology, Status Codes and Messages, and "media"
372 keyword values.

373 Note: This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These
374 terms have special meaning and are defined in the model terminology section 12.2.
375 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT,
376 MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These
377 terms are defined in section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
378 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

- 379 - Section 15 is an appendix that helps to clarify the effects of interactions between related attributes and
380 their values.
- 381 - Section 16 is an appendix that enumerates the subset of Printer attributes that form a generic directory
382 schema. These attributes are useful when registering a Printer so that a client can find the Printer
383 not just by name, but by filtered searches as well.
- 384 - Section 17 is an appendix summarizing the additions and changes from the IPP/1.0 "Model and
385 Semantics" document [RFC2566] to make this IPP/1.1 document.
- 386 - Section 18 is the full copyright notice.

387 **1.1 Simplified Printing Model**

388 In order to achieve its goal of realizing a workable printing protocol for the Internet, the Internet Printing
389 Protocol (IPP) is based on a simplified printing model that abstracts the many components of real world
390 printing solutions. The Internet is a distributed computing environment where requesters of print services
391 (clients, applications, printer drivers, etc.) cooperate and interact with print service providers. This model
392 and semantics document describes a simple, abstract model for IPP even though the underlying
393 configurations may be complex "n-tier" client/server systems. An important simplifying step in the IPP
394 model is to expose only the key objects and interfaces required for printing. The model described in this
395 model document does not include features, interfaces, and relationships that are beyond the scope of the
396 first version of IPP (IPP/1.1). IPP/1.1 incorporates many of the relevant ideas and lessons learned from
397 other specification and development efforts [HTTP] [ISO10175] [LDPA] [P1387.4] [PSIS] [RFC1179]
398 [SWP]. IPP is heavily influenced by the printing model introduced in the Document Printing Application
399 (DPA) [ISO10175] standard. Although DPA specifies both end user and administrative features, IPP
400 version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few additional OPTIONAL operator
401 operations.

402 The IPP/1.1 model encapsulates the important components of distributed printing into two object types:

- 403 - Printer (Section 2.1)
- 404 - Job (Section 2.2)

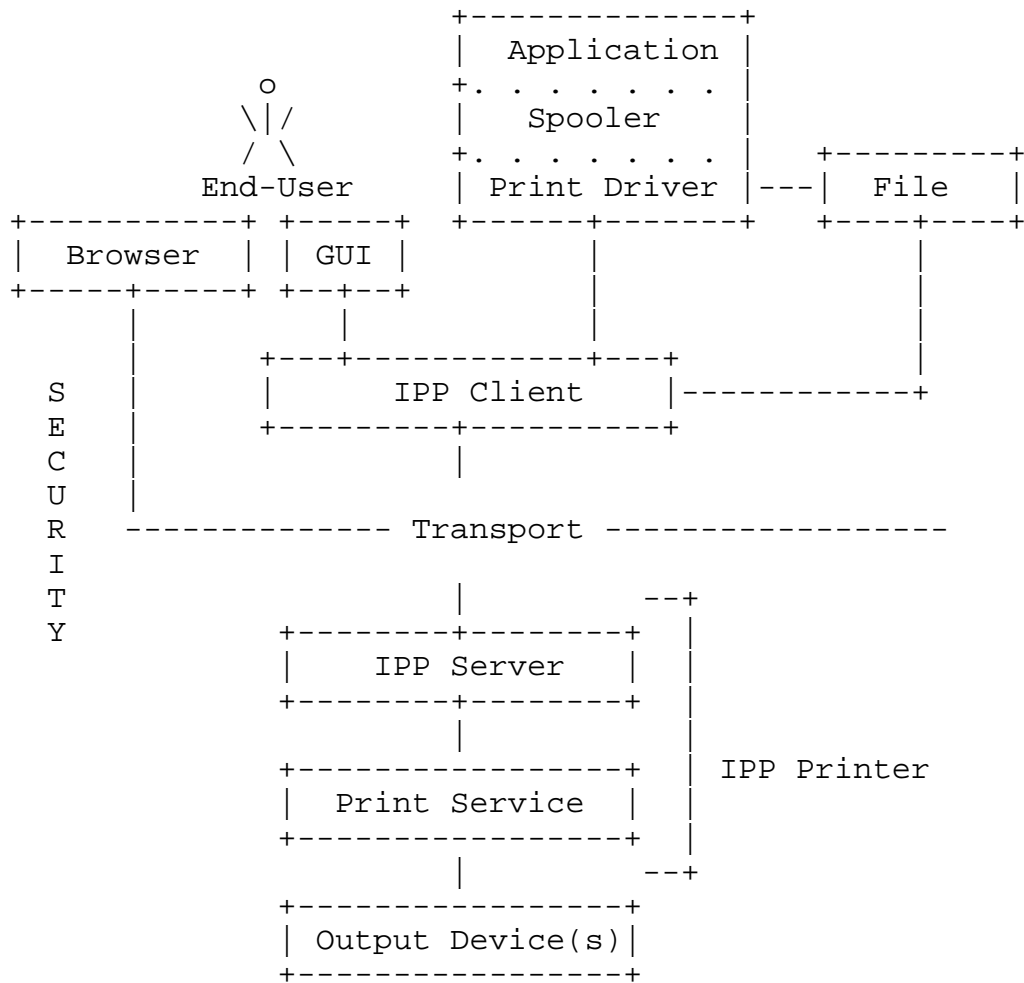
405

406 Each object type has an associated set of operations (see section 3) and attributes (see section 4).

407 It is important, however, to understand that in real system implementations (which lie underneath the
408 abstracted IPP/1.1 model), there are other components of a print service which are not explicitly defined in
409 the IPP/1.1 model. The following figure illustrates where IPP/1.1 fits with respect to these other
410 components.

411
412
413
414
415
416
417
418
419
420
421
422
423
424
425
426
427
428
429
430
431
432
433
434
435
436
437
438
439
440
441

N D S
O I E
T R C
I E U
F C R
I T I
C O T
A R Y
T Y
I
O
N



442 An IPP Printer object encapsulates the functions normally associated with physical output devices along
443 with the spooling, scheduling and multiple device management functions often associated with a print
444 server. Printer objects are optionally registered as entries in a directory where end users find and select them
445 based on some sort of filtered and context based searching mechanism (see section 16). The directory is
446 used to store relatively static information about the Printer, allowing end users to search for and find
447 Printers that match their search criteria, for example: name, context, printer capabilities, etc. The more
448 dynamic information, such as state, currently loaded and ready media, number of jobs at the Printer, errors,
449 warnings, and so forth, is directly associated with the Printer object itself rather than with the entry in the
450 directory which only represents the Printer object.

451 IPP clients implement the IPP protocol on the client side and give end users (or programs running on behalf
452 of end users) the ability to query Printer objects and submit and manage print jobs. An IPP server is just
453 that part of the Printer object that implements the server-side protocol. The rest of the Printer object
454 implements (or gateways into) the application semantics of the print service itself. The Printer objects may
455 be embedded in an output device or may be implemented on a host on the network that communicates with
456 an output device.

457 When a job is submitted to the Printer object and the Printer object validates the attributes in the
458 submission request, the Printer object creates a new Job object. The end user then interacts with this new
459 Job object to query its status and monitor the progress of the job. An end user can also cancel their print
460 jobs by using the Job object's Cancel-Job operation. An end-user can also hold, release, and restart their
461 print jobs using the Job object's OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations, if
462 implemented.

463 A privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can cancel, hold, release, and restart any user's job
464 using the REQUIRED Cancel-Job and the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations.
465 In addition, a privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can pause, resume, or purge (jobs from)
466 a Printer object using the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs operations, if
467 implemented.

468 The notification service is out of scope for this IPP/1.1 document, but using such a notification service, the
469 end user is able to register for and receive Printer specific and Job specific events. An end user can query
470 the status of Printer objects and can follow the progress of Job objects by polling using the Get-Printer-
471 Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes operations.

472 2. IPP Objects

473 The IPP/1.1 model introduces objects of type Printer and Job. Each type of object models relevant aspects
474 of a real-world entity such as a real printer or real print job. Each object type is defined as a set of possible
475 attributes that may be supported by instances of that object type. For each object (instance), the actual set
476 of supported attributes and values describe a specific implementation. The object's attributes and values
477 describe its state, capabilities, realizable features, job processing functions, and default behaviors and
478 characteristics. For example, the Printer object type is defined as a set of attributes that each Printer object
479 potentially supports. In the same manner, the Job object type is defined as a set of attributes that are
480 potentially supported by each Job object.

481 Each attribute included in the set of attributes defining an object type is labeled as:

- 482 - "REQUIRED": each object MUST support the attribute.
 - 483 - "RECOMMENDED": each object SHOULD support the attribute.
 - 484 - "OPTIONAL": each object MAY support the attribute.
- 485

486 Some definitions of attribute values indicate that an object MUST or SHOULD support the value;
487 otherwise, support of the value is OPTIONAL. However, if an implementation supports an attribute, it
488 MUST support at least one of the possible values for that attribute.

489 2.1 Printer Object

490 The major component of the IPP/1.1 model is the Printer object. A Printer object implements the server-
491 side of the IPP/1.1 protocol. Using the protocol, end users may query the attributes of the Printer object and

492 submit print jobs to the Printer object. The actual implementation components behind the Printer
493 abstraction may take on different forms and different configurations. However, the model abstraction
494 allows the details of the configuration of real components to remain opaque to the end user. Section 3
495 describes each of the Printer operations in detail.

496 The capabilities and state of a Printer object are described by its attributes. Printer attributes are divided
497 into two groups:

- 498 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes describe supported job processing capabilities and defaults
499 for the Printer object. (See section 4.2)
- 500 - "printer-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Printer object's identification, state,
501 location, references to other sources of information about the Printer object, etc. (see section 4.4)

502
503 Since a Printer object is an abstraction of a generic document output device and print service provider, a
504 Printer object could be used to represent any real or virtual device with semantics consistent with the
505 Printer object, such as a fax device, an imager, or even a CD writer.

506 Some examples of configurations supporting a Printer object include:

- 507 1) An output device with no spooling capabilities
- 508 2) An output device with a built-in spooler
- 509 3) A print server supporting IPP with one or more associated output devices
 - 510 3a) The associated output devices may or may not be capable of spooling jobs
 - 511 3b) The associated output devices may or may not support IPP

512
513 The following figures show some examples of how Printer objects can be realized on top of various
514 distributed printing configurations. The embedded case below represents configurations 1 and 2. The
515 hosted and fan-out figures below represent configurations 3a and 3b.

516 In this document the term "client" refers to a software entity that sends IPP operation requests to an IPP
517 Printer object and accepts IPP operation responses. A client MAY be:

- 518 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
519 application or
- 520 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another
521 "downstream" print server.

522 The term "IPP Printer" is a network entity that accepts IPP operation requests and returns IPP operation
523 responses. As such, an IPP object MAY be:

- 524 1. an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 525 2. a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server controls one or more
526 networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

527 Legend:

528

529 ##### indicates a Printer object which is
530 either embedded in an output device or is
531 hosted in a server. The Printer object
532 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

533

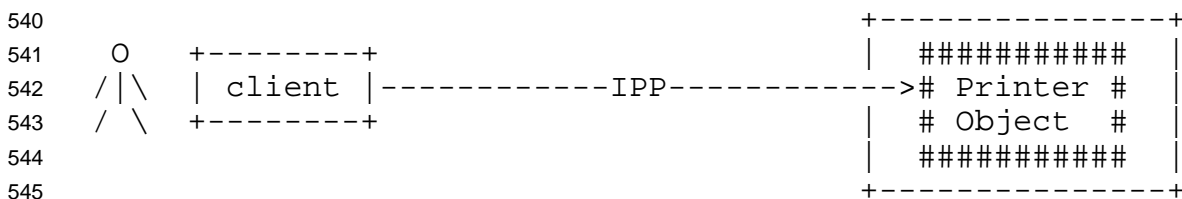
534 any indicates any network protocol or direct
535 connect, including IPP

536

537

538 embedded printer:

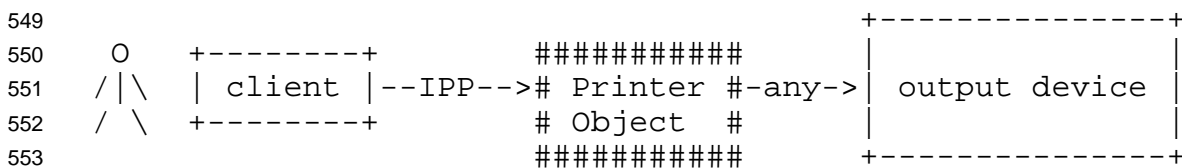
539



546

547

548 hosted printer:



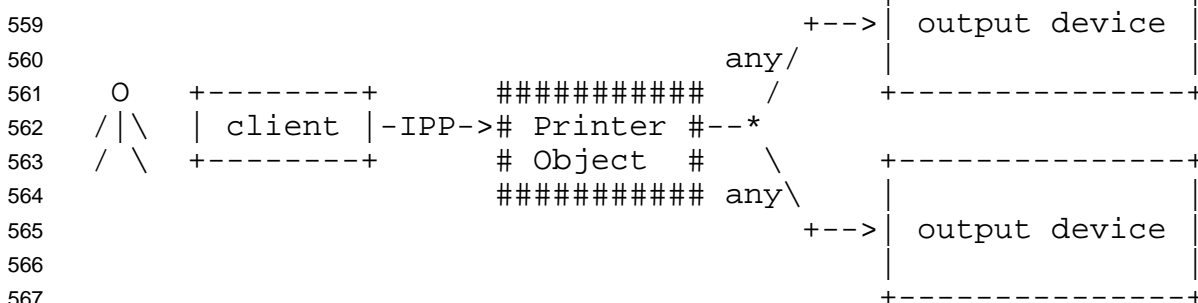
554

555

556

557

558 fan out:



567

568

569

570 2.2 Job Object

571 A Job object is used to model a print job. A Job object contains documents. The information required to
572 create a Job object is sent in a create request from the end user via an IPP Client to the Printer object. The

573 Printer object validates the create request, and if the Printer object accepts the request, the Printer object
574 creates the new Job object. Section 3 describes each of the Job operations in detail.

575 The characteristics and state of a Job object are described by its attributes. Job attributes are grouped into
576 two groups as follows:

- 577 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes can be supplied by the client or end user and include job
578 processing instructions which are intended to override any Printer object defaults and/or instructions
579 embedded within the document data. (See section 4.2)
- 580 - "job-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Job object's identification, state, size, etc.
581 The client supplies some of these attributes, and the Printer object generates others. (See section 4.3)

582

583 An implementation **MUST** support at least one document per Job object. An implementation **MAY** support
584 multiple documents per Job object. A document is either:

- 585 - a stream of document data in a format supported by the Printer object (typically a Page Description
586 Language - PDL), or
- 587 - a reference to such a stream of document data

588

589 In IPP/1.1, a document is not modeled as an IPP object, therefore it has no object identifier or associated
590 attributes. All job processing instructions are modeled as Job object attributes. These attributes are called
591 Job Template attributes and they apply equally to all documents within a Job object.

592 **2.3 Object Relationships**

593 IPP objects have relationships that are maintained persistently along with the persistent storage of the object
594 attributes.

595 A Printer object can represent either one or more physical output devices or a logical device which
596 "processes" jobs but never actually uses a physical output device to put marks on paper. Examples of
597 logical devices include a Web page publisher or a gateway into an online document archive or repository.
598 A Printer object contains zero or more Job objects.

599 A Job object is contained by exactly one Printer object, however the identical document data associated
600 with a Job object could be sent to either the same or a different Printer object. In this case, a second Job
601 object would be created which would be almost identical to the first Job object, however it would have new
602 (different) Job object identifiers (see section 2.4).

603 A Job object is either empty (before any documents have been added) or contains one or more documents.
604 If the contained document is a stream of document data, that stream can be contained in only one document.
605 However, there can be identical copies of the stream in other documents in the same or different Job
606 objects. If the contained document is just a reference to a stream of document data, other documents (in the
607 same or different Job object(s)) may contain the same reference.

608 2.4 Object Identity

609 All Printer and Job objects are identified by a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) [RFC2396] so that they
610 can be persistently and unambiguously referenced. ~~The notion of a URI is a useful concept, however, until~~
611 ~~the notion of URI is more stable (i.e., defined more completely and deployed more widely), it is expected~~
612 ~~that the URIs used for IPP objects will actually be URLs [RFC2396].~~ Since every URL is a specialized
613 form of a URI, even though the more generic term URI is used throughout the rest of this document, its
614 usage is intended to cover the more specific notion of URL as well.

615 An administrator configures Printer objects to either support or not support authentication and/or message
616 privacy using Transport Layer Security (TLS) [RFC2246] (the mechanism for security configuration is
617 outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In some situations, both types of connections (both
618 authenticated and unauthenticated) can be established using a single communication channel that has some
619 sort of negotiation mechanism. In other situations, multiple communication channels are used, one for each
620 type of security configuration. Section 8 provides a full description of all security considerations and
621 configurations.

622 If a Printer object supports more than one communication channel, some or all of those channels might
623 support and/or require different security mechanisms. In such cases, an administrator could expose the
624 simultaneous support for these multiple communication channels as multiple URIs for a single Printer
625 object where each URI represents one of the communication channels to the Printer object. To support this
626 flexibility, the IPP Printer object type defines a multi-valued identification attribute called the "printer-uri-
627 supported" attribute. It MUST contain at least one URI. It MAY contain more than one URI. That is,
628 every Printer object will have at least one URI that identifies at least one communication channel to the
629 Printer object, but it may have more than one URI where each URI identifies a different communication
630 channel to the Printer object. The "printer-uri-supported" attribute has two companion attributes, the "uri-
631 security-supported" attribute and the "uri-authentication-supported". Both have the same cardinality as
632 "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-security-supported" attribute is to indicate the security
633 mechanisms (if any) used for each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-
634 authentication-supported" attribute is to indicate the authentication mechanisms (if any) used for each URI
635 listed in "printer-uri-supported". These three attributes are fully described in sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and
636 4.4.3.

637 When a job is submitted to the Printer object via a create request, the client supplies only a single Printer
638 object URI. The client supplied Printer object URI MUST be one of the values in the "printer-uri-
639 supported" Printer attribute.

640 IPP/1.1 does not specify how the client obtains the client supplied URI, but it is RECOMMENDED that a
641 Printer object be registered as an entry in a directory service. End-users and programs can then interrogate
642 the directory searching for Printers. Section 16 defines a generic schema for Printer object entries in the
643 directory service and describes how the entry acts as a bridge to the actual IPP Printer object. The entry in
644 the directory that represents the IPP Printer object includes the possibly many URIs for that Printer object as
645 values in one its attributes.

646 When a client submits a create request to the Printer object, the Printer object validates the request and
647 creates a new Job object. The Printer object assigns the new Job object a URI which is stored in the "job-
648 uri" Job attribute. This URI is then used by clients as the target for subsequent Job operations. The Printer
649 object generates a Job URI based on its configured security policy and the URI used by the client in the
650 create request.

651 For example, consider a Printer object that supports both a communication channel secured by the use of
652 SSL3 (using HTTP over SSL3 with an "https" schemed URI) and another open communication channel that
653 is not secured with SSL3 (using a simple "http" schemed URI). If a client were to submit a job using the
654 secure URI, the Printer object would assign the new Job object a secure URI as well. If a client were to
655 submit a job using the open-channel URI, the Printer would assign the new Job object an open-channel
656 URI.

657 In addition, the Printer object also populates the Job object's "job-printer-uri" attribute. This is a reference
658 back to the Printer object that created the Job object. If a client only has access to a Job object's "job-uri"
659 identifier, the client can query the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute in order to determine which Printer object
660 created the Job object. If the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object picks the one
661 URI supplied by the client when creating the job to build the value for and to populate the Job's "job-
662 printer-uri" attribute.

663 Allowing Job objects to have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability. For example, in some
664 implementations, the Printer object might create Jobs that are processed in the same local environment as
665 the Printer object itself. In this case, the Job URI might just be a composition of the Printer's URI and some
666 unique component for the Job object, such as the unique 32-bit positive integer mentioned later in this
667 paragraph. In other implementations, the Printer object might be a central clearing-house for validating all
668 Job object creation requests, but the Job object itself might be created in some environment that is remote
669 from the Printer object. In this case, the Job object's URI may have no physical-location relationship at all
670 to the Printer object's URI. Again, the fact that Job objects have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability,
671 however, many existing printing systems have local models or interface constraints that force print jobs to
672 be identified using only a 32-bit positive integer rather than an independent URI. This numeric Job ID is
673 only unique within the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.
674 Therefore, in order to allow both types of client access to IPP Job objects (either by Job URI or by numeric
675 Job ID), when the Printer object successfully processes a create request and creates a new Job object, the
676 Printer object MUST generate both a Job URI and a Job ID. The Job ID (stored in the "job-id" attribute)
677 only has meaning in the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.
678 This requirement to support both Job URIs and Job IDs allows all types of clients to access Printer objects
679 and Job objects no matter the local constraints imposed on the client implementation.

680 In addition to identifiers, Printer objects and Job objects have names ("printer-name" and "job-name"). An
681 object name NEED NOT be unique across all instances of all objects. A Printer object's name is chosen and
682 set by an administrator through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. A Job
683 object's name is optionally chosen and supplied by the IPP client submitting the job. If the client does not
684 supply a Job object name, the Printer object generates a name for the new Job object. In all cases, the name
685 only has local meaning.

686 To summarize:

- 687 - Each Printer object is identified with one or more URIs. The Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute
688 contains the URI(s).
- 689 - The Printer object's "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the communication channel security
690 protocols that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'tls' or
691 'none').
- 692 - The Printer object's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute identifies the authentication mechanisms
693 that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'digest' or
694 'none').
- 695 - Each Job object is identified with a Job URI. The Job's "job-uri" attribute contains the URI.
- 696 - Each Job object is also identified with Job ID which is a 32-bit, positive integer. The Job's "job-id"
697 attribute contains the Job ID. The Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object
698 which created the Job object.
- 699 - Each Job object has a "job-printer-uri" attribute which contains the URI of the Printer object that was
700 used to create the Job object. This attribute is used to determine the Printer object that created a Job
701 object when given only the URI for the Job object. This linkage is necessary to determine the
702 languages, charsets, and operations which are supported on that Job (the basis for such support
703 comes from the creating Printer object).
- 704 - Each Printer object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The administrator chooses and sets
705 this name through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The Printer object's
706 "printer-name" attribute contains the name.
- 707 - Each Job object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The client optionally supplies this name
708 in the create request. If the client does not supply this name, the Printer object generates a name for
709 the Job object. The Job object's "job-name" attribute contains the name.

710 3. IPP Operations

711 IPP objects support operations. An operation consists of a request and a response. When a client
712 communicates with an IPP object, the client issues an operation request to the URI for that object.
713 Operation requests and responses have parameters that identify the operation. Operations also have
714 attributes that affect the run-time characteristics of the operation (the intended target, localization
715 information, etc.). These operation-specific attributes are called operation attributes (as compared to object
716 attributes such as Printer object attributes or Job object attributes). Each request carries along with it any
717 operation attributes, object attributes, and/or document data required to perform the operation. Each
718 request requires a response from the object. Each response indicates success or failure of the operation with
719 a status code as a response parameter. The response contains any operation attributes, object attributes,
720 and/or status messages generated during the execution of the operation request.

721 This section describes the semantics of the IPP operations, both requests and responses, in terms of the
722 parameters, attributes, and other data associated with each operation.

723 The IPP/1.1 Printer operations are:

- 724 Print-Job (section 3.2.1)
- 725 Print-URI (section 3.2.2)

726 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)
727 Create-Job (section 3.2.4)
728 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)
729 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)
730 Pause-Printer (section 3.3.5)
731 Resume-Printer (section 3.3.6)
732 Purge-Jobs (section 3.3.7)
733

734 The Job operations are:

735 Send-Document (section 3.3.1)
736 Send-URI (section 3.3.2)
737 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)
738 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)
739 Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)
740 Release-Job (section 3.3.6)
741 Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)
742

743 The Send-Document and Send-URI Job operations are used to add a new document to an existing multi-
744 document Job object created using the Create-Job operation.

745 **3.1 Common Semantics**

746 All IPP operations require some common parameters and operation attributes. These common elements
747 and their semantic characteristics are defined and described in more detail in the following sections.

748 **3.1.1 Required Parameters**

749 Every operation request contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 750 - a "version-number",
 - 751 - an "operation-id",
 - 752 - a "request-id", and
 - 753 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of request.
- 754

755 Every operation response contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 756 - a "version-number",
 - 757 - a "status-code",
 - 758 - the "request-id" that was supplied in the corresponding request, and
 - 759 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of response.
- 760

761 The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] defines special rules for the encoding of these
762 parameters. All other operation elements are represented using the more generic encoding rules for
763 attributes and groups of attributes.

764 3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs

765 Each IPP operation request includes an identifying "operation-id" value. Valid values are defined in the
766 "operations-supported" Printer attribute section (see section 4.4.15). The client specifies which operation is
767 being requested by supplying the correct "operation-id" value.

768 In addition, every invocation of an operation is identified by a "request-id" value. For each request, the
769 client chooses the "request-id" which MUST be an integer (possibly unique depending on client
770 requirements) in the range from 1 to $2^{*}31 - 1$ (inclusive). This "request-id" allows clients to manage
771 multiple outstanding requests. The receiving IPP object copies all 32-bits of the client-supplied "request-id"
772 attribute into the response so that the client can match the response with the correct outstanding request,
773 even if the "request-id" is out of range. If the request is terminated before the complete "request-id" is
774 received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a response with a "request-id" of 0.

775 Note: In some cases, the transport protocol underneath IPP might be a connection oriented protocol that
776 would make it impossible for a client to receive responses in any order other than the order in which the
777 corresponding requests were sent. In such cases, the "request-id" attribute would not be essential for correct
778 protocol operation. However, in other mappings, the operation responses can come back in any order. In
779 these cases, the "request-id" would be essential.

780 3.1.3 Attributes

781 Operation requests and responses are both composed of groups of attributes and/or document data. The
782 attributes groups are:

- 783 - Operation Attributes: These attributes are passed in the operation and affect the IPP object's behavior
784 while processing the operation request and may affect other attributes or groups of attributes. Some
785 operation attributes describe the document data associated with the print job and are associated with
786 new Job objects, however most operation attributes do not persist beyond the life of the operation.
787 The description of each operation attribute includes conformance statements indicating which
788 operation attributes are REQUIRED and which are OPTIONAL for an IPP object to support and
789 which attributes a client MUST supply in a request and an IPP object MUST supply in a response.
- 790 - Job Template Attributes: These attributes affect the processing of a job. A client OPTIONALLY
791 supplies Job Template Attributes in a create request, and the receiving object MUST be prepared to
792 receive all supported attributes. The Job object can later be queried to find out what Job Template
793 attributes were originally requested in the create request, and such attributes are returned in the
794 response as Job Object Attributes. The Printer object can be queried about its Job Template
795 attributes to find out what type of job processing capabilities are supported and/or what the default
796 job processing behaviors are, though such attributes are returned in the response as Printer Object
797 Attributes. The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute affects processing of all client-supplied
798 Job Template attributes (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
799 and its relationship to other attributes).
- 800 - Job Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a Job
801 object.
- 802 - Printer Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a
803 Printer object.

804 - Unsupported Attributes: In a create request, the client supplies a set of Operation and Job Template
805 attributes. If any of these attributes or their values is unsupported by the Printer object, the Printer
806 object returns the set of unsupported attributes in the response. Sections 3.1.7, 3.2.1.2, and 15 give
807 a full description of how Job Template attributes supplied by the client in a create request are
808 processed by the Printer object and how unsupported attributes are returned to the client. Because
809 of extensibility, any IPP object might receive a request that contains new or unknown attributes or
810 values for which it has no support. In such cases, the IPP object processes what it can and returns
811 the unsupported attributes in the response. The Unsupported Attribute group is defined for all
812 operation responses for returning unsupported attributes that the client supplied in the request.
813

814 Later in this section, each operation is formally defined by identifying the allowed and expected groups of
815 attributes for each request and response. The model identifies a specific order for each group in each
816 request or response, but the attributes within each group may be in any order, unless specified otherwise.

817 The attributes within a group **MUST** be unique; if an attribute with the same name occurs more than once,
818 the group is mal-formed. Clients **MUST NOT** submit such malformed requests and Printers **MUST NOT**
819 return such malformed responses. If such a malformed request is submitted to a Printer, the Printer **MUST**
820 either (1) reject the request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (see section 13.1.4.1) or (2)
821 process the request normally after selecting only one of the attribute instances, depending on
822 implementation. Which attribute is selected when there are duplicate attributes depends on implementation.
823 The IPP Printer **MUST NOT** use the values from more than one such duplicate attribute instance.

824 Each attribute definition includes the attribute's name followed by the name of its attribute syntax(es) in
825 parentheses. In addition, each 'integer' attribute is followed by the allowed range in parentheses, (m:n),
826 for values of that attribute. Each 'text' or 'name' attribute is followed by the maximum size in octets in
827 parentheses, (size), for values of that attribute. For more details on attribute syntax notation, see the
828 descriptions of these attributes syntaxes in section 4.1.

829 Note: Document data included in the operation is not strictly an attribute, but it is treated as a special
830 attribute group for ordering purposes. The only operations that support supplying the document data within
831 an operation request are Print-Job and Send-Document. There are no operation responses that include
832 document data.

833 Some operations are **REQUIRED** for IPP objects to support; the others are **OPTIONAL** (see section 5.2.2).
834 Therefore, before using an **OPTIONAL** operation, a client **SHOULD** first use the **REQUIRED** Get-Printer-
835 Attributes operation to query the Printer's "operations-supported" attribute in order to determine which
836 **OPTIONAL** Printer and Job operations are actually supported. The client **SHOULD NOT** use an
837 **OPTIONAL** operation that is not supported. When an IPP object receives a request to perform an operation
838 it does not support, it returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code (see section 13.1.5.2).
839 An IPP object is non-conformant if it does not support a **REQUIRED** operation.

840 **3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes**

841 Some Job and Printer attributes have values that are text strings and names intended for human
842 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax descriptions in

843 section 4.1). The following sections describe two special Operation Attributes called "attributes-charset"
844 and "attributes-natural-language". These attributes are always part of the Operation Attributes group. For
845 most attribute groups, the order of the attributes within the group is not important. However, for these two
846 attributes within the Operation Attributes group, the order is critical. The "attributes-charset" attribute
847 MUST be the first attribute in the group and the "attributes-natural-language" attribute MUST be the second
848 attribute in the group. In other words, these attributes MUST be supplied in every IPP request and
849 response, they MUST come first in the group, and MUST come in the specified order. For job creation
850 operations, the IPP Printer implementation saves these two attributes with the new Job object as Job
851 Description attributes. For the sake of brevity in this document, these operation attribute descriptions are
852 not repeated with every operation request and response, but have a reference back to this section instead.

853 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes

854 The client MUST supply and the Printer object MUST support the following REQUIRED operation
855 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation request:

856 "attributes-charset" (charset):

857 This operation attribute identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by
858 any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the client is supplying in this request. It also identifies the
859 charset that the Printer object MUST use (if supported) for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status
860 messages that the Printer object returns in the response to this request. See Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2
861 for the definition of the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes.

862
863 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2279] and MAY support
864 additional charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object
865 does not support the client supplied charset value, the Printer object MUST reject the request, set
866 the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported'
867 status code and any 'text' or 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset. The Printer NEED NOT return
868 any attributes in the Unsupported Attributes Group (See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2). The Printer
869 object MUST indicate the charset(s) supported as the values of the "charset-supported" Printer
870 attribute (see Section 4.4.18), so that the client can query to determine which charset(s) are
871 supported.

872
873 Note to client implementers: Since IPP objects are only required to support the 'utf-8' charset, in
874 order to maximize interoperability with multiple IPP object implementations, a client may want to
875 supply 'utf-8' in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, even though the client is only passing
876 and able to present a simpler charset, such as US-ASCII or ISO-8859-1. Then the client will have to
877 filter out (or charset convert) those characters that are returned in the response that it cannot present
878 to its user. On the other hand, if both the client and the IPP objects also support a charset in
879 common besides utf-8, the client may want to use that charset in order to avoid charset conversion
880 or data loss.

881
882 See the 'charset' attribute syntax description in Section 4.1.7 for the syntax and semantic
883 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

884

885 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

886 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that
887 the client is supplying in this request. This attribute also identifies the natural language that the
888 Printer object SHOULD use for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer
889 object returns in the response to this request. [See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description
890 in section 4.1.8 for the syntax and semantic interpretation of the values of this attribute and for
891 example values.](#)

892
893 There are no REQUIRED natural languages required for the Printer object to support. However, the
894 Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the natural languages
895 supported by the Printer object and any contained Job objects for all text strings generated by the
896 IPP object. A client MAY query this attribute to determine which natural language(s) are supported
897 for generated messages.

898
899 For any of the attributes for which the Printer object generates text, i.e., for the "job-state-message",
900 "printer-state-message", and status messages (see Section 3.1.6), the Printer object MUST be able to
901 generate these text strings in any of its supported natural languages. If the client requests a natural
902 language that is not supported, the Printer object MUST return these generated messages in the
903 Printer's configured natural language as specified by the Printer's "natural-language-configured"
904 attribute" (see Section 4.4.19).

905
906 For other 'text' and 'name' attributes supplied by the client, authentication system, operator, system
907 administrator, or manufacturer (i.e., for "job-originating-user-name", "printer-name" (name),
908 "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text)), the Printer
909 object is only required to support the configured natural language of the Printer identified by the
910 Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, though support of additional natural
911 languages for these attributes is permitted.

912
913 For any 'text' or 'name' attribute in the request that is in a different natural language than the value
914 supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the client MUST use the Natural
915 Language Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) for each such attribute value
916 supplied. The client MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it
917 even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-
918 language" operation attribute of the request.

919
920 The IPP object MUST accept any natural language and any Natural Language Override, whether the
921 IPP object supports that natural language or not (and independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-
922 fidelity" Operation attribute). That is the IPP object accepts all client supplied values no matter
923 what the values are in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute. That
924 attribute, "generated-natural-language-supported", only applies to generated messages, not client
925 supplied messages. The IPP object MUST remember that natural language for all client-supplied
926 attributes, and when returning those attributes in response to a query, the IPP object MUST indicate
927 that natural language.

928

929 Each value whose attribute syntax type is 'text' or 'name' (see sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2) has an
930 Associated Natural-Language. This document does not specify how this association is stored in a
931 Printer or Job object. When such a value is encoded in a request or response, the natural language is
932 either implicit or explicit:

- 933
- 934 – In the implicit case, the value contains only the text/name value, and the language is
935 specified by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute in the request or response
936 (see sections 4.1.1.1 textWithoutLanguage and 4.1.2.1 nameWithoutLanguage).
- 937
- 938 – In the explicit case (also known as the Natural-Language Override case), the value contains
939 both the language and the text/name value (see sections 4.1.1.2 textWithLanguage and
940 4.1.2.2 nameWithLanguage).
- 941

942 For example, the "job-name" attribute MAY be supplied by the client in a create request. The text
943 value for this attribute will be in the natural language identified by the "attribute-natural-language"
944 attribute, or if different, as identified by the Natural Language Override mechanism. If supplied, the
945 IPP object will use the value of the "job-name" attribute to populate the Job object's "job-name"
946 attribute. Whenever any client queries the Job object's "job-name" attribute, the IPP object returns
947 the attribute as stored and uses the Natural Language Override mechanism to specify the natural
948 language, if it is different from that reported in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute
949 of the response. The IPP object MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly,
950 i.e., use it even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the
951 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response.

952

953 An IPP object MUST NOT reject a request based on a supplied natural language in an "attributes-
954 natural-language" Operation attribute or in any attribute that uses the Natural Language Override.

955

956 ~~[See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description in section 4.1.8 for the syntax and semantic
957 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.](#)~~

958

959 Clients SHOULD NOT supply 'text' or 'name' attributes that use an illegal combination of natural language
960 and charset. For example, suppose a Printer object supports charsets 'utf-8', 'iso-8859-1', and 'iso-8859-7'.
961 Suppose also, that it supports natural languages 'en' (English), 'fr' (French), and 'el' (Greek). Although the
962 Printer object supports the charset 'iso-8859-1' and natural language 'el', it probably does not support the
963 combination of Greek text strings using the 'iso-8859-1' charset. The Printer object handles this apparent
964 incompatibility differently depending on the context in which it occurs:

- 965 - In a create request: If the client supplies a text or name attribute (for example, the "job-name"
966 operation attribute) that uses an apparently incompatible combination, it is a client choice that does
967 not affect the Printer object or its correct operation. Therefore, the Printer object simply accepts the
968 client supplied value, stores it with the Job object, and responds back with the same combination
969 whenever the client (or any client) queries for that attribute.
- 970 - In a query-type operation, like Get-Printer-Attributes: If the client requests an apparently incompatible
971 combination, the Printer object responds (as described in section 3.1.4.2) using the Printer's
972 configured natural language rather than the natural language requested by the client.

973

974 In either case, the Printer object does not reject the request because of the apparent incompatibility. The
975 potential incompatible combination of charset and natural language can occur either at the global operation
976 level or at the Natural Language Override attribute-by-attribute level. In addition, since the response always
977 includes explicit charset and natural language information, there is never any question or ambiguity in how
978 the client interprets the response.

979 3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes

980 The Printer object MUST supply and the client MUST support the following REQUIRED operation
981 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation response:

982 "attributes-charset" (charset):

983 This operation attribute identifies the charset used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the Printer
984 object is returning in this response. The value in this response MUST be the same value as the
985 "attributes-charset" operation attribute supplied by the client in the request. If this is not possible
986 (i.e., the charset requested is not supported), the request would have been rejected. See "attributes-
987 charset" described in Section 3.1.4.1 above.

988

989 If the Printer object supports more than just the 'utf-8' charset, the Printer object MUST be able to
990 code convert between each of the charsets supported on a highest fidelity possible basis in order to
991 return the 'text' and 'name' attributes in the charset requested by the client. However, some
992 information loss MAY occur during the charset conversion depending on the charsets involved. For
993 example, the Printer object may convert from a UTF-8 'a' to a US-ASCII 'a' (with no loss of
994 information), from an ISO Latin 1 CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE ACCENT to US-ASCII
995 'A' (losing the accent), or from a UTF-8 Japanese Kanji character to some ISO Latin 1 error
996 character indication such as '?', decimal code equivalent, or to the absence of a character, depending
997 on implementation.

998

999 Whether an implementation that supports more than one charset stores the data in the charset
1000 supplied by the client or code converts to one of the other supported charsets, depends on
1001 implementation. The strategy should try to minimize loss of information during code conversion.
1002 On each response, such an implementation converts from its internal charset to that requested.

1003

1004 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1005 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that
1006 the IPP object is returning in this response. Unlike the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, the
1007 IPP object NEED NOT return the same value as that supplied by the client in the request. The IPP
1008 object MAY return the natural language of the Job object or the Printer's configured natural
1009 language as identified by the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, rather than the
1010 natural language supplied by the client. For any 'text' or 'name' attribute or status message in the
1011 response that is in a different natural language than the value returned in the "attributes-natural-
1012 language" operation attribute, the IPP object MUST use the Natural Language Override mechanism
1013 (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) on each attribute value returned. The IPP object MAY use the
1014 Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same

1015 natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the
1016 response.

1017 **3.1.5 Operation Targets**

1018 All IPP operations are directed at IPP objects. For Printer operations, the operation is always directed at a
1019 Printer object using one of its URIs (i.e., one of the values in the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported"
1020 attribute). Even if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the client supplies only one URI as the
1021 target of the operation. The client identifies the target object by supplying the correct URI in the "printer-
1022 uri (uri)" operation attribute.

1023 For Job operations, the operation is directed at either:

- 1024 - The Job object itself using the Job object's URI. In this case, the client identifies the target object by
1025 supplying the correct URI in the "job-uri (uri)" operation attribute.
- 1026 - The Printer object that created the Job object using both the Printer objects URI and the Job object's
1027 Job ID. Since the Printer object that created the Job object generated the Job ID, it **MUST** be able to
1028 correctly associate the client supplied Job ID with the correct Job object. The client supplies the
1029 Printer object's URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute and the Job object's Job ID in the
1030 "job-id (integer(1:MAX))" operation attribute.

1031

1032 If the operation is directed at the Job object directly using the Job object's URI, the client **MUST NOT**
1033 include the redundant "job-id" operation attribute.

1034 The operation target attributes are **REQUIRED** operation attributes that **MUST** be included in every
1035 operation request. Like the charset and natural language attributes (see section 3.1.4), the operation target
1036 attributes are specially ordered operation attributes. In all cases, the operation target attributes immediately
1037 follow the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes within the operation attribute
1038 group, however the specific ordering rules are:

- 1039 - In the case where there is only one operation target attribute (i.e., either only the "printer-uri" attribute
1040 or only the "job-uri" attribute), that attribute **MUST** be the third attribute in the operation attributes
1041 group.
- 1042 - In the case where Job operations use two operation target attributes (i.e., the "printer-uri" and "job-id"
1043 attributes), the "printer-uri" attribute **MUST** be the third attribute and the "job-id" attribute **MUST**
1044 be the fourth attribute.

1045

1046 In all cases, the target URIs contained within the body of IPP operation requests and responses must be in
1047 absolute format rather than relative format (a relative URL identifies a resource with the scope of the HTTP
1048 server, but does not include scheme, host or port).

1049 The following rules apply to the use of port numbers in URIs that identify IPP objects:

- 1050 1. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port
1051 number is specified within the URI, then that port number **MUST** be used by the client to contact
1052 the IPP object.

- 1053
- 1054 2. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port
- 1055 number is not specified within the URI, then default port number implied by that URI scheme
- 1056 MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
- 1057
- 1058 3. If the URI scheme does not allow an explicit port number to be specified within the URI, then the
- 1059 default port number implied by that URI MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
- 1060

1061 Note: The IPP "Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] shows a mapping of IPP onto HTTP/1.1

1062 [RFC2616] and defines a new default port number for using IPP over HTTP/1.1.

1063 3.1.6 Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages

1064 Every operation response includes a REQUIRED "status-code" parameter and an OPTIONAL "status-

1065 message" operation attribute, and an OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute. The Print-

1066 URI and Send-URI response MAY include an OPTIONAL "document-access-error" operation attribute.

1067 3.1.6.1 "status-code" (type2 enum)

1068 The REQUIRED "status-code" parameter provides information on the processing of a request.

1069 The status code is intended for use by automata. A client implementation of IPP SHOULD convert status

1070 code values into any localized message that has semantic meaning to the end user.

1071 The "status-code" value is a numeric value that has semantic meaning. The "status-code" syntax is similar

1072 to a "type2 enum" (see section 4.1 on "Attribute Syntaxes") except that values can range only from 0x0000

1073 to 0x7FFF. Section 13 describes the status codes, assigns the numeric values, and suggests a corresponding

1074 status message for each status code for use by the client when the user's natural language is English.

1075 If the Printer performs an operation with no errors and it encounters no problems, it MUST return the status

1076 code 'successful-ok' in the response. See section 13.

1077 If the client supplies unsupported values for the following parameters or Operation attributes, the Printer

1078 object MUST reject the operation, NEED NOT return the unsupported attribute value in the Unsupported

1079 Attributes group, and MUST return the indicated status code:

Parameter/Attribute	Status code
version-number	server-error-version-not-supported
operation-id	server-error-operation-not-supported
attributes-charset	client-error-charset-not-supported
compression	client-error-compression-not-supported
document-format	client-error-document-format-not-supported
document-uri	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported, client-error-document-access-error

1080

1081 If the client supplies unsupported values for other attributes, or unsupported attributes, the Printer returns
1082 the status code defined in section 3.1.7 on Unsupported Attributes.

1083 **3.1.6.2 "status-message" (text(255))**

1084 The OPTIONAL "status-message" operation attribute provides a short textual description of the status of
1085 the operation. The "status-message" attribute's syntax is "text(255)", so the maximum length is 255 octets
1086 (see section 4.1.1). The status message is intended for the human end user. If a response does include a
1087 "status-message" attribute, an IPP client **NEED NOT** examine or display the messages, however it
1088 **SHOULD** do so in some implementation specific manner. The "status-message" is especially useful for a
1089 later version of a Printer object to return as supplemental information for the human user to accompany a
1090 status code that an earlier version of a client might not understand.

1091 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, the Printer object **MUST** be able to
1092 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-natural-
1093 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in section
1094 3.1.4.1. Section 13 suggests the text for the status message returned by the Printer for use with the English
1095 natural language.

1096 As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for generating this
1097 message, the Printer object uses the natural language indicated by the value of the "attributes-natural-
1098 language" in the client request if supported, otherwise the Printer object uses the value in the Printer
1099 object's own "natural-language-configured" attribute.

1100 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it **SHOULD** use the **REQUIRED** 'utf-
1101 8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13): 'client-error-bad-
1102 request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-
1103 supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it **MUST** set the value of the "attributes-
1104 charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.

1105 **3.1.6.3 "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX))**

1106 The OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute provides additional more detailed technical
1107 and implementation-specific information about the operation. The "detailed-status-message" attribute's
1108 syntax is "text(MAX)", so the maximum length is 1023 octets (see section 4.1.1). If the Printer objects
1109 supports the "detailed-status-message" operation attribute, ~~neither~~ the Printer ~~nor the client~~ **NEED NOT**
1110 localize the message, since it is intended for use by the system administrator or other experienced technical
1111 persons. **Localization might obscure the technical meaning of such messages.** Clients **MUST NOT** attempt
1112 to parse the value of this attribute. See the "document-access-error" operation attribute (section 3.1.6.4) for
1113 additional errors that a program can process.

1114 **3.1.6.4 "document-access-error" (text(MAX))**

1115 This OPTIONAL operation attribute provides additional information about any document access errors
1116 encountered by the Printer before it returned a response to the Print-URI (section 3.2.2) or Send-URI

1117 (section 3.3.1) operation. For errors in the protocol identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri"
1118 operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI.
1119 For example:

1120 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf
1121

1122 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
1123 decimal.

1124 3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes

1125 The Unsupported Attributes group contains attributes that are not supported by the operation. This group is
1126 primarily for the job creation operations, but all operations can return this group.

1127 A Printer object MUST include an Unsupported Attributes group in a response if the status code is one of
1128 the following: 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes', 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes', 'client-
1129 error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' or 'client-error-conflicting-attributes'.

1130 If the status code is one of the four specified in the preceding paragraph, the Unsupported Attributes group
1131 MUST contain all of those attributes and only those attributes that are:

- 1132 a. an Operation or Job Template attribute supplied in the request, and
- 1133 b. unsupported by the printer. See below for details on the three categories "unsupported" attributes.

1134 If the status code is one of those in the table in section 3.1.6.1, the Unsupported Attributes group NEED
1135 NOT contain the unsupported parameter or attribute indicated in that table.

1136 If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the response, the Printer object
1137 SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client MUST be able to accept an
1138 empty group.

1139 Unsupported attributes fall into three categories:

- 1140 1. The Printer object does not support the supplied attribute (no matter what the attribute syntax or
1141 value).
- 1142 2. The Printer object does support the attribute, but does not support some or all of the particular
1143 attribute syntaxes or values supplied by the client (i.e., the Printer object does not have those
1144 attribute syntaxes or values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute).
- 1145 3. The Printer object does support the attributes and values supplied, but the particular values are in
1146 conflict with one another, because they violate a constraint, such as not being able to staple
1147 transparencies.

1148 In the case of an unsupported attribute name, the Printer object returns the client-supplied attribute with a
1149 substituted value of 'unsupported'. This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by

1150 special rules for "out-of-band" values in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO]. Its value
1151 indicates no support for the attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).

1152 In the case of a supported attribute with one or more unsupported attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer
1153 object simply returns the client-supplied attribute with the unsupported attribute syntaxes or values as
1154 supplied by the client. This indicates support for the attribute, but no support for that particular attribute
1155 syntax or value. If the client supplies a multi-valued attribute with more than one value and the Printer
1156 object supports the attribute but only supports a subset of the client-supplied attribute syntaxes or values,
1157 the Printer object **MUST** return only those attribute syntaxes or values that are unsupported.

1158 In the case of two (or more) supported attribute values that are in conflict with one another (although each
1159 is supported independently, the values conflict when requested together within the same job), the Printer
1160 object **MUST** return all the values that it ignores or substitutes to resolve the conflict, but not any of the
1161 values that it is still using. The choice for exactly how to resolve the conflict is implementation dependent.
1162 See sections 3.2.1.2 and 15. See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for an example.

1163 **3.1.8 Versions**

1164 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the
1165 "version-number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version
1166 number. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which version
1167 of IPP it is interested in using, i.e., the version whose conformance requirements the client may be
1168 depending upon the Printer to meet.

1169 If the IPP object does not support that major version number supplied by the client, i.e., the major version
1170 field of the "version-number" parameter does not match any of the values of the Printer's "ipp-versions-
1171 supported" (see section 4.4.14), the object **MUST** respond with a status code of 'server-error-version-not-
1172 supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see section 13.1.5.4). If the major
1173 version number is supported, but the minor version number is not, the IPP object **SHOULD** accept and
1174 attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation is not supported), else it rejects the
1175 request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code. In all cases, the IPP object **MUST**
1176 return the "version-number" that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client in
1177 the request.

1178 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'
1179 status code from an IPP object, a client **SHOULD** try again with a different version number. A client **MAY**
1180 also determine the versions supported either from a directory that conforms to Appendix E (see section 16)
1181 or by querying the Printer object's "ipp-versions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.14) to determine
1182 which versions are supported.

1183 An IPP object implementation **MUST** support version '1.1', i.e., meet the conformance requirements for
1184 IPP/1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-PRO]. It is recommended that IPP object implementations
1185 accept any request with the major version '1' (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

1186 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes. Thus
1187 the version number **MUST** change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics document
1188 (this document) or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

1189 Changes to the major version number of the Model and Semantics document indicate structural or syntactic
1190 changes that make it impossible for older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and
1191 correctly process the new or changed attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number
1192 changes, the minor version numbers is set to zero. As an example, adding the **REQUIRED** "ipp-attribute-
1193 fidelity" attribute to version '1.1' (if it had not been part of version '1.0'), would have required a change to
1194 the major version number, since an IPP/1.0 Printer would not have processed a request with the correct
1195 semantics that contained the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute that it did not know about. Items that might
1196 affect the changing of the major version number include any changes to the Model and Semantics document
1197 (this document) or the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] itself, such as:

- 1198 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1199 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1200 - adding **REQUIRED** (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1201 - adding values to existing **REQUIRED** operation attributes
- 1202 - adding **REQUIRED** operations

1203

1204 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute values
1205 that may not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items that might
1206 affect the changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and attributes but
1207 not the encoding and transport rules [IPP-PRO] (except adding attribute syntaxes). Examples of such
1208 changes are:

- 1209 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1210 - adding new attribute values
- 1211 - adding new object attributes
- 1212 - adding **OPTIONAL** (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an IPP
1213 object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1214 - adding **OPTIONAL** (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes that
1215 an IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1216 - adding new attribute syntaxes
- 1217 - adding **OPTIONAL** operations
- 1218 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from **OPTIONAL** to **REQUIRED**
1219 or vice versa.
- 1220 - adding **OPTIONAL** attribute syntaxes to an existing attribute.

1221 The encoding of the "version-number" **MUST NOT** change over any version number (either major or
1222 minor). This rule guarantees that all future versions will be backwards compatible with all previous
1223 versions (at least for checking the "version-number"). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes, error
1224 codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that they can
1225 never be reused with new semantics.

1226 Implementations that support a certain version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As each new
1227 version is defined (through the release of a new IPP specification document), that version will specify
1228 which previous versions MUST and which versions SHOULD be supported in compliant implementations.

1229 3.1.9 Job Creation Operations

1230 In order to "submit a print job" and create a new Job object, a client issues a create request. A create
1231 request is any one of following three operation requests:

- 1232 - The Print-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document uses the
1233 Print-Job operation. The operation allows for the client to "push" the document data to the Printer
1234 object by including the document data in the request itself.
1235
- 1236 - The Print-URI Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document (where
1237 the Printer object "pulls" the document data instead of the client "pushing" the data to the Printer
1238 object) uses the Print-URI operation. In this case, the client includes in the request only a URI
1239 reference to the document data (not the document data itself).
1240
- 1241 - The Create-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with multiple documents uses the
1242 Create-Job operation. This operation is followed by an arbitrary number (one or more) of Send-
1243 Document and/or Send-URI operations (each creating another document for the newly create Job
1244 object). The Send-Document operation includes the document data in the request (the client
1245 "pushes" the document data to the printer), and the Send-URI operation includes only a URI
1246 reference to the document data in the request (the Printer "pulls" the document data from the
1247 referenced location). The last Send-Document or Send-URI request for a given Job object includes
1248 a "last-document" operation attribute set to 'true' indicating that this is the last request.
1249

1250 Throughout this model document, the term "create request" is used to refer to any of these three operation
1251 requests.

1252 A Create-Job operation followed by only one Send-Document operation is semantically equivalent to a
1253 Print-Job operation, however, for performance reasons, the client SHOULD use the Print-Job operation for
1254 all single document jobs. Also, Print-Job is a REQUIRED operation (all implementations MUST support
1255 it) whereas Create-Job is an OPTIONAL operation, hence some implementations might not support it.

1256 Job submission time is the point in time when a client issues a create request. The initial state of every Job
1257 object is the 'pending', 'pending-held', or 'processing' state (see section 4.3.7). When the Printer object
1258 begins processing the print job, the Job object's state moves to 'processing'. This is known as job
1259 processing time. There are validation checks that must be done at job submission time and others that must
1260 be performed at job processing time.

1261 At job submission time and at the time a Validate-Job operation is received, the Printer MUST do the
1262 following:

- 1263 1. Process the client supplied attributes and either accept or reject the request
- 1264 2. Validate the syntax of and support for the scheme of any client supplied URI

1265

1266 At job submission time the Printer object **MUST** validate whether or not the supplied attributes, attribute
1267 syntaxes, and values are supported by matching them with the Printer object's corresponding "xxx-
1268 supported" attributes. See section 3.1.7 for details. [IPP-IIG] presents suggested steps for an IPP object to
1269 either accept or reject any request and additional steps for processing create requests.

1270 At job submission time the Printer object **NEED NOT** perform the validation checks reserved for job
1271 processing time such as:

- 1272 1. Validating the document data
- 1273 2. Validating the actual contents of any client supplied URI (resolve the reference and follow the link to
1274 the document data)

1275

1276 At job submission time, these additional job processing time validation checks are essentially useless, since
1277 they require actually parsing and interpreting the document data, are not guaranteed to be 100% accurate,
1278 and **MUST** be done, yet again, at job processing time. Also, in the case of a URI, checking for availability
1279 at job submission time does not guarantee availability at job processing time. In addition, at job processing
1280 time, the Printer object might discover any of the following conditions that were not detectable at job
1281 submission time:

- 1282 - runtime errors in the document data,
- 1283 - nested document data that is in an unsupported format,
- 1284 - the URI reference is no longer valid (i.e., the server hosting the document might be down), or
- 1285 - any other job processing error

1286

1287 At job submission time, a Printer object, especially a non-spooling Printer, **MAY** accept jobs that it does
1288 not have enough space for. In such a situation, a Printer object **MAY** stop reading data from a client for an
1289 indefinite period of time. A client **MUST** be prepared for a write operation to block for an indefinite period
1290 of time (see section 5.1 on client conformance).

1291 When a Printer object has too little space for starting a new job, it **MAY** reject a new create request. In this
1292 case, a Printer object **MUST** return a response (in reply to the rejected request) with a status-code of 'server-
1293 error-busy' (see section 14.1.5.8) and it **MAY** close the connection before receiving all bytes of the
1294 operation. A Printer **SHOULD** indicate that it is temporarily unable to accept jobs by setting the 'spool-
1295 space-full' value in its "printer-state-reasons" attribute and removing the value when it can accept another
1296 job (see section 4.4.12).

1297 When receiving a 'server-error-busy' status-code in an operation response, a client **MUST** be prepared for
1298 the Printer object to close the connection before the client has sent all of the data (especially for the Print-
1299 Job operation). A client **MUST** be prepared to keep submitting a create request until the IPP Printer object
1300 accepts the create request.

1301 At job processing time, since the Printer object has already responded with a successful status code in the
1302 response to the create request, if the Printer object detects an error, the Printer object is unable to inform the
1303 end user of the error with an operation status code. In this case, the Printer, depending on the error, can set

1304 the job object's "job-state", "job-state-reasons", or "job-state-message" attributes to the appropriate value(s)
1305 so that later queries can report the correct job status.

1306 Note: Asynchronous notification of events is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

1307

1308 **3.2 Printer Operations**

1309 All Printer operations are directed at Printer objects. A client **MUST** always supply the "printer-uri"
1310 operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation.

1311 **3.2.1 Print-Job Operation**

1312 This **REQUIRED** operation allows a client to submit a print job with only one document and supply the
1313 document data (rather than just a reference to the data). See Section 15 for the suggested steps for
1314 processing create operations and their Operation and Job Template attributes.

1315 **3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request**

1316 The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Print-Job Request:

1317 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1318 Natural Language and Character Set:

1319 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1320 The Printer object **MUST** copy these values to the corresponding Job Description attributes
1321 described in sections 4.3.19 and 4.3.20.

1322

1323 Target:

1324 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1325 section 3.1.5.

1326

1327 Requesting User Name:

1328 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute **SHOULD** be supplied by the client as
1329 described in section 8.3.

1330

1331 "job-name" (name(MAX)):

1332 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It
1333 contains the client supplied Job name. If this attribute is supplied by the client, its value is used for
1334 the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object. The client **MAY** automatically include any
1335 information that will help the end-user distinguish amongst his/her jobs, such as the name of the
1336 application program along with information from the document, such as the document name,
1337 document subject, or source file name. If this attribute is not supplied by the client, the Printer

1338 generates a name to use in the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object (see Section
1339 4.3.5).

1340
1341 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" (boolean):

1342 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute.
1343 The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and values is
1344 required, else the Printer object **MUST** reject the Print-Job request. The value 'false' indicates that a
1345 reasonable attempt to print the Job object is acceptable and the Printer object **MUST** accept the
1346 Print-Job request. If not supplied, the Printer object assumes the value is 'false'. All Printer objects
1347 **MUST** support both types of job processing. See section 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-
1348 fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes, especially the Printer object's "pdl-override-
1349 supported" attribute.

1350
1351 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1352 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute.
1353 It contains the client supplied document name. The document name **MAY** be different than the Job
1354 name. Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end
1355 user by using a file name or an application generated name. If this attribute is supplied, its value can
1356 be used in a manner defined by each implementation. Examples include: printed along with the Job
1357 (job start sheet, page adornments, etc.), used by accounting or resource tracking management tools,
1358 or even stored along with the document as a document level attribute. IPP/1.1 does not support the
1359 concept of document level attributes.

1360
1361 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1362 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute
1363 and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.32). The client supplied "compression"
1364 operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document data. The following
1365 cases exist:

- 1366 a) If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object **MUST** assume that the data is not
1367 compressed (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the
1368 "compression" attribute with a value of 'none').
- 1369 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,
1370 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported"
1371 attribute, the Printer object **MUST** reject the request, and return the 'client-error-
1372 compression-not-supported' status code. See section 3.1.7 for returning unsupported
1373 attributes and values.
- 1374 c) If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute value, the
1375 Printer object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data.
- 1376 d) If the decompression algorithm fails before the Printer returns an operation response, the
1377 Printer object **MUST** reject the request and return the 'client-error-compression-error'
1378 status code.
- 1379 e) If the decompression algorithm fails after the Printer returns an operation response, the
1380 Printer object **MUST** abort the job and add the 'compression-error' value to the job's
1381 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

- 1382 f) If the decompression algorithm succeeds, the document data MUST then have the format
1383 specified by the job's "document-format" attribute, if supplied (see "document-format"
1384 operation attribute definition below).

1385
1386 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1387 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1388 The value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. The following cases
1389 exist:

- 1390 a) If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document
1391 data is in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute.
1392 (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the "document-format"
1393 attribute with a value equal to the printer's default value).
- 1394 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,
1395 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "document-format-
1396 supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-
1397 error-document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1398 c) If the client supplies this attribute and its value is 'application/octet-stream' (i.e. to be
1399 auto-sensed, see Section 4.1.9.1), and the format is not one of the document-formats that
1400 the Printer can auto-sense, and this check occurs before the Printer returns an operation
1401 response, then the Printer MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-
1402 document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1403 d) If the client supplies this attribute, and the value is supported by the Printer object, ~~the~~
1404 ~~document data~~, the Printer is capable of interpreting the document data.
- 1405 e) If interpreting of the document data fails before the Printer returns an operation response,
1406 the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-
1407 error' status code.
- 1408 f) If interpreting of the document data fails after the Printer returns an operation response,
1409 the Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'document-format-error' value to the
1410 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1411
1412 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1413 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1414 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats
1415 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.
1416 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1417
1418 "job-k-octets" (integer(0:MAX))

1419 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1420 attribute and the "job-k-octets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.33). The client supplied "job-k-
1421 octets" operation attribute identifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets being submitted
1422 (see section 4.3.17.1 for the complete semantics). If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer
1423 object supports the attribute, the value of the attribute is used to populate the Job object's "job-k-
1424 octets" Job Description attribute.

1426 For this attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions", and "job-media-sheets"), if the
1427 client supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the attribute, the Printer object
1428 ignores the client-supplied value. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the
1429 attribute, and the value is within the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported"
1430 attribute, the Printer object MUST use the value to populate the Job object's "xxx" attribute. If the
1431 client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute, but the value is outside the range
1432 of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST copy the
1433 attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return
1434 the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code. If the client does not supply the
1435 attribute, the Printer object MAY choose to populate the corresponding Job object attribute
1436 depending on whether the Printer object supports the attribute and is able to calculate or discern the
1437 correct value.

1438
1439 "job-impressions" (integer(0:MAX))

1440 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1441 attribute and the "job-impressions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.34). The client supplied
1442 "job-impressions" operation attribute identifies the total size in number of impressions of the
1443 document(s) being submitted (see section 4.3.17.2 for the complete semantics).

1444
1445 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".

1446
1447 "job-media-sheets" (integer(0:MAX))

1448 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1449 attribute and the "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.35). The client supplied
1450 "job-media-sheets" operation attribute identifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for
1451 this job (see section 4.3.17.3 for the complete semantics).

1452
1453 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".

1454
1455 Group 2: Job Template Attributes

1456 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in section 4.2. If the
1457 client is not supplying any Job Template attributes in the request, the client SHOULD omit Group 2
1458 rather than sending an empty group. However, a Printer object MUST be able to accept an empty
1459 group.

1460
1461 Group 3: Document Content

1462 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.

1463
1464 In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation request, the simplest Print-Job
1465 Request consists of just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes; the
1466 "printer-uri" target operation attribute; the Document Content and nothing else. In this simple case, the
1467 Printer object:

- 1468 - creates a new Job object (the Job object contains a single document),
- 1469 - stores a generated Job name in the "job-name" attribute in the natural language and charset requested
- 1470 (see Section 3.1.4.1) (if those are supported, otherwise using the Printer object's default natural
- 1471 language and charset), and
- 1472 - at job processing time, uses its corresponding default value attributes for the supported Job Template
- 1473 attributes that were not supplied by the client as IPP attribute or embedded instructions in the
- 1474 document data.
- 1475

1476 3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response

1477 The Printer object MUST return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of the Print-Job
1478 Response:

1479 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1480 Status Message:

1481 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1482 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1483 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6. If the client supplies unsupported or conflicting Job
1484 Template attributes or values, the Printer object MUST reject or accept the Print-Job request
1485 depending on the whether the client supplied a 'true' or 'false' value for the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
1486 operation attribute. See the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for a complete description of the
1487 suggested steps for processing a create request.

1488 Natural Language and Character Set:

1489 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
1490
1491

1492 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1493 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
1494

1495 The value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" supplied by the client does not affect what attributes the
1496 Printer object returns in this group. The value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" only affects whether the
1497 Print-Job operation is accepted or rejected. If the job is accepted, the client may query the job using
1498 the Get-Job-Attributes operation requesting the unsupported attributes that were returned in the
1499 create response to see which attributes were ignored (not stored on the Job object) and which
1500 attributes were stored with other (substituted) values.
1501

1502 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1503 "job-uri" (uri):

1504 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's URI by returning the contents of the REQUIRED
1505 "job-uri" Job object attribute. The client uses the Job object's URI when directing operations at the
1506 Job object. The Printer object always uses its configured security policy when creating the new
1507 URI. However, if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object also uses

1508 information about which URI was used in the Print-Job Request to generated the new URI so that
1509 the new URI references the correct access channel. In other words, if the Print-Job Request comes
1510 in over a secure channel, the Printer object MUST generate a Job URI that uses the secure channel
1511 as well.

1512
1513 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1514 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's Job ID by returning the REQUIRED "job-id" Job
1515 object attribute. The client uses this "job-id" attribute in conjunction with the "printer-uri" attribute
1516 used in the Print-Job Request when directing Job operations at the Printer object.

1517
1518 "job-state":

1519 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state" attribute. The value of this
1520 attribute (along with the value of the next attribute: "job-state-reasons") is taken from a "snapshot"
1521 of the new Job object at some meaningful point in time (implementation defined) between when the
1522 Printer object receives the Print-Job Request and when the Printer object returns the response.

1523
1524 "job-state-reasons":

1525 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1526
1527 "job-state-message":

1528 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "job-state-message"
1529 attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If
1530 this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-message"
1531 attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.

1532
1533 "number-of-intervening-jobs":

1534 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "number-of-intervening-
1535 jobs" attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response.
1536 If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "number-of-
1537 intervening-jobs" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object
1538 query.

1539
1540 Note: Since any printer state information which affects a job's state is reflected in the "job-state" and
1541 "job-state-reasons" attributes, it is sufficient to return only these attributes and no specific printer
1542 status attributes.

1543
1544 Note: In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation response, the simplest
1545 response consists of the just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes
1546 and the "job-uri", "job-id", and "job-state" Job Object Attributes. In this simplest case, the status code is
1547 'successful-ok' and there is no "status-message" or "detailed-status-message" operation attribute.

1548 3.2.2 Print-URI Operation

1549 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client
1550 supplies a URI reference to the document data using the "document-uri" (uri) operation attribute (in Group
1551 1) rather than including the document data itself. Before returning the response, the Printer MUST validate
1552 that the Printer supports the retrieval method (e.g., http, ftp, etc.) implied by the URI, and MUST check for
1553 valid URI syntax. If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer
1554 object's "referenced-uri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return
1555 the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code.

1556 The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the operation or subsequently. If
1557 the Printer determines an accessibility problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the request
1558 and returns the 'client-error-document-access-error' status code. The Printer MAY also return a specific
1559 document access error code using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4).

1560 If the Printer determines this document accessibility problem after accepting the request and returning an
1561 operation response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'document-access-error'
1562 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute and MAY populate the job's "job-document-access-errors"
1563 Job Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested
1564 additional checks.

1565 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer
1566 attribute (see section 4.4.27).

1567 It is up to the IPP object to interpret the URI and subsequently "pull" the document from the source
1568 referenced by the URI string.

1569 3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation

1570 This REQUIRED operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies
1571 no document data and the Printer allocates no resources (i.e., it does not create a new Job object). This
1572 operation is used only to verify capabilities of a printer object against whatever attributes are supplied by
1573 the client in the Validate-Job request. By using the Validate-Job operation a client can validate that an
1574 identical Print-Job operation (with the document data) would be accepted. The Validate-Job operation also
1575 performs the same security negotiation as the Print-Job operation (see section 8), so that a client can check
1576 that the client and Printer object security requirements can be met before performing a Print-Job operation.

1577 The Validate-Job operation does not accept a "document-uri" attribute in order to allow a client to check
1578 that the same Print-URI operation will be accepted, since the client doesn't send the data with the Print-URI
1579 operation. The client SHOULD just issue the Print-URI request.

1580 The Printer object returns the same status codes, Operation Attributes (Group 1) and Unsupported
1581 Attributes (Group 2) as the Print-Job operation. However, no Job Object Attributes (Group 3) are returned,
1582 since no Job object is created.

1583 3.2.4 Create-Job Operation

1584 This OPTIONAL operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that in the Create-Job
1585 request, a client does not supply document data or any reference to document data. Also, the client does not
1586 supply any of the "document-name", "document-format", "compression", or "document-natural-language"
1587 operation attributes. This operation is followed by one or more Send-Document or Send-URI operations.
1588 In each of those operation requests, the client OPTIONALLY supplies the "document-name", "document-
1589 format", and "document-natural-language" attributes for each document in the multi-document Job object.

1590 If a Printer object supports the Create-Job operation, it MUST also support the Send-Document operation
1591 and also MAY support the Send-URI operation.

1592 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "multiple-operation-time-out" Printer
1593 attribute (see section 4.4.31).

1594 If the Printer object supports this operation, then it MUST support the "multiple-document-jobs-supported"
1595 Printer Description attribute (see section 4.4.16) and indicate whether or not it supports multiple-document
1596 jobs.

1597 If the Printer object supports this operation and supports multiple documents in a job, then it MUST support
1598 the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template job attribute with at least one value (see section 4.2.4) and
1599 the associated "multiple-document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-supported" Job
1600 Template Printer attributes (see section 4.2).

1601 After the Create-Job operation has completed, the value of the "job-state" attribute is similar to the "job-
1602 state" after a Print-Job, even though no document-data has arrived. A Printer MAY set the 'job-data-
1603 insufficient' value of the job's "job-state-reason" attribute to indicate that processing cannot begin until
1604 sufficient data has arrived and set the "job-state" to either 'pending' or 'pending-held'. A non-spooling
1605 printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job state may even set the "job-state" to 'processing', even
1606 though there is not yet any data to process. See sections 4.3.7 and 4.3.8.

1607 3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation

1608 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Printer object. In the
1609 request, the client supplies the set of Printer attribute names and/or attribute group names in which the
1610 requester is interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a corresponding attribute set with the
1611 appropriate attribute values filled in.

1612 For Printer objects, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 1613 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Printer object (the last two
1614 columns of the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Printer objects.
- 1615 - 'printer-description': the subset of the attributes specified in Section 4.4 that the implementation
1616 supports for Printer objects.
- 1617 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Printer
1618 objects.

1619

1620 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some
1621 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'printer-name' and 'all', the client is actually requesting the
1622 "printer-name" attribute twice: once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'all' group. In such
1623 cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return each attribute only once in the response even if it is requested
1624 multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

1625 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes
1626 are OPTIONAL). However, it is REQUIRED that each Printer object support all group names.

1627 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request

1628 The following sets of attributes are part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Request:

1629 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1630 Natural Language and Character Set:

1631 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1632

1633 Target:

1634 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1635 section 3.1.5.

1636

1637 Requesting User Name:

1638 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1639 described in section 8.3.

1640

1641 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

1642 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose
1643 values the requester is interested. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the client
1644 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a value of
1645 'all'.

1646

1647 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1648 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1649 This attribute is useful for a Printer object to determine the set of supported attribute values that
1650 relate to the requested document format. The Printer object MUST return the attributes and values
1651 that it uses to validate a job on a create or Validate-Job operation in which this document format is
1652 supplied. The Printer object SHOULD return only (1) those attributes that are supported for the
1653 specified format and (2) the attribute values that are supported for the specified document format.
1654 By specifying the document format, the client can get the Printer object to eliminate the attributes
1655 and values that are not supported for a specific document format. For example, a Printer object
1656 might have multiple interpreters to support both 'application/postscript' (for PostScript) and
1657 'text/plain' (for text) documents. However, for only one of those interpreters might the Printer
1658 object be able to support "number-up" with values of '1', '2', and '4'. For the other interpreter it

1659 might be able to only support "number-up" with a value of '1'. Thus a client can use the Get-Printer-
1660 Attributes operation to obtain the attributes and values that will be used to accept/reject a create job
1661 operation.

1662
1663 If the Printer object does not distinguish between different sets of supported values for each
1664 different document format when validating jobs in the create and Validate-Job operations, it MUST
1665 NOT distinguish between different document formats in the Get-Printer-Attributes operation. If the
1666 Printer object does distinguish between different sets of supported values for each different
1667 document format specified by the client, this specialization applies only to the following Printer
1668 object attributes:

- 1669 - Printer attributes that are Job Template attributes ("xxx-default" "xxx-supported", and "xxx-
1670 ready" in the Table in Section 4.2),
- 1671 - "pdl-override-supported",
- 1672 - "compression-supported",
- 1673 - "job-k-octets-supported",
- 1674 - "job-impressions-supported",
- 1675 - "job-media-sheets-supported",
- 1676 - "printer-driver-installer",
- 1677 - "color-supported", and
- 1678 - "reference-uri-schemes-supported"

1680
1681 The values of all other Printer object attributes (including "document-format-supported") remain
1682 invariant with respect to the client supplied document format (except for new Printer description
1683 attribute as registered according to section 6.2).

1684
1685 If the client omits this "document-format" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if
1686 the attribute had been supplied with the value of the Printer object's "document-format-default"
1687 attribute. It is ~~recommended~~ **RECOMMENDED** that the client always supply a value for
1688 "document-format", since the Printer object's "document-format-default" may be 'application/octet-
1689 stream', in which case the returned attributes and values are for the union of the document formats
1690 that the Printer can automatically sense. For more details, see the description of the
1691 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax in section 4.1.9.

1692
1693 If the client supplies a value for the "document-format" Operation attribute that is not supported by
1694 the Printer, i.e., is not among the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported"
1695 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the operation and return the 'client-error-document-format-
1696 not-supported' status code.

1698 3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response

1699 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Response:

1700 Group 1: Operation Attributes

Status Message:

In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

Natural Language and Character Set:

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute which is not supported. The Printer object MAY respond with a subset of the supported attributes and values, depending on the security policy in force. However, the Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value. Also the Printer object MUST respond with the 'no-value' for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the system administrator has not configured a value. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation

This REQUIRED operation allows a client to retrieve the list of Job objects belonging to the target Printer object. The client may also supply a list of Job attribute names and/or attribute group names. A group of Job object attributes will be returned for each Job object that is returned.

This operation is similar to the Get-Job-Attributes operation, except that this Get-Jobs operation returns attributes from possibly more than one object (see the description of Job attribute group names in section 3.3.4).

3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request

The client submits the Get-Jobs request to a Printer object.

The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Jobs Request:

1738 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1739 Natural Language and Character Set:

1740 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1741

1742 Target:

1743 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1744 section 3.1.5.

1745

1746 Requesting User Name:

1747 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1748 described in section 8.3.

1749

1750 "limit" (integer(1:MAX)):

1751 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1752 is an integer value that determines the maximum number of jobs that a client will receive from the
1753 Printer even if "which-jobs" or "my-jobs" constrain which jobs are returned. The limit is a "stateless
1754 limit" in that if the value supplied by the client is 'N', then only the first 'N' jobs are returned in the
1755 Get-Jobs Response. There is no mechanism to allow for the next 'M' jobs after the first 'N' jobs. If
1756 the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object responds with all applicable jobs.

1757

1758 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword):

1759 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1760 is a set of Job attribute names and/or attribute groups names in whose values the requester is
1761 interested. This set of attributes is returned for each Job object that is returned. The allowed
1762 attribute group names are the same as those defined in the Get-Job-Attributes operation in section
1763 3.3.4. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had
1764 supplied this attribute with two values: 'job-uri' and 'job-id'.

1765

1766 "which-jobs" (type2 keyword):

1767 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1768 indicates which Job objects MUST be returned by the Printer object. The values for this attribute
1769 are:

1770

1771 'completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'.

1772 'not-completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'pending', 'processing', 'processing-
1773 stopped', or 'pending-held'.

1774

1775 A Printer object MUST support both values. However, if the implementation does not keep jobs in
1776 the 'completed', 'canceled', and 'aborted' states, then it returns no jobs when the 'completed' value is
1777 supplied.

1778

1779 If a client supplies some other value, the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and the
1780 unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the
1781 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code.

1782

1783

If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object **MUST** respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of 'not-completed'.

1784

1785

1786

"my-jobs" (boolean):

1787

The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It indicates whether jobs from all users or just the jobs submitted by the requesting user of this request **MUST** be returned by the Printer object. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object **MUST** respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of 'false', i.e., jobs from all users. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the jobs is described in section 8.

1788

1789

1790

1791

1792

1793

3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response

1794

1795

1796

1797

1798

The Printer object returns all of the Job objects up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute that match the criteria as defined by the attribute values supplied by the client in the request. It is possible that no Job objects are returned since there may literally be no Job objects at the Printer, or there may be no Job objects that match the criteria supplied by the client. If the client requests any Job attributes at all, there is a set of Job Object Attributes returned for each Job object.

1799

1800

1801

It is not an error for the Printer to return 0 jobs. If the response returns 0 jobs because there are no jobs matching the criteria, and the request would have returned 1 or more jobs with a status code of 'successful-ok' if there had been jobs matching the criteria, then the status code for 0 jobs **MUST** be 'successful-ok'.

1802

Group 1: Operation Attributes

1803

Status Message:

1804

In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY** includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1805

1806

1807

1808

Natural Language and Character Set:

1809

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1810

1811

Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1812

See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1813

1814

1815

1816

1817

1818

1819

The response **NEED NOT** contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes **MUST NOT** include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

1820

Groups 3 to N: Job Object Attributes

1821 The Printer object responds with one set of Job Object Attributes for each returned Job object. The
1822 Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not
1823 supported or which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting
1824 user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the
1825 Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all
1826 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value, unless it would violate
1827 the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.
1828

1829 Jobs are returned in the following order:

- 1830 - If the client requests all 'completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states),
1831 then the Jobs are returned newest to oldest (with respect to actual completion time)
- 1832 - If the client requests all 'not-completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'pending', 'processing', 'pending-held',
1833 and 'processing-stopped' states), then Jobs are returned in relative chronological order of
1834 expected time to complete (based on whatever scheduling algorithm is configured for the
1835 Printer object).

1836 3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation

1837 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its devices.
1838 Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer from processing the
1839 current job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as soon as the implementation
1840 permits or is completed, depending on implementation. The Printer object MUST still accept create
1841 operations to create new jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from entering the 'processing' state.

1842 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and
1843 vice-versa.

1844 The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped'
1845 states as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation will take appreciable time to stop, the
1846 IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see
1847 section 4.4.12). When the device(s) have all stopped, the IPP Printer transitions the Printer object to the
1848 'stopped' state, removes the 'moving-to-paused' value, if present, and adds the 'paused' value to the Printer
1849 object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

1850 When the current job(s) complete that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP Printer transitions them to the
1851 'completed' state. When the current job(s) stop in mid processing that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP
1852 Printer transitions them to the 'processing-stopped' state and adds the 'printer-stopped' value to the job's
1853 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1854 For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"
1855 attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"
1856 attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried (so-called "lazy
1857 evaluation").

1858 Whether the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other sources than
 1859 the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to
 1860 the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol is being used
 1861 as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1862 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new
 1863 "printer-state" before returning as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer- state- reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to- paused'	OPTION 1: 'successful-ok'; Later, when all output has stopped, the "printer- state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	OPTION 2: 'successful-ok'; all device output stopped immediately
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'

1864 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1865 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
 1866 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'
 1867 as appropriate.

1868 3.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request

1869 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Request:

1870 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1871 Natural Language and Character Set:

1872 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1873

1874 Target:

1875 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
 1876 section 3.1.5.

1877

1878 Requesting User Name:

1879 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
 1880 described in section 8.3.

1881 3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response

1882 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Response:

1883 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1884 Status Message:

1885 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1886 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1887 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1888
1889 Natural Language and Character Set:

1890 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
1891

1892 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1893 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
1894

1895 **3.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation**

1896 This operation allows a client to resume the Printer object scheduling jobs on all its devices. The Printer
1897 object MUST remove the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused' values from the Printer object's "printer-state-
1898 reasons" attribute, if present. If there are no other reasons to keep a device paused (such as media-jam), the
1899 IPP Printer is free to transition itself to the 'processing' or 'idle' states, depending on whether there are jobs
1900 to be processed or not, respectively, and the device(s) resume processing jobs.

1901 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and
1902 vice-versa.

1903 The IPP Printer removes the 'printer-stopped' value from any job's "job-state-reasons" attributes contained
1904 in that Printer.

1905 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state, transition the Printer object to the indicated new state
1906 as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'idle'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
'stopped'	'processing'	'successful-ok'; when there are jobs to be processed
'stopped'	'idle'	'successful-ok'; when there are no jobs to be processed.

1907 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
1908 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
1909 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'
1910 as appropriate.

1911 The Resume-Printer Request and Resume-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as
1912 the Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1913 3.2.9 Purge-Jobs Operation

1914 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to remove all jobs from an IPP Printer object, regardless of their
1915 job states, including jobs in the Printer object's Job History (see Section 4.3.7.2). After a Purge-Jobs
1916 operation has been performed, a Printer object MUST return no jobs in subsequent Get-Job-Attributes and
1917 Get-Jobs responses (until new jobs are submitted).

1918 Whether the Purge-Jobs (and Get-Jobs) operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other
1919 sources than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Purge-Jobs operation affects jobs that were
1920 submitted to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol
1921 is being used as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1922 Note: if an operator wants to cancel all jobs without clearing out the Job History, the operator uses the
1923 Cancel-Job operation on each job instead of using the Purge-Jobs operation.

1924 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object to the 'idle'
1925 state.

1926 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
1927 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the
1928 operation and return: client-error-forbidden, client-error-not-authenticated, and client-error-not-authorized
1929 as appropriate.

1930 The Purge-Jobs Request and Purge-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
1931 Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1932

1933 3.3 Job Operations

1934 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying the
1935 Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either be a
1936 single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation MUST
1937 support both forms of identification for every job.

1938 3.3.1 Send-Document Operation

1939 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to create a multi-document Job object that is initially "empty"
1940 (contains no documents). In the Create-Job response, the Printer object returns the Job object's URI (the
1941 "job-uri" attribute) and the Job object's 32-bit identifier (the "job-id" attribute). For each new document
1942 that the client desires to add, the client uses a Send-Document operation. Each Send-Document Request
1943 contains the entire stream of document data for one document.

1944 If the Printer supports this operation but does not support multiple documents per job, the Printer MUST
1945 reject subsequent Send-Document operations supplied with data and return the 'server-error-multiple-
1946 document-jobs-not-supported'. However, the Printer MUST accept the first document with a 'true' or 'false'

1947 value for the "last-document" operation attribute (see below), so that clients MAY always submit one
1948 document jobs with a 'false' value for "last-document" in the first Send-Document and a 'true' for "last-
1949 document" in the second Send-Document (with no data).

1950 Since the Create-Job and the send operations (Send-Document or Send-URI operations) that follow could
1951 occur over an arbitrarily long period of time for a particular job, a client MUST send another send operation
1952 within an IPP Printer defined minimum time interval after the receipt of the previous request for the job. If
1953 a Printer object supports [the Create-Job and Send-Document operations](#)~~multiple document jobs~~, the Printer
1954 object MUST support the "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute (see section 4.4.31). This attribute
1955 indicates the minimum number of seconds the Printer object will wait for the next send operation before
1956 taking some recovery action.

1957 An IPP object MUST recover from an errant client that does not supply a send operation, sometime after
1958 the minimum time interval specified by the Printer object's "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute. Such
1959 recovery MAY include any of the following or other recovery actions:

- 1960 1. Assume that the Job is an invalid job, start the process of changing the job state to 'aborted', add the
1961 'aborted-by-system' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), and clean up
1962 all resources associated with the Job. In this case, if another send operation is finally received, the
1963 Printer responds with an "client-error-not-possible" or "client-error-not-found" depending on
1964 whether or not the Job object is still around when the send operation finally arrives.
- 1965 2. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document (as if the "last-document"
1966 flag had been set to 'true'), close the Job object, and proceed to process it (i.e., move the Job's state
1967 to 'pending').
- 1968 3. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document, close the Job, but move it
1969 to the 'pending-held' and add the 'submission-interrupted' value to the job's "job-state-reasons"
1970 attribute (see section 4.3.8). This action allows the user or an operator to determine whether to
1971 continue processing the Job by moving it back to the 'pending' state using the Release-Job operation
1972 (see section 3.3.6) or to cancel the job using the Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3).

1973

1974 Each implementation is free to decide the "best" action to take depending on local policy, whether any
1975 documents have been added, whether the implementation spools jobs or not, and/or any other piece of
1976 information available to it. If the choice is to abort the Job object, it is possible that the Job object may
1977 already have been processed to the point that some media sheet pages have been printed.

1978 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
1979 owner (as determined in the Create-Job operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see
1980 Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-
1981 forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

1982 3.3.1.1 Send-Document Request

1983 The following attribute sets are part of the Send-Document Request:

1984 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1985 Natural Language and Character Set:

1986 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1987 Target:

1988 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
1989 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1990 Requesting User Name:

1991 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1992 described in section 8.3.

1993 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1994 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1995 contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job
1996 name. It might be helpful, but NEED NOT be unique across multiple documents in the same Job.
1997 Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end user
1998 by using a file name or an application generated name. See the description of the "document-name"
1999 operation attribute in the Print-Job Request (section 3.2.1.1) for more information about this
2000 attribute.

2001 "compression" (type3 keyword)

2002 See the description of "compression" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.

2003 "document-format" (mimeType) :

2004 See the description of "document-format" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.

2005 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

2006 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
2007 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats
2008 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.
2009 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

2010 "last-document" (boolean):

2011 The client MUST supply this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It is a
2012 boolean flag that is set to 'true' if this is the last document for the Job, 'false' otherwise.

2013 Group 2: Document Content

2014 The client MUST supply the document data if the "last-document" flag is set to 'false'. However,
2015 since a client might not know that the previous document sent with a Send-Document (or Send-
2016 URI) operation was the last document (i.e., the "last-document" attribute was set to 'false'), it is legal
2017 to send a Send-Document request with no document data where the "last-document" flag is set to
2018 'true'. Such a request MUST NOT increment the value of the Job object's "number-of-documents"
2019 attribute, since no real document was added to the job. It is not an error for a client to submit a job

2028 with no actual document data, i.e., only a single Create-Job and Send-Document request with a
2029 "last-document" operation attribute set to 'true' with no document data.

2030 3.3.1.2 Send-Document Response

2031 The following sets of attributes are part of the Send-Document Response:

2032 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2033 Status Message:

2034 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2035 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2036 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2037

2038 Natural Language and Character Set:

2039 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2040

2041

2041 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2042 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2043 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2044 This is the same set of attributes as described in the Print-Job response (see section 3.2.1.2).
2045

2046

2046 3.3.2 Send-URI Operation

2047 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Send-Document operation (see section 3.3.1) except that a
2048 client MUST supply a URI reference ("document-uri" operation attribute) rather than the document data
2049 itself. If a Printer object supports this operation, clients can use both Send-URI or Send-Document
2050 operations to add new documents to an existing multi-document Job object. However, if a client needs to
2051 indicate that the previous Send-URI or Send-Document was the last document, the client MUST use the
2052 Send-Document operation with no document data and the "last-document" flag set to 'true' (rather than
2053 using a Send-URI operation with no "document-uri" operation attribute).

2054 If a Printer object supports this operation, it MUST also support the Print-URI operation (see section 3.2.2).

2055 The Printer object MUST validate the syntax and URI scheme of the supplied URI before returning a
2056 response, just as in the Print-URI operation. The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the
2057 document as part of the operation or subsequently (see section 3.2.2).

2058 3.3.3 Cancel-Job Operation

2059 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to cancel a Print Job from the time the job is created up to the
2060 time it is completed, canceled, or aborted. Since a Job might already be printing by the time a Cancel-Job is
2061 received, some media sheet pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

2062 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
 2063 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'pending-held'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'processing-stopped'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2064 Rule 1: If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or
 2065 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST add the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to the job's
 2066 "job-state-reasons" attribute and then transition the job to the 'canceled' state when the processing ceases
 2067 (see section 4.3.8).

2068 Rule 2: If the Job object already has the 'processing-to-stop-point' value in its "job-state-reasons" attribute,
 2069 then the Printer object MUST reject a Cancel-Job operation.

2070 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
 2071 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
 2072 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
 2073 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2074 3.3.3.1 Cancel-Job Request

2075 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Request:

2076 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2077 Natural Language and Character Set:

2078 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
 2079

2080 Target:

2081 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
 2082 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
 2083

2084 Requesting User Name:

2085 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
 2086 described in section 8.3.
 2087

2088 "message" (text(127)):

2089 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this
2090 attribute. It is a message to the operator. This "message" attribute is not the same as the "job-
2091 message-from-operator" attribute. That attribute is used to report a message from the operator to the
2092 end user that queries that attribute. This "message" operation attribute is used to send a message
2093 from the client to the operator along with the operation request. It is an implementation decision of
2094 how or where to display this message to the operator (if at all).
2095

2096 3.3.3.2 Cancel-Job Response

2097 The following sets of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Response:

2098 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2099 Status Message:

2100 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**
2101 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2102 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.
2103

2104 Natural Language and Character Set:

2105 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2106

2107 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2108 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
2109

2110 Once a successful response has been sent, the implementation guarantees that the Job will eventually end up
2111 in the 'canceled' state. Between the time of the Cancel-Job operation is accepted and when the job enters the
2112 'canceled' job-state (see section 4.3.7), the "job-state-reasons" attribute **SHOULD** contain the 'processing-to-
2113 stop-point' value which indicates to later queries that although the Job might still be 'processing', it will
2114 eventually end up in the 'canceled' state, not the 'completed' state.

2115 3.3.4 Get-Job-Attributes Operation

2116 This **REQUIRED** operation allows a client to request the values of attributes of a Job object and it is almost
2117 identical to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section 3.2.5). The only differences are that the
2118 operation is directed at a Job object rather than a Printer object, there is no "document-format" operation
2119 attribute used when querying a Job object, and the returned attribute group is a set of Job object attributes
2120 rather than a set of Printer object attributes.

2121 For Jobs, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 2122 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Job object (the first column of
2123 the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Job objects.

- 2124 - 'job-description': the subset of the Job Description attributes specified in Section 4.3 that the
2125 implementation supports for Job objects.
2126 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Job objects.
2127

2128 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some
2129 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'job-name' and 'job-description', the client is actually requesting
2130 the "job-name" attribute once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'job-description' group.
2131 In such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return the attribute only once in the response even if it is
2132 requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

2133 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Job object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes
2134 are OPTIONAL). However it is REQUIRED that each Job object support all group names.

2135 3.3.4.1 Get-Job-Attributes Request

2136 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Job-Attributes Request when the request is directed at
2137 a Job object:

2138 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2139 Natural Language and Character Set:

2140 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
2141

2142 Target:

2143 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
2144 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
2145

2146 Requesting User Name:

2147 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
2148 described in section 8.3.
2149

2150 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

2151 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this attribute. It is
2152 a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values the requester is interested. If
2153 the client omits this attribute, the IPP object MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied
2154 with a value of 'all'.
2155

2156 3.3.4.2 Get-Job-Attributes Response

2157 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Job-Attributes Response:

2158 Group 1: Operation Attributes

Status Message:

In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

Natural Language and Character Set:

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2. The "attributes-natural-language" MAY be the natural language of the Job object, rather than the one requested.

Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

Group 3: Job Object Attributes

This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The IPP object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the IPP object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the IPP object does not know the value, unless it would violate the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

3.3.5 Hold-Job Operation

This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to hold a pending job in the queue so that it is not eligible for scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported, and vice-versa. The OPTIONAL "job-hold-until" operation attribute allows a client to specify whether to hold the job indefinitely or until a specified time period, if supported.

The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
---------------------	-----------------	---

'pending'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2193 Rule 1: If the implementation supports multiple reasons for a job to be in the 'pending-held' state, the IPP
2194 object MUST add the 'job-hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2195 Rule 2: If the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute, but the specified time period has
2196 already started (or is the 'no-hold' value) and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object
2197 MUST make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2) by putting the job in the
2198 'pending' state.

2199 Note: In order to keep the Hold-Job operation simple, such a request is rejected when the job is in the
2200 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If an operation is needed to hold jobs while in these states, it will
2201 be added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the Hold-Job operation. Then it is clear to
2202 clients by querying the Printer object's "operations-supported" (see Section 4.4.15) and the Job object's
2203 "job-state" (see Section 4.3.7) attributes which operations are possible.

2204 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2205 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2206 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2207 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2208 3.3.5.1 Hold-Job Request

2209 The groups and operation attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the
2210 addition of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2211 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2212 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute. The IPP object MUST support this
2213 operation attribute in a Hold-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job template attribute in
2214 create operations. See section 4.2.2. The IPP object SHOULD support the "job-hold-until" Job
2215 Template attribute for use in job create operations with at least the 'indefinite' value, if it supports
2216 the Hold-Job operation. Otherwise, a client cannot create a job and hold it immediately (without
2217 picking some supported time period in the future).

2218 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP
2219 object copies the supplied operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-

2220 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied
2221 named time period.

2222 If supplied, but either the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself or the value supplied is not
2223 supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute or value in the
2224 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
2225 substituted-attributes, and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job
2226 operation.

2227 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'
2228 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation
2229 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object **MUST** accept the operation
2230 and make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2231 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in the request, the IPP object
2232 **MUST** populate the job object with a "job-hold-until" attribute with the 'indefinite' value (if IPP
2233 object supports the "job-hold-until" attribute) and hold the job indefinitely, until a client performs a
2234 Release-Job operation.

2235 **3.3.5.2 Hold-Job Response**

2236 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2237 **3.3.6 Release-Job Operation**

2238 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to release a previously held job so that it is again eligible for
2239 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation **MUST** be supported,
2240 and vice-versa.

2241 This operation removes the "job-hold-until" job attribute, if present, from the job object that had been
2242 supplied in the create or most recent Hold-Job or Restart-Job operation and removes its effect on the job.
2243 The IPP object **MUST** remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the job's "job-state-reasons"
2244 attribute, if present. See section 4.3.8.

2245 The IPP object **MUST** accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2246 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
		No effect on the job.
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok'
		No effect on the job.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2247 Rule 1: If there are other reasons to keep the job in the 'pending-held' state, such as 'resources-are-not-
2248 ready', the job remains in the 'pending-held' state. Thus the 'pending-held' state is not just for jobs that have
2249 the 'job-hold-until' applied to them, but are for any reason to keep the job from being a candidate for
2250 scheduling and processing, such as 'resources-are-not-ready'. See the "job-hold-until" attribute (section
2251 4.2.2).

2252 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2253 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2254 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2255 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2256 The Release-Job Request and Release-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
2257 Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3.1 and 3.3.3.2).

2258 3.3.7 Restart-Job Operation

2259 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a job that is retained in the queue after processing has
2260 completed (see section 4.3.7.2).

2261 The job is moved to the 'pending' or 'pending-held' job state and restarts at the beginning on the same IPP
2262 Printer object with the same attribute values. If any of the documents in the job were passed by reference
2263 (Print-URI or Send-URI), the Printer MUST re-fetch the data, since the semantics of Restart-Job are to
2264 repeat all Job processing. The Job Description attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-
2265 impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", MUST be reset to 0
2266 so that they give an accurate record of the job from its restart point. The job object MUST continue to use
2267 the same "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute values.

2268 Note: If in the future an operation is needed that does not reset the job progress attributes, then a new
2269 operation will be defined which makes a copy of the job, assigns a new "job-uri" and "job-id" to the copy
2270 and resets the job progress attributes in the new copy only.

2271 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state, transition the job to the
2272 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'client-error-not-possible'
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'canceled'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'aborted'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1

2273

2274 Rule 1: If the Job Retention Period has expired for the job in this state, then the IPP object rejects the
2275 operation. See section 4.3.7.2.

2276 Note: In order to prevent a user from inadvertently restarting a job in the middle, the Restart-Job request is
2277 rejected when the job is in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If in the future an operation is
2278 needed to hold or restart jobs while in these states, it will be added as an additional operation, rather than
2279 overloading the Restart-Job operation, so that it is clear that the user intended that the current job not be
2280 completed.

2281 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2282 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2283 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2284 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2285 3.3.7.1 Restart-Job Request

2286 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the addition of
2287 the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2288 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2289 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this Operation
2290 attribute in a Restart-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute in create
2291 operations. See section 4.2.2. Otherwise, the IPP object NEED NOT support the "job-hold-until"
2292 Operation attribute in a Restart-Job request.

2293 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP
2294 object copies the supplied Operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-
2295 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied
2296 named time period. See section 4.2.2.

2297 If supplied, but the value is not supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the
2298 unsupported attribute or value in the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7,

2299 returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and holds the job
2300 indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job operation.

2301 If supplied, but the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself is not supported, the IPP object accepts
2302 the request, returns the unsupported attribute with the out-of-band 'unsupported' value in the
2303 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
2304 substituted-attributes' status code, and restarts the job, i.e., ignores the "job-hold-until" attribute.

2305 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'
2306 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation
2307 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object makes the job a candidate for
2308 processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2309 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" operation attribute in the request, the IPP object
2310 removes the "job-hold-until" attribute, if present, from the job. If there are no other reasons to hold
2311 the job, the Restart-Job operation makes the job a candidate for processing immediately (see Section
2312 4.2.2).

2313 3.3.7.2 Restart-Job Response

2314 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2315 Note: In the future an OPTIONAL Modify-Job or Set-Job-Attributes operation may be specified that
2316 allows the client to modify other attributes before releasing the restarted job.

2317 4. Object Attributes

2318 This section describes the attributes with their corresponding attribute syntaxes and values that are part of
2319 the IPP model. The sections below show the objects and their associated attributes which are included
2320 within the scope of this protocol. Many of these attributes are derived from other relevant documents:

- 2321 - Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175]
- 2322 - RFC 1759 Printer MIB [RFC1759]

2323 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document using a "keyword" (see section 12.2.1) which is the
2324 name of the attribute. The keyword is included in the section header describing that attribute.

2325 Note: Not only are keywords used to identify attributes, but one of the attribute syntaxes described below is
2326 "keyword" so that some attributes have keyword values. Therefore, these attributes are defined as having
2327 an attribute syntax that is a set of keywords.

2328 4.1 Attribute Syntaxes

2329 This section defines the basic attribute syntax types that all clients and IPP objects MUST be able to accept
2330 in responses and accept in requests, respectively. Each attribute description in sections 3 and 4 includes the
2331 name of attribute syntax(es) in the heading (in parentheses). A conforming implementation of an attribute
2332 MUST include the semantics of the attribute syntax(es) so identified. Section 6.3 describes how the
2333 protocol can be extended with new attribute syntaxes.

2334 The attribute syntaxes are specified in the following sub-sections, where the sub-section heading is the
2335 keyword name of the attribute syntax inside the single quotes. In operation requests and responses each
2336 attribute value MUST be represented as one of the attribute syntaxes specified in the sub-section heading
2337 for the attribute. In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of
2338 the "out-of-band" values whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport"
2339 document [IPP-PRO]. Standard "out-of-band" values are:

2340 'unknown': The attribute is supported by the IPP object, but the value is unknown to the IPP object for
2341 some reason.

2342 'unsupported': The attribute is unsupported by the IPP object. This value MUST be returned only as the
2343 value of an attribute in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

2344 'no-value': The attribute is supported by the Printer object, but the administrator has not yet configured a
2345 value.

2346

2347 All attributes in a request MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4. Thus clients
2348 MUST NOT supply attributes with "out-of-band" values [for operations defined in this document](#). All
2349 attributes in a response MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4 or a single "out-of-
2350 band" value.

2351 Most attributes are defined to have a single attribute syntax. However, a few attributes (e.g., "job-sheet",
2352 "media", "job-hold-until") are defined to have several attribute syntaxes, depending on the value. These
2353 multiple attribute syntaxes are separated by the "|" character in the sub-section heading to indicate the
2354 choice. Since each value MUST be tagged as to its attribute syntax in the protocol, a single-valued attribute
2355 instance may have any one of its attribute syntaxes and a multi-valued attribute instance may have a mixture
2356 of its defined attribute syntaxes.

2357 4.1.1 'text'

2358 A text attribute is an attribute whose value is a sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a maximum
2359 of 1023 ('MAX') octets. MAX is the maximum length for each value of any text attribute. However, if an
2360 attribute will always contain values whose maximum length is much less than MAX, the definition of that
2361 attribute will include a qualifier that defines the maximum length for values of that attribute. For example:
2362 the "printer-location" attribute is specified as "printer-location (text(127))". In this case, text values for
2363 "printer-location" MUST NOT exceed 127 octets; if supplied with a longer text string via some external
2364 interface (other than the protocol), implementations are free to truncate to this shorter length limitation.

2365 In this document, all text attributes are defined using the 'text' syntax. However, 'text' is used only for
2366 brevity; the formal interpretation of 'text' is: 'textWithoutLanguage | textWithLanguage'. That is, for any
2367 attribute defined in this document using the 'text' attribute syntax, all IPP objects and clients MUST support
2368 both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and
2369 protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The
2370 syntax 'text' never appears "on-the-wire".

2371 Both 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are needed to support the real world needs of
2372 interoperability between sites and systems that use different natural languages as the basis for human
2373 communication. Generally, one natural language applies to all text attributes in a given request or response.
2374 The language is indicated by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute defined in section 3.1.4 or
2375 "attributes-natural-language" job attribute defined in section 4.3.20, and there is no need to identify the
2376 natural language for each text string on a value-by-value basis. In these cases, the attribute syntax
2377 'textWithoutLanguage' is used for text attributes. In other cases, the client needs to supply or the Printer
2378 object needs to return a text value in a natural language that is different from the rest of the text values in
2379 the request or response. In these cases, the client or Printer object uses the attribute syntax
2380 'textWithLanguage' for text attributes (this is the Natural Language Override mechanism described in
2381 section 3.1.4).

2382 The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes are described in more detail in the
2383 following sections.

2384 **4.1.1.1 'textWithoutLanguage'**

2385 The 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a
2386 maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets. Text strings are encoded using the rules of some charset. The Printer
2387 object MUST support the UTF-8 charset [RFC2279] and MAY support additional charsets to represent
2388 'text' values, provided that the charsets are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. See Section 4.1.7 for the
2389 definition of the 'charset' attribute syntax, including restricted semantics and examples of charsets.

2390 **4.1.1.2 'textWithLanguage'**

2391 The 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2392 'textWithoutLanguage' part encoded in a maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets plus an additional
2393 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the natural language in force. The
2394 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies to the text part of that value and
2395 that value alone. For any give text attribute, the 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum
2396 length defined for that 'text' attribute, and the 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 (additional)
2397 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax
2398 is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and
2399 clients.

2400 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used to
2401 explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a

2402 multi-valued 'text' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation
2403 attribute.

2404 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2405 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language
2406 or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'textWithLanguage' attribute value,
2407 whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the
2408 value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2409 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'
2410 indicating English, but the value of the "job-name" attribute is in French, the client MUST use the
2411 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax with the following two values:

2412 'fr': Natural Language Override indicating French

2413 'Rapport Mensuel': the job name in French

2414

2415 See the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] [section 3.11 for the encoding of the two parts and](#)
2416 [Appendix A](#) for a detailed example of the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax.

2417 **4.1.2 'name'**

2418 This syntax type is used for user-friendly strings, such as a Printer name, that, for humans, are more
2419 meaningful than identifiers. Names are never translated from one natural language to another. The 'name'
2420 attribute syntax is essentially the same as 'text', including the REQUIRED support of UTF-8 except that the
2421 sequence of characters is limited so that its encoded form MUST NOT exceed 255 (MAX) octets.

2422 Also like 'text', 'name' is really an abbreviated notation for either 'nameWithoutLanguage' or
2423 'nameWithLanguage'. That is, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the 'nameWithoutLanguage'
2424 and 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and protocol execution, objects and
2425 clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The syntax 'name' never appears "on-the-
2426 wire".

2427 Only the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes permit the Natural Language Override mechanism.

2428 Some attributes are defined as 'type3 keyword | name'. These attributes support values that are either type3
2429 keywords or names. This dual-syntax mechanism enables a site administrator to extend these attributes to
2430 legally include values that are locally defined by the site administrator. Such names are not registered with
2431 IANA.

2432 **4.1.2.1 'nameWithoutLanguage'**

2433 The nameWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters encoded in
2434 a maximum of 255 (MAX) octets.

2435 4.1.2.2 'nameWithLanguage'

2436 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2437 'nameWithoutLanguage' part encoded in a maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets plus an additional
2438 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the natural language in force. The
2439 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies to that name value and that
2440 name value alone. For any give text attribute, the 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum
2441 length defined for that 'text' attribute, and the 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 (additional)
2442 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax
2443 is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and
2444 clients.

2445 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax behaves the same as the 'textWithLanguage' syntax. Using the
2446 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax is the so-called
2447 Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and clients. If a name is
2448 in a language that is different than the rest of the object or operation, then this 'nameWithLanguage' syntax
2449 is used rather than the generic 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax.

2450 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used
2451 to explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a
2452 multi-valued 'name' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation
2453 attribute.

2454 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2455 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language
2456 or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'nameWithLanguage' attribute value,
2457 whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the
2458 value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2459 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'
2460 indicating English, but the "printer-name" attribute is in German, the client MUST use the
2461 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax as follows:

2462 'de': Natural Language Override indicating German

2463 'Farbdrucker': the Printer name in German

2464

2465 [See the "Encoding and Transport" document \[IPP-PRO\] section 3.11 for the encoding of the two parts and](#)
2466 [Appendix A for a detailed example of the 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax.](#)

2467 4.1.2.3 Matching 'name' attribute values

2468 For purposes of matching two 'name' attribute values for equality, such as in job validation (where a client-
2469 supplied value for attribute "xxx" is checked to see if the value is among the values of the Printer object's
2470 corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute), the following match rules apply:

2471 1. 'keyword' values never match 'name' values.

2472 2. 'name' (nameWithoutLanguage and nameWithLanguage) values match if (1) the name parts
2473 match and (2) the Associated Natural-Language parts (see section 3.1.4.1) match. The matching
2474 rules are:

2475 a. the name parts match if the two names are identical character by character, except it is
2476 RECOMMENDED that case be ignored. For example: 'Ajax-letter-head-white' MUST
2477 match 'Ajax-letter-head-white' and SHOULD match 'ajax-letter-head-white' and 'AJAX-
2478 LETTER-HEAD-WHITE'.

2479 b. the Associated Natural-Language parts match if the shorter of the two meets the syntactic
2480 requirements of RFC 1766 [RFC1766] and matches byte for byte with the longer. For
2481 example, 'en' matches 'en', 'en-us' and 'en-gb', but matches neither 'fr' nor 'e'.

2482 4.1.3 'keyword'

2483 The 'keyword' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters, length: 1 to 255, containing only the US-ASCII
2484 [ASCII] encoded values for lowercase letters ("a" - "z"), digits ("0" - "9"), hyphen ("-"), dot ("."), and
2485 underscore ("_"). The first character MUST be a lowercase letter. Furthermore, keywords MUST be in
2486 U.S. English.

2487 This syntax type is used for enumerating semantic identifiers of entities in the abstract protocol, i.e., entities
2488 identified in this document. Keywords are used as attribute names or values of attributes. Unlike 'text' and
2489 'name' attribute values, 'keyword' values MUST NOT use the Natural Language Override mechanism, since
2490 they MUST always be US-ASCII and U.S. English.

2491 Keywords are for use in the protocol. A user interface will likely provide a mapping between protocol
2492 keywords and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of
2493 the user. While the keywords specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural
2494 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since
2495 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2496 In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of defined keyword values for that
2497 attribute are listed.

2498 When a keyword is used to represent an attribute (its name), it MUST be unique within the full scope of all
2499 IPP objects and attributes. When a keyword is used to represent a value of an attribute, it MUST be unique
2500 just within the scope of that attribute. That is, the same keyword MUST NOT be used for two different
2501 values within the same attribute to mean two different semantic ideas. However, the same keyword MAY
2502 be used across two or more attributes, representing different semantic ideas for each attribute. Section 6.1
2503 describes how the protocol can be extended with new keyword values. Examples of attribute name
2504 keywords:

2505 "job-name"
2506 "attributes-charset"

2507

2508 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "keyword" basic syntax to indicate
2509 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2510 **4.1.4 'enum'**

2511 The 'enum' attribute syntax is an enumerated integer value that is in the range from 1 to $2^{*31} - 1$ (MAX).
2512 Each value has an associated 'keyword' name. In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full
2513 set of possible values for that attribute are listed. This syntax type is used for attributes for which there are
2514 enum values assigned by other standards, such as SNMP MIBs. A number of attribute enum values in this
2515 document are also used for corresponding attributes in other standards [RFC1759]. This syntax type is not
2516 used for attributes to which the administrator may assign values. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol
2517 can be extended with new enum values.

2518 Enum values are for use in the protocol. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol enum
2519 values and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the
2520 user. While the enum symbols specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural
2521 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since
2522 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2523 Note: SNMP MIBs use '2' for 'unknown' which corresponds to the IPP "out-of-band" value 'unknown'. See
2524 the description of the "out-of-band" values at the beginning of Section 4.1. Therefore, attributes of type
2525 'enum' start at '3'.

2526 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "enum" basic syntax to indicate
2527 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2528 **4.1.5 'uri'**

2529 The 'uri' attribute syntax is any valid Uniform Resource Identifier or URI [RFC2396]. Most often, URIs are
2530 simply Uniform Resource Locators or URLs. The maximum length of URIs used as values of IPP
2531 attributes is 1023 octets. Although most other IPP attribute syntax types allow for only lower-cased values,
2532 this attribute syntax type conforms to the case-sensitive and case-insensitive rules specified in [RFC2396].
2533 See also [IPP-IIG] for a discussion of case in URIs.

2534 **4.1.6 'uriScheme'**

2535 The 'uriScheme' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters representing a URI scheme according to RFC
2536 2396 [RFC2396]. Though RFC 2396 requires that the values be case-insensitive, IPP requires all lower
2537 case values in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects.

2538 Standard values for this syntax type are the following keywords:

2539 'ipp': for IPP schemed URIs (e.g., "ipp:...")
2540 'http': for HTTP schemed URIs (e.g., "http:...")
2541 'https': for use with HTTPS schemed URIs (e.g., "https:...") (not on IETF standards track)
2542 'ftp': for FTP schemed URIs (e.g., "ftp:...")

2543 'mailto': for SMTP schemed URIs (e.g., "mailto:...")
2544 'file': for file schemed URIs (e.g., "file:...")
2545

2546 A Printer object MAY support any URI 'scheme' that has been registered with IANA [IANA-MT]. The
2547 maximum length of URI 'scheme' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2548 **4.1.7 'charset'**

2549 The 'charset' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a charset. A charset is a coded character set and
2550 encoding scheme. Charsets are used for labeling certain document contents and 'text' and 'name' attribute
2551 values. The syntax and semantics of this attribute syntax are specified in RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and
2552 contained in the IANA character-set Registry [IANA-CS] according to the IANA procedures [RFC2278].
2553 Though RFC 2046 requires that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case values
2554 in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. When a character-set in the
2555 IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred MIME name)", if present,
2556 MUST be used.

2557 The maximum length of 'charset' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2558 Some examples are:

2559 'utf-8': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as the UTF-8
2560 [RFC2279] transfer encoding scheme in which US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2561 'us-ascii': 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986
2562 [ASCII]. That standard defines US-ASCII, but RFC 2045 [RFC2045] eliminates most of the control
2563 characters from conformant usage in MIME and IPP.
2564 'iso-8859-1': 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set, Latin Alphabet Nr 1 [ISO8859-1]. That standard
2565 defines a coded character set that is used by Latin languages in the Western Hemisphere and
2566 Western Europe. US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2567

2568 Some attribute descriptions MAY place additional requirements on charset values that may be used, such as
2569 REQUIRED values that MUST be supported or additional restrictions, such as requiring that the charset
2570 have US-ASCII as a subset charset.

2571 **4.1.8 'naturalLanguage'**

2572 The 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a natural language and optionally a
2573 country. The values for this syntax type are defined by RFC 1766 [RFC1766]. Though RFC 1766 requires
2574 that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case to simplify comparing by IPP
2575 clients and Printer objects. Examples include:

2576 'en': for English
2577 'en-us': for US English
2578 'fr': for French
2579 'de': for German

2580

2581 The maximum length of 'naturalLanguage' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2582 **4.1.9 'mimeMediaType'**

2583 The 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax is the Internet Media Type (sometimes called MIME type) as
2584 defined by RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and registered according to the procedures of RFC 2048 [RFC2048] for
2585 identifying a document format. The value MAY include a charset, or other, parameter, depending on the
2586 specification of the Media Type in the IANA Registry [IANA-MT]. Although most other IPP syntax types
2587 allow for only lower-cased values, this syntax type allows for mixed-case values which are case-insensitive.

2588 Examples are:

2589 'text/html': An HTML document

2590 'text/plain': A plain text document in US-ASCII (RFC 2046 indicates that in the absence of the charset
2591 parameter MUST mean US-ASCII rather than simply unspecified) [RFC2046].

2592 'text/plain; charset=US-ASCII': A plain text document in US-ASCII [52, 56].

2593 'text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1': A plain text document in ISO 8859-1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].

2594 'text/plain; charset=utf-8': A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented as UTF-8 [RFC2279]

2595 'application/postscript': A PostScript document [RFC2046]

2596 'application/vnd.hp-PCL': A PCL document [IANA-MT] (charset escape sequence embedded in the
2597 document data)

2598 'application/pdf': Portable Document Format - see IANA MIME Media Type registry

2599 'application/octet-stream': Auto-sense - see section 4.1.9.1

2600 The maximum length of a 'mimeMediaType' value to represent IPP attribute values is 255 octets.

2601 **4.1.9.1 Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the document format**

2602 One special type is 'application/octet-stream'. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object
2603 MUST be capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data using an implementation-dependent
2604 method that examines some number of octets of the document data, either as part of the create operation
2605 and/or at document processing time. During auto-sensing, a Printer may determine that the document-data
2606 has a format that the Printer doesn't recognize. If the Printer determines this problem before returning an
2607 operation response, it rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status
2608 code. If the Printer determines this problem after accepting the request and returning an operation response
2609 with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'unsupported-document-format' value to the
2610 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2611 If the Printer object's default value attribute "document-format-default" is set to 'application/octet-stream',
2612 the Printer object not only supports auto-sensing of the document format, but will depend on the result of
2613 applying its auto-sensing when the client does not supply the "document-format" attribute. If the client
2614 supplies a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on the supplied attribute, rather than trust its
2615 auto-sensing algorithm. To summarize:

- 2616 1. If the client does not supply a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on its default value
2617 setting (which may be 'application/octet-stream' indicating an auto-sensing mechanism).
- 2618 2. If the client supplies a value other than 'application/octet-stream', the client is supplying valid
2619 information about the format of the document data and the Printer object MUST trust the client
2620 supplied value more than the outcome of applying an automatic format detection mechanism. For
2621 example, the client may be requesting the printing of a PostScript file as a 'text/plain' document.
2622 The Printer object MUST print a text representation of the PostScript commands rather than
2623 interpret the stream of PostScript commands and print the result.
- 2624 3. If the client supplies a value of 'application/octet-stream', the client is indicating that the Printer
2625 object MUST use its auto-sensing mechanism on the client supplied document data whether auto-
2626 sensing is the Printer object's default or not.
- 2627

2628 Note: Since the auto-sensing algorithm is probabilistic, if the client requests both auto-sensing ("document-
2629 format" set to 'application/octet-stream') and true fidelity ("ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to 'true'), the Printer
2630 object might not be able to guarantee exactly what the end user intended (the auto-sensing algorithm might
2631 mistake one document format for another), but it is able to guarantee that its auto-sensing mechanism be
2632 used.

2633 When a Printer performs auto-sensing of a document in a submitted job, it is RECOMMENDED that the
2634 Printer indicate to the user that such auto-sensing has occurred and which document-format was auto-
2635 sensed by printing that information on the job's job-start-sheet.

2636 **4.1.10 'octetString'**

2637 The 'octetString' attribute syntax is a sequence of octets encoded in a maximum of 1023 octets which is
2638 indicated in sub-section headers using the notation: octetString(MAX). This syntax type is used for opaque
2639 data.

2640 **4.1.11 'boolean'**

2641 The 'boolean' attribute syntax has only two values: 'true' and 'false'.

2642 **4.1.12 'integer'**

2643 The 'integer' attribute syntax is an integer value that is in the range from -2^{31} (MIN) to $2^{31} - 1$ (MAX).
2644 Each individual attribute may specify the range constraint explicitly in sub-section headers if the range is
2645 different from the full range of possible integer values. For example: job-priority (integer(1:100)) for the
2646 "job-priority" attribute. However, the enforcement of that additional constraint is up to the IPP objects, not
2647 the protocol.

2648 **4.1.13 'rangeOfInteger'**

2649 The 'rangeOfInteger' attribute syntax is an ordered pair of integers that defines an inclusive range of integer
2650 values. The first integer specifies the lower bound and the second specifies the upper bound. If a range

2651 constraint is specified in the header description for an attribute in this document whose attribute syntax is
2652 'rangeOfInteger' (i.e., 'X:Y' indicating X as a minimum value and Y as a maximum value), then the
2653 constraint applies to both integers.

2654 **4.1.14 'dateTime'**

2655 The 'dateTime' attribute syntax is a standard, fixed length, 11 octet representation of the "DateAndTime"
2656 syntax as defined in RFC 2579 [RFC2579]. RFC 2579 also identifies an 8 octet representation of a
2657 "DateAndTime" value, but IPP objects **MUST** use the 11 octet representation. A user interface will provide
2658 a mapping between protocol dateTime values and displayable user-friendly words or presentation values
2659 and phrases which are localized to the natural language and date format of the user, including time zone.

2660 **4.1.15 'resolution'**

2661 The 'resolution' attribute syntax specifies a two-dimensional resolution in the indicated units. It consists of
2662 3 values: a cross feed direction resolution (positive integer value), a feed direction resolution (positive
2663 integer value), and a units value. The semantics of these three components are taken from the Printer MIB
2664 [RFC1759] suggested values. That is, the cross feed direction component resolution component is the same
2665 as the prtMarkerAddressabilityXFeedDir object in the Printer MIB, the feed direction component resolution
2666 component is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityFeedDir in the Printer MIB, and the units component
2667 is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityUnit object in the Printer MIB (namely, '3' indicates dots per inch
2668 and '4' indicates dots per centimeter). All three values **MUST** be present even if the first two values are the
2669 same. Example: '300', '600', '3' indicates a 300 dpi cross-feed direction resolution, a 600 dpi feed direction
2670 resolution, since a '3' indicates dots per inch (dpi).

2671 **4.1.16 '1setOf X'**

2672 The '1setOf X' attribute syntax is 1 or more values of attribute syntax type X. This syntax type is used for
2673 multi-valued attributes. The syntax type is called '1setOf' rather than just 'setOf' as a reminder that the set
2674 of values **MUST NOT** be empty (i.e., a set of size 0). Sets are normally unordered. However each attribute
2675 description of this type may specify that the values **MUST** be in a certain order for that attribute.

2676 **4.2 Job Template Attributes**

2677 Job Template attributes describe job processing behavior. Support for Job Template attributes by a Printer
2678 object is **OPTIONAL** (see section 12.2.3 for a description of support for **OPTIONAL** attributes). Also,
2679 clients **OPTIONALLY** supply Job Template attributes in create requests.

2680 Job Template attributes conform to the following rules. For each Job Template attribute called "xxx":

- 2681 1. If the Printer object supports "xxx" then it **MUST** support both a "xxx-default" attribute (unless there
2682 is a "No" in the table below) and a "xxx-supported" attribute. If the Printer object doesn't support
2683 "xxx", then it **MUST** support neither an "xxx-default" attribute nor an "xxx-supported" attribute,
2684 and it **MUST** treat an attribute "xxx" supplied by a client as unsupported. An attribute "xxx" may be

2685 supported for some document formats and not supported for other document formats. For example,
2686 it is expected that a Printer object would only support "orientation-requested" for some document
2687 formats (such as 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but not others (such as 'application/postscript').
2688

- 2689 2. "xxx" is OPTIONALLY supplied by the client in a create request. If "xxx" is supplied, the client is
2690 indicating a desired job processing behavior for this Job. When "xxx" is not supplied, the client is
2691 indicating that the Printer object apply its default job processing behavior at job processing time if
2692 the document content does not contain an embedded instruction indicating an xxx-related behavior.
2693

2694 Since an administrator MAY change the default value attribute after a Job object has been submitted
2695 but before it has been processed, the default value used by the Printer object at job processing time
2696 may be different that the default value in effect at job submission time.
2697

- 2698 3. The "xxx-supported" attribute is a Printer object attribute that describes which job processing
2699 behaviors are supported by that Printer object. A client can query the Printer object to find out what
2700 xxx-related behaviors are supported by inspecting the returned values of the "xxx-supported"
2701 attribute.
2702

2703 Note: The "xxx" in each "xxx-supported" attribute name is singular, even though an "xxx-
2704 supported" attribute usually has more than one value, such as "job-sheet-supported", unless the
2705 "xxx" Job Template attribute is plural, such as "finishings" or "sides". In such cases the "xxx-
2706 supported" attribute names are: "finishings-supported" and "sides-supported".
2707

- 2708 4. The "xxx-default" default value attribute describes what will be done at job processing time when no
2709 other job processing information is supplied by the client (either explicitly as an IPP attribute in the
2710 create request or implicitly as an embedded instruction within the document data).
2711

2712 If an application wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the
2713 application SHOULD query the Printer object for its supported value attributes. The application SHOULD
2714 also query the default value attributes. If the application then limits selectable values to only those value
2715 that are supported, the application can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the create request
2716 all fall within the set of supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the client MAY
2717 enumerate each attribute by name in the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY just name the
2718 "job-template" group in order to get the complete set of supported attributes (both supported and default
2719 attributes).

2720 The "finishings" attribute is an example of a Job Template attribute. It can take on a set of values such as
2721 'staple', 'punch', and/or 'cover'. A client can query the Printer object for the "finishings-supported" attribute
2722 and the "finishings-default" attribute. The supported attribute contains a set of supported values. The
2723 default value attribute contains the finishing value(s) that will be used for a new Job if the client does not
2724 supply a "finishings" attribute in the create request and the document data does not contain any
2725 corresponding finishing instructions. If the client does supply the "finishings" attribute in the create
2726 request, the IPP object validates the value or values to make sure that they are a subset of the supported
2727 values identified in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute. See section 3.1.7.

2728 The table below summarizes the names and relationships for all Job Template attributes. The first column
2729 of the table (labeled "Job Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Job
2730 object. These are the attributes that can optionally be supplied by the client in a create request. The last
2731 two columns (labeled "Printer: Default Value Attribute" and "Printer: Supported Values Attribute") shows
2732 the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Printer object (the default value attribute and the
2733 supported values attribute). A "No" in the table means the Printer MUST NOT support the attribute (that is,
2734 the attribute is simply not applicable). For brevity in the table, the 'text' and 'name' entries do not show the
2735 maximum length for each attribute.

2736	+=====+		
2737	Job Attribute	Printer: Default Value	Printer: Supported
2738		Attribute	Values Attribute
2739	+=====+		
2740	job-priority	job-priority-default	job-priority-supported
2741	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)
2742	+-----+		
2743	job-hold-until	job-hold-until-	job-hold-until-
2744	(type3 keyword	default	supported
2745	name)	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2746		name)	type3 keyword name))
2747	+-----+		
2748	job-sheets	job-sheets-default	job-sheets-supported
2749	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2750	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2751	+-----+		
2752	multiple-document-	multiple-document-	multiple-document-
2753	handling	handling-default	handling-supported
2754	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2755	+-----+		
2756	copies	copies-default	copies-supported
2757	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(rangeOfInteger
2758			(1:MAX))
2759	+-----+		
2760	finishings	finishings-default	finishings-supported
2761	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2762	+-----+		
2763	page-ranges	No	page-ranges-
2764	(1setOf		supported (boolean)
2765	rangeOfInteger		
2766	(1:MAX))		
2767	+-----+		
2768	sides	sides-default	sides-supported
2769	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2770	+-----+		
2771	number-up	number-up-default	number-up-supported
2772	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(1setOf (integer
2773			(1:MAX)
2774			rangeOfInteger
2775			(1:MAX))
2776	+-----+		
2777	orientation-	orientation-requested-	orientation-requested-
2778	requested	default	supported
2779	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2780	+-----+		
2781	media	media-default	media-supported
2782	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2783	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2784			

2785			media-ready
2786			(1setOf (
2787			type3 keyword name))
2788	+-----+-----+-----+		
2789	printer-resolution	printer-resolution-	printer-resolution-
2790	(resolution)	default	supported
2791		(resolution)	(1setOf resolution)
2792	+-----+-----+-----+		
2793	print-quality	print-quality-default	print-quality-
2794	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	supported
2795			(1setOf type2 enum)
2796	+-----+-----+-----+		
2797			
2798			

2799 4.2.1 job-priority (integer(1:100))

2800 This attribute specifies a priority for scheduling the Job. A higher value specifies a higher priority. The
 2801 value 1 indicates the lowest possible priority. The value 100 indicates the highest possible priority. Among
 2802 those jobs that are ready to print, a Printer MUST print all jobs with a priority value of n before printing
 2803 those with a priority value of n-1 for all n.

2804 If the Printer object supports this attribute, it MUST always support the full range from 1 to 100. No
 2805 administrative restrictions are permitted. This way an end-user can always make full use of the entire range
 2806 with any Printer object. If privileged jobs are implemented outside IPP/1.1, they MUST have priorities
 2807 higher than 100, rather than restricting the range available to end-users.

2808 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer
 2809 object MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" at job submission time (unlike most
 2810 Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2811 The syntax for the "job-priority-supported" is also integer(1:100). This single integer value indicates the
 2812 number of priority levels supported. The Printer object MUST take the value supplied by the client and
 2813 map it to the closest integer in a sequence of n integers values that are evenly distributed over the range
 2814 from 1 to 100 using the formula:

2815
$$\text{roundToNearestInt}((100x+50)/n)$$

2816 where n is the value of "job-priority-supported" and x ranges from 0 through n-1.

2817 For example, if n=1 the sequence of values is 50; if n=2, the sequence of values is: 25 and 75; if n = 3, the
 2818 sequence of values is: 17, 50 and 83; if n = 10, the sequence of values is: 5, 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 75, 85,
 2819 and 95; if n = 100, the sequence of values is: 1, 2, 3, ... 100.

2820 If the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-supported" is 10 and the client supplies values in the range 1
 2821 to 10, the Printer object maps them to 5, in the range 11 to 20, the Printer object maps them to 15, etc.

2822 4.2.2 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name (MAX))

2823 This attribute specifies the named time period during which the Job **MUST** become a candidate for printing.

2824 Standard keyword values for named time periods are:

2825 'no-hold': immediately, if there are not other reasons to hold the job

2826 'indefinite': - the job is held indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job (section 3.3.6)

2827 'day-time': during the day

2828 'evening': evening

2829 'night': night

2830 'weekend': weekend

2831 'second-shift': second-shift (after close of business)

2832 'third-shift': third-shift (after midnight)

2833

2834 An administrator **MUST** associate allowable print times with a named time period (by means outside the
2835 scope of this IPP/1.1 document). An administrator is encouraged to pick names that suggest the type of
2836 time period. An administrator **MAY** define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax,
2837 depending on implementation.

2838 If the value of this attribute specifies a time period that is in the future, the Printer **SHOULD** add the 'job-
2839 hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, **MUST** move the job to the 'pending-
2840 held' state, and **MUST NOT** schedule the job for printing until the specified time-period arrives.

2841 When the specified time period arrives, the Printer **MUST** remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from
2842 the job's "job-state-reason" attribute, if present. If there are no other job state reasons that keep the job in
2843 the 'pending-held' state, the Printer **MUST** consider the job as a candidate for processing by moving the job
2844 to the 'pending' state.

2845 If this job attribute value is the named value 'no-hold', or the specified time period has already started, the
2846 job **MUST** be a candidate for processing immediately.

2847 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer
2848 object **MUST** use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until-default" at job submission time (unlike
2849 most Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2850 4.2.3 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

2851 This attribute determines which job start/end sheet(s), if any, **MUST** be printed with a job.

2852 Standard keyword values are:

2853 'none': no job sheet is printed

2854 'standard': one or more site specific standard job sheets are printed, e.g. a single start sheet or both start
2855 and end sheet is printed

2856

2857 An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending
2858 on implementation.

2859 The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents MAY be affected by the "multiple-document-
2860 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4), depending on the job sheet semantics.

2861 **4.2.4 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)**

2862 This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents. This attribute MUST be
2863 supported if the Printer supports multiple documents per job (see sections 3.2.4 and 3.3.1). The attribute
2864 controls finishing operations and the placement of one or more print-stream pages into impressions and
2865 onto media sheets. When the value of the "copies" attribute exceeds 1, it also controls the order in which
2866 the copies that result from processing the documents are produced. For the purposes of this explanations, if
2867 "a" represents an instance of document data, then the result of processing the data in document "a" is a
2868 sequence of media sheets represented by "a(*)".

2869 Standard keyword values are:

2870 'single-document': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called a and b, then
2871 the result of processing all the document data (a and then b) MUST be treated as a single sequence
2872 of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, finishing would be performed on the concatenation
2873 of the sequences a(*),b(*). The Printer object MUST NOT force the data in each document instance
2874 to be formatted onto a new print-stream page, nor to start a new impression on a new media sheet. If
2875 more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the
2876 document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*), ..., and the Printer object MUST force each copy
2877 (a(*),b(*)) to start on a new media sheet.

2878 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data
2879 is called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated
2880 as a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would
2881 each be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the
2882 data in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering
2883 of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), a(*), ...,
2884 b(*), b(*)

2885 'separate-documents-collated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is
2886 called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated as
2887 a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would each
2888 be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the data
2889 in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of
2890 the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*),
2891

2892 'single-document-new-sheet': Same as 'single-document', except that the Printer object MUST ensure
2893 that the first impression of each document instance in the job is placed on a new media sheet. This
2894 value allows multiple documents to be stapled together with a single staple where each document
2895 starts on a new sheet.

2896

2897 The 'single-document' value is the same as 'separate-documents-collated-copies' with respect to ordering of
 2898 print-stream pages, but not media sheet generation, since 'single-document' will put the first page of the
 2899 next document on the back side of a sheet if an odd number of pages have been produced so far for the job,
 2900 while 'separate-documents-collated-copies' always forces the next document or document copy on to a new
 2901 sheet. In addition, if the "finishings" attribute specifies 'staple', then with 'single-document', documents a
 2902 and b are stapled together as a single document with no regard to new sheets, with 'single-document-new-
 2903 sheet', documents a and b are stapled together as a single document, but document b starts on a new sheet,
 2904 but with 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' and 'separate-documents-collated-copies', documents a and
 2905 b are stapled separately.

2906 Note: None of these values provide means to produce uncollated sheets within a document, i.e., where
 2907 multiple copies of sheet n are produced before sheet n+1 of the same document.

2908 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in
 2909 section 15.3.

2910 **4.2.5 copies (integer(1:MAX))**

2911 This attribute specifies the number of copies to be printed.

2912 On many devices the supported number of collated copies will be limited by the number of physical output
 2913 bins on the device, and may be different from the number of uncollated copies which can be supported.

2914 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 2915 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 2916 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2917 **4.2.6 finishings (1setOf type2 enum)**

2918 This attribute identifies the finishing operations that the Printer uses for each copy of each printed
 2919 document in the Job. For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute
 2920 determines what constitutes a "copy" for purposes of finishing.

2921 Standard enum values are:

2922 Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2923 '3'	'none': Perform no finishing
2924 '4'	'staple': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples. The exact number and placement of 2925 the staples is site-defined.
2926 '5'	'punch': This value indicates that holes are required in the finished document. The exact 2927 number and placement of the holes is site-defined. The punch specification MAY be 2928 satisfied (in a site- and implementation-specific manner) either by drilling/punching, 2929 or by substituting pre-drilled media. 2930

- 2931 '6' 'cover': This value is specified when it is desired to select a non-printed (or pre-printed)
2932 cover for the document. This does not supplant the specification of a printed cover
2933 (on cover stock medium) by the document itself.
- 2934 '7' 'bind': This value indicates that a binding is to be applied to the document; the type and
2935 placement of the binding is site-defined.
- 2936
- 2937 '8' 'saddle-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2938 middle fold. The exact number and placement of the staples and the middle fold is
2939 implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2940 '9' 'edge-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along one edge.
2941 The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-
2942 defined.
- 2943 '10'-'19' reserved for future generic finishing enum values.

2944 The following values are more specific; they indicate a corner or an edge as if the document were a portrait
2945 document (see below):

- 2946 '20' 'staple-top-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top left corner.
- 2947 '21' 'staple-bottom-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom left
2948 corner.
- 2949 '22' 'staple-top-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top right corner.
- 2950 '23' 'staple-bottom-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom right
2951 corner.
- 2952 '24' 'edge-stitch-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2953 left edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2954 site-defined.
- 2955 '25' 'edge-stitch-top': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2956 top edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2957 site-defined.
- 2958 '26' 'edge-stitch-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2959 right edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2960 site-defined.
- 2961 '27' 'edge-stitch-bottom': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along
2962 the bottom edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation
2963 and/or site-defined.
- 2964 '28' 'staple-dual-left': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the left edge
2965 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2966 '29' 'staple-dual-top': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the top edge
2967 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2968 '30' 'staple-dual-right': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the right
2969 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2970 '31' 'staple-dual-bottom': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the bottom
2971 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).

2972 The 'staple-xxx' values are specified with respect to the document as if the document were a portrait
2973 document. If the document is actually a landscape or a reverse-landscape document, the client supplies the
2974 appropriate transformed value. For example, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a

2975 landscape document when held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-bottom-left' value (since
2976 landscape is defined as a +90 degree rotation [of the image with respect to the media](#) from portrait, i.e., anti-
2977 clockwise). On the other hand, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a reverse-landscape
2978 document when held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-top-right' value (since reverse-landscape is
2979 defined as a -90 degree rotation [of the image with respect to the media](#) from portrait, i.e., clockwise).

2980 The angle (vertical, horizontal, angled) of each staple with respect to the document depends on the
2981 implementation which may in turn depend on the value of the attribute.

2982 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
2983 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
2984 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2985 If the client supplies a value of 'none' along with any other combination of values, it is the same as if only
2986 that other combination of values had been supplied (that is the 'none' value has no effect).

2987 **4.2.7 page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX))**

2988 This attribute identifies the range(s) of print-stream pages that the Printer object uses for each copy of each
2989 document which are to be printed. Nothing is printed for any pages identified that do not exist in the
2990 document(s). Ranges MUST be in ascending order, for example: 1-3, 5-7, 15-19 and MUST NOT overlap,
2991 so that a non-spooling Printer object can process the job in a single pass. If the ranges are not ascending or
2992 are overlapping, the IPP object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.
2993 The attribute is associated with print-stream pages not application-numbered pages (for example, the page
2994 numbers found in the headers and or footers for certain word processing applications).

2995 For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what constitutes
2996 a "copy" for purposes of the specified page range(s). When "multiple-document-handling" is 'single-
2997 document', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range once to the concatenation of the print-
2998 stream pages. For example, if there are 8 documents of 10 pages each, the page-range '41:60' prints the
2999 pages in the 5th and 6th documents as a single document and none of the pages of the other documents are
3000 printed. When "multiple-document-handling" is 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' or 'separate-
3001 documents-collated-copies', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range repeatedly to each
3002 document copy. For the same job, the page-range '1:3, 10:10' would print the first 3 pages and the 10th
3003 page of each of the 8 documents in the Job, as 8 separate documents.

3004 In most cases, the exact pages to be printed will be generated by a device driver and this attribute would not
3005 be required. However, when printing an archived document which has already been formatted, the end user
3006 may elect to print just a subset of the pages contained in the document. In this case, if page-range = n.m is
3007 specified, the first page to be printed will be page n. All subsequent pages of the document will be printed
3008 through and including page m.

3009 "page-ranges-supported" is a boolean value indicating whether or not the printer is capable of supporting
3010 the printing of page ranges. This capability may differ from one PDL to another. There is no "page-ranges-
3011 default" attribute. If the "page-ranges" attribute is not supplied by the client, all pages of the document will
3012 be printed.

3013 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 3014 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3015 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3016 **4.2.8 sides (type2 keyword)**

3017 This attribute specifies how print-stream pages are to be imposed upon the sides of an instance of a selected
 3018 medium, i.e., an impression.

3019 The standard keyword values are:

3020 'one-sided': imposes each consecutive print-stream page upon the same side of consecutive media
 3021 sheets.

3022 'two-sided-long-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides of
 3023 consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the medium
 3024 would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the long edge. This imposition is sometimes
 3025 called 'duplex' or 'head-to-head'.

3026 'two-sided-short-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides
 3027 of consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the
 3028 medium would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the short edge. This imposition is
 3029 sometimes called 'tumble' or 'head-to-toe'.

3030

3031 'two-sided-long-edge', 'two-sided-short-edge', 'tumble', and 'duplex' all work the same for portrait or
 3032 landscape. However 'head-to-toe' is 'tumble' in portrait but 'duplex' in landscape. 'head-to-head' also
 3033 switches between 'duplex' and 'tumble' when using portrait and landscape modes.

3034 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 3035 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3036 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3037 **4.2.9 number-up (integer(1:MAX))**

3038 This attribute specifies the number of print-stream pages to impose upon a single side of an instance of a
 3039 selected medium. For example, if the value is:

3040 Value	Description
3041 '1'	the Printer MUST place one print-stream page on a single side of an instance of the selected 3042 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3043 '2'	the Printer MUST place two print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the selected 3044 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3045 '4'	the Printer MUST place four print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the 3046 selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).

3047

3048 This attribute primarily controls the translation, scaling and rotation of print-stream pages.

3049

3050 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
3051 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
3052 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3053 **4.2.10 orientation-requested (type2 enum)**

3054 This attribute indicates the desired orientation for printed print-stream pages; it does not describe the
3055 orientation of the client-supplied print-stream pages.

3056 For some document formats (such as 'application/postscript'), the desired orientation of the print-stream
3057 pages is specified within the document data. This information is generated by a device driver prior to the
3058 submission of the print job. Other document formats (such as 'text/plain') do not include the notion of
3059 desired orientation within the document data. In the latter case it is possible for the Printer object to bind
3060 the desired orientation to the document data after it has been submitted. It is expected that a Printer object
3061 would only support "orientations-requested" for some document formats (e.g., 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but
3062 not others (e.g., 'application/postscript'). This is no different than any other Job Template attribute since
3063 section 4.2, item 1, points out that a Printer object may support or not support any Job Template attribute
3064 based on the document format supplied by the client. However, a special mention is made here since it is
3065 very likely that a Printer object will support "orientation-requested" for only a subset of the supported
3066 document formats.

3067 Standard enum values are:

3068	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3069		
3070	'3'	'portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.
3071	'4'	'landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Landscape is
3072		defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by +90 degrees with
3073		respect to the medium (i.e. anti-clockwise) from the portrait orientation. Note: The
3074		+90 direction was chosen because simple finishing on the long edge is the same edge
3075		whether portrait or landscape
3076	'5'	'reverse-landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium.
3077		Reverse-landscape is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged
3078		by -90 degrees with respect to the medium (i.e. clockwise) from the portrait
3079		orientation. Note: The 'reverse-landscape' value was added because some
3080		applications rotate landscape -90 degrees from portrait, rather than +90 degrees.
3081	'6'	'reverse-portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium. Reverse-
3082		portrait is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by 180
3083		degrees with respect to the medium from the portrait orientation. Note: The 'reverse-
3084		portrait' value was added for use with the "finishings" attribute in cases where the
3085		opposite edge is desired for finishing a portrait document on simple finishing devices
3086		that have only one finishing position. Thus a 'text/plain' portrait document can be
3087		stapled "on the right" by a simple finishing device as is common use with some
3088		middle eastern languages such as Hebrew.
3089		

3090 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
3091 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
3092 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3093 **4.2.11 media (type3 keyword | name(MAX))**

3094 This attribute identifies the medium that the Printer uses for all impressions of the Job.

3095 The values for "media" include medium-names, medium-sizes, input-trays and electronic forms so that one
3096 attribute specifies the media. If a Printer object supports a medium name as a value of this attribute, such a
3097 medium name implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the specified medium. If a Printer object
3098 supports a medium size as a value of this attribute, such a medium size implicitly selects a medium name
3099 that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium with the specified size. If a Printer
3100 object supports an input-tray as the value of this attribute, such an input-tray implicitly selects the medium
3101 that is in that input-tray at the time the job prints. This case includes manual-feed input-trays. If a Printer
3102 object supports an electronic form as the value of this attribute, such an electronic form implicitly selects a
3103 medium-name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium specified by the
3104 electronic form. The electronic form also implicitly selects an image that the Printer MUST merge with the
3105 document data as it prints each page.

3106 Standard keyword values are taken from ISO DPA [ISO10175], the Printer MIB [RFC1759], and ASME-
3107 Y14.1M [ASME-Y14.1M] and are listed in section 14. An administrator MAY define additional values
3108 using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on implementation.

3109 There is also an additional Printer attribute named "media-ready" which differs from "media-supported" in
3110 that legal values only include the subset of "media-supported" values that are physically loaded and ready
3111 for printing with no operator intervention required. If an IPP object supports "media-supported", it NEED
3112 NOT support "media-ready".

3113 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in
3114 section 15.3.

3115 **4.2.12 printer-resolution (resolution)**

3116 This attribute identifies the resolution that Printer uses for the Job.

3117 **4.2.13 print-quality (type2 enum)**

3118 This attribute specifies the print quality that the Printer uses for the Job.

3119 The standard enum values are:

3120	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3121		
3122	'3'	'draft': lowest quality available on the printer
3123	'4'	'normal': normal or intermediate quality on the printer

3124 '5' 'high': highest quality available on the printer
3125

3126 **4.3 Job Description Attributes**

3127 The attributes in this section form the attribute group called "job-description". The following table
3128 summarizes these attributes. The third column indicates whether the attribute is a REQUIRED attribute
3129 that MUST be supported by Printer objects. If it is not indicated as REQUIRED, then it is OPTIONAL.
3130 The maximum size in octets for 'text' and 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

	Attribute	Syntax	REQUIRED?
3131			
3132	Attribute	Syntax	REQUIRED?
3133			
3134	job-uri	uri	REQUIRED
3135			
3136	job-id	integer(1:MAX)	REQUIRED
3137			
3138	job-printer-uri	uri	REQUIRED
3139			
3140	job-more-info	uri	
3141			
3142	job-name	name (MAX)	REQUIRED
3143			
3144	job-originating-user-name	name (MAX)	REQUIRED
3145			
3146	job-state	type1 enum	REQUIRED
3147			
3148	job-state-reasons	1setOf type2 keyword	REQUIRED
3149			
3150	job-state-message	text (MAX)	
3151			
3152	job-detailed-status- messages	1setOf text (MAX)	
3153			
3154			
3155	job-document-access-errors	1setOf text (MAX)	
3156			
3157	number-of-documents	integer (0:MAX)	
3158			
3159	output-device-assigned	name (127)	
3160			
3161	time-at-creation	integer (MIN:MAX)	REQUIRED
3162			
3163	time-at-processing	integer (MIN:MAX)	REQUIRED
3164			
3165	time-at-completed	integer (MIN:MAX)	REQUIRED
3166			
3167	job-printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED
3168			
3169	date-time-at-creation	dateTime	
3170			
3171	date-time-at-processing	dateTime	
3172			
3173	date-time-at-completed	dateTime	
3174			
3175	number-of-intervening-jobs	integer (0:MAX)	
3176			
3177	job-message-from-operator	text (127)	
3178			
3179	job-k-octets	integer (0:MAX)	

3180	+-----+-----+-----+
3181	job-impressions integer (0:MAX)
3182	+-----+-----+-----+
3183	job-media-sheets integer (0:MAX)
3184	+-----+-----+-----+
3185	job-k-octets-processed integer (0:MAX)
3186	+-----+-----+-----+
3187	job-impressions-completed integer (0:MAX)
3188	+-----+-----+-----+
3189	job-media-sheets-completed integer (0:MAX)
3190	+-----+-----+-----+
3191	attributes-charset charset REQUIRED
3192	+-----+-----+-----+
3193	attributes-natural-language naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3194	+-----+-----+-----+
3195	
3196	

3197 4.3.1 job-uri (uri)

3198 This REQUIRED attribute contains the URI for the job. The Printer object, on receipt of a new job,
 3199 generates a URI which identifies the new Job. The Printer object returns the value of the "job-uri" attribute
 3200 as part of the response to a create request. The precise format of a Job URI is implementation dependent.
 3201 If the Printer object supports more than one URI and there is some relationship between the newly formed
 3202 Job URI and the Printer object's URI, the Printer object uses the Printer URI supplied by the client in the
 3203 create request. For example, if the create request comes in over a secure channel, the new Job URI MUST
 3204 use the same secure channel. This can be guaranteed because the Printer object is responsible for
 3205 generating the Job URI and the Printer object is aware of its security configuration and policy as well as the
 3206 Printer URI used in the create request.

3207 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-id" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the
 3208 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3209 4.3.2 job-id (integer(1:MAX))

3210 This REQUIRED attribute contains the ID of the job. The Printer, on receipt of a new job, generates an ID
 3211 which identifies the new Job on that Printer. The Printer returns the value of the "job-id" attribute as part of
 3212 the response to a create request. The 0 value is not included to allow for compatibility with SNMP index
 3213 values which also cannot be 0.

3214 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the
 3215 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3216 4.3.3 job-printer-uri (uri)

3217 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Job object. When a Printer object
 3218 creates a Job object, it populates this attribute with the Printer object URI that was used in the create

3219 request. This attribute permits a client to identify the Printer object that created this Job object when only
3220 the Job object's URI is available to the client. The client queries the creating Printer object to determine
3221 which languages, charsets, operations, are supported for this Job.

3222 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute, see the discussion in
3223 section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3224 **4.3.4 job-more-info (uri)**

3225 Similar to "printer-more-info", this attribute contains the URI referencing some resource with more
3226 information about this Job object, perhaps an HTML page containing information about the Job.

3227 **4.3.5 job-name (name(MAX))**

3228 This REQUIRED attribute is the name of the job. It is a name that is more user friendly than the "job-uri"
3229 attribute value. It does not need to be unique between Jobs. The Job's "job-name" attribute is set to the
3230 value supplied by the client in the "job-name" operation attribute in the create request (see Section 3.2.1.1).
3231 If, however, the "job-name" operation attribute is not supplied by the client in the create request, the Printer
3232 object, on creation of the Job, MUST generate a name. The printer SHOULD generate the value of the
3233 Job's "job-name" attribute from the first of the following sources that produces a value: 1) the "document-
3234 name" operation attribute of the first (or only) document, 2) the "document-URI" attribute of the first (or
3235 only) document, or 3) any other piece of Job specific and/or Document Content information.

3236 **4.3.6 job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))**

3237 This REQUIRED attribute contains the name of the end user that submitted the print job. The Printer
3238 object sets this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the authentication
3239 service over which the IPP operation was received. Only if such is not available, does the Printer object use
3240 the value supplied by the client in the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute of the create operation
3241 (see Sections 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8).

3242 Note: The Printer object needs to keep an internal originating user id of some form, typically as a credential
3243 of a principal, with the Job object. Since such an internal attribute is implementation-dependent and not of
3244 interest to clients, it is not specified as a Job Description attribute. This originating user id is used for
3245 authorization checks (if any) on all subsequent operations.

3246 **4.3.7 job-state (type1 enum)**

3247 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the current state of the job. Even though the IPP protocol defines
3248 seven values for job states (plus the out-of-band 'unknown' value - see Section 4.1), implementations only
3249 need to support those states which are appropriate for the particular implementation. In other words, a
3250 Printer supports only those job states implemented by the output device and available to the Printer object
3251 implementation.

3252 Standard enum values are:

3253	Values	Symbolic Name and Description
3254		
3255	'3'	'pending': The job is a candidate to start processing, but is not yet processing.
3256		
3257	'4'	'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but will return to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a candidate for processing.
3258		
3259		
3260		
3261		
3262	'5'	'processing': One or more of:
3263		
3264		1. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more purely software processes that are analyzing, creating, or interpreting a PDL, etc.,
3265		2. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more hardware devices that are interpreting a PDL, making marks on a medium, and/or performing finishing, such as stapling, etc.,
3266		3. the Printer object has made the job ready for printing, but the output device is not yet printing it, either because the job hasn't reached the output device or because the job is queued in the output device or some other spooler, awaiting the output device to print it.
3267		
3268		
3269		
3270		
3271		
3272		
3273		
3274		When the job is in the 'processing' state, the entire job state includes the detailed status represented in the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons", and "printer-state-message" attributes.
3275		
3276		
3277		Implementations MAY, though they NEED NOT, include additional values in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate the progress of the job, such as adding the 'job-printing' value to indicate when the output device is actually making marks on paper and/or the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to indicate that the IPP object is in the process of canceling or aborting the job. Most implementations won't bother with this nuance.
3278		
3279		
3280		
3281		
3282		
3283		
3284	'6'	'processing-stopped': The job has stopped while processing for any number of reasons and will return to the 'processing' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present.
3285		
3286		
3287		The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MAY indicate why the job has stopped processing. For example, if the output device is stopped, the 'printer-stopped' value MAY be included in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.
3288		
3289		
3290		
3291		Note: When an output device is stopped, the device usually indicates its condition in human readable form locally at the device. A client can obtain more complete device status remotely by querying the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons" and "printer-state-message" attributes.
3292		
3293		
3294		

3295

'7' 'canceled': The job has been canceled by a Cancel-Job operation and the Printer object has completed canceling the job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. While the Printer object is canceling the job, the job remains in its current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' value and one of the 'canceled-by-user', 'canceled-by-operator', or 'canceled-at-device' value. When the job moves to the 'canceled' state, the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'canceled-by-xxx', if present, MUST remain.

3304

'8' 'aborted': The job has been aborted by the system, usually while the job was in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state and the Printer has completed aborting the job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. While the Printer object is aborting the job, the job remains in its current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' and 'aborted-by-system' values. When the job moves to the 'aborted' state, the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'aborted-by-system' value, if present, MUST remain.

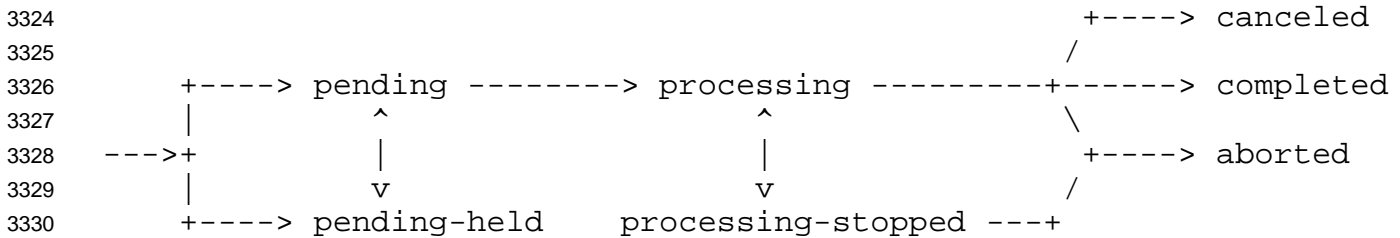
3313

'9' 'completed': The job has completed successfully or with warnings or errors after processing and all of the job media sheets have been successfully stacked in the appropriate output bin(s) and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. The job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain one of: 'completed-successfully', 'completed-with-warnings', or 'completed-with-errors' values.

3319

The final value for this attribute MUST be one of: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' before the Printer removes the job altogether. The length of time that jobs remain in the 'canceled', 'aborted', and 'completed' states depends on implementation. See section 4.3.7.2.

The following figure shows the normal job state transitions.



Normally a job progresses from left to right. Other state transitions are unlikely, but are not forbidden. Not shown are the transitions to the 'canceled' state from the 'pending', 'pending-held', and 'processing-stopped' states.

3335 Jobs reach one of the three terminal states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', after the jobs have
3336 completed all activity, including stacking output media, after the jobs have completed all activity, and all
3337 job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.

3338 **4.3.7.1 Forwarding Servers**

3339 As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation cannot determine the correct value for this attribute,
3340 it SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to guess at some
3341 possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the Job object. For
3342 example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system from which it can normally get
3343 status, but temporarily is unable, then the implementation should return the 'unknown' value. However, if
3344 the implementation is a gateway to a printing system that never provides detailed status about the print job,
3345 the implementation MAY set the IPP Job object's state to 'completed', provided that it also sets the 'queued-
3346 in-device' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8).

3347 **4.3.7.2 Partitioning of Job States**

3348 This section partitions the 7 job states into phases: Job Not Completed, Job Retention, Job History, and Job
3349 Removal. This section also explains the 'job-restartable' value of the "job-state-reasons" Job Description
3350 attribute for use with the Restart-Job operation.

3351 Job Not Completed: When a job is in the 'pending', 'pending-held', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped'
3352 states, the job is not completed.

3353 Job Retention: When a job enters one of the three terminal job states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted',
3354 the IPP Printer object MAY "retain" the job in a restartable condition for an implementation-defined time
3355 period. This time period MAY be zero seconds and MAY depend on the terminal job state. This phase is
3356 called Job Retention. While in the Job Retention phase, the job's document data is retained and a client
3357 may restart the job using the Restart-Job operation. If the IPP object supports the Restart-Job operation,
3358 then it SHOULD indicate that the job is restartable by adding the 'job-restartable' value to the job's "job-
3359 state-reasons" attribute (see Section 4.3.8) during the Job Retention phase.

3360 Job History: After the Job Retention phase expires for a job, the Printer object deletes the document data
3361 for the job and the job becomes part of the Job History. The Printer object MAY also delete any number of
3362 the job attributes. Since the job is no longer restartable, the Printer object MUST remove the 'job-
3363 restartable' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present.

3364 Job Removal: After the job has remained in the Job History for an implementation-defined time, such as
3365 when the number of jobs exceeds a fixed number or after a fixed time period (which MAY be zero
3366 seconds), the IPP Printer removes the job from the system.

3367 Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the 'not-completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation
3368 attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the Job Not Completed phase. Using the Get-Jobs operation and
3369 supplying the 'completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the
3370 Job Retention and Job History phases. Using the Get-Job-Attributes operation, a client is requesting a job

3371 in any phase except Job Removal. After Job Removal, the Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations no
3372 longer are capable of returning any information about a job.

3373 **4.3.8 job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3374 This REQUIRED attribute provides additional information about the job's current state, i.e., information
3375 that augments the value of the job's "job-state" attribute.

3376 These values MAY be used with any job state or states for which the reason makes sense. Some of these
3377 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL. Furthermore, when
3378 implemented, the Printer MUST return these values when the reason applies and MUST NOT return them
3379 when the reason no longer applies whether the value of the Job's "job-state" attribute changed or not. When
3380 the Job does not have any reasons for being in its current state, the value of the Job's "job-state-reasons"
3381 attribute MUST be 'none'.

3382 Note: While values cannot be added to the 'job-state' attribute without impacting deployed clients that take
3383 actions upon receiving "job-state" values, it is the intent that additional "job-state-reasons" values can be
3384 defined and registered without impacting such deployed clients. In other words, the "job-state-reasons"
3385 attribute is intended to be extensible.

3386 The following standard keyword values are defined. For ease of understanding, the values are presented in
3387 the order in which the reasons are likely to occur (if implemented), starting with the 'job-incoming' value:

3388 'none': There are no reasons for the job's current state. This state reason is semantically equivalent to
3389 "job-state-reasons" without any value and MUST be used when there is no other value, since the
3390 1setOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3391 'job-incoming': Either (1) the Printer has accepted the Create-Job operation and is expecting additional
3392 Send-Document and/or Send-URI operations, or (2) the Printer is retrieving/accepting document
3393 data as a result of a Print-Job, Print-URI, Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

3394 'job-data-insufficient': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is
3395 expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. If a Printer
3396 starts processing before it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient'
3397 reason, but the 'job-incoming' remains. If a Printer starts processing after it has received all data, the
3398 Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient' reason and the 'job-incoming' at the same time.

3399 'document-access-error': After accepting a Print-URI or Send-URI request, the Printer could not access
3400 one or more documents passed by reference. This reason is intended to cover any file access
3401 problem, including file does not exist and access denied because of an access control problem. The
3402 Printer MAY also indicate the document access error using the "job-document-access-errors" Job
3403 Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). Whether the Printer aborts the job and moves the job to
3404 the 'aborted' job state or prints all documents that are accessible and moves the job to the 'completed'
3405 job state and adds the 'completed-with-errors' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute depends
3406 on implementation and/or site policy. This value SHOULD be supported if the Print-URI or Send-
3407 URI operations are supported.

3408 'submission-interrupted': The job was not completely submitted for some unforeseen reason, such as:
3409 (1) the Printer has crashed before the job was closed by the client, (2) the Printer or the document
3410 transfer method has crashed in some non-recoverable way before the document data was entirely

3411 transferred to the Printer, (3) the client crashed or failed to close the job before the time-out period.

3412 See section 4.4.31.

3413 'job-outgoing': The Printer is transmitting the job to the output device.

3414 'job-hold-until-specified': The value of the job's "job-hold-until" attribute was specified with a time
3415 period that is still in the future. The job MUST NOT be a candidate for processing until this reason
3416 is removed and there are no other reasons to hold the job. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3417 "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute is supported.

3418 'resources-are-not-ready': At least one of the resources needed by the job, such as media, fonts, resource
3419 objects, etc., is not ready on any of the physical printer's for which the job is a candidate. This
3420 condition MAY be detected when the job is accepted, or subsequently while the job is pending or
3421 processing, depending on implementation. The job may remain in its current state or be moved to
3422 the 'pending-held' state, depending on implementation and/or job scheduling policy.

3423 'printer-stopped-partly': The value of the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains the value
3424 'stopped-partly'.

3425 'printer-stopped': The value of the Printer's "printer-state" attribute is 'stopped'.

3426 'job-interpreting': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting the
3427 document data.

3428 'job-queued': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer has queued the document
3429 data.

3430 'job-transforming': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting
3431 document data and producing another electronic representation.

3432 'job-queued-for-marker': Job is in any of the 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' states, but more
3433 specifically, the Printer has completed enough processing of the document to be able to start
3434 marking and the job is waiting for the marker. Systems that require human intervention to release
3435 jobs using the Release-Job operation, put the job into the 'pending-held' job state. Systems that
3436 automatically select a job to use the marker put the job into the 'pending' job state or keep the job in
3437 the 'processing' job state while waiting for the marker, depending on implementation. All
3438 implementations put the job into (or back into) the 'processing' state when marking does begin.

3439 'job-printing': The output device is marking media. This value is useful for Printers which spend a great
3440 deal of time processing (1) when no marking is happening and then want to show that marking is
3441 now happening or (2) when the job is in the process of being canceled or aborted while the job
3442 remains in the 'processing' state, but the marking has not yet stopped so that impression or sheet
3443 counts are still increasing for the job.

3444 'job-canceled-by-user': The job was canceled by the owner of the job using the Cancel-Job request, i.e.,
3445 by a user whose authenticated identity is the same as the value of the originating user that created
3446 the Job object, or by some other authorized end-user, such as a member of the job owner's security
3447 group. This value SHOULD be supported.

3448 'job-canceled-by-operator': The job was canceled by the operator using the Cancel-Job request, i.e., by a
3449 user who has been authenticated as having operator privileges (whether local or remote). If the
3450 security policy is to allow anyone to cancel anyone's job, then this value may be used when the job
3451 is canceled by other than the owner of the job. For such a security policy, in effect, everyone is an
3452 operator as far as canceling jobs with IPP is concerned. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3453 implementation permits canceling by other than the owner of the job.

3454 'job-canceled-at-device': The job was canceled by an unidentified local user, i.e., a user at a console at
3455 the device. This value SHOULD be supported if the implementation supports canceling jobs at the
3456 console.

3457 'aborted-by-system': The job (1) is in the process of being aborted, (2) has been aborted by the system
3458 and placed in the 'aborted' state, or (3) has been aborted by the system and placed in the 'pending-
3459 held' state, so that a user or operator can manually try the job again. This value SHOULD be
3460 supported.

3461 'unsupported-compression': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer determined while
3462 attempting to decompress the document-data's that the compression is actually not among those
3463 supported by the Printer. This value MUST be supported, since "compressions is a REQUIRED
3464 operation attribute.

3465 'compression-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in the
3466 document-data while decompressing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has
3467 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-compression' job-state-reason.

3468 'unsupported-document-format': The job was aborted by the system because the document-data's
3469 document-format is not among those supported by the Printer. If the client specifies the document-
3470 format as 'application/octet-stream', the printer MAY abort the job and post this reason even though
3471 the format is a member of the "document-format-supported" printer attribute, but not among the
3472 auto-sensed document-formats. This value MUST be supported, since "document-format" is a
3473 REQUIRED operation attribute.

3474 'document-format-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in
3475 the document-data while processing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has
3476 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-document-format' job-state-reason.

3477 'processing-to-stop-point': The requester has issued a Cancel-Job operation or the Printer object has
3478 aborted the job, but is still performing some actions on the job until a specified stop point occurs or
3479 job termination/cleanup is completed.

3480 If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or
3481 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST use this value to indicate that the Printer object
3482 is still performing some actions on the job while the job remains in the 'processing' or 'processing-
3483 stopped' state. After all the job's job description attributes have stopped incrementing, the Printer
3484 object moves the job from the 'processing' state to the 'canceled' or 'aborted' job states.

3485 'service-off-line': The Printer is off-line and accepting no jobs. All 'pending' jobs are put into the
3486 'pending-held' state. This situation could be true if the service's or document transform's input is
3487 impaired or broken.

3488 'job-completed-successfully': The job completed successfully. This value SHOULD be supported.

3489 'job-completed-with-warnings': The job completed with warnings. This value SHOULD be supported
3490 if the implementation detects warnings.

3491 'job-completed-with-errors': The job completed with errors (and possibly warnings too). This value
3492 SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors.

3493 'job-restartable' - This job is retained (see section 4.3.7.2) and is currently able to be restarted using the
3494 Restart-Job operation (see section 3.3.7). If 'job-restartable' is a value of the job's 'job-state-reasons'
3495 attribute, then the IPP object MUST accept a Restart-Job operation for that job. This value
3496 SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported.

3497 'queued-in-device': The job has been forwarded to a device or print system that is unable to send back
3498 status. The Printer sets the job's "job-state" attribute to 'completed' and adds the 'queued-in-device'
3499 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate that the Printer has no additional
3500 information about the job and never will have any better information. See section 4.3.7.1.

3501 **4.3.9 job-state-message (text(MAX))**

3502 This attribute specifies information about the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes in human
3503 readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate this
3504 message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-supported"
3505 attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section 3.1.4.1).

3506 The value SHOULD NOT contain additional information not contained in the values of the "job-state" and
3507 "job-states-reasons" attributes, such as interpreter error information. Otherwise, application programs
3508 might attempt to parse the (localized text). For such additional information such as interpreter errors for
3509 application program consumption or specific document access errors, new attributes with keyword values,
3510 needs to be developed and registered.

3511 **4.3.10 job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX))**

3512 This attribute specifies additional detailed and technical information about the job. ~~Neither~~The Printer ~~nor~~
3513 ~~the client~~**NEED NOT** localizes the message(s), since they are intended for use by the system administrator
3514 or other experienced technical persons. **Localization might obscure the technical meaning of such**
3515 **messages.** Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See "job-document-access-
3516 errors" (section 4.3.11) for additional errors that a program can process.

3517 **4.3.11 job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))**

3518 This attribute provides additional information about each document access error for this job encountered by
3519 the Printer after it returned a response to the Print-URI or Send-URI operation and subsequently attempted
3520 to access document(s) supplied in the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. For errors in the protocol that is
3521 identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri" operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code
3522 is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI. For example:

3523 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf
3524

3525 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
3526 decimal.

3527 **4.3.12 number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))**

3528 This attribute indicates the number of documents in the job, i.e., the number of Send-Document, Send-URI,
3529 Print-Job, or Print-URI operations that the Printer has accepted for this job, regardless of whether the
3530 document data has reached the Printer object or not.

3531 Implementations supporting the OPTIONAL Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI operations SHOULD
3532 support this attribute so that clients can query the number of documents in each job.

3533 4.3.13 output-device-assigned (name(127))

3534 This attribute identifies the output device to which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an output
3535 device implements an embedded Printer object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print
3536 server implements a Printer object, the value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the
3537 Printer object assigns an output device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer
3538 object supports multiple devices (so called "fan-out" - see section 2.1).

3539 4.3.14 Event Time Job Description Attributes

3540 This section defines the Job Description attributes that indicate the time at which certain events occur for a
3541 job. If the job event has not yet occurred, then the IPP object MUST return the 'no-value' out-of-band value
3542 (see the beginning of Section 4.1). The "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes represent time as an 'integer'
3543 representing the number of seconds since the device was powered up (informally called "time ticks"). The
3544 "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" attributes represent time as 'dateTime' representing date and time (including
3545 an offset from UTC).

3546 In order to populate these attributes, the Printer object copies the value(s) of the following Printer
3547 Description attributes at the time the event occurs:

- 3548 1. the value in the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute for the "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes
- 3549 2. the value in the Printer's "printer-current-time" attribute for the "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)"
3550 attributes.

3551 If the Printer resets its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on power-up (see section 4.4.29) and has persistent
3552 jobs, then it MUST change all of jobs' "time-at-xxx(integer)" (time tick) job attributes whose events have
3553 occurred either to:

- 3554 1. 0 to indicate that the event happened before the most recent power up OR
- 3555 2. the negative of the number of seconds before the most recent power-up that the event took place,
3556 though the negative number NEED NOT reflect the exact number of seconds.

3557 If a client queries a "time-at-xxx(integer)" time tick Job attribute and finds the value to be 0 or negative, the
3558 client MUST assume that the event occurred in some life other than the Printer's current life.

3559 Note: A Printer does not change the values of any "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" job attributes on power-up.

3560 4.3.14.1 time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX))

3561 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object was created.

3562 4.3.14.2 time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX))

3563 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3564 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation. The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job
3565 has not yet been in the 'processing' state (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3566 4.3.14.3 time-at-completed (integer(MIN:MAX))

3567 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object completed (or was canceled or
3568 aborted). The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet completed, been canceled, or
3569 aborted (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3570 4.3.14.4 job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

3571 This REQUIRED Job Description attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that the Printer
3572 implementation has been up and running. This attribute is an alias for the "printer-up-time" Printer
3573 Description attribute (see Section 4.4.29).

3574 A client MAY request this attribute in a Get-Job-Attributes or Get-Jobs request and use the value returned
3575 in combination with other requested Event Time Job Description Attributes in order to display time
3576 attributes to a user. The difference between this attribute and the 'integer' value of a "time-at-xxx" attribute
3577 is the number of seconds ago that the "time-at-xxx" event occurred. A client can compute the wall-clock
3578 time at which the "time-at-xxx" event occurred by subtracting this difference from the client's wall-clock
3579 time.

3580 4.3.14.5 date-time-at-creation (dateTime)

3581 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object was created.

3582 4.3.14.6 date-time-at-processing (dateTime)

3583 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3584 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation.

3585 4.3.14.7 date-time-at-completed (dateTime)

3586 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object completed (or was canceled or aborted).

3587

3588 4.3.15 number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))

3589 This attribute indicates the number of jobs that are "ahead" of this job in the relative chronological order of
3590 expected time to complete (i.e., the current scheduled order). For efficiency, it is only necessary to calculate
3591 this value when an operation is performed that requests this attribute.

3592 4.3.16 job-message-from-operator (text(127))

3593 This attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to indicate
3594 to the end user the reasons for modification or other management action taken on a job.

3595 4.3.17 Job Size Attributes

3596 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the size of the job. These attributes are not intended to
3597 be counters; they are intended to be useful routing and scheduling information if known. For these
3598 attributes, the Printer object may try to compute the value if it is not supplied in the create request. Even if
3599 the client does supply a value for these three attributes in the create request, the Printer object MAY choose
3600 to change the value if the Printer object is able to compute a value which is more accurate than the client
3601 supplied value. The Printer object may be able to determine the correct value for these attributes either
3602 right at job submission time or at any later point in time.

3603 4.3.17.1 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))

3604 This attribute specifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets requested to
3605 be processed in the job. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets MUST
3606 be indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 MUST be 2, etc.

3607 This value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified by
3608 the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without making
3609 multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not.
3610 Thus the value is independent of the implementation and indicates the size of the document(s) measured in
3611 K octets independent of the number of copies.

3612 This value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction embedded in the
3613 document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this value will
3614 include such replication. In other words, this value is always the size of the source document data, rather
3615 than a measure of the hardcopy output to be produced.

3616 4.3.17.2 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))

3617 This attribute specifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see the
3618 definition of impression in section 12.2.5).

3619 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number
3620 of copies specified by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies
3621 without making multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is
3622 collated or not. Thus the value is independent of the implementation and reflects the size of the
3623 document(s) measured in impressions independent of the number of copies.

3624 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies
3625 instruction embedded in the document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the

3626 document data, this value will include such replication. In other words, this value is always the number of
3627 impressions in the source document data, rather than a measure of the number of impressions to be
3628 produced by the job.

3629 **4.3.17.3 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))**

3630 This attribute specifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job.

3631 Unlike the "job-k-octets" and the "job-impressions" attributes, this value **MUST** include the multiplicative
3632 factors contributed by the number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute and a 'number of copies'
3633 instruction embedded in the document data, if any. This difference allows the system administrator to
3634 control the lower and upper bounds of both (1) the size of the document(s) with "job-k-octets-supported"
3635 and "job-impressions-supported" and (2) the size of the job with "job-media-sheets-supported".

3636 **4.3.18 Job Progress Attributes**

3637 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the progress of the job. These attributes are intended to
3638 be counters. That is, the value for a job that has not started processing **MUST** be 0. When the job's "job-
3639 state" is 'processing' or 'processing-stopped', this value is intended to contain the amount of the job that has
3640 been processed to the time at which the attributes are requested. When the job enters the 'completed',
3641 'canceled', or 'aborted' states, these values are the final values for the job.

3642 **4.3.18.1 job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))**

3643 This attribute specifies the total number of octets processed in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets so far.
3644 The value **MUST** be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets inclusive **MUST** be indicated as
3645 being 1, 1025 to 2048 inclusive **MUST** be 2, etc.

3646 For implementations where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter with only a single pass over the
3647 data, the final value **MUST** be equal to the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute. For implementations where
3648 multiple copies are produced by the interpreter by processing the data for each copy, the final value **MUST**
3649 be a multiple of the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute.

3650 **4.3.18.2 job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))**

3651 This job attribute specifies the number of impressions completed for the job so far. For printing devices,
3652 the impressions completed includes interpreting, marking, and stacking the output.

3653 **4.3.18.3 job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX))**

3654 This job attribute specifies the media-sheets completed marking and stacking for the entire job so far
3655 whether those sheets have been processed on one side or on both.

3656 **4.3.19 attributes-charset (charset)**

3657 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-charset" attribute in
3658 the create request. It identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by any Job
3659 attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See
3660 Section 3.1.4 for a complete description of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute.

3661 This attribute does not indicate the charset in which the 'text' and 'name' values are stored internally in the
3662 Job object. The internal charset is implementation-defined. The IPP object MUST convert from whatever
3663 the internal charset is to that being requested in an operation as specified in Section 3.1.4.

3664 **4.3.20 attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)**

3665 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-natural-language"
3666 attribute in the create request. It identifies the natural language used for any Job attributes with attribute
3667 syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section 3.1.4 for a
3668 complete description of the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Sections 4.1.1.2 and
3669 4.1.2.2 for how a Natural Language Override may be supplied explicitly for each 'text' and 'name' attribute
3670 value that differs from the value identified by the "attributes-natural-language" attribute.

3671 **4.4 Printer Description Attributes**

3672 These attributes form the attribute group called "printer-description". The following table summarizes
3673 these attributes, their syntax, and whether or not they are REQUIRED for a Printer object to support. If
3674 they are not indicated as REQUIRED, they are OPTIONAL. The maximum size in octets for 'text' and
3675 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3676 Note: How these attributes are set by an Administrator is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

3677	+-----+-----+-----+
3678	Attribute Syntax REQUIRED?
3679	+-----+-----+-----+
3680	printer-uri-supported 1setOf uri REQUIRED
3681	+-----+-----+-----+
3682	uri-security-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3683	+-----+-----+-----+
3684	uri-authentication- supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3685	+-----+-----+-----+
3686	+-----+-----+-----+
3687	printer-name name (127) REQUIRED
3688	+-----+-----+-----+
3689	printer-location text (127)
3690	+-----+-----+-----+
3691	printer-info text (127)
3692	+-----+-----+-----+
3693	printer-more-info uri
3694	+-----+-----+-----+
3695	printer-driver-installer uri
3696	+-----+-----+-----+
3697	printer-make-and-model text (127)
3698	+-----+-----+-----+
3699	printer-more-info- manufacturer uri
3700	+-----+-----+-----+
3701	+-----+-----+-----+
3702	printer-state type1 enum REQUIRED
3703	+-----+-----+-----+
3704	printer-state-reasons 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3705	+-----+-----+-----+
3706	printer-state-message text (MAX)
3707	+-----+-----+-----+
3708	ipp-versions-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3709	+-----+-----+-----+
3710	operations-supported 1setOf type2 enum REQUIRED
3711	+-----+-----+-----+
3712	multiple-document-jobs- supported boolean
3713	+-----+-----+-----+
3714	+-----+-----+-----+
3715	charset-configured charset REQUIRED
3716	+-----+-----+-----+
3717	charset-supported 1setOf charset REQUIRED
3718	+-----+-----+-----+
3719	natural-language-configured naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3720	+-----+-----+-----+
3721	generated-natural-language- supported 1setOf naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3722	+-----+-----+-----+
3723	+-----+-----+-----+
3724	document-format-default mimeType REQUIRED
3725	+-----+-----+-----+

3726	document-format-supported	1setOf mimeType	REQUIRED	
3727	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3728	printer-is-accepting-jobs	boolean	REQUIRED	
3729	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3730	queued-job-count	integer (0:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3731	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3732	printer-message-from-	text (127)		
3733	operator			
3734	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3735	color-supported	boolean		
3736	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3737	reference-uri-schemes-	1setOf uriScheme		
3738	supported			
3739	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3740	pdl-override-supported	type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3741	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3742	printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3743	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3744	printer-current-time	dateTime		
3745	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3746	multiple-operation-time-out	integer (1:MAX)		
3747	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3748	compression-supported	1setOf type3 keyword	REQUIRED	
3749	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3750	job-k-octets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3751	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3752	job-impressions-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3753	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3754	job-media-sheets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3755	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3756	pages-per-minute	integer(0:MAX)		
3757	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3758	pages-per-minute-color	integer(0:MAX)		
3759	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3760				

3761 4.4.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

3762 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains at least one URI for the Printer object. It OPTIONALLY
3763 contains more than one URI for the Printer object. An administrator determines a Printer object's URI(s)
3764 and configures this attribute to contain those URIs by some means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1
3765 document. The precise format of this URI is implementation dependent and depends on the protocol. See
3766 the next two sections for a description of the "uri-security-supported" and "uri-authentication-supported"
3767 attributes, both of which are the REQUIRED companion attributes to this "printer-uri-supported" attribute.
3768 See section 2.4 on Printer object identity and section 8.2 on security and URIs for more information.

3769 4.4.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3770 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as
3771 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the Client Authentication mechanism
3772 associated with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The Printer object uses the specified
3773 mechanism to identify the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . The "i th" value in "uri-authentication-
3774 supported" corresponds to the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the authentication
3775 mechanisms used by the Printer when accessed via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on Client
3776 Authentication.

3777 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3778 'none': There is no authentication mechanism associated with the URI. The Printer object assumes that
3779 the authenticated user is "anonymous".

3780 'requesting-user-name': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the
3781 Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is specified by the "requesting-user-name"
3782 Operation attribute (see section 8.3). If the "requesting-user-name" attribute is absent in a request,
3783 the Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is "anonymous".

3784 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3785 challenges the client with HTTP basic authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that
3786 the authenticated user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism.

3787 'digest': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3788 challenges the client with HTTP digest authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that
3789 the authenticated user is the name received via the digest authentication mechanism.

3790 'certificate': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3791 expects the client to provide a certificate. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is
3792 the textual name contained within the certificate.

3793 4.4.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3794 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as
3795 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the security mechanisms used for each URI
3796 listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The "i th" value in "uri-security-supported" corresponds to
3797 the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the security mechanisms used for accessing the
3798 Printer object via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on security mechanisms.

3799 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3800 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.

3801 'ssl3': SSL3 [SSL] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.

3802 'tls': TLS [RFC2246] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.

3803

3804 This attribute is orthogonal to the definition of a Client Authentication mechanism. Specifically, 'none'
3805 does not exclude Client Authentication. See section 4.4.2.

3806 Consider the following example. For a single Printer object, an administrator configures the "printer-uri-
3807 supported", "uri-authentication-supported" and "uri-security-supported" attributes as follows:

3808 "printer-uri-supported": 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer',
3809 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer'

3810 "uri-authentication-supported": 'none', 'digest', 'basic'

3811 "uri-security-supported": 'none', 'none', 'tls'

3812

3813 Note: 'xxx' is not a valid scheme. See the IPP/1.1 "Transport and Encoding" document [IPP-PRO] for the
3814 actual URI schemes to be used in object target attributes.

3815 In this case, one Printer object has three URIs.

- 3816 - For the first URI, 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-supported"
3817 indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The value of 'none'
3818 in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that all users are 'anonymous'. There will be no
3819 challenge and the Printer will ignore "requesting-user-name".
- 3820 - For the second URI, 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-
3821 supported" indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The
3822 value of 'digest' in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and
3823 that the Printer will use the name supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated
3824 user (see section 8.3).
- 3825 - For the third URI, 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer', the value 'tls' in "uri-security-supported" indicates
3826 that TLS is being used to secure the channel. The client SHOULD be prepared to use TLS framing
3827 to negotiate an acceptable ciphersuite to use while communicating with the Printer object. In this
3828 case, the name implies the use of a secure communications channel, but the fact is made explicit by
3829 the presence of the 'tls' value in "uri-security-supported". The client does not need to resort to
3830 understanding which security it must use by following naming conventions or by parsing the URI to
3831 determine which security mechanisms are implied. The value of 'basic' in "uri-authentication-
3832 supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and that the Printer will use the name
3833 supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . Because
3834 this challenge occurs in a tls session, the channel is secure.

3835

3836 It is expected that many IPP Printer objects will be configured to support only one channel (either
3837 configured to use TLS access or not) and only one authentication mechanism. Such Printer objects only
3838 have one URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. No matter the configuration of the Printer
3839 object (whether it has only one URI or more than one URI), a client MUST supply only one URI in the
3840 target "printer-uri" operation attribute.

3841 4.4.4 printer-name (name(127))

3842 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains the name of the Printer object. It is a name that is more end-
3843 user friendly than a URI. An administrator determines a printer's name and sets this attribute to that name.
3844 This name may be the last part of the printer's URI or it may be unrelated. In non-US-English locales, a
3845 name may contain characters that are not allowed in a URI.

3846 4.4.5 printer-location (text(127))

3847 This Printer attribute identifies the location of the device. This could include things like: "in Room 123A,
3848 second floor of building XYZ".

3849 4.4.6 printer-info (text(127))

3850 This Printer attribute identifies the descriptive information about this Printer object. This could include
3851 things like: "This printer can be used for printing color transparencies for HR presentations", or "Out of
3852 courtesy for others, please print only small (1-5 page) jobs at this printer", or even "This printer is going
3853 away on July 1, 1997, please find a new printer".

3854 4.4.7 printer-more-info (uri)

3855 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this specific Printer object. For
3856 example, this could be an HTTP type URI referencing an HTML page accessible to a Web Browser. The
3857 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of IPP
3858 can be accessed from this URI. The information is intended to be specific to this printer instance and site
3859 specific services (e.g. job pricing, services offered, end user assistance). The device manufacturer may
3860 initially populate this attribute.

3861 4.4.8 printer-driver-installer (uri)

3862 This Printer attribute contains a URI to use to locate the driver installer for this Printer object. This
3863 attribute is intended for consumption by automata. The mechanics of print driver installation is outside the
3864 scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3865 4.4.9 printer-make-and-model (text(127))

3866 This Printer attribute identifies the make and model of the device. The device manufacturer may initially
3867 populate this attribute.

3868 4.4.10 printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)

3869 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this type of device. The
3870 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of
3871 IPP can be accessed from this URI (e.g., latest firmware, upgrades, print drivers, optional features available,
3872 details on color support). The information is intended to be germane to this printer without regard to site
3873 specific modifications or services. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3874 4.4.11 printer-state (type1 enum)

3875 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the current state of the device. The "printer-state reasons"
3876 attribute augments the "printer-state" attribute to give more detailed information about the Printer in the
3877 given printer state.

3878 A Printer object need only update this attribute before responding to an operation which requests the
3879 attribute; the Printer object NEED NOT update this attribute continually, since asynchronous event
3880 notification is not part of IPP/1.1. A Printer NEED NOT implement all values if they are not applicable to
3881 a given implementation.

3882 The following standard enum values are defined:

3883 Value Symbolic Name and Description

3884

3885 '3' 'idle': Indicates that new jobs can start processing without waiting.

3886 '4' 'processing': Indicates that jobs are processing; new jobs will wait before processing.

3887 '5' 'stopped': Indicates that no jobs can be processed and intervention is required.

3888 Values of "printer-state-reasons", such as 'spool-area-full' and 'stopped-partly', MAY be used to provide
3889 further information.

3890 4.4.12 printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3891 This REQUIRED Printer attribute supplies additional detail about the device's state. Some of the these
3892 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL.

3893 Each keyword value MAY have a suffix to indicate its level of severity. The three levels are: report (least
3894 severe), warning, and error (most severe).

3895 - '-report': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "report". An implementation may choose to omit
3896 some or all reports. Some reports specify finer granularity about the printer state; others serve as a
3897 precursor to a warning. A report MUST contain nothing that could affect the printed output.

3898 - '-warning': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "warning". An implementation may choose to omit
3899 some or all warnings. Warnings serve as a precursor to an error. A warning MUST contain nothing
3900 that prevents a job from completing, though in some cases the output may be of lower quality.

3901 - '-error': This suffix indicates that the reason is an "error". An implementation MUST include all
3902 errors. If this attribute contains one or more errors, printer MUST be in the stopped state.
3903

3904 If the implementation does not add any one of the three suffixes, all parties MUST assume that the reason is
3905 an "error".

3906 If a Printer object controls more than one output device, each value of this attribute MAY apply to one or
3907 more of the output devices. An error on one output device that does not stop the Printer object as a whole
3908 MAY appear as a warning in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons attribute". If the "printer-state" for such a
3909 Printer has a value of 'stopped', then there MUST be an error reason among the values in the "printer-state-
3910 reasons" attribute.

3911 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3912 'other': The device has detected an error other than one listed in this document.

3913 'none': There are not reasons. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "printer-state-reasons"
3914 without any value and MUST be used, since the 1setOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3915 'media-needed': A tray has run out of media.

3916 'media-jam': The device has a media jam.

3917 'moving-to-paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see
3918 section 3.2.7) or other means, but the device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when
3919 all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the
3920 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value MUST be supported, if
3921 the Pause-Printer operation is supported and the implementation takes significant time to pause a
3922 device in certain circumstances.

3923 'paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section 3.2.7) or
3924 other means and the Printer object's "printer-state" is 'stopped'. In this state, a Printer MUST NOT
3925 produce printed output, but it MUST perform other operations requested by a client. If a Printer had
3926 been printing a job when the Printer was paused, the Printer MUST resume printing that job when
3927 the Printer is no longer paused and leave no evidence in the printed output of such a pause. This
3928 value MUST be supported, if the Pause-Printer operation is supported.

3929 'shutdown': Someone has removed a Printer object from service, and the device may be powered down
3930 or physically removed. In this state, a Printer object MUST NOT produce printed output, and unless
3931 the Printer object is realized by a print server that is still active, the Printer object MUST perform no
3932 other operations requested by a client, including returning this value. If a Printer object had been
3933 printing a job when it was shutdown, the Printer NEED NOT resume printing that job when the
3934 Printer is no longer shutdown. If the Printer resumes printing such a job, it may leave evidence in
3935 the printed output of such a shutdown, e.g. the part printed before the shutdown may be printed a
3936 second time after the shutdown.

3937 'connecting-to-device': The Printer object has scheduled a job on the output device and is in the process
3938 of connecting to a shared network output device (and might not be able to actually start printing the
3939 job for an arbitrarily long time depending on the usage of the output device by other servers on the
3940 network).

3941 'timed-out': The server was able to connect to the output device (or is always connected), but was unable
3942 to get a response from the output device.

3943 'stopping': The Printer object is in the process of stopping the device and will be stopped in a while.
3944 When the device is stopped, the Printer object will change the Printer object's state to 'stopped'. The
3945 'stopping-warning' reason is never an error, even for a Printer with a single output device. When an
3946 output-device ceases accepting jobs, the Printer will have this reason while the output device
3947 completes printing.

3948 'stopped-partly': When a Printer object controls more than one output device, this reason indicates that
3949 one or more output devices are stopped. If the reason is a report, fewer than half of the output
3950 devices are stopped. If the reason is a warning, fewer than all of the output devices are stopped.

3951 'toner-low': The device is low on toner.

3952 'toner-empty': The device is out of toner.

3953 'spool-area-full': The limit of persistent storage allocated for spooling has been reached. The Printer is
3954 temporarily unable to accept more jobs. The Printer will remove this value when it is able to accept

3955 more jobs. This value SHOULD be used by a non-spooling Printer that only accepts one or a small
3956 number jobs at a time or a spooling Printer that has filled the spool space.

3957 'cover-open': One or more covers on the device are open.

3958 'interlock-open': One or more interlock devices on the printer are unlocked.

3959 'door-open': One or more doors on the device are open.

3960 'input-tray-missing': One or more input trays are not in the device.

3961 'media-low': At least one input tray is low on media.

3962 'media-empty': At least one input tray is empty.

3963 'output-tray-missing': One or more output trays are not in the device

3964 'output-area-almost-full': One or more output area is almost full (e.g. tray, stacker, collator).

3965 'output-area-full': One or more output area is full. (e.g. tray, stacker, collator)

3966 'marker-supply-low': The device is low on at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3967 'marker-supply-empty': The device is out of at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3968 'marker-waste-almost-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is almost full.

3969 'marker-waste-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is full.

3970 'fuser-over-temp': The fuser temperature is above normal.

3971 'fuser-under-temp': The fuser temperature is below normal.

3972 'opc-near-eol': The optical photo conductor is near end of life.

3973 'opc-life-over': The optical photo conductor is no longer functioning.

3974 'developer-low': The device is low on developer.

3975 'developer-empty': The device is out of developer.

3976 'interpreter-resource-unavailable': An interpreter resource is unavailable (i.e. font, form)

3977

3978 **4.4.13 printer-state-message (text(MAX))**

3979 This Printer attribute specifies information about the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes in
3980 human readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to
3981 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-
3982 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section
3983 3.1.4.1).

3984 **4.4.14 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3985 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the IPP protocol version(s) that this Printer supports, including major
3986 and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Printer implementation meets the conformance
3987 requirements. For version number validation, the Printer matches the (two-octet binary) "version-number"
3988 parameter supplied by the client in each request (see sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.8) with the (US-ASCII) keyword
3989 values of this attribute.

3990 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3991 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.0 as specified in RFC 2566 [RFC2566] and
3992 RFC 2565 [RFC2565] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension
3993 defined in this version or any future version of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP

3994 "Encoding and Transport" document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number"
 3995 parameter is '1.0'.
 3996 '1.1': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-
 3997 PRO] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension defined in any
 3998 future versions of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP Encoding and Transport
 3999 document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number" parameter is '1.1'.

4000 4.4.15 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

4001 This REQUIRED Printer attribute specifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and
 4002 contained Job objects.

4003 This attribute is encoded as any other enum attribute syntax according to [IPP-PRO] as 32-bits. However,
 4004 all 32-bit enum values for this attribute MUST NOT exceed 0x00008FFF, since these same values are also
 4005 passed in two octets in the "operation-id" parameter (see section 3.1.1) in each Protocol request with the
 4006 two high order octets omitted in order to indicate the operation being performed [IPP-PRO].

4007 The following standard enum and "operation-id" (see section 3.1.2) values are defined:

4008	Value	Operation Name
4009	-----	-----
4010		
4011	0x0000	reserved, not used
4012	0x0001	reserved, not used
4013	0x0002	Print-Job
4014	0x0003	Print-URI
4015	0x0004	Validate-Job
4016	0x0005	Create-Job
4017	0x0006	Send-Document
4018	0x0007	Send-URI
4019	0x0008	Cancel-Job
4020	0x0009	Get-Job-Attributes
4021	0x000A	Get-Jobs
4022	0x000B	Get-Printer-Attributes
4023	0x000C	Hold-Job
4024	0x000D	Release-Job
4025	0x000E	Restart-Job
4026	0x000F	reserved for a future operation
4027	0x0010	Pause-Printer
4028	0x0011	Resume-Printer
4029	0x0012	Purge-Jobs
4030	0x0013-0x3FFF	reserved for future IETF standards track operations (see section 6.4)
4031	0x4000-0x8FFF	reserved for vendor extensions (see section 6.4)
4032		

4033 4.4.16 multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)

4034 This Printer attribute indicates whether or not the Printer supports more than one document per job, i.e.,
4035 more than one Send-Document or Send-Data operation with document data. If the Printer supports the
4036 Create-Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

4037 4.4.17 charset-configured (charset)

4038 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the charset that the Printer object has been configured to
4039 represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or
4040 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-
4041 make-and-model" (text). Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "charset-configured" attribute MUST
4042 also be among the values of the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute.

4043 4.4.18 charset-supported (1setOf charset)

4044 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of charsets that the Printer and contained Job objects
4045 support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. At least the value 'utf-8' MUST be present, since
4046 IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset. If a Printer object supports a charset, it means
4047 that for all attributes of syntax 'text' and 'name' the IPP object MUST (1) accept the charset in requests and
4048 return the charset in responses as needed.

4049 If more charsets than UTF-8 are supported, the IPP object MUST perform charset conversion between the
4050 charsets as described in Section 3.1.4.2.

4051 4.4.19 natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)

4052 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language that the Printer object has been configured
4053 to represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or
4054 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-
4055 make-and-model" (text). When returning these Printer attributes, the Printer object MAY return them in the
4056 configured natural language specified by this attribute, instead of the natural language requested by the
4057 client in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Section 3.1.4.1 for the specification of
4058 the OPTIONAL multiple natural language support. Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "natural-
4059 language-configured" attribute MUST also be among the values of the Printer object's "generated-natural-
4060 language-supported" attribute.

4061 4.4.20 generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)

4062 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language(s) that the Printer object and contained
4063 Job objects support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. The natural language(s) supported
4064 depends on implementation and/or configuration. Unlike charsets, IPP objects MUST accept requests with
4065 any natural language or any Natural Language Override whether the natural language is supported or not.

4066 If a Printer object supports a natural language, it means that for any of the attributes for which the Printer or
4067 Job object generates messages, i.e., for the "job-state-message" and "printer-state-message" attributes and
4068 Operation Messages (see Section 3.1.5) in operation responses, the Printer and Job objects MUST be able
4069 to generate messages in any of the Printer's supported natural languages. See section 3.1.4 for the definition
4070 of 'text' and 'name' attributes in operation requests and responses.

4071 Note: A Printer object that supports multiple natural languages, often has separate catalogs of messages,
4072 one for each natural language supported.

4073 **4.4.21 document-format-default (mimeMediaType)**

4074 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the document format that the Printer object has been
4075 configured to assume if the client does not supply a "document-format" operation attribute in any of the
4076 operation requests that supply document data. The standard values for this attribute are Internet Media
4077 types (sometimes called MIME types). For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType'
4078 attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

4079 **4.4.22 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType)**

4080 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of document formats that the Printer object and
4081 contained Job objects can support. For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute
4082 syntax in Section 4.1.9.

4083 **4.4.23 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)**

4084 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates whether the printer is currently able to accept jobs, i.e., is
4085 accepting Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests. If the value is 'true', the printer is accepting jobs.
4086 If the value is 'false', the Printer object is currently rejecting any jobs submitted to it. In this case, the
4087 Printer object returns the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

4088 This value is independent of the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes because its value does
4089 not affect the current job; rather it affects future jobs. This attribute, when 'false', causes the Printer to
4090 reject jobs even when the "printer-state" is 'idle' or, when 'true', causes the Printer object to accept jobs
4091 even when the "printer-state" is 'stopped'.

4092 **4.4.24 queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))**

4093 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains a count of the number of jobs that are either 'pending',
4094 'processing', 'pending-held', or 'processing-stopped' and is set by the Printer object.

4095 **4.4.25 printer-message-from-operator (text(127))**

4096 This Printer attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to
4097 indicate to the end user information or status of the printer, such as why it is unavailable or when it is
4098 expected to be available.

4099 4.4.26 color-supported (boolean)

4100 This Printer attribute identifies whether the device is capable of any type of color printing at all, including
4101 highlight color. All document instructions having to do with color are embedded within the document PDL
4102 (none are external IPP attributes in IPP/1.1).

4103 Note: end-users are able to determine the nature and details of the color support by querying the "printer-
4104 more-info-manufacturer" Printer attribute.

4105 4.4.27 reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)

4106 This Printer attribute specifies which URI schemes are supported for use in the "document-uri" operation
4107 attribute of the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. If a Printer object supports these optional operations, it
4108 MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer attribute with at least the following schemed
4109 URI value:

4110 'ftp': The Printer object will use an FTP 'get' operation as defined in RFC 2228 [RFC2228] using FTP
4111 URLs as defined by [RFC2396] and[RFC2316].
4112

4113 The Printer object MAY OPTIONALLY support other URI schemes (see section 4.1.6).

4114 4.4.28 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)

4115 This REQUIRED Printer attribute expresses the ability for a particular Printer implementation to either
4116 attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes or not.

4117 This attribute takes on the following [keyword](#) values:

- 4118 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
4119 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 4120 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute
4121 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
4122

4123 Section 15 contains a full description of how this attribute interacts with and affects other IPP attributes,
4124 especially the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

4125 4.4.29 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

4126 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this Printer instance has
4127 been up and running. The value is a monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object
4128 is started-up (initialized, booted, etc.). This value is used to populate the Event Time Job Description Job
4129 attributes "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see section 4.3.14).

4130 If the Printer object goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up, the implementation MAY:

- 4131 1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or

4132 2. Restart from 1.

4133 In other words, if the device or devices that the Printer object is representing are restarted or power cycled,
4134 the Printer object MAY continue counting this value or MAY reset this value to 1 depending on
4135 implementation. However, if the Printer object software ceases running, and restarts without knowing the
4136 last value for "printer-up-time", the implementation MUST reset this value to 1. If this value is reset and
4137 the Printer has persistent jobs, the Printer MUST reset the "time-at-xxx(integer) Event Time Job
4138 Description attributes according to Section 4.3.14. An implementation MAY use both implementation
4139 alternatives, depending on warm versus cold start, respectively.

4140 **4.4.30 printer-current-time (dateTime)**

4141 This Printer attribute indicates the current date and time. This value is used to populate the Event Time Job
4142 Description attributes: "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see Section
4143 4.3.14).

4144 The date and time is obtained on a "best efforts basis" and does not have to be that precise in order to work
4145 in practice. A Printer implementation sets the value of this attribute by obtaining the date and time via
4146 some implementation-dependent means, such as getting the value from a network time server, initialization
4147 at time of manufacture, or setting by an administrator. See [IPP-IIG] for examples. If an implementation
4148 supports this attribute and the implementation knows that it has not yet been set, then the implementation
4149 MUST return the value of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not configured. See the
4150 beginning of section 4.1.

4151 The time zone of this attribute NEED NOT be the time zone used by people located near the Printer object
4152 or device. The client MUST NOT expect that the time zone of any received 'dateTime' value to be in the
4153 time zone of the client or in the time zone of the people located near the printer.

4154 The client SHOULD display any dateTime attributes to the user in client local time by converting the
4155 'dateTime' value returned by the server to the time zone of the client, rather than using the time zone
4156 returned by the Printer in attributes that use the 'dateTime' attribute syntax.

4157 **4.4.31 multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))**

4158 This Printer attributes identifies the minimum time (in seconds) that the Printer object waits for additional
4159 Send-Document or Send-URI operations to follow a still-open ~~multi-document~~ Job object before taking
4160 any recovery actions, such as the ones indicated in section 3.3.1. If the Printer object supports the Create-
4161 Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

4162 It is RECOMMENDED that vendors supply a value for this attribute that is between 60 and 240 seconds.
4163 An implementation MAY allow a system administrator to set this attribute (by means outside this IPP/1.1
4164 document). If so, the system administrator MAY be able to set values outside this range.

4.4.32 compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)

This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of supported compression algorithms for document data. Compression only applies to the document data; compression does not apply to the encoding of the IPP operation itself. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "compression" operation attributes in Print-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI requests.

Standard [keyword](#) values are :

'none': no compression is used.

'deflate': ZIP public domain inflate/deflate) compression technology [\[RFC1951\]](#)

'gzip' GNU zip compression technology described in RFC 1952 [\[RFC1952\]](#).

'compress': UNIX compression technology [\[RFC1977\]](#)

4.4.33 job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds of total sizes of jobs in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-k-octets" operation attributes in create requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-k-octets" is defined in section 4.3.17.1.

4.4.34 job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of impressions per job. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-impressions" operation attributes in create requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-impressions" is defined in section 4.3.17.2.

4.4.35 job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of media sheets per job. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attributes in create requests. The corresponding Job attribute "job-media-sheets" is defined in section 4.3.17.3.

4.4.36 pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))

This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which may be generated by this printer (e.g., simplex, black-and-white). This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the device.

A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4.4.37 pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))

This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which may be generated by this printer when printing color (e.g., simplex, color). For purposes of this attribute, "color" means the same as for the "color-supported" attribute, namely, the device is capable of any type of

4197 color printing at all, including highlight color. This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee.
4198 Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the color capabilities of this device.

4199 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4200 If a color device has several color modes, it MAY use the pages-per-minute value for this attribute that
4201 corresponds to the mode that produces the highest number.

4202 Black and white only printers MUST NOT support this attribute. If this attribute is present, then the "color-
4203 supported" Printer description attribute MUST be present and have a 'true' value.

4204 The values of these two attributes returned by the Get-Printer-Attributes operation MAY be affected by the
4205 "document-format" attribute supplied by the client in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. In other words, the
4206 implementation MAY have different speeds depending on the document format being processed. See
4207 section 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes.

4208 **5. Conformance**

4209 This section describes conformance issues and requirements. This document introduces model entities such
4210 as objects, operations, attributes, attribute syntaxes, and attribute values. These conformance sections
4211 describe the conformance requirements which apply to these model entities.

4212 **5.1 Client Conformance Requirements**

4213 This section describes the conformance requirements for a client (see section 2.1), whether it be:

- 4214 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
4215 application that sends IPP requests or
- 4216 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another
4217 "downstream" print server.

4218 A conforming client MUST support all REQUIRED operations as defined in this document. For each
4219 attribute included in an operation request, a conforming client MUST supply a value whose type and value
4220 syntax conforms to the requirements of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4. A
4221 conforming client MAY supply any IETF standards track extensions and/or vendor extensions in an
4222 operation request, as long as the extensions meet the requirements in Section 6.

4223 Otherwise, there are no conformance requirements placed on the user interfaces provided by IPP clients or
4224 their applications. For example, one application might not allow an end user to submit multiple documents
4225 per job, while another does. One application might first query a Printer object in order to supply a graphical
4226 user interface (GUI) dialogue box with supported and default values whereas a different implementation
4227 might not.

4228 When sending a request, an IPP client NEED NOT supply any attributes that are indicated as
4229 OPTIONALLY supplied by the client.

4230 A client MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full
4231 range, that may be returned to it in a response from a Printer object. In particular for each attribute that the
4232 client supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the client MUST accept and process both the
4233 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the client supports
4234 whose attribute syntax is 'name', the client MUST accept and process both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and
4235 'nameWithLanguage' forms. For presentation purposes, truncation of long attribute values is not
4236 recommended. A recommended approach would be for the client implementation to allow the user to scroll
4237 through long attribute values.

4238 A response MAY contain attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, values, and status codes that the
4239 client does not expect. Therefore, a client implementation MUST gracefully handle such responses and not
4240 refuse to inter-operate with a conforming Printer that is returning IETF standards track extension or vendor
4241 extensions, including attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, status codes, and out-
4242 of-band attribute values that conform to Section 6. Clients may choose to ignore any parameters, attributes,
4243 attribute syntaxes, or values that they do not understand.

4244 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by
4245 a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of paper'
4246 or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print submission (e.g.
4247 an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a channel, a Printer
4248 MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and Transport" document
4249 [IPP-PRO] for more details.

4250 A client MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document
4251 [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the
4252 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. See also section 8 of this document.

4253 **5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements**

4254 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations of IPP objects (see
4255 section 2). These requirements apply to an IPP object whether it is:

- 4256 (1) an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 4257 (2) a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server control one or
4258 more networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

4259 **5.2.1 Objects**

4260 Conforming implementations MUST implement all of the model objects as defined in this document in the
4261 indicated sections:

4262 Section 2.1 - Printer Object

4263 Section 2.2 - Job Object

4264 5.2.2 Operations

4265 Conforming IPP object implementations **MUST** implement all of the **REQUIRED** model operations,
4266 including **REQUIRED** responses, as defined in this document in the indicated sections:

4267 For a Printer object:

4268	Print-Job (section 3.2.1)	REQUIRED
4269	Print-URI (section 3.2.2)	OPTIONAL
4270	Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)	REQUIRED
4271	Create-Job (section 3.2.4)	OPTIONAL
4272	Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)	REQUIRED
4273	Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)	REQUIRED
4274	Pause-Printer (section 3.2.7)	OPTIONAL
4275	Resume-Printer (section 3.2.8)	OPTIONAL
4276	Purge-Jobs (section 3.2.9)	OPTIONAL

4277

4278 For a Job object:

4279	Send-Document (section 3.3.1)	OPTIONAL
4280	Send-URI (section 3.3.2)	OPTIONAL
4281	Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)	REQUIRED
4282	Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)	REQUIRED
4283	Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)	OPTIONAL
4284	Release-Job (section 3.3.6)	OPTIONAL
4285	Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)	OPTIONAL

4286

4287 Conforming IPP objects **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** operation attributes and all values of such
4288 attributes if so indicated in the description. Conforming IPP objects **MUST** ignore all unsupported or
4289 unknown operation attributes or operation attribute groups received in a request, but **MUST** reject a request
4290 that contains a supported operation attribute that contains an unsupported value.

4291 Conforming IPP objects **MAY** return operation responses that contain attributes groups, attributes names,
4292 attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to this standard. The additional
4293 attribute groups **MAY** occur in any order.

4294 The following section on object attributes specifies the support required for object attributes.

4295 5.2.3 IPP Object Attributes

4296 Conforming IPP objects **MUST** support all of the **REQUIRED** object attributes, as defined in this document
4297 in the indicated sections.

4298 If an object supports an attribute, it **MUST** support only those values specified in this document or through
4299 the extension mechanism described in section 5.2.4. It **MAY** support any non-empty subset of these values.
4300 That is, it **MUST** support at least one of the specified values and at most all of them.

4301 **5.2.4 Versions**

4302 IPP/1.1 clients **MUST** meet the conformance requirements for clients specified in this document and [IPP-
4303 PRO]. IPP/1.1 clients **MUST** send requests containing a "version-number" parameter with a '1.1' value.

4304 IPP/1.1 Printer and Job objects **MUST** meet the conformance requirements for IPP objects specified in this
4305 document and [IPP-PRO]. IPP/1.1 objects **MUST** accept requests containing a "version-number"
4306 parameter with a '1.1' value (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

4307 It is beyond the scope of this specification to mandate conformance with previous versions. IPP/1.1 was
4308 deliberately designed, however, to make supporting previous versions easy. It is worth noting that, at the
4309 time of composing this specification (1999), we would expect IPP/1.1 Printer implementations to:

4310 understand any valid request in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1;

4311 respond appropriately with a response containing the same "version-number" parameter value used
4312 by the client in the request.

4313 And we would expect IPP/1.1 clients to:

4314 understand any valid response in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1.

4315 It is recommended that IPP/1.1 clients try supplying alternate version numbers if they receive a 'server-
4316 error-version-not-supported' error return in a response.

4317 **5.2.5 Extensions**

4318 A conforming IPP object **MAY** support IETF standards track extensions and vendor extensions, as long as
4319 the extensions meet the requirements specified in Section 6.

4320 For each attribute included in an operation response, a conforming IPP object **MUST** return a value whose
4321 type and value syntax conforms to the requirement of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4.

4322 **5.2.6 Attribute Syntaxes**

4323 An IPP object **MUST** be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their
4324 full range, in any operation in which a client may supply attributes or the system administrator may
4325 configure attributes (by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In particular for each attribute
4326 that the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the IPP object **MUST** accept and process both
4327 the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the IPP object
4328 supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the IPP object **MUST** accept and process both the
4329 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. Furthermore, an IPP object **MUST** return

4330 attributes to the client in operation responses that conform to the syntax specified in Section 4.1, including
4331 their full range if supplied previously by a client.

4332 **5.2.7 Security**

4333 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the
4334 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an
4335 administrator to configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. See also
4336 section 8 of this document.

4337 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication
4338 as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY
4339 allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication.
4340 See also section 8 of this document.

4341 Security MUST NOT be compromised when a client supplies a lower "version-number" parameter in a
4342 request. For example, if an IPP/1.1 conforming Printer object accepts version '1.0' requests and is
4343 configured to enforce Digest Authentication, it MUST do the same for a version '1.0' request.

4344 **5.3 Charset and Natural Language Requirements**

4345 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset as defined in section 4.1.7.

4346 IPP objects MUST be able to accept any client request which correctly uses the "attributes-natural-
4347 language" operation attribute or the Natural Language Override mechanism on any individual attribute
4348 whether or not the natural language is supported by the IPP object. If an IPP object supports a natural
4349 language, then it MUST be able to translate (perhaps by table lookup) all generated 'text' or 'name' attribute
4350 values into one of the supported languages (see section 3.1.4). That is, the IPP object that supports a
4351 natural language NEED NOT be a general purpose translator of any arbitrary 'text' or 'name' value supplied
4352 by the client into that natural language. However, the object MUST be able to translate (automatically
4353 generate) any of its own attribute values and messages into that natural language.

4354 **6. IANA Considerations**

4355 This section describes the procedures for defining semantics for the following IETF standards track
4356 extensions and vendor extensions to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document:

- 4357 1. keyword attribute values
- 4358 2. enum attribute values
- 4359 3. attributes
- 4360 4. attribute syntaxes
- 4361 5. operations
- 4362 6. attribute groups

4363 7. status codes

4364 8. out-of-band attribute values

4365

4366 Extensions registered for use with IPP/1.1 are OPTIONAL for client and IPP object conformance to the
4367 IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics" document (this document).

4368 These extension procedures are aligned with the guidelines as set forth by the IESG [IANA-CON]. Section
4369 11 describes how to propose new registrations for consideration. IANA will reject registration proposals
4370 that leave out required information or do not follow the appropriate format described in Section 11. The
4371 IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document may also be extended by an appropriate RFC that specifies any of
4372 the above extensions.

4373 6.1 Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions

4374 IPP allows for 'keyword' and 'enum' extensions (see sections 4.1.2.3 and 4.1.4). This document uses
4375 prefixes to the 'keyword' and 'enum' basic attribute syntax type in order to communicate extra information
4376 to the reader through its name. This extra information is not represented in the protocol because it is
4377 unimportant to a client or Printer object. The list below describes the prefixes and their meaning.

4378 "type1": This IPP specification document must be revised (or another IETF standards track document
4379 which augments this document) to add a new keyword or a new enum. No vendor defined
4380 keywords or enums are allowed.

4381 "type2": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword or enum values by proposing the complete
4382 specification to IANA:

4383
4384 iana@iana.org

4385
4386 IANA will forward the registration proposal to the IPP Designated Expert who will review the
4387 proposal with a mailing list that the Designated Expert keeps for this purpose. Initially, that list will
4388 be the mailing list used by the IPP WG:

4389
4390 ipp@pwg.org

4391
4392 even after the IPP WG is disbanded as permitted by [IANA-CON]. The IPP Designated Expert is
4393 appointed by the IESG Area Director responsible for IPP, according to [IANA-CON].

4394
4395 When a type2 keyword or enum is approved, the IPP Designated Expert becomes the point of
4396 contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4397
4398 "type3": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword and enum values by submitting the complete
4399 specification to IANA as for type2 who will forward the proposal to the IPP Designated Expert.
4400 While no additional technical review is required, the IPP Designated Expert may, at his/her
4401

4402 discretion, forward the proposal to the same mailing list as for type2 registrations for advice and
4403 comment.

4404
4405 When a type3 keyword or enum is approved by the IPP Designated Expert, the original proposer
4406 becomes the point of contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.
4407

4408 For type2 and type3 keywords, the proposer includes the name of the keyword in the registration proposal
4409 and the name is part of the technical review.

4410 After type2 and type3 enums specifications are approved, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4411 IANA assigns the next available enum number for each enum value.

4412 IANA will publish approved type2 and type3 keyword and enum attributes value registration specifications
4413 in:

4414 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/xxx/yyy.txt`

4415 where xxx is the attribute name that specifies the initial values and yyy.txt is a descriptive file name that
4416 contains one or more enums or keywords approved at the same time. For example, if several additional
4417 enums for stapling are approved for use with the "finishings" attribute (and "finishings-default" and
4418 "finishings-supported" attributes), IANA will publish the additional values in the file:

4419 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/finishings/stapling.txt`

4420 Note: Some attributes are defined to be: 'type3 keywords' | 'name' which allows for attribute values to be
4421 extended by a site administrator with administrator defined names. Such names are not registered with
4422 IANA.

4423 By definition, each of the three types above assert some sort of registry or review process in order for
4424 extensions to be considered valid. Each higher numbered level (1, 2, 3) tends to be decreasingly less
4425 stringent than the previous level. Therefore, any typeN value MAY be registered using a process for some
4426 typeM where M is less than N, however such registration is NOT REQUIRED. For example, a type3 value
4427 MAY be registered in a type 1 manner (by being included in a future version of an IPP specification),
4428 however, it is NOT REQUIRED.

4429 This document defines keyword and enum values for all of the above types, including type3 keywords.

4430 For vendor keyword extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing
4431 prefix, such as "xxx-" where xxx follows the syntax rules for keywords (see section 4.1.3) and is the
4432 (lowercase) fully qualified company name registered with IANA for use in domain names [RFC1035]. For
4433 example, if the company XYZ Corp. had obtained the domain name "XYZ.com", then a vendor keyword
4434 'abc' would be: 'xyz.com-abc'.

4435 Note: RFC 1035 [RFC1035] indicates that while upper and lower case letters are allowed in domain names,
4436 no significance is attached to the case. That is, two names with the same spelling but different case are to
4437 be treated as if identical. Also, the labels in a domain name must follow the rules for ARPANET host

4438 names: They must start with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior characters only letters,
4439 digits, and hyphen. Labels must be 63 characters or less. Labels are separated by the "." character.

4440 For vendor enum extensions, implementers MUST use values in the reserved integer range which is 2**30
4441 to 2**31-1.

4442 **6.2 Attribute Extensibility**

4443 Attribute names (see section 4.1.3) are type2 keywords. Therefore, new attributes may be registered and
4444 have the same status as attributes in this document by following the type2 extension rules. For vendor
4445 attribute extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix as
4446 described in Section 6.1.

4447 IANA will publish approved attribute registration specifications as separate files:

4448 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4449 where "xxx-yyy" is the new attribute name.

4450 If a new Printer object attribute is defined and its values can be affected by a specific document format, its
4451 specification needs to contain the following sentence:

4452 "The value of this attribute returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response MAY depend on the
4453 "document-format" attribute supplied (see Section 3.2.5.1)."

4454 If the specification does not, then its value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response MUST NOT depend on
4455 the "document-format" supplied in the request. When a new Job Template attribute is registered, the value
4456 of the Printer attributes MAY vary with "document-format" supplied in the request without the
4457 specification having to indicate so.

4458 **6.3 Attribute Syntax Extensibility**

4459 Attribute syntaxes (see section 4.1) are like type2 enums. Therefore, new attribute syntaxes may be
4460 registered and have the same status as attribute syntaxes in this document by following the type2 extension
4461 rules described in Section 6.1. The initial set of value codes that identify each of the attribute syntaxes have
4462 been assigned in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for
4463 vendor extension.

4464 For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute
4465 syntax code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute
4466 syntax registration specifications as separate files:

4467 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4468 where 'xxx-yyy' is the new attribute syntax name.

4469 6.4 Operation Extensibility

4470 Operations (see section 3) may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1,
4471 though major new operations will usually be done by a new standards track RFC that augments this
4472 document. For vendor operation extensions, implementers MUST use the range for the "operation-id" in
4473 requests specified in Section 4.4.15 "operations-supported" Printer attribute.

4474 For operations, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next operation-id code as
4475 specified in Section 4.4.15. IANA will publish approved operation registration specifications as separate
4476 files:

4477 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/Xxx-Yyy.txt`

4478 where "Xxx-Yyy" is the new operation name.

4479 6.5 Attribute Group Extensibility

4480 Attribute groups (see section 3.1.3) passed in requests and responses may be registered following the type2
4481 procedures described in Section 6.1. The initial set of attribute group tags have been assigned in the
4482 "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for vendor extension.

4483 For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute group
4484 tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute group
4485 registration specifications as separate files:

4486 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4487 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new attribute group tag name.

4488 6.6 Status Code Extensibility

4489 Operation status codes (see section 3.1.6.1) may also be registered following the type2 procedures described
4490 in Section 6.1. The values for status codes are allocated in ranges as specified in Section 14 for each status
4491 code class:

4492 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
4493 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
4494 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
4495 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
4496 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request
4497

4498 For vendor operation status code extensions, implementers MUST use the top of each range as specified in
4499 Section 13.

4500 For operation status codes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next status
4501 code in the appropriate class range as specified in Section 13. IANA will publish approved status code
4502 registration specifications as separate files:

4503 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4504 where "xxx-yyy" is the new operation status code keyword.

4505 **6.7 Out-of-band Attribute Value Extensibility**

4506 Out-of-band attribute values (see the beginning of section 4.1) passed in requests and responses may be
4507 registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1. The initial set of out-of-band attribute
4508 value tags have been assigned in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

4509 For out-of-band attribute value tags, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next
4510 out-of-band attribute value tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish
4511 approved out-of-band attribute value tags registration specifications as separate files:

4512 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/out-of-band-attribute-value-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4513 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new out-of-band attribute value tag name.

4514 **6.8 Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats**

4515 The "document-format" attribute's syntax is 'mimeType'. This means that valid values are Internet
4516 Media Types (see Section 4.1.9). RFC 2045 [RFC2045] defines the syntax for valid Internet media types.
4517 IANA is the registry for all Internet media types.

4518 **6.9 Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values**

4519 The "attributes-charset" attribute's syntax is 'charset'. This means that valid values are charsets names.
4520 When a charset in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred
4521 MIME name)", if present, MUST be used (see Section 4.1.7). IANA is the registry for charsets following
4522 the procedures of [RFC2278].

4523 **7. Internationalization Considerations**

4524 Some of the attributes have values that are text strings and names which are intended for human
4525 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes in Sections
4526 4.1.1 and 4.1.2).

4527 In each operation request, the client

- 4528 - identifies the charset and natural language of the request which affects each supplied 'text' and 'name'
4529 attribute value, and
4530 - requests the charset and natural language for attributes returned by the IPP object in operation
4531 responses (as described in Section 3.1.4.1).
4532

4533 In addition, the client MAY separately and individually identify the Natural Language Override of a
4534 supplied 'text' or 'name' attribute using the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' technique
4535 described section 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 respectively.

4536 All IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset in all 'text' and 'name' attributes supported. If
4537 an IPP object supports more than the UTF-8 charset, the object MUST convert between them in order to
4538 return the requested charset to the client according to Section 3.1.4.2. If an IPP object supports more than
4539 one natural language, the object SHOULD return 'text' and 'name' values in the natural language requested
4540 where those values are generated by the Printer (see Section 3.1.4.1).

4541 For Printers that support multiple charsets and/or multiple natural languages in 'text' and 'name' attributes,
4542 different jobs may have been submitted in differing charsets and/or natural languages. All responses MUST
4543 be returned in the charset requested by the client. However, the Get-Jobs operation uses the
4544 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' mechanism to identify the differing natural languages with
4545 each job attribute returned.

4546 The Printer object also has configured charset and natural language attributes. The client can query the
4547 Printer object to determine the list of charsets and natural languages supported by the Printer object and
4548 what the Printer object's configured values are. See the "charset-configured", "charset-supported", "natural-
4549 language-configured", and "generated-natural-language-supported" Printer description attributes for more
4550 details.

4551 The "charset-supported" attributed identifies the supported charsets. If a charset is supported, the IPP
4552 object MUST be capable of converting to and from that charset into any other supported charset. In many
4553 cases, an IPP object will support only one charset and it MUST be the UTF-8 charset.

4554 The "charset-configured" attribute identifies the one supported charset which is the native charset given the
4555 current configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4556 The "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the set of supported natural languages for
4557 generated messages; it is not related to the set of natural languages that must be accepted for client supplied
4558 'text' and 'name' attributes. For client supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes, an IPP object MUST accept ALL
4559 supplied natural languages. Just because a Printer object is currently configured to support 'en-us' natural
4560 language does not mean that the Printer object should reject a job if the client supplies a job name that is in
4561 'fr-ca'.

4562 The "natural-language-configured" attribute identifies the one supported natural language for generated
4563 messages which is the native natural language given the current configuration of the IPP object
4564 (administrator defined).

4565 Attributes of type 'text' and 'name' are populated from different sources. These attributes can be categorized
4566 into following groups (depending on the source of the attribute):

- 4567 1. Some attributes are supplied by the client (e.g., the client supplied "job-name", "document-name",
4568 and "requesting-user-name" operation attributes along with the corresponding Job object's "job-
4569 name" and "job-originating-user-name" attributes). The IPP object MUST accept these attributes in
4570 any natural language no matter what the set of supported languages for generated messages
- 4571 2. Some attributes are supplied by the system administrator (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-name" and
4572 "printer-location" attributes). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for
4573 these attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural
4574 Language Override mechanism.
- 4575 3. Some attributes are supplied by the device manufacturer (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-make-and-
4576 model" attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these
4577 attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural
4578 Language Override mechanism.
- 4579 4. Some attributes are supplied by the operator (e.g., the Job object's "job-message-from-operator"
4580 attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is
4581 different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language
4582 Override mechanism.
- 4583 5. Some attributes are generated by the IPP object (e.g., the Job object's "job-state-message" attribute,
4584 the Printer object's "printer-state-message" attribute, and the "status-message" operation attribute).
4585 These attributes can only be in one of the "generated-natural-language-supported" natural
4586 languages. If a client requests some natural language for these attributes other than one of the
4587 supported values, the IPP object SHOULD respond using the value of the "natural-language-
4588 configured" attribute (using the Natural Language Override mechanism if needed).

4590 The 'text' and 'name' attributes specified in this version of this document (additional ones will be registered
4591 according to the procedures in Section 6) are:

Attributes	Source
Operation Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client
document-name (name)	client
requesting-user-name (name)	client
status-message (text)	Job or Printer object
detailed-status-message (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
document-access-error (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Job Template Attributes:	
job-hold-until (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-ready (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
Job Description Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client or Printer object
job-originating-user-name (name)	Printer object
job-state-message (text)	Job or Printer object
output-device-assigned (name(127))	administrator
job-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator
job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
job-document-access-errors (1setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Printer Description Attributes:	
printer-name (name(127))	administrator
printer-location (text(127))	administrator
printer-info (text(127))	administrator
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	administrator or manufacturer
printer-state-message (text)	Printer object
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator

4592 Rule 1 - Neither the Printer nor the client localizes these message attributes, since they are intended for use
4593 by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons.

4594

4595

8. Security Considerations

4596 It is difficult to anticipate the security risks that might exist in any given IPP environment. For example, if
4597 IPP is used within a given corporation over a private network, the risks of exposing document data may be
4598 low enough that the corporation will choose not to use encryption on that data. However, if the connection
4599 between the client and the IPP object is over a public network, the client may wish to protect the content of
4600 the information during transmission through the network with encryption.

4601 Furthermore, the value of the information being printed may vary from one IPP environment to the next.
4602 Printing payroll checks, for example, would have a different value than printing public information from a
4603 file. There is also the possibility of denial-of-service attacks, but denial-of-service attacks against printing
4604 resources are not well understood and there is no published precedents regarding this scenario.

4605 Once the authenticated identity of the requester has been supplied to the IPP object, the object uses that
4606 identity to enforce any authorization policy that might be in place. For example, one site's policy might be
4607 that only the job owner is allowed to cancel a job. The details and mechanisms to set up a particular access
4608 control policy are not part of IPP/1.1, and must be established via some other type of administrative or
4609 access control framework. However, there are operation status codes that allow an IPP server to return
4610 information back to a client about any potential access control violations for an IPP object.

4611 During a create operation, the client's identity is recorded in the Job object in an implementation-defined
4612 attribute. This information can be used to verify a client's identity for subsequent operations on that Job
4613 object in order to enforce any access control policy that might be in effect. See section 8.3 below for more
4614 details.

4615 Since the security levels or the specific threats that any given IPP system administrator may be concerned
4616 with cannot be anticipated, IPP MUST be capable of operating with different security mechanisms and
4617 security policies as required by the individual installation. Security policies might vary from very strong, to
4618 very weak, to none at all, and corresponding security mechanisms will be required.

4619

8.1 Security Scenarios

4620 The following sections describe specific security attacks for IPP environments. Where examples are
4621 provided they should be considered illustrative of the environment and not an exhaustive set. Not all of
4622 these environments will necessarily be addressed in initial implementations of IPP.

4623

8.1.1 Client and Server in the Same Security Domain

4624 This environment is typical of internal networks where traditional office workers print the output of
4625 personal productivity applications on shared work-group printers, or where batch applications print their
4626 output on large production printers. Although the identity of the user may be trusted in this environment, a

4627 user might want to protect the content of a document against such attacks as eavesdropping, replaying or
4628 tampering.

4629 **8.1.2 Client and Server in Different Security Domains**

4630 Examples of this environment include printing a document created by the client on a publicly available
4631 printer, such as at a commercial print shop; or printing a document remotely on a business associate's
4632 printer. This latter operation is functionally equivalent to sending the document to the business associate as
4633 a facsimile. Printing sensitive information on a Printer in a different security domain requires strong
4634 security measures. In this environment authentication of the printer is required as well as protection against
4635 unauthorized use of print resources. Since the document crosses security domains, protection against
4636 eavesdropping and document tampering are also required. It will also be important in this environment to
4637 protect Printers against "spamming" and malicious document content.

4638 **8.1.3 Print by Reference**

4639 When the document is not stored on the client, printing can be done by reference. That is, the print request
4640 can contain a reference, or pointer, to the document instead of the actual document itself (see sections 3.2.2
4641 and 3.3.2). Standard methods currently do not exist for remote entities to "assume" the credentials of a
4642 client for forwarding requests to a 3rd party. It is anticipated that Print-By-Reference will be used to access
4643 "public" documents and that sophisticated methods for authenticating "proxies" is not specified in this
4644 document.

4645 **8.2 URIs in Operation, Job, and Printer attributes**

4646 The "printer-uri-supported" attribute contains the Printer object's URI(s). Its companion attribute, "uri-
4647 security-supported", identifies the security mechanism used for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-
4648 supported" attribute. For each Printer operation request, a client MUST supply only one URI in the
4649 "printer-uri" operation attribute. In other words, even though the Printer supports more than one URI, the
4650 client only interacts with the Printer object using one of its URIs. This duality is not needed for Job objects,
4651 since the Printer object is the factory for Job objects, and the Printer object will generate the correct URI
4652 for new Job objects depending on the Printer object's security configuration.

4653 **8.3 URIs for each authentication mechanisms**

4654 Each URI has an authentication mechanism associated with it. If the URI is the i'th element of "printer-uri-
4655 supported", then authentication mechanism is the "i th" element of "uri-authentication-supported". For a list
4656 of possible authentication mechanisms, see section 4.4.2.

4657 The Printer object uses an authentication mechanism to determine the name of the user performing an
4658 operation. This user is called the "authenticated user". The credibility of authentication depends on the
4659 mechanism that the Printer uses to obtain the user's name. When the authentication mechanism is 'none', all
4660 authenticated users are "anonymous".

4661 During job creation operations, the Printer initializes the value of the "job-originating-user-name" attribute
4662 (see section 4.3.6) to be the authenticated user. The authenticated user in this case is called the "job owner".

4663 If an implementation can be configured to support more than one authentication mechanism (see section
4664 4.4.2), then it **MUST** implement rules for determining equality of authenticated user names which have
4665 been authenticated via different authentication mechanisms. One possible policy is that identical names
4666 that are authenticated via different mechanisms are different. For example, a user can cancel his job only if
4667 he uses the same authentication mechanism for both Cancel-Job and Print-Job. Another policy is that
4668 identical names that are authenticated via different mechanism are the same if the authentication
4669 mechanism for the later operation is not less strong than the authentication mechanism for the earlier job
4670 creation operation. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same or stronger
4671 authentication mechanism for Cancel-Job and Print-Job. With this second policy a job submitted via
4672 'requesting-user-name' authentication could be canceled via 'digest' authentication. With the first policy, the
4673 job could not be canceled in this way.

4674 A client is able to determine the authentication mechanism used to create a job. It is the i'th value of the
4675 Printer's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.2), where i is the index of the element of
4676 the Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.1) equal to the job's "job-printer-uri" attribute
4677 (see section 4.3.3).

4678 **8.4 Restricted Queries**

4679 In many IPP operations, a client supplies a list of attributes to be returned in the response. For security
4680 reasons, an IPP object may be configured not to return all attributes (or all values) that a client requests.
4681 The job attributes returned **MAY** depend on whether the requesting user is the same as the user that
4682 submitted the job. The IPP object **MAY** even return none of the requested attributes. In such cases, the
4683 status returned is the same as if the object had returned all requested attributes. The client cannot tell by
4684 such a response whether the requested attribute was present or absent on the object.

4685 **8.5 Operations performed by operators and system administrators**

4686 For the three printer operations Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs (see sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8 and
4687 3.2.9), the requesting user is intended to be an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see section 1).
4688 Otherwise, the IPP Printer **MUST** reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-
4689 authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate. For operations on jobs, the requesting user is
4690 intended to be the job owner or may be an operator or administrator of the Printer object. The means for
4691 authorizing an operator or administrator of the Printer object are not specified in this document.

4692 **8.6 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols**

4693 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols
4694 in addition to IPP, it is **RECOMMENDED** that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to
4695 be queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation **NEED**
4696 **NOT** support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-

4697 band value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign
4698 jobs.

4699 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign
4700 jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and
4701 Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign
4702 jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the
4703 IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client
4704 has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be
4705 queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy is to allow users to query other users' jobs,
4706 then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes.

4707 9. References

4708 [ASME-Y14.1M]

4709 Metric Drawing Sheet Size and Format, ASME Y14.1M-1995. This standard defines metric sheet
4710 sizes and formats for engineering drawings.

4711 [ASCII]

4712 Coded Character Set - 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI
4713 X3.4-1986. This standard is the specification of the US-ASCII charset.

4714 [BCP-11]

4715 [Bradner S.](#), [Hovey R.](#), "The Organizations Involved in the IETF Standards Process", 1996/10/29
4716 (RFC 2028)

4717 [HTPP]

4718 J. Barnett, K. Carter, R. DeBry, "Initial Draft - Hypertext Printing Protocol - HTPP/1.0", October
4719 1996, <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/historic/http/overview.ps.gz>

4720 [IANA-CON]

4721 Narte, T. and Alvestrand, H.T.: Guidelines for Writing an IANA Considerations Section in RFCs,
4722 Work in Progress, draft-iesg-iana-considerations-04.txt, May 21, 1998.

4723 [IANA-CS]

4724 IANA Registry of Coded Character Sets: <ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/character-sets>

4725 [IANA-MT]

4726 IANA Registry of Media Types: <ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/media-types/>

4727 [IPP-IIG]

4728 Hastings, T., Manros, C., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: draft-ietf-ipp-implementers-guide-v11-
4729 00.txt, work in progress, September 27, 1999.

- 4730 [IPP-PRO]
4731 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Tuner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and
4732 Transport", draft-ietf-ipp-protocol-v11-05.txt, March 1, 2000.
- 4733 [ISO10646-1]
4734 ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993, "Information technology -- Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set
4735 (UCS) - Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane, JTC1/SC2."
- 4736 [ISO8859-1]
4737 ISO/IEC 8859-1:1987, "Information technology -- 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set - Part 1:
4738 Latin Alphabet Nr 1", 1987, JTC1/SC2.
- 4739 [ISO10175]
4740 ISO/IEC 10175 Document Printing Application (DPA), June 1996.
- 4741 [LDPA]
4742 T. Hastings, S. Isaacson, M. MacKay, C. Manros, D. Taylor, P. Zehler, "LDPA - Lightweight
4743 Document Printing Application", October 1996,
4744 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/historic/ldpa/ldpa8.pdf.gz>
- 4745 [P1387.4]
4746 Kirk, M. (editor), POSIX System Administration - Part 4: Printing Interfaces, POSIX 1387.4 D8,
4747 1994.
- 4748 [PSIS] Herriot, R. (editor), X/Open A Printing System Interoperability Specification (PSIS), August 1995.
- 4749 [PWG]
4750 Printer Working Group, <http://www.pwg.org>.
- 4751 [RFC1035]
4752 P. Mockapetris, "DOMAIN NAMES - IMPLEMENTATION AND SPECIFICATION", RFC 1035,
4753 November 1987.
- 4754 [RFC1179]
4755 McLaughlin, L. III, (editor), "Line Printer Daemon Protocol" RFC 1179, August 1990.
- 4756 [RFC1759]
4757 Smith, R., Wright, F., Hastings, T., Zilles, S., and Gyllenskog, J., "Printer MIB", RFC 1759, March
4758 1995.
- 4759 [RFC1766]
4760 H. Alvestrand, "Tags for the Identification of Languages", RFC 1766, March 1995.
- 4761 [RFC1951]
4762 P. Deutsch, "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification version 1.3 ", RFC 1951, May
4763 1996.

- 4764 [RFC1952]
4765 P. Deutsch, "GZIP file format specification version 4.3", RFC 1952, May 1996.
- 4766 [RFC1977]
4767 V. Schryver, "PPP BSD Compression Protocol", RFC 1977, August 1996.
- 4768 [RFC2026]
4769 S. Bradner, "The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3", RFC 2026, October 1996.
- 4770 [RFC2045]
4771 N. Fried, N. Borenstein, ", Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of
4772 Internet Message Bodies " RFC 2045, November 1996.
- 4773 [RFC2046]
4774 Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types. N. Freed & N. Borenstein.
4775 November 1996. (Obsoletes RFC1521, RFC1522, RFC1590), RFC 2046.
- 4776 [RFC2048]
4777 N. Freed, J. Klensin & J. Postel, "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension (MIME) Part Four:
4778 Registration Procedures". RFC 2048, November 1996.
- 4779 [RFC2119]
4780 S. Bradner, "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", RFC 2119 , March 1997
- 4781 [RFC2228]
4782 M. Horowitz, S. Lunt, "FTP Security Extensions", RFC 2228, October 1997.
- 4783 [RFC2246]
4784 T. Dierks, C. Allen, "The TLS Protocol Version 1.0", RFC 2246, January 1999.
- 4785 [RFC2277]
4786 H. Alvestrand, "IETF Policy on Character Sets and Languages" RFC 2277, January 1998.
- 4787 [RFC2278]
4788 N. Freed, J. Postel: "IANA CharSet Registration Procedures", RFC 2278, January 1998.
- 4789 [RFC2279]
4790 F. Yergeau , "UTF-8, a transformation format of ISO 10646", RFC 2279. January 1998.
- 4791 [RFC2316]
4792 S. Bellovin , "Report of the IAB Security Architecture Workshop", RFC 2316, April 1998.
- 4793 [RFC2396]
4794 Berners-Lee, T., Fielding, R., Masinter, L., "Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax",
4795 RFC 2396, August 1998.

- 4796 [RFC2565]
4797 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Tuner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Encoding and
4798 Transport", RFC 2565, April 1999.
- 4799 [RFC2566]
4800 R. deBry, T. Hastings, R. Herriot, S. Isaacson, P. Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Model and
4801 Semantics", RFC 2566, April 1999.
- 4802 [RFC2567]
4803 Wright, D., "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol", RFC 2567, April 1999.
- 4804 [RFC2568]
4805 Zilles, S., "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol",
4806 RFC 2568, April 1999.
- 4807 [RFC2569]
4808 Herriot, R., Hastings, T., Jacobs, N., Martin, J., "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols", RFC
4809 2569, April 1999.
- 4810 [RFC2579]
4811 K. McCloghrie, D. Perkins, J. Schoenwaelder, "Textual Conventions for SMIV2" RFC 2579 (Also
4812 STD0058), April 1999.
- 4813 [RFC2616]
4814 R. Fielding, J. Gettys, J. Mogul, H. Frystyk, L. Masinter, P. Leach, T. Berners-Lee, "Hypertext
4815 Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999.
- 4816 [RFC2617]
4817 J. Franks, P. Hallam-Baker, J. Hostetler, S. Lawrence, P. Leach, A. Luotonen, L. Stewart, "HTTP
4818 Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication", RFC 2617, June 1999.
- 4819 [SSL]
4820 Netscape, The SSL Protocol, Version 3, (Text version 3.02), November 1996.
- 4821 [SWP]
4822 P. Moore, B. Jahromi, S. Butler, "Simple Web Printing SWP/1.0", May 7, 1997,
4823 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_PRO/swp9705.pdf

4824 10. Author's Address

4825 Scott A. Isaacson (Editor)
4826 Novell, Inc.
4827 122 E 1700 S
4828 Provo, UT 84606

4829
4830 Phone: 801-861-7366
4831 Fax: 801-861-2517
4832 e-mail: sisaacson@novell.com
4833
4834 Tom Hastings
4835 Xerox Corporation
4836 737 Hawaii St. ESAE 231
4837 El Segundo, CA 90245
4838
4839 Phone: 310-333-6413
4840 Fax: 310-333-5514
4841 e-mail: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com
4842
4843 Robert Herriot
4844 Xerox Corp.
4845 3400 Hill View Ave, Building 1
4846 Palo Alto, CA 94304
4847
4848 Phone: 650-813-7696
4849 Fax: 650-813-6860
4850 e-mail: robert.herriot@pahv.xerox.com
4851
4852 Roger deBry
4853 Utah Valley State College
4854 Orem, UT 84058
4855
4856 Phone: (801) 222-8000
4857 EMail: debryro@uvsc.edu
4858
4859 Patrick Powell
4860 Astart Technologies
4861 9475 Chesapeake Dr., Suite D
4862 San Diego, CA 95123
4863
4864 Phone: (619) 874-6543
4865 Fax: (619) 279-8424
4866 e-mail: papowell@astart.com
4867
4868 IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org
4869 IPP Mailing List Subscription: ipp-request@pwg.org
4870 IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>
4871

4872 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join IPP Mailing List in order to participate
4873 in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and
4874 values.

4875

4876 Other Participants:

Chuck Adams - Tektronix
Stefan Andersson - Axis
Ron Bergman - Hitachi Koki Imaging Systems
Keith Carter - IBM
Rajesh Chawla - TR Computing Solutions
Josh Cohen - Microsoft
Andy Davidson - Tektronix
Maulik Desai - Auco
Lee Farrell - Canon Information Systems
Steve Gebert - IBM
Charles Gordon - Osicom
Jerry Hadsell - IBM
Tom Hastings - Xerox
Stephen Holmstead
Scott Isaacson - Novell
Swen Johnson - Xerox
Robert Kline - TrueSpectra
Carl Kugler - IBM
Takami Kurono - Brother
Scott Lawrence - Agranot Systems
Dwight Lewis - Lexmark
Tony Liao - Vivid Image
Pete Loya - HP
Mike MacKay - Novell, Inc.
Carl-Uno Manros - Xerox
Stan McConnell - Xerox
Sandra Matts - Hewlett Packard
Ira McDonald - High North Inc.
Tetsuya Morita - Ricoh
Pat Nogay - IBM
Hugo Parra, Novell
Patrick Powell - Astart Technologies
Eric Random - Peerless
Xavier Riley - Xerox
David Roach - Unisys
Yuji Sasaki - Japan Computer Industry
Kris Schoff - HP
Bob Setterbo - Adobe
Hideki Tanaka - Cannon Information Systems
Mike Timperman - Lexmark
Shigeru Ueda - Canon
William Wagner - NetSilicon/DPI
Chris Wellens - Interworking Labs
Craig Whittle - Sharp Labs
Jasper Wong - Xionics
Michael Wu - Heidelberg Digital
Michael Yeung - Canon Information Systems
Atsushi Yuki - Kyocera
William Zhang- Canon Information Systems
Steve Zilles - Adobe
Shivaun Albright - HP
Jeff Barnett - IBM
Dennis Carney - IBM
Angelo Caruso - Xerox
Nancy Chen - Okidata
Jeff Copeland - QMS
Roger deBry - IBM
Mabry Dozier - QMS
Satoshi Fujitami - Ricoh
Sue Gleeson - Digital
Brian Grimshaw - Apple
Richard Hart - Digital
Henrik Holst - I-data
Zhi-Hong Huang - Zenographics
Babek Jahromi - Microsoft
David Kellerman - Northlake Software
Charles Kong - Panasonic
Dave Kuntz - Hewlett-Packard
Rick Landau - Digital
Greg LeClair - Epson
Harry Lewis - IBM
Roy Lomicka - Digital
Ray Lutz - Cognisys
David Manchala - Xerox
Jay Martin - Underscore
Larry Masinter - Xerox
Peter Michalek - Shinesoft
Mike Moldovan - G3 Nova
Yuichi Niwa - Ricoh
Ron Norton - Printronics
Bob Pentecost - Hewlett-Packard
Jeff Rackowitz - Intermec
Rob Rhoads - Intel
Gary Roberts - Ricoh
Stuart Rowley - Kyocera
Richard Schneider - Epson
Katsuaki Sekiguchi - Canon Information Systems
Gail Songer - Peerless
Devon Taylor - Novell, Inc.
Atsushi Uchino - Epson
Bob Von Anandel - Allegro Software
Jim Walker - DAZEL
Trevor Wells - Hewlett Packard
Rob Whittle - Novell, Inc.
Don Wright - Lexmark
Rick Yardumian - Xerox
Lloyd Young - Lexmark
Peter Zehler - Xerox
Frank Zhao - Panasonic
Rob Zirnstein - Canon Information Systems

4877

4878 **11. Formats for IPP Registration Proposals**

4879 In order to propose an IPP extension for registration, the proposer must submit an application to IANA by
4880 email to "iana@iana.org" or by filling out the appropriate form on the IANA web pages
4881 (<http://www.iana.org>). This section specifies the required information and the formats for proposing
4882 registrations of extensions to IPP as provided in Section 6 for:

- 4883
- 4884 1. type2 'keyword' attribute values
- 4885 2. type3 'keyword' attribute values
- 4886 3. type2 'enum' attribute values
- 4887 4. type3 'enum' attribute values
- 4888 5. attributes
- 4889 6. attribute syntaxes
- 4890 7. operations
- 4891 8. status codes
- 4892 9. out-of-band attribute values

4893 **11.1 Type2 keyword attribute values registration**

4894 Type of registration: type2 keyword attribute value

4895 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4896 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4897 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4898 Name of proposer:

4899 Address of proposer:

4900 Email address of proposer:

4901

4902 Note: For type2 keywords, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4903 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4904 **11.2 Type3 keyword attribute values registration**

4905 Type of registration: type3 keyword attribute value

4906 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4907 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4908 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4909 Name of proposer:

4910 Address of proposer:

4911 Email address of proposer:

4912

4913 Note: For type3 keywords, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4914 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4915 **11.3 Type2 enum attribute values registration**

4916 Type of registration: type2 enum attribute value

4917 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4918 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4919 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4920 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4921 Name of proposer:

4922 Address of proposer:

4923 Email address of proposer:

4924

4925 Note: For type2 enums, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4926 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4927 **11.4 Type3 enum attribute values registration**

4928 Type of registration: type3 enum attribute value

4929 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4930 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4931 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4932 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4933 Name of proposer:

4934 Address of proposer:

4935 Email address of proposer:

4936

4937 Note: For type3 enums, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration specification,
4938 if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4939 **11.5 Attribute registration**

4940 Type of registration: attribute

4941 Proposed keyword name of this attribute:

4942 Types of attribute (Operation, Job Template, Job Description, Printer Description):

4943 Operations to be used with if the attribute is an operation attribute:

4944 Object (Job, Printer, etc. if bound to an object):

4945 Attribute syntax(es) (include 1setOf and range as in Section 4.2):

4946 If attribute syntax is 'keyword' or 'enum', is it type2 or type3:

4947 If this is a Printer attribute, MAY the value returned depend on "document-format" (See Section 6.2):

4948 If this is a Job Template attribute, how does its specification depend on the value of the "multiple-
4949 document-handling" attribute:

4950 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.2):

4951 Name of proposer:

4952 Address of proposer:

4953 Email address of proposer:

4954

4955 Note: For attributes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4956 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4957 **11.6 Attribute Syntax registration**

4958 Type of registration: attribute syntax

4959 Proposed name of this attribute syntax:

4960 Type of attribute syntax (integer, octetString, character-string, see [IPP-PRO]):

4961 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4962 IANA):

4963 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1):

4964 Name of proposer:

4965 Address of proposer:

4966 Email address of proposer:

4967

4968 Note: For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4969 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4970 **11.7 Operation registration**

4971 Type of registration: operation

4972 Proposed name of this operation:

4973 Numeric operation-id value according to section 4.4.15 (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in
4974 consultation with IANA):

4975 Object Target (Job, Printer, etc. that operation is upon):

4976 Specification of this operation (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4977 Name of proposer:

4978 Address of proposer:

4979 Email address of proposer:

4980

4981 Note: For operations, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4982 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4983 **11.8 Attribute Group registration**

4984 Type of registration: attribute group

4985 Proposed name of this attribute group:

4986 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4987 IANA):

4988 Operation requests and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4989 Operation responses and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4990 Specification of this attribute group (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4991 Name of proposer:

4992 Address of proposer:

4993 Email address of proposer:

4994

4995 Note: For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4996 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4997 **11.9 Status code registration**

4998 Type of registration: status code

4999 Keyword symbolic name of this status code value:

5000 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

5001 Operations that this status code may be used with:

5002 Specification of this status code (follow the style of IPP Model Section 13 APPENDIX B: Status Codes
5003 and Suggested Status Code Messages):

5004 Name of proposer:

5005 Address of proposer:

5006 Email address of proposer:

5007

5008 Note: For status codes, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
5009 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

5010 **11.10 Out-of-band Attribute Value registration**

5011 Type of registration: out-of-band attribute value

5012 Proposed name of this out-of-band attribute value:

5013 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
5014 IANA):

5015 Operations that this out-of-band attribute value may be used with:

5016 Attributes that this out-of-band attribute value may be used with:

5017 Specification of this out-of-band attribute value (follow the style of the beginning of IPP Model Section
5018 4.1):

5019 Name of proposer:

5020 Address of proposer:

5021 Email address of proposer:

5022

5023 Note: For out-of-band attribute values, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the
5024 approved registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

5025 **12. APPENDIX A: Terminology**

5026 This specification document uses the terminology defined in this section.

5027 **12.1 Conformance Terminology**

5028 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT",
5029 "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in
5030 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

5031 **12.1.1 NEED NOT**

5032 This term is not included in RFC 2119. The verb "NEED NOT" indicates an action that the subject of the
5033 sentence does not have to implement in order to claim conformance to the standard. The verb "NEED
5034 NOT" is used instead of "MAY NOT" since "MAY NOT" sounds like a prohibition.

5035 **12.2 Model Terminology**

5036 **12.2.1 Keyword**

5037 Keywords are used within this document as identifiers of semantic entities within the abstract model (see
5038 section 4.1.2.3). Attribute names, some attribute values, attribute syntaxes, and attribute group names are
5039 represented as keywords.

5040 **12.2.2 Attributes**

5041 An attribute is an item of information that is associated with an instance of an IPP object. An attribute
5042 consists of an attribute name and one or more attribute values. Each attribute has a specific attribute syntax.
5043 All object attributes are defined in section 4 and all operation attributes are defined in section 3.

5044 Job Template Attributes are described in section 4.2. The client optionally supplies Job Template attributes
5045 in a create request (operation requests that create Job objects). The Printer object has associated attributes
5046 which define supported and default values for the Printer.

5047 **12.2.2.1 Attribute Name**

5048 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document by its attribute name. An attribute name is a keyword.
5049 The keyword attribute name is given in the section header describing that attribute. In running text in this
5050 document, attribute names are indicated inside double quotation marks (") where the quotation marks are
5051 not part of the keyword itself.

5052 **12.2.2.2 Attribute Group Name**

5053 Related attributes are grouped into named groups. The name of the group is a keyword. The group name
5054 may be used in place of naming all the attributes in the group explicitly. Attribute groups are defined in
5055 section 3.

5056 12.2.2.3 Attribute Value

5057 Each attribute has one or more values. Attribute values are represented in the syntax type specified for that
5058 attribute. In running text in this document, attribute values are indicated inside single quotation marks ('),
5059 whether their attribute syntax is keyword, integer, text, etc. where the quotation marks are not part of the
5060 value itself.

5061 12.2.2.4 Attribute Syntax

5062 Each attribute is defined using an explicit syntax type. In this document, each syntax type is defined as a
5063 keyword with specific meaning. The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] indicates the actual
5064 "on-the-wire" encoding rules for each syntax type. Attribute syntax types are defined in section 4.1.

5065 12.2.3 Supports

5066 By definition, a Printer object supports an attribute only if that Printer object responds with the
5067 corresponding attribute populated with some value(s) in a response to a query for that attribute. A Printer
5068 object supports an attribute value if the value is one of the Printer object's "supported values" attributes.
5069 The device behind a Printer object may exhibit a behavior that corresponds to some IPP attribute, but if the
5070 Printer object, when queried for that attribute, doesn't respond with the attribute, then as far as IPP is
5071 concerned, that implementation does not support that feature. If the Printer object's "xxx-supported"
5072 attribute is not populated with a particular value (even if that value is a legal value for that attribute), then
5073 that Printer object does not support that particular value.

5074 A conforming implementation MUST support all REQUIRED attributes. However, even for REQUIRED
5075 attributes, conformance to IPP does not mandate that all implementations support all possible values
5076 representing all possible job processing behaviors and features. For example, if a given instance of a
5077 Printer supports only certain document formats, then that Printer responds with the "document-format-
5078 supported" attribute populated with a set of values, possibly only one, taken from the entire set of possible
5079 values defined for that attribute. This limited set of values represents the Printer's set of supported
5080 document formats. Supporting an attribute and some set of values for that attribute enables IPP end users to
5081 be aware of and make use of those features associated with that attribute and those values. If an
5082 implementation chooses to not support an attribute or some specific value, then IPP end users would have
5083 no ability to make use of that feature within the context of IPP itself. However, due to existing practice and
5084 legacy systems which are not IPP aware, there might be some other mechanism outside the scope of IPP to
5085 control or request the "unsupported" feature (such as embedded instructions within the document data
5086 itself).

5087 For example, consider the "finishings-supported" attribute.

- 5088 1) If a Printer object is not physically capable of stapling, the "finishings-supported" attribute MUST
5089 NOT be populated with the value of 'staple'.
- 5090 2) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, however an implementation chooses not to support
5091 stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST NOT be a value in the
5092 "finishings-supported" Printer object attribute. Without support for the value 'staple', an IPP end
5093 user would have no means within the protocol itself to request that a Job be stapled. However, an

5094 existing document data formatter might be able to request that the document be stapled directly with
5095 an embedded instruction within the document data. In this case, the IPP implementation does not
5096 "support" stapling, however the end user is still able to have some control over the stapling of the
5097 completed job.

- 5098 3) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, and an implementation chooses to support stapling
5099 in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST be a value in the "finishings-supported"
5100 Printer object attribute. Doing so, would enable end users to be aware of and make use of the
5101 stapling feature using IPP attributes.
5102

5103 Even though support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object is OPTIONAL, it is RECOMMENDED
5104 that if the device behind a Printer object is capable of realizing any feature or function that corresponds to
5105 an IPP attribute and some associated value, then that implementation SHOULD support that IPP attribute
5106 and value.

5107 The set of values in any of the supported value attributes is set (populated) by some administrative process
5108 or automatic sensing mechanism that is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. For administrative
5109 policy and control reasons, an administrator may choose to make only a subset of possible values visible to
5110 the end user. In this case, the real output device behind the IPP Printer abstraction may be capable of a
5111 certain feature, however an administrator is specifying that access to that feature not be exposed to the end
5112 user through the IPP protocol. Also, since a Printer object may represent a logical print device (not just a
5113 physical device) the actual process for supporting a value is undefined and left up to the implementation.
5114 However, if a Printer object supports a value, some manual human action may be needed to realize the
5115 semantic action associated with the value, but no end user action is required.

5116 For example, if one of the values in the "finishings-supported" attribute is 'staple', the actual process might
5117 be an automatic staple action by a physical device controlled by some command sent to the device. Or, the
5118 actual process of stapling might be a manual action by an operator at an operator attended Printer object.

5119 For another example of how supported attributes function, consider a system administrator who desires to
5120 control all print jobs so that no job sheets are printed in order to conserve paper. To force no job sheets, the
5121 system administrator sets the only supported value for the "job-sheets-supported" attribute to 'none'. In this
5122 case, if a client requests anything except 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is
5123 ignored (depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"). To force the use of job start/end sheets on all
5124 jobs, the administrator does not include the value 'none' in the "job-sheets-supported" attribute. In this case,
5125 if a client requests 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is ignored (again depending
5126 on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity").

5127 **12.2.4 print-stream page**

5128 A "print-stream page" is a page according to the definition of pages in the language used to express the
5129 document data.

5130 **12.2.5 impression**

5131 An "impression" is the image (possibly many print-stream pages in different configurations) imposed onto a
5132 single media page.

5133 **13. APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages**

5134 This section defines status code enum keywords and values that are used to provide semantic information
5135 on the results of an operation request. Each operation response **MUST** include a status code. The response
5136 **MAY** also contain a status message that provides a short textual description of the status. The status code
5137 is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user. Since the status
5138 message is an **OPTIONAL** component of the operation response, an IPP application (i.e., a browser, GUI,
5139 print driver or gateway) is **NOT REQUIRED** to examine or display the status message, since it **MAY** not be
5140 returned to the application.

5141 The prefix of the status keyword defines the class of response as follows:

- 5142 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
 - 5143 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
 - 5144 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
 - 5145 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
 - 5146 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request
- 5147

5148 As with type2 enums, IPP status codes are extensible. IPP clients are **NOT REQUIRED** to understand the
5149 meaning of all registered status codes, though such understanding is obviously desirable. However, IPP
5150 clients **MUST** understand the class of any status code, as indicated by the prefix, and treat any unrecognized
5151 response as being equivalent to the first status code of that class, with the exception that an unrecognized
5152 response **MUST NOT** be cached. For example, if an unrecognized status code of "client-error-xxx-yyy" is
5153 received by the client, it can safely assume that there was something wrong with its request and treat the
5154 response as if it had received a "client-error-bad-request" status code. In such cases, IPP applications
5155 **SHOULD** present the **OPTIONAL** message (if present) to the end user since the message is likely to
5156 contain human readable information which will help to explain the unusual status. The name of the enum
5157 is the suggested status message for US English.

5158 The status code values range from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. The value ranges for each status code class are as
5159 follows:

- 5160 "successful" - 0x0000 to 0x00FF
 - 5161 "informational" - 0x0100 to 0x01FF
 - 5162 "redirection" - 0x0200 to 0x02FF
 - 5163 "client-error" - 0x0400 to 0x04FF
 - 5164 "server-error" - 0x0500 to 0x05FF
- 5165

5166 The top half (128 values) of each range (0x0n40 to 0x0nFF, for n = 0 to 5) is reserved for vendor use within
5167 each status code class. Values 0x0600 to 0x7FFF are reserved for future assignment by IETF standards
5168 track documents and MUST NOT be used.

5169 **13.1 Status Codes**

5170 Each status code is described below. Section 13.1.5.9 contains a table that indicates which status codes
5171 apply to which operations. The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] describe the suggested steps for processing
5172 IPP attributes for all operations, including returning status codes.

5173 **13.1.1 Informational**

5174 This class of status code indicates a provisional response and is to be used for informational purposes only.

5175 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5176 **13.1.2 Successful Status Codes**

5177 This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and
5178 accepted.

5179 **13.1.2.1 successful-ok (0x0000)**

5180 The request has succeeded and no request attributes were substituted or ignored. In the case of a response
5181 to a create request, the 'successful-ok' status code indicates that the request was successfully received and
5182 validated, and that the Job object has been created; it does not indicate that the job has been processed. The
5183 transition of the Job object into the 'completed' state is the only indicator that the job has been printed.

5184 **13.1.2.2 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)**

5185 The request has succeeded, but some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) unsupported values were
5186 substituted with supported values or were ignored in order to perform the operation without rejecting it.
5187 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes
5188 group of the response for all operations. There is an exception to this rule for the query operations: Get-
5189 Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes for the "requested-attributes" operation attribute only.
5190 When the supplied values of the "requested-attributes" operation attribute are requesting attributes that are
5191 not supported, the IPP object MAY, but is NOT REQUIRED to, return the "requested-attributes" attribute
5192 in the Unsupported Attribute response group (with the unsupported values only). See sections 3.1.7 and
5193 3.2.1.2.

5194 **13.1.2.3 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002)**

5195 The request has succeeded, but some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other supplied
5196 attributes. These conflicting values were either (1) substituted with (supported) values or (2) the attributes

5197 were removed in order to process the job without rejecting it. Attributes or values which conflict with other
5198 attributes and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of
5199 the response for all operations as supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

5200 **13.1.3 Redirection Status Codes**

5201 This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken to fulfill the request.

5202 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5203 **13.1.4 Client Error Status Codes**

5204 This class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. The IPP object
5205 SHOULD return a message containing an explanation of the error situation and whether it is a temporary or
5206 permanent condition.

5207 **13.1.4.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400)**

5208 The request could not be understood by the IPP object due to malformed syntax (such as the value of a
5209 fixed length attribute whose length does not match the prescribed length for that attribute - see the
5210 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]). The IPP application SHOULD NOT repeat the request without
5211 modifications.

5212 **13.1.4.2 client-error-forbidden (0x0401)**

5213 The IPP object understood the request, but is refusing to fulfill it. Additional authentication information or
5214 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is
5215 commonly used when the IPP object does not wish to reveal exactly why the request has been refused or
5216 when no other response is applicable.

5217 **13.1.4.3 client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402)**

5218 The request requires user authentication. The IPP client may repeat the request with suitable authentication
5219 information. If the request already included authentication information, then this status code indicates that
5220 authorization has been refused for those credentials. If this response contains the same challenge as the
5221 prior response, and the user agent has already attempted authentication at least once, then the response
5222 message may contain relevant diagnostic information. This status codes reveals more information than
5223 "client-error-forbidden".

5224 **13.1.4.4 client-error-not-authorized (0x0403)**

5225 The requester is not authorized to perform the request. Additional authentication information or
5226 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is used
5227 when the IPP object wishes to reveal that the authentication information is understandable, however, the

5228 requester is explicitly not authorized to perform the request. This status codes reveals more information
5229 than "client-error-forbidden" and "client-error-not-authenticated".

5230 **13.1.4.5 client-error-not-possible (0x0404)**

5231 This status code is used when the request is for something that can not happen. For example, there might
5232 be a request to cancel a job that has already been canceled or aborted by the system. The IPP client
5233 SHOULD NOT repeat the request.

5234 **13.1.4.6 client-error-timeout (0x0405)**

5235 The client did not produce a request within the time that the IPP object was prepared to wait. For example,
5236 a client issued a Create-Job operation and then, after a long period of time, issued a Send-Document
5237 operation and this error status code was returned in response to the Send-Document request (see section
5238 3.3.1). The IPP object might have been forced to clean up resources that had been held for the waiting
5239 additional Documents. The IPP object was forced to close the Job since the client took too long. The client
5240 SHOULD NOT repeat the request without modifications.

5241 **13.1.4.7 client-error-not-found (0x0406)**

5242 The IPP object has not found anything matching the request URI. No indication is given of whether the
5243 condition is temporary or permanent. For example, a client with an old reference to a Job (a URI) tries to
5244 cancel the Job, however in the mean time the Job might have been completed and all record of it at the
5245 Printer has been deleted. This status code, 'client-error-not-found' is returned indicating that the referenced
5246 Job can not be found. This error status code is also used when a client supplies a URI as a reference to the
5247 document data in either a Print-URI or Send-URI operation, but the document can not be found.

5248 In practice, an IPP application should avoid a not found situation by first querying and presenting a list of
5249 valid Printer URIs and Job URIs to the end-user.

5250 **13.1.4.8 client-error-gone (0x0407)**

5251 The requested object is no longer available and no forwarding address is known. This condition should be
5252 considered permanent. Clients with link editing capabilities should delete references to the request URI
5253 after user approval. If the IPP object does not know or has no facility to determine, whether or not the
5254 condition is permanent, the status code "client-error-not-found" should be used instead.

5255 This response is primarily intended to assist the task of maintenance by notifying the recipient that the
5256 resource is intentionally unavailable and that the IPP object administrator desires that remote links to that
5257 resource be removed. It is not necessary to mark all permanently unavailable resources as "gone" or to keep
5258 the mark for any length of time -- that is left to the discretion of the IPP object administrator [and/or Printer
5259 implementation](#).

5260 13.1.4.9 client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408)

5261 The IPP object is refusing to process a request because the request entity is larger than the IPP object is
5262 willing or able to process. An IPP Printer returns this status code when it limits the size of print jobs and it
5263 receives a print job that exceeds that limit or when the attributes are so many that their encoding causes the
5264 request entity to exceed IPP object capacity.

5265 13.1.4.10 client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409)

5266 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because one or more of the client-supplied attributes has a
5267 variable length value that is longer than the maximum length specified for that attribute. The IPP object
5268 might not have sufficient resources (memory, buffers, etc.) to process (even temporarily), interpret, and/or
5269 ignore a value larger than the maximum length. Another use of this error code is when the IPP object
5270 supports the processing of a large value that is less than the maximum length, but during the processing of
5271 the request as a whole, the object may pass the value onto some other system component which is not able
5272 to accept the large value. For more details, see the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] .

5273 Note: For attribute values that are URIs, this rare condition is only likely to occur when a client has
5274 improperly submitted a request with long query information (e.g. an IPP application allows an end-user to
5275 enter an invalid URI), when the client has descended into a URI "black hole" of redirection (e.g., a
5276 redirected URI prefix that points to a suffix of itself), or when the IPP object is under attack by a client
5277 attempting to exploit security holes present in some IPP objects using fixed-length buffers for reading or
5278 manipulating the Request-URI.

5279 13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)

5280 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in
5281 the "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is returned
5282 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code,
5283 even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger
5284 problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.2.1.1.

5285 13.1.4.12 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B)

5286 In a create request, if the Printer object does not support one or more attributes, attribute syntaxes, or
5287 attribute values supplied in the request and the client supplied the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute
5288 with the 'true' value, the Printer object MUST return this status code. The Printer object MUST also return
5289 in the Unsupported Attributes Group all the attributes and/or values supplied by the client that are not
5290 supported. See section 3.1.7. For example, if the request indicates 'iso-a4' media, but that media type is not
5291 supported by the Printer object. Or, if the client supplies a Job Template attribute and the attribute itself is
5292 not even supported by the Printer. If the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is 'false', the Printer MUST ignore
5293 or substitute values for unsupported Job Template attributes and values rather than reject the request and
5294 return this status code.

5295 For any operation where a client requests attributes (such as a Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, or Get-Job-
5296 Attributes operation), if the IPP object does not support one or more of the requested attributes, the IPP
5297 object simply ignores the unsupported requested attributes and processes the request as if they had not been
5298 supplied, rather than returning this status code. In this case, the IPP object MUST return the 'successful-ok-
5299 ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code and MAY return the unsupported attributes as values of the
5300 "requested-attributes" in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 13.1.2.2).

5301 **13.1.4.13 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)**

5302 The scheme of the client-supplied URI in a Print-URI or a Send-URI operation is not supported. See
5303 sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5304 **13.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D)**

5305 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-
5306 charset" operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or
5307 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1). See sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5308 **13.1.4.15 client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E)**

5309 The request is rejected because some attribute values conflicted with the values of other attributes which
5310 this document does not permit to be substituted or ignored. The Printer object MUST also return in the
5311 Unsupported Attributes Group the conflicting attributes supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and
5312 3.2.1.2.

5313 **13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)**

5314 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data, as specified in the
5315 "compression" operation attribute, is compressed in a way that is not supported by the Printer object. This
5316 error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return
5317 this status code, even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this
5318 error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.2.1.1.

5319 **13.1.4.17 client-error-compression-error (0x0410)**

5320 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data cannot be decompressed when
5321 using the algorithm specified by the "compression" operation attribute. This error is returned independent
5322 of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there
5323 are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job
5324 Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5325 13.1.4.18 client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)

5326 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because Printer encountered an error in the document data
5327 while interpreting it. This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The
5328 Printer object **MUST** return this status code, even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported
5329 as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and
5330 3.2.1.1.

5331 13.1.4.19 client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)

5332 The IPP object is refusing to service the Print-URI or Send-URI request because Printer encountered an
5333 access error while attempting to validate the accessibility or access the document data specified in the
5334 "document-uri" operation attribute. The Printer **MAY** also return a specific document access error code
5335 using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4). This error is returned
5336 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object **MUST** return this status code,
5337 even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem
5338 than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5339 13.1.5 Server Error Status Codes

5340 This class of status codes indicates cases in which the IPP object is aware that it has erred or is incapable of
5341 performing the request. The IPP object **SHOULD** include a message containing an explanation of the error
5342 situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

5343 13.1.5.1 server-error-internal-error (0x0500)

5344 The IPP object encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request. This error
5345 status code differs from "server-error-temporary-error" in that it implies a more permanent type of internal
5346 error. It also differs from "server-error-device-error" in that it implies an unexpected condition (unlike a
5347 paper-jam or out-of-toner problem which is undesirable but expected). This error status code indicates that
5348 probably some knowledgeable human intervention is required.

5349 13.1.5.2 server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501)

5350 The IPP object does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request. This is the appropriate
5351 response when the IPP object does not recognize an operation or is not capable of supporting it. See
5352 sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5353 13.1.5.3 server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502)

5354 The IPP object is currently unable to handle the request due to a temporary overloading or maintenance of
5355 the IPP object. The implication is that this is a temporary condition which will be alleviated after some
5356 delay. If known, the length of the delay may be indicated in the message. If no delay is given, the IPP
5357 application should handle the response as it would for a "server-error-temporary-error" response. If the

5358 condition is more permanent, the error status codes "client-error-gone" or "client-error-not-found" could be
5359 used.

5360 **13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)**

5361 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was supplied as the
5362 value of the "version-number" operation parameter in the request. The IPP object is indicating that it is
5363 unable or unwilling to complete the request using the same major and minor version number as supplied in
5364 the request other than with this error message. The error response SHOULD contain a "status-message"
5365 attribute (see section 3.1.6.2) describing why that version is not supported and what other versions are
5366 supported by that IPP object. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.1.8.

5367 The error response MUST identify in the "version-number" operation parameter the closest version number
5368 that the IPP object does support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0' and an IPP/1.1 object
5369 supports version '1.0', then it responds with version '1.0' in all responses to such a request. If the IPP/1.1
5370 object does not support version '1.0', then it should accept the request and respond with version '1.1' or may
5371 reject the request and respond with this error code and version '1.1'. If a client supplies a version '1.2', the
5372 IPP/1.1 object should accept the request and return version '1.1' or may reject the request and respond with
5373 this error code and version '1.1'. See sections 3.1.8 and 4.4.14.

5374 **13.1.5.5 server-error-device-error (0x0504)**

5375 A printer error, such as a paper jam, occurs while the IPP object processes a Print or Send operation. The
5376 response contains the true Job Status (the values of the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes).
5377 Additional information can be returned in the OPTIONAL "job-state-message" attribute value or in the
5378 OPTIONAL status message that describes the error in more detail. This error status code is only returned in
5379 situations where the Printer is unable to accept the create request because of such a device error. For
5380 example, if the Printer is unable to spool, and can only accept one job at a time, the reason it might reject a
5381 create request is that the printer currently has a paper jam. In many cases however, where the Printer object
5382 can accept the request even though the Printer has some error condition, the 'successful-ok' status code will
5383 be returned. In such a case, the client would look at the returned Job Object Attributes or later query the
5384 Printer to determine its state and state reasons.

5385 **13.1.5.6 server-error-temporary-error (0x0505)**

5386 A temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow (i.e. the document data exceeds the
5387 memory of the Printer), or a disk full condition, occurs while the IPP Printer processes an operation. The
5388 client MAY try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the
5389 temporary internal error condition may have been cleared. Alternatively, as an implementation option, a
5390 Printer object MAY delay the response until the temporary condition is cleared so that no error is returned.

5391 **13.1.5.7 server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506)**

5392 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is not currently accepting jobs, because the administrator has
5393 set the value of the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute to 'false' (by means outside the scope of
5394 this IPP/1.1 document).

5395 **13.1.5.8 server-error-busy (0x0507)**

5396 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is too busy processing jobs and/or other requests. The client
5397 SHOULD try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the
5398 temporary busy condition will have been cleared.

5399 **13.1.5.9 server-error-job-canceled (0x0508)**

5400 An error indicating that the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was
5401 transmitting the data to the IPP Printer. If a job-id and job-uri had been created, then they are returned in
5402 the Print-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI response as usual; otherwise, no job-id and job-uri are returned
5403 in the response.

5404 **13.1.5.10 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)**

5405 The IPP object does not support multiple documents per job and a client attempted to supply document data
5406 with a second Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

5407

13.2 Status Codes for IPP Operations

5408 PJ = Print-Job, PU = Print-URI, CJ = Create-Job, SD = Send-Document
 5409 SU = Send-URI, V = Validate-Job, GA = Get-Job-Attributes and
 5410 Get-Printer-Attributes, GJ = Get-Jobs, C = Cancel-Job

5411

5412

5413 IPP Status Keyword

IPP Operations

PJ	PU	CJ	SD	SU	V	GA	GJ	C
----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---

5414 -----

--	--	--	--	--	-	--	--	-
----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---

5415 successful-ok

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5416 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5417 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5418 client-error-bad-request

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5420 client-error-forbidden

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5421 client-error-not-authenticated

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5422 client-error-not-authorized

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5423 client-error-not-possible

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5424 client-error-timeout

			x	x				
--	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5425 client-error-not-found

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5426 client-error-gone

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5427 client-error-request-entity-too-large

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5428 client-error-request-value-too-long

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5429 client-error-document-format-not-

x	x		x	x	x	x		
---	---	--	---	---	---	---	--	--

5430 supported

5431 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5432 supported

5433 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported

	x			x				
--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

5434 client-error-charset-not-supported

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5435 client-error-conflicting-attributes

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5436 client-error-compression-not-supported

x	x		x	x	x			
---	---	--	---	---	---	--	--	--

5437 client-error-compression-error

x	x		x	x				
---	---	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5438 client-error-document-format-error

x	x		x	x				
---	---	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5439 client-error-document-access-error

	x			x				
--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

5440 server-error-internal-error

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5441 server-error-operation-not-supported

	x	x	x	x				
--	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--

5442 server-error-service-unavailable

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5443 server-error-version-not-supported

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5444 server-error-device-error

x	x	x	x	x				
---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--

5445 server-error-temporary-error

x	x	x	x	x				
---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--

5446 server-error-not-accepting-jobs

x	x	x			x			
---	---	---	--	--	---	--	--	--

5447 server-error-busy

x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5448 server-error-job-canceled

x			x	x				
---	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5449 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-

			x	x				
--	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5450 not-supported

5451 HJ = Hold-Job, RJ = Release-Job, RS = Restart-Job
 5452 PP = Pause-Printer, RP = Resume-Printer, PJ = Purge-Jobs
 5453
 5454 IPP Operations (cont.)
 5455 IPP Status Keyword HJ RJ RS PP RP PJ
 5456 -----
 5457 successful-ok x x x x x x
 5458 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
 5459 attributes x x x x x x
 5460 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes x x x x x x
 5461 client-error-bad-request x x x x x x
 5462 client-error-forbidden x x x x x x
 5463 client-error-not-authenticated x x x x x x
 5464 client-error-not-authorized x x x x x x
 5465 client-error-not-possible x x x x x x
 5466 client-error-timeout
 5467 client-error-not-found x x x x x x
 5468 client-error-gone x x x x x x
 5469 client-error-request-entity-too-large x x x x x x
 5470 client-error-request-value-too-long x x x x x x
 5471 client-error-document-format-not-
 5472 supported
 5473 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-
 5474 supported x x x x x x
 5475 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported
 5476 client-error-charset-not-supported x x x x x x
 5477 client-error-conflicting-attributes x x x x x x
 5478 client-error-compression-not-supported
 5479 client-error-compression-error
 5480 client-error-document-format-error
 5481 client-error-document-access-error
 5482 server-error-internal-error x x x x x x
 5483 server-error-operation-not-supported x x x x x x
 5484 server-error-service-unavailable x x x x x x
 5485 server-error-version-not-supported x x x x x x
 5486 server-error-device-error
 5487 server-error-temporary-error x x x x x x
 5488 server-error-not-accepting-jobs
 5489 server-error-busy x x x x x x
 5490 server-error-job-canceled
 5491 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-
 5492 not-supported
 5493

5494

5495 **14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values**5496 **14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values**

5497 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

5498 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

5499 'default': The default medium for the output device
5500 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium: 210 mm x 297 mm
5501 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium: 210 mm x 297 mm
5502 'iso-a4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium: 210 mm x 297 mm
5503 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5504 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5505 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5506 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5507 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium: 250 mm x 353 mm
5508 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium: 250 mm x 353 mm
5509 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium: 176 mm x 250 mm
5510 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium: 176 mm x 250 mm
5511 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5512 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5513 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5514 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5515

5516 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

5517 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium
5518 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium
5519 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium
5520 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium
5521 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium
5522

5523 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

5524 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium
5525 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium
5526 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium
5527 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium
5528 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium
5529 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium
5530 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium
5531 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium

5532 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium
5533 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope
5534 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium
5535 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope
5536 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope
5537 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope
5538 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope
5539 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope
5540 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope
5541

5542 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media-:

5543 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium
5544 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium
5545 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium
5546 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium
5547 'quarto-white': Specified the white quarto medium
5548 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5549 'iso-a0-transparent': Specifies the ISO A0 transparent medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5550 'iso-a0-translucent': Specifies the ISO A0 translucent medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5551 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5552 'iso-a1-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1 transparent medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5553 'iso-a1-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1 translucent medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5554 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5555 'iso-a2-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2 transparent medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5556 'iso-a2-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2 translucent medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5557 'iso-a3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3 transparent medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5558 'iso-a3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3 translucent medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5559 'iso-a4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4 translucent medium: 210 mm x 297 mm
5560 'iso-a5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A5 transparent medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5561 'iso-a5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A5 translucent medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5562 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium: 105 mm x 148 mm
5563 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium: 74 mm x 105 mm
5564 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium: 52 mm x 74 mm
5565 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium: 37 mm x 52 mm
5566 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium: 26 mm x 37 mm
5567 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium: 1000 mm x 1414 mm
5568 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium: 707 mm x 1000 mm
5569 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium: 500 mm x 707 mm
5570 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium: 353 mm x 500 mm
5571 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium: 125 mm x 176 mm
5572 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium: 88 mm x 125 mm
5573 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium: 62 mm x 88 mm
5574 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium: 44 mm x 62 mm
5575 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium: 31 mm x 44 mm

5576 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5577 'jis-b0-transparent': Specifies the JIS B0 transparent medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5578 'jis-b0-translucent': Specifies the JIS B0 translucent medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5579 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5580 'jis-b1-transparent': Specifies the JIS B1 transparent medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5581 'jis-b1-translucent': Specifies the JIS B1 translucent medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5582 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5583 'jis-b2-transparent': Specifies the JIS B2 transparent medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5584 'jis-b2-translucent': Specifies the JIS B2 translucent medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5585 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5586 'jis-b3-transparent': Specifies the JIS B3 transparent medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5587 'jis-b3-translucent': Specifies the JIS B3 translucent medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5588 'jis-b4-transparent': Specifies the JIS B4 transparent medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5589 'jis-b4-translucent': Specifies the JIS B4 translucent medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5590 'jis-b5-transparent': Specifies the JIS B5 transparent medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5591 'jis-b5-translucent': Specifies the JIS B5 translucent medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5592 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium: 128 mm x 182 mm
5593 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium: 91 mm x 128 mm
5594 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium: 64 mm x 91 mm
5595 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium: 45 mm x 64 mm
5596 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium: 32 mm x 45 mm
5597

5598 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media:

5599 'a-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size white medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5600 'a-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size transparent medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5601 'a-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size translucent medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5602 'b-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size white medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5603 'b-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size transparent medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5604 'b-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size translucent medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5605 'c-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size white medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5606 'c-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size transparent medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5607 'c-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size translucent medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5608 'd-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size white medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5609 'd-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size transparent medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5610 'd-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size translucent medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5611 'e-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size white medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5612 'e-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size transparent medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5613 'e-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size translucent medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5614

5615 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media for devices
5616 that provide the "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

5617 'axsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5618 engineering ANSI A size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5619 'axsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5620 engineering ANSI A size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5621 'axsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5622 engineering ANSI A size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5623 'bxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5624 engineering ANSI B size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5625 'bxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5626 engineering ANSI B size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5627 'bxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5628 engineering ANSI B size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5629 'cxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5630 engineering ANSI C size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5631 'cxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5632 engineering ANSI C size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5633 'cxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5634 engineering ANSI C size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5635 'dxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5636 engineering ANSI D size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5637 'dxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5638 engineering ANSI D size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5639 'dxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5640 engineering ANSI D size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5641 'exsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5642 engineering ANSI E size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5643 'exsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5644 engineering ANSI E size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5645 'exsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5646 engineering ANSI E size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5647

5648 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media:

5649 'arch-a-white': Specifies the Architectural A size white medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5650 'arch-a-transparent': Specifies the Architectural A size transparent medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5651 'arch-a-translucent': Specifies the Architectural A size translucent medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5652 'arch-b-white': Specifies the Architectural B size white medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5653 'arch-b-transparent': Specifies the Architectural B size transparent medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5654 'arch-b-translucent': Specifies the Architectural B size translucent medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5655 'arch-c-white': Specifies the Architectural C size white medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5656 'arch-c-transparent': Specifies the Architectural C size transparent medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5657 'arch-c-translucent': Specifies the Architectural C size translucent medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5658 'arch-d-white': Specifies the Architectural D size white medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5659 'arch-d-transparent': Specifies the Architectural D size transparent medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5660 'arch-d-translucent': Specifies the Architectural D size translucent medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5661 'arch-e-white': Specifies the Architectural E size white medium: 36 inches x 48 inches
5662 'arch-e-transparent': Specifies the Architectural E size transparent medium: 36 inches x 48 inches

5663 'arch-e-translucent': Specifies the Architectural E size translucent medium: 36 inches x 48 inches

5664

5665 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media for devices that
5666 provide the "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

5667 'arch-axsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of the
5668 Architectural A size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5669 'arch-axsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of
5670 the Architectural A size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5671 'arch-axsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of
5672 the Architectural A size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5673 'arch-bxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of the
5674 Architectural B size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5675 'arch-bxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of
5676 the Architectural B size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5677 'arch-bxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of
5678 the Architectural B size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5679 'arch-cxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of the
5680 Architectural C size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5681 'arch-cxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of
5682 the Architectural C size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5683 'arch-cxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of
5684 the Architectural C size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5685 'arch-dxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of the
5686 Architectural D size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5687 'arch-dxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of
5688 the Architectural D size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5689 'arch-dxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of
5690 the Architectural D size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5691 'arch-exsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of the
5692 Architectural E size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5693 'arch-exsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of
5694 the Architectural E size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5695 'arch-exsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of
5696 the Architectural E size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5697

5698 The following standard values are defined for Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering
5699 media, which are of a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M]:

5700 'iso-a1x3-white': Specifies the ISO A1X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (841 mm)
5701 of the ISO A1 medium

5702 'iso-a1x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5703 (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5704 'iso-a1x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5705 (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5706 'iso-a1x4-white': Specifies the ISO A1X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (841 mm)
5707 of the ISO A1 medium

5708 'iso-a1x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5709 (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5710 'iso-a1x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer
5711 edge (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5712 'iso-a2x3-white': Specifies the ISO A2X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm)
5713 of the ISO A2 medium

5714 'iso-a2x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5715 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5716 'iso-a2x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5717 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5718 'iso-a2x4-white': Specifies the ISO A2X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm)
5719 of the ISO A2 medium

5720 'iso-a2x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5721 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5722 'iso-a2x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5723 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5724 'iso-a2x5-white': Specifies the ISO A2X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm)
5725 of the ISO A2 medium

5726 'iso-a2x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5727 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5728 'iso-a2x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5729 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5730 'iso-a3x3-white': Specifies the ISO A3X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5731 of the ISO A3 medium

5732 'iso-a3x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5733 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5734 'iso-a3x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5735 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5736 'iso-a3x4-white': Specifies the ISO A3X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5737 of the ISO A3 medium

5738 'iso-a3x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5739 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5740 'iso-a3x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5741 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5742 'iso-a3x5-white': Specifies the ISO A3X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5743 of the ISO A3 medium

5744 'iso-a3x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5745 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5746 'iso-a3x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5747 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5748 'iso-a3x6-white': Specifies the ISO A3X6 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5749 of the ISO A3 medium

5750 'iso-a3x6-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X6 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5751 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5752 'iso-a3x6-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X6 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5753 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5754 'iso-a3x7-white': Specifies the ISO A3X7 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5755 of the ISO A3 medium

5756 'iso-a3x7-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X7 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5757 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5758 'iso-a3x7-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X7 translucent' medium having the width of the longer
5759 edge (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5760 'iso-a4x3-white': Specifies the ISO A4X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5761 of the ISO A4 medium

5762 'iso-a4x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5763 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5764 'iso-a4x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X3 translucent' medium having the width of the longer
5765 edge (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5766 'iso-a4x4-white': Specifies the ISO A4X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5767 of the ISO A4 medium

5768 'iso-a4x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5769 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5770 'iso-a4x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5771 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5772 'iso-a4x5-white': Specifies the ISO A4X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5773 of the ISO A4 medium

5774 'iso-a4x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5775 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5776 'iso-a4x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5777 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5778 'iso-a4x6-white': Specifies the ISO A4X6 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5779 of the ISO A4 medium

5780 'iso-a4x6-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X6 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5781 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5782 'iso-a4x6-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X6 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5783 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5784 'iso-a4x7-white': Specifies the ISO A4X7 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5785 of the ISO A4 medium

5786 'iso-a4x7-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X7 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5787 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5788 'iso-a4x7-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X7 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5789 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5790 'iso-a4x8-white': Specifies the ISO A4X8 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5791 of the ISO A4 medium

5792 'iso-a4x8-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X8 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5793 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

- 5794 'iso-a4x8-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X8 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5795 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
- 5796 'iso-a4x9-white': Specifies the ISO A4X9 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5797 of the ISO A4 medium
- 5798 'iso-a4x9-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X9 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5799 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
- 5800 'iso-a4x9-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X9 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5801 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
- 5802

5803 The following standard values are defined for Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering
5804 media, which are either a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M] or roll feed, for devices that provide the
5805 "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

- 5806 'iso-a0xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the ISO
5807 A0 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5808 'iso-a0xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the
5809 ISO A0 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5810 'iso-a0xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the
5811 ISO A0 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5812 'iso-a1xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the ISO
5813 A1 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5814 'iso-a1xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the
5815 ISO A1 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5816 'iso-a1xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the
5817 ISO A1 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5818 'iso-a2xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the ISO
5819 A2 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5820 'iso-a2xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5821 ISO A2 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5822 'iso-a2xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5823 ISO A2 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5824 'iso-a3xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the ISO
5825 A3 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5826 'iso-a3xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5827 ISO A3 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5828 'iso-a3xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5829 ISO A3 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5830 'iso-a4xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the ISO
5831 A4 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5832 'iso-a4xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5833 ISO A4 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5834 'iso-a4xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5835 ISO A4 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5836

5837 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media, American
5838 Architectural engineering media, and Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering media, which
5839 are either a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M] or roll feed, for devices that provide the "synchro-cut" feature
5840 and/or the "auto-select" feature (see section 14.1):

5841 'auto-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white medium with the appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1,
5842 a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.

5843 'auto-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent medium with the appropriate fixed
5844 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.

5845 'auto-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent medium with the appropriate fixed
5846 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.

5847 'auto-fixed-size-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white medium with the appropriate fixed
5848 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.

5849 'auto-fixed-size-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent medium with the
5850 appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.

5851 'auto-fixed-size-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent medium with the
5852 appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.

5853 'auto-synchro-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white paper with the appropriate width and
5854 cuts it synchronizing with data.

5855 'auto-synchro-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent paper with the appropriate
5856 width and cuts it synchronizing with data.

5857 'auto-synchro-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent paper with the appropriate
5858 width and cuts it synchronizing with data.

5859

5860 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

5861 'top': The top input tray in the printer.

5862 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.

5863 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.

5864 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.

5865 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.

5866 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.

5867 'main': The main input tray

5868 'side': The side input tray

5869

5870 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

5871 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216

5872 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216

5873 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216

5874 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216

5875 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216

5876 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216

5877 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216

5878 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216

5879 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216
5880 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216
5881 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216
5882 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216
5883 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216
5884 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216
5885 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216
5886 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216
5887 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216
5888 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216
5889 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216
5890 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216
5891 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216
5892 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216
5893 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches
5894 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches
5895 'na-8x10': Specifies the North American 8 inches by 10 inches
5896 'na-5x7': Specifies the North American 5 inches by 7 inches
5897 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)
5898 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)
5899 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)
5900 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)
5901 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)
5902 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269
5903 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269
5904 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269
5905 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269
5906 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO
5907 269
5908 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches
5909 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches
5910 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125
5911 inches by 9.5 inches
5912 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size
5913 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size
5914 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size
5915 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size
5916 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size
5917 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size
5918 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)
5919 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm
5920 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm
5921 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm
5922 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm
5923 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm

5924 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm

5925 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm

5926 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm

5927 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm

5928 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm

5929 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

5930 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media sizes:

5931 'a': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches

5932 'b': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size medium: 11 inches x 17 inches

5933 'c': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size medium: 17 inches x 22 inches

5934 'd': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size medium: 22 inches x 34 inches

5935 'e': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size medium: 34 inches x 44 inches

5936

5937 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media sizes:

5938 'arch-a': Specifies the Architectural A size medium: 9 inches x 12 inches

5939 'arch-b': Specifies the Architectural B size medium: 12 inches x 18 inches

5940 'arch-c': Specifies the Architectural C size medium: 18 inches x 24 inches

5941 'arch-d': Specifies the Architectural D size medium: 24 inches x 36 inches

5942 'arch-e': Specifies the Architectural E size medium: 36 inches x 48 inches

5943

5944

5945 **14.1. Examples**

5946 Below are examples to supplement the engineering media value definitions.

5947 Example 1: "Synchro-Cut", a device cutting the roll paper in synchronization with the data

5948 data height: A1 height
 5949 data width (shaded): A1 width < data width < (A1 width) x 2
 5950 specified value: 'iso-alxsynchro-white'

5951

5952

5953

5954

5955

5956

5957

5958

5959

5960

5961

5962

5963

5964

5965

5966

5967

5968

5969

5970

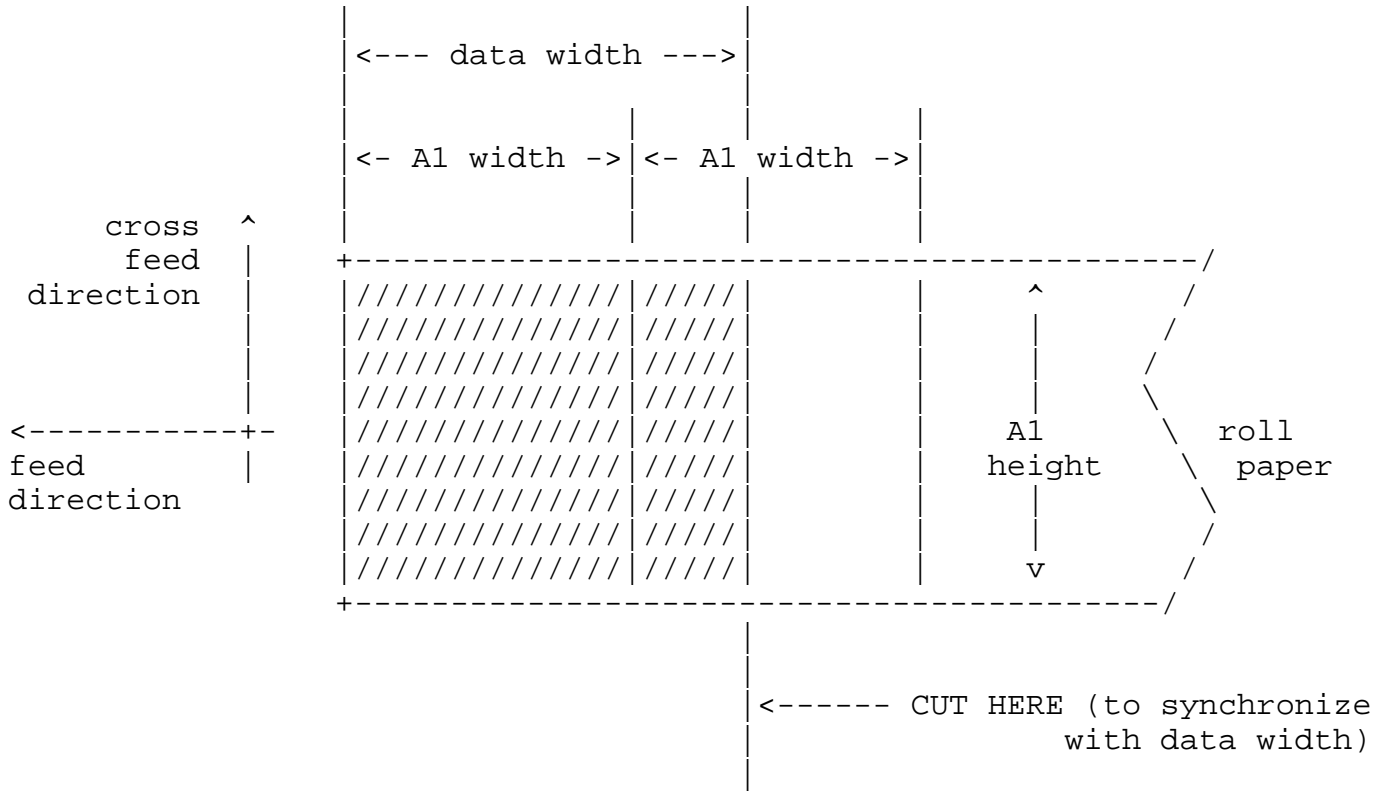
5971

5972

5973

5974

5975



5976

5977

5978 Example 2: "Auto-Cut", a device cutting the roll paper at multiples of fixed-size media width

5979 data height: A1 height

5980 data width (shaded): A1 width < data width < (A1 width) x 2

5981 specified value: 'auto-fixed-size-white'

5982

5983

5984

5985

5986

5987

5988

5989

5990

5991

5992

5993

5994

5995

5996

5997

5998

5999

6000

6001

6002

6003

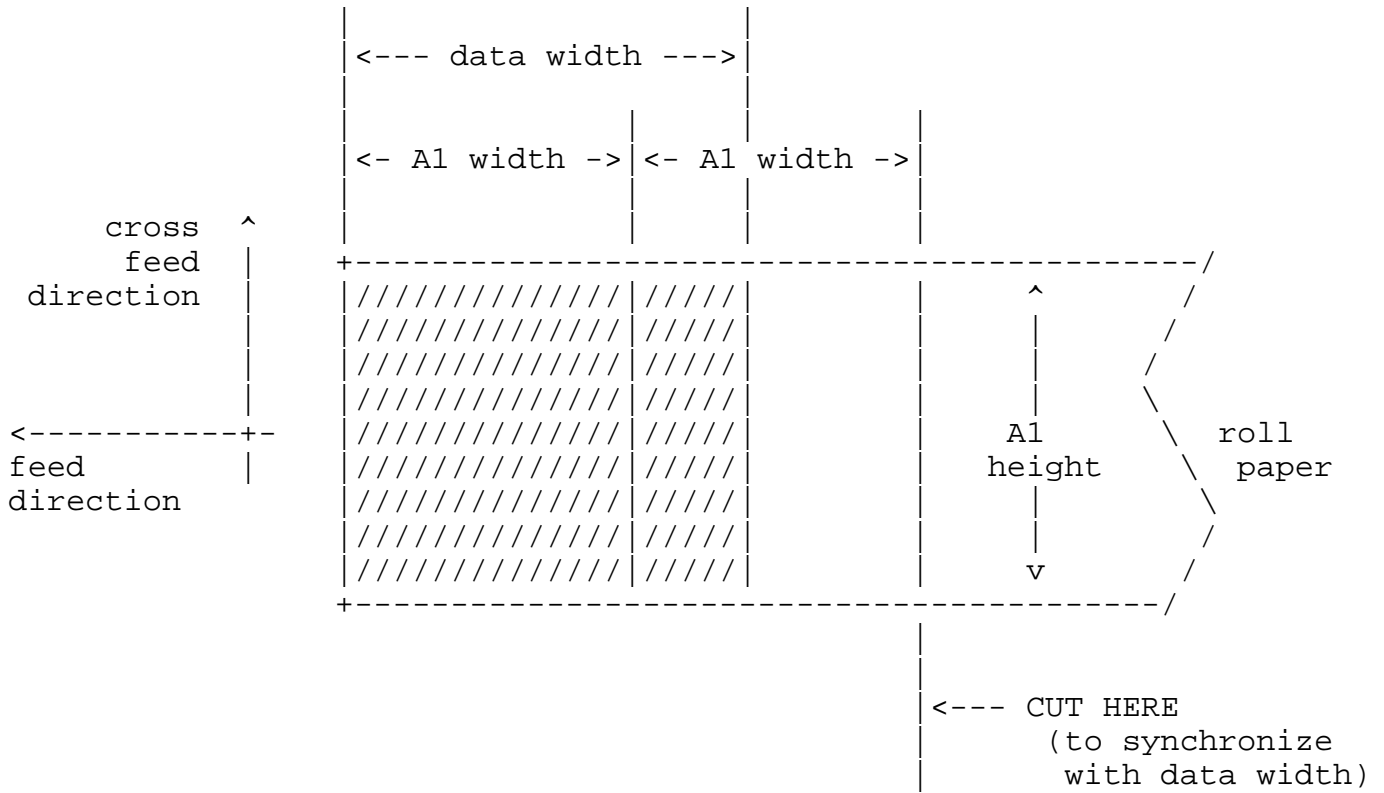
6004

6005

6006

6007

6008

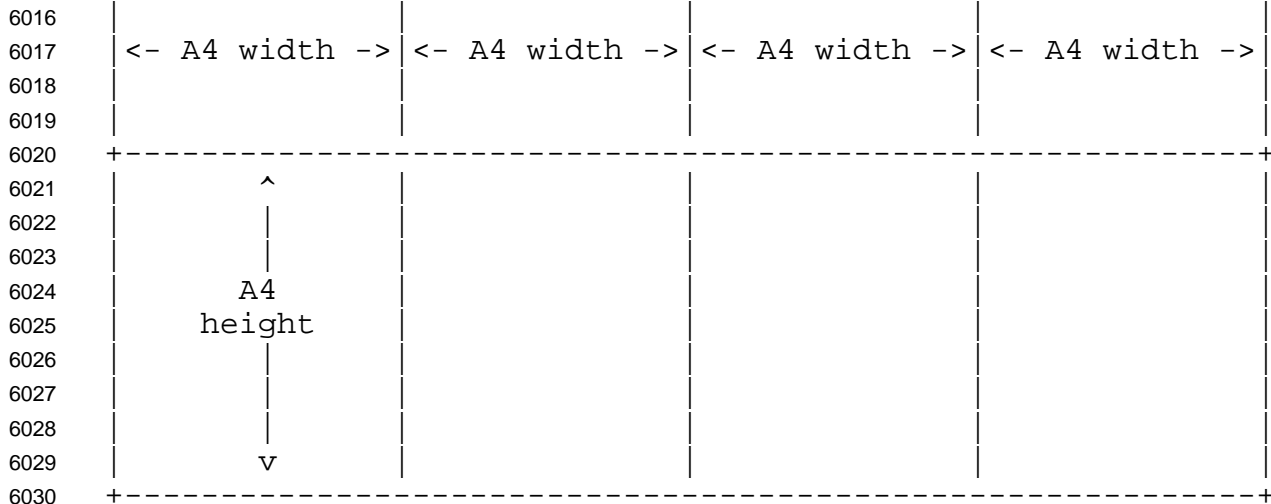


6009
6010

6011 Example 3: the 'iso-a4x4-white' fixed size paper

6012 paper height: A4 height
6013 paper width: (A4 width) x 4
6014 specified value: 'iso-a4x4-white'

6015



6063

6064 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

6065 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

6066 'default': The default medium for the output device

6067 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium

6068 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium

6069 'iso-a4-transparent' Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium

6070 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium

6071 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium

6072 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium

6073 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium

6074 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium

6075 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium

6076 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium

6077 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium

6078 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium

6079 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium

6080 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium

6081 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium

6082

6083 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

6084 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium

6085 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium

6086 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium

6087 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium

6088 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

6089

6090 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

6091 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium

6092 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium

6093 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium

6094 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium

6095 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium

6096 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium

6097 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium

6098 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium

6099 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium

6100 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope

6101 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium

6102 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope

6103 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope

6104 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope
6105 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope
6106 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope
6107 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope
6108

6109 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media (white-only):

6110 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium
6111 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium
6112 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium
6113 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium
6114 'quarto-white': Specifies the white quarto medium
6115 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium
6116 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium
6117 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium
6118 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium
6119 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium
6120 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium
6121 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium
6122 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium
6123 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium
6124 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium
6125 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium
6126 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium
6127 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium
6128 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium
6129 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium
6130 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium
6131 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium
6132 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium
6133 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium
6134 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium
6135 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium
6136 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium
6137 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium
6138 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium
6139 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium
6140 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium
6141

6142 The following standard values are defined for engineering media (white only):

6143 'a-white': Specifies the engineering A size medium
6144 'b-white': Specifies the engineering B size medium
6145 'c-white': Specifies the engineering C size medium

6146 'd-white': Specifies the engineering D size medium

6147 'e-white': Specifies the engineering E size medium

6148

6149 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

6150 'top': The top input tray in the printer.

6151 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.

6152 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.

6153 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.

6154 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.

6155 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.

6156 'main': The main input tray

6157 'side': The side input tray

6158

6159 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

6160 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216

6161 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216

6162 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216

6163 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216

6164 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216

6165 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216

6166 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216

6167 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216

6168 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216

6169 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216

6170 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216

6171 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216

6172 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216

6173 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216

6174 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216

6175 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216

6176 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216

6177 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216

6178 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216

6179 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216

6180 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216

6181 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216

6182 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches

6183 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches

6184 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)

6185 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)

6186 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)

6187 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)

6188 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)
6189 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269
6190 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269
6191 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269
6192 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269
6193 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO
6194 269
6195 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches
6196 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches
6197 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125
6198 inches by 9.5 inches
6199 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size
6200 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size
6201 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size
6202 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size
6203 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size
6204 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size
6205 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)
6206 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm
6207 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm
6208 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm
6209 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm
6210 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm
6211 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm
6212 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm
6213 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm
6214 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm
6215 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm
6216 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

6217 The following standard values are defined for engineering media sizes:

6218 'a': Specifies the engineering A size: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
6219 'b': Specifies the engineering B size: 11 inches x 17 inches
6220 'c': Specifies the engineering C size: 17 inches x 22 inches
6221 'd': Specifies the engineering D size: 22 inches x 34 inches
6222 'e': Specifies the engineering E size: 34 inches x 44 inches
6223

6224 **15. APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes**

6225 When submitting a print job to a Printer object, the IPP model allows a client to supply operation and Job
6226 Template attributes along with the document data. These Job Template attributes in the create request
6227 affect the rendering, production and finishing of the documents in the job. Similar types of instructions
6228 may also be contained in the document to be printed, that is, embedded within the print data itself. In

6229 addition, the Printer has a set of attributes that describe what rendering and finishing options which are
6230 supported by that Printer. This model, which allows for flexibility and power, also introduces the potential
6231 that at job submission time, these client-supplied attributes may conflict with either:

- 6232 - what the implementation is capable of realizing (i.e., what the Printer supports), as well as
- 6233 - the instructions embedded within the print data itself.

6234

6235 The following sections describe how these two types of conflicts are handled in the IPP model.

6236 **15.1 Fidelity**

6237 If there is a conflict between what the client requests and what a Printer object supports, the client may
6238 request one of two possible conflict handling mechanisms:

- 6239 1) either reject the job since the job can not be processed exactly as specified, or
- 6240 2) allow the Printer to make any changes necessary to proceed with processing the Job the best it can.

6241

6242 In the first case the client is indicating to the Printer object: "Print the job exactly as specified with no
6243 exceptions, and if that can't be done, don't even bother printing the job at all." In the second case, the client
6244 is indicating to the Printer object: "It is more important to make sure the job is printed rather than be
6245 processed exactly as specified; just make sure the job is printed even if client supplied attributes need to be
6246 changed or ignored."

6247 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

6248 In a create request, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is a boolean operation attribute that is **OPTIONALLY** supplied
6249 by the client. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and
6250 values is required. The client is requesting that the Job be printed exactly as specified, and if that is not
6251 possible then the job **MUST** be rejected rather than processed incorrectly. The value 'false' indicates that a
6252 reasonable attempt to print the Job is acceptable. If a Printer does not support some of the client supplied
6253 Job Template attributes or values, the Printer **MUST** ignore them or substitute any supported value for
6254 unsupported values, respectively. The Printer may choose to substitute the default value associated with
6255 that attribute, or use some other supported value that is similar to the unsupported requested value. For
6256 example, if a client supplies a "media" value of 'na-letter', the Printer may choose to substitute 'iso-a4' rather
6257 than a default value of 'envelope'. If the client does not supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute, the
6258 Printer assumes a value of 'false'.

6259 Each Printer implementation **MUST** support both types of "fidelity" printing (that is whether the client
6260 supplies a value of 'true' or 'false'):

- 6261 - If the client supplies 'false' or does not supply the attribute, the Printer object **MUST** always accept the
6262 request by ignoring unsupported Job Template attributes and by substituting unsupported values of
6263 supported Job Template attributes with supported values.
- 6264 - If the client supplies 'true', the Printer object **MUST** reject the request if the client supplies
6265 unsupported Job Template attributes.

6266

6267 Since a client can always query a Printer to find out exactly what is and is not supported, "ipp-attribute-
6268 fidelity" set to 'false' is useful when:

- 6269 1) The End-User uses a command line interface to request attributes that might not be supported.
- 6270 2) In a GUI context, if the End User expects the job might be moved to another printer and prefers a
6271 sub-optimal result to nothing at all.
- 6272 3) The End User just wants something reasonable in lieu of nothing at all.

6273

6274 15.2 Page Description Language (PDL) Override

6275 If there is a conflict between the value of an IPP Job Template attribute and a corresponding instruction in
6276 the document data, the value of the IPP attribute SHOULD take precedence over the document instruction.
6277 Consider the case where a previously formatted file of document data is sent to an IPP Printer. In this case,
6278 if the client supplies any attributes at job submission time, the client desires that those attributes override
6279 the embedded instructions. Consider the case were a previously formatted document has embedded in it
6280 commands to load 'iso-a4' media. However, the document is passed to an end user that only has access to a
6281 printer with 'na-letter' media loaded. That end user most likely wants to submit that document to an IPP
6282 Printer with the "media" Job Template attribute set to 'na-letter'. The job submission attribute should take
6283 precedence over the embedded PDL instruction. However, until companies that supply document data
6284 interpreters allow a way for external IPP attributes to take precedence over embedded job production
6285 instructions, a Printer might not be able to support the semantics that IPP attributes override the embedded
6286 instructions.

6287 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing a "pdl-override-supported" attribute that describes
6288 the Printer objects capabilities to override instructions embedded in the PDL data stream. The value of the
6289 "pdl-override-supported" attribute is configured by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

6290 This REQUIRED Printer attribute takes on the following values:

- 6291 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
6292 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 6293 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute
6294 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.

6295

6296 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'attempted' might do one of several
6297 different actions:

- 6298 1) Generate an output device specific command sequence to realize the feature represented by the IPP
6299 attribute value.
- 6300 2) Parse the document data itself and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new
6301 embedded instruction that matches the intent of the IPP attribute value.
- 6302 3) Indicate to the Printer that external supplied attributes take precedence over embedded instructions
6303 and then pass the external IPP attribute values to the document data interpreter.

- 6304 4) Anything else that allows for the semantics that IPP attributes override embedded document data
6305 instructions.
6306

6307 Since 'attempted' does not offer any type of guarantee, even though a given Printer object might not do a
6308 very "good" job of attempting to ensure that IPP attributes take a higher precedence over instructions
6309 embedded in the document data, it would still be a conforming implementation.

6310 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'not-attempted' might do one of the
6311 following actions:

- 6312 1) Simply pre-pend the document data with the PDL instruction that corresponds to the client-supplied
6313 PDL attribute, such that if the document data also has the same PDL instruction, it will override
6314 what the Printer object pre-pended. In other words, this implementation is using the same
6315 implementation semantics for the client-supplied IPP attributes as for the Printer object defaults.
6316 2) Parse the document data and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded
6317 instruction that approximates, but does not match, the semantic intent of the IPP attribute value.
6318

6319 Note: The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute applies to the Printer's ability to either accept or reject other
6320 unsupported Job Template attributes. In other words, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'true', a Job is
6321 accepted if and only if the client supplied Job Template attributes and values are supported by the Printer.
6322 Whether these attributes actually affect the processing of the Job when the document data contains
6323 embedded instructions depends on the ability of the Printer to override the instructions embedded in the
6324 document data with the semantics of the IPP attributes. If the document data attributes can be overridden
6325 ("pdl-override-supported" set to 'attempted'), the Printer makes an attempt to use the IPP attributes when
6326 processing the Job. If the document data attributes can not be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to
6327 'not-attempted'), the Printer makes no attempt to override the embedded document data instructions with the
6328 IPP attributes when processing the Job, and hence, the IPP attributes may fail to affect the Job processing
6329 and output when the corresponding instruction is embedded in the document data.

6330 **15.3 Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.**

6331 The Printer object uses some of the Job object's Job Template attributes during the processing of the
6332 document data associated with that job. These include, but are not limited to, "orientation-requested",
6333 "number-up", "sides", "media", and "copies". The processing of each document in a Job Object MUST
6334 follow the steps below. These steps are intended only to identify when and how attributes are to be used in
6335 processing document data and any alternative steps that accomplishes the same effect can be used to
6336 implement this specification document.

- 6337 1. Using the client supplied "document-format" attribute or some form of document format detection
6338 algorithm (if the value of "document-format" is not specific enough), determine whether or not the
6339 document data has already been formatted for printing. If the document data has been formatted,
6340 then go to step 2. Otherwise, the document data MUST be formatted. The formatting detection
6341 algorithm is implementation defined and is not specified by this document. The formatting of the
6342 document data uses the "orientation-requested" attribute to determine how the formatted print data
6343 should be placed on a print-stream page, see section 4.2.10 for the details.

- 6344
- 6345 2. The document data is in the form of a print-stream in a known media type. The "page-ranges"
- 6346 attribute is used to select, as specified in section 4.2.7, a sub-sequence of the pages in the print-
- 6347 stream that are to be processed and images.
- 6348
- 6349 3. The input to this step is a sequence of print-stream pages. This step is controlled by the "number-up"
- 6350 attribute. If the value of "number-up" is N, then during the processing of the print-stream pages,
- 6351 each N print-stream pages are positioned, as specified in section 4.2.9, to create a single impression.
- 6352 If a given document does not have N more print-stream pages, then the completion of the
- 6353 impression is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4;
- 6354 when the value of this attribute is 'single-document' or 'single-document-new-sheet', the print-stream
- 6355 pages of document data from subsequent documents is used to complete the impression.
- 6356

6357 The size(scaling), position(translation) and rotation of the print-stream pages on the impression is

6358 implementation defined. Note that during this process the print-stream pages may be rendered to a

6359 form suitable for placing on the impression; this rendering is controlled by the values of the "printer-

6360 resolution" and "print-quality" attributes as described in sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13. In the case N=1,

6361 the impression is nearly the same as the print-stream page; the differences would only be in the size,

6362 position and rotation of the print-stream page and/or any decoration, such as a frame to the page,

6363 that is added by the implementation.

6364

- 6365 4. The collection of impressions is placed, in sequence, onto sides of the media sheets. This placement
- 6366 is controlled by the "sides" attribute and the orientation of the print-stream page, as described in
- 6367 section 4.2.8. The orientation of the print-stream pages affects the orientation of the impression; for
- 6368 example, if "number-up" equals 2, then, typically, two portrait print-stream pages become one
- 6369 landscape impression. Note that the placement of impressions onto media sheets is also controlled
- 6370 by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4.
- 6371
- 6372 5. The "copies" and "multiple-document-handling" attributes are used to determine how many copies of
- 6373 each media instance are created and in what order. See sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.4 for the details.
- 6374
- 6375 6. When the correct number of copies are created, the media instances are finished according to the
- 6376 values of the "finishings" attribute as described in 4.2.6. Note that sometimes finishing operations
- 6377 may require manual intervention to perform the finishing operations on the copies, especially
- 6378 uncollated copies. This document allows any or all of the processing steps to be performed
- 6379 automatically or manually at the discretion of the Printer object.

6380 16. APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema

6381 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by

6382 which service users can locate service providers. In IPP environments, this means that IPP Printers can be

6383 registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of type printer in the

6384 directory using an implementation specific mechanism such as entry attributes, entry type fields, specific

6385 branches, etc. [IPP-Directory](#) clients can search or browse for entries of type printer. Clients use the

6386 directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or filtered searches on attribute
 6387 values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local Department" context.
 6388 Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an administrator can place
 6389 limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have certain access rights.
 6390 IPP itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

6391 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object
 6392 can appear as multiple directory entry object with different names for each object. In each case, each alias
 6393 refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPP Printer object.

6394 The generic schema is a subset of IPP Printer Job Template and Printer Description attributes (sections 4.2
 6395 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry
 6396 itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPP
 6397 Printers objects. The conformance labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and
 6398 to IPP Printer implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory.
 6399 RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes
 6400 MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry
 6401 attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding Printer object.

6402 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPP Printer attribute
 6403 names as shown, as much as possible.

6404 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPP Printer object, one of the RECOMMENDED
 6405 directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The IPP-directory client
 6406 queries the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and then the IPP client
 6407 addresses the IPP Printer object using one of its URIs. The "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the
 6408 protocol (if any) used to secure a channel.

6409 The following attributes define the generic schema for directory entries of type PRINTER:

6410	printer-uri-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.1
6411	uri-authentication-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.2
6412	uri-security-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.3
6413	printer-name	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.4
6414	printer-location	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.5
6415	printer-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.6
6416	printer-more-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.7
6417	printer-make-and-model	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.9
6418	ipp-versions-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.14
6419	multiple-document-jobs-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.16
6420	charset-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.18
6421	generated-natural-language-		
6422	supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.20
6423	document-format-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.22
6424	color-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.26
6425	compression-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.32

6426	pages-per-minute	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.36
6427	pages-per-minute-color	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.37
6428			
6429	finishings-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.6
6430	number-up-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.7
6431	sides-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.8
6432	media-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.11
6433	printer-resolution-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.12
6434	print-quality-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.13

6435

6436

6437

17. APPENDIX F: Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics" Documents

6438

6439

6440

6441

This Appendix is divided into two lists that summarize the differences between IPP/1.1 (this document) and IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. The section numbers refer to the numbers in this document which in some cases have changed from RFC 2566. When a change affects multiple sections, the item is listed once in the order of the first section affected and the remaining affected section numbers are indicated.

6442

6443

6444

The first list contains extensions and clarifications and the second list contains changes in semantics or conformance. However, client and IPP object implementations of IPP/1.0 MAY implement any of the extensions and clarifications in this document.

6445

The following extensions and clarifications have been incorporated into this document:

6446

6447

6448

6449

6450

6451

6452

6453

6454

6455

6456

6457

6458

6459

6460

6461

6462

6463

6464

6465

6466

6467

6468

6469

6470

6471

6472

6473

1. Section 2.1 - clarified that the term "client" can be either contained in software controlled by an end user or a part of a print server that controls devices.
2. Section 2 - clarified that the term "IPP object" and "Printer object" can either be embedded in a device object or part of a print server that accepts IPP requests.
3. Section 2.4 - added the description of the new "uri-authentication-supported" Printer Description attribute.
4. Section 3.1.3, 3.1.6, 3.2.5.2, and 3.2.6.2 - clarified the error handling for operation attributes that have their own status code.
5. Section 3.1.3 - clarified that multiple occurrences of the same attribute in an attribute group is malformed. An IPP Printer MAY reject the request or choose one of the attributes.
6. Section 3.1.6 - reorganized this section into sub-sections to separately describe "status-code", "status-message", "detailed-status-message", and "document-access-error" attributes.
7. Section 3.1.6.1 - clarified the error status codes and their relationship to operation attributes.
8. Section 3.1.6.3 - Added the OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message (text(MAX))" operation attribute to provide additional more detailed information about a response.
9. Section 3.1.6.4 and 3.2.2 - Added the OPTIONAL "document-access-error (text(MAX))" operation attribute for use with Print-URI and Send-URI responses.
10. Sections 3.1.7 - Added this new section to clarify returning Unsupported Attributes for all operations, including only returning attributes that were in the request. Moved the text from section 3.2.1.2 Unsupported Attributes to this section.
11. Sections 3.1.7 and 4.1 - clarified the encoding of the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' and 'unknown' values.
12. Section 3.1.8 - clarified that only the version number parameter will be carried forward into future major or minor versions of the protocol.
13. Section 3.1.8 - relaxed the requirements to increment the major version number in future versions of the Model and Semantics document.
14. Section 3.1.9, and 3.2.5 - added the 'processing' state to the list of job states that a job can be in after a Create-Job operation.

- 6474 15. Section 3.1.9 - clarified that a non-spooling Printer MAY accept zero or more subsequent jobs while
6475 processing a job and flow control them down. Subsequent create requests are rejected with the
6476 'server-error-busy' error status.
- 6477 16. Section 3.2.1.1 - clarified the validation of the "compression" operation attribute and its relationship
6478 to the validation of the "document-format" attribute and returning Unsupported Attributes.
- 6479 17. Sections 3.2.1.1, 4.3.8, 13.1.4.16, and 13.1.4.17 - added the 'client-error-compression-not-
6480 supported', 'client-error-compression-error' status codes and the 'unsupported-compression' and
6481 'compression-error' job-state-reasons.
- 6482 18. Sections 3.2.1.1 and 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job-
6483 state-reasons.
- 6484 19. Sections 3.2.2, 4.3.8 and 13.1.4.19 - added 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and
6485 'document-access-error' job state reason.
- 6486 20. Section 3.2.5.2 and 3.2.6.2 - clarified that the Unsupported Attributes group MUST NOT include
6487 attributes not requested in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.
- 6488 21. Section 3.2.6 - clarified that "limit" takes precedence over "which-jobs" and "my-jobs".
- 6489 22. Section 3.2.6.2 - clarified that Get-Jobs returns 'successful-ok' when no jobs to return.
- 6490 23. Sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 - added the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-
6491 Jobs operations
- 6492 24. Section 3.3.1 - clarified that the authorization required for a Send-Document request MUST be the
6493 same user as the Create-Job or an operator.
- 6494 25. Section 3.3.1.1 - clarified that a Create-Job Send-Document with "last-document" = 'true' and no
6495 data is not an error; its a job with no documents.
- 6496 26. Sections 3.3.5, 3.3.6, and 3.3.7 - added the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job
6497 operations. Clarified the Restart-Job operation so that the Printer MUST re-fetch any documents
6498 passed by-reference (Print-URI or Send-URI).
- 6499 27. Section 4.1 - clarified that the encoding of the out-of-band values are specified in the Encoding and
6500 Transport" document.
- 6501 28. Section 4.1 - Clarified that the requirement that clients MUST NOT send "out-of-band" values in
6502 requests applies only to operations defined in this document. Other operations are allowed to define
6503 "out-of-band" values that clients can supply.
- 6504 29. Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 - clarified that the maximum 'text' and 'name' values of 1023 and 255 are
6505 for the 'textWithoutLanguage' portion of the 'textWithLanguage' form, so that the maximum number
6506 of octets for the actual text and name data is the same for the without and with language forms; the
6507 'naturalLanguage' part is in addition.
- 6508 30. Section 4.1.9 - clarified that 'mimeMediaType' values can include any parameters from the IANA
6509 Registry, not just charset parameters.
- 6510 31. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that 'application/octet-stream' auto-sensing can happen at create request
6511 time and/or job/document processing time.
- 6512 32. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that auto-sensing involves the Printer examining some number of octets of
6513 document data using an implementation-dependent method.
- 6514 33. Section 4.1.14 - clarified that the localization of dateTime by the client includes the time zone.
- 6515 34. Section 4.2 - clarified that xxx-supported have multiple keywords and/or names by adding
6516 parentheses to the table to give: (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))
- 6517 35. Section 4.2.2 - added the 'indefinite' keyword value to the "job-hold-until" attribute for use with the
6518 create operations and Hold-Job and Restart-Job operations.

- 6519 36. Section 4.2.6 - added more enum values to the "finishings" Job Template attribute.
- 6520 37. [Section 4.2.6 - clarified that the landscape definition is a rotation of the image with respect to the](#)
- 6521 [medium.](#)
- 6522 38. Section 4.3.7 - added that a forwarding server that cannot get any job state MAY return the job's
- 6523 state as 'completed', provided that it also return the new 'queued-in-device' job state reason.
- 6524 39. Section 4.3.7.2 - added the Partitioning of Job States section to clarify the concepts of Job
- 6525 Retention, Job History, and Job Removal.
- 6526 40. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-data-insufficient' job state reason to indicate whether sufficient data has
- 6527 arrived for the document to start to be processed.
- 6528 41. Section 4.3.8 - added 'document-access-error' job state reason to indicate an access error of any kind.
- 6529 42. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-queued-for-marker' job state reason to indicate whether the job has
- 6530 completed some processing and is waiting for the marker.
- 6531 43. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-compression' and 'compression-error' job state reasons to
- 6532 indicate compression not supported or compression processing error after the create has been
- 6533 accepted.
- 6534 44. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job state reasons
- 6535 to indicate document not supported or document format processing error after the create has been
- 6536 accepted.
- 6537 45. Section 4.3.8 - added 'queued-in-device' job state reason to indicate that a job as been forwarded to a
- 6538 print system or device that does not provide any job status.
- 6539 46. Section 4.3.10 - added "job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX)) for returning detailed
- 6540 error messages.
- 6541 47. Section 4.3.11 - added the "job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))
- 6542 48. Section 4.3.14.2 - clarified that the time recorded is the first time processing since the create
- 6543 operation or the Restart-Job operation.
- 6544 49. Section 4.3.14.2 and 4.3.14.3 - clarified that the out-of-band value 'no-value' is returned if the job
- 6545 has not started processing or has not completed, respectively.
- 6546 50. Section 4.3.14 - Added the OPTIONAL "date-time-at-creation", "date-time-at-processing", and
- 6547 "date-time-at-completed" Event Time Job Description attributes
- 6548 51. Section 4.4.3 - added the 'tls' value to "uri-security-supported" attribute.
- 6549 52. Section 4.4.3 - clarified "uri-security-supported" is orthogonal to Client Authentication so that 'none'
- 6550 does not exclude Client Authentication.
- 6551 53. Section 4.4.11 - simplified the "printer-state" descriptions while generalizing to allow high end
- 6552 devices that interpret one or more jobs while marking another. Indicated that 'spool-area-full' and
- 6553 'stopped-partly' "printer-state-reasons" may be used to provide further state information.
- 6554 54. Section 4.4.12 - added the 'moving-to-paused' keyword value to the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
- 6555 for use with the Pause-Printer operation.
- 6556 55. Section 4.4.12 - replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-empty'
- 6557 keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. (This correction was also made before RFC 2566
- 6558 was published).
- 6559 56. Section 4.4.12 - clarified 'spool-area-full' "printer-state-reasons" to include non-spooling printers to
- 6560 indicate when it can and cannot accept another job.
- 6561 57. Section 4.4.15 - added the enum values to the "operations-supported" attribute for the new
- 6562 operations. Clarified that the values of this attribute are encoded as any enum, namely 32-bit values.

- 6563 58. Section 4.4.30 - clarified that the dateTime value of "printer-current-time" is on a "best efforts
6564 basis". If a proper date-time cannot be obtained, the implementation returns the 'no-value' out-of-
6565 band value. Also clarified that the time zone NEED NOT be the time zone that the people near the
6566 device use and that the client SHOULD display the dateTime attributes in the user's local time.
- 6567 59. Sections 4.4.36 and 4.4.37 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-
6568 color" Printer Description attributes.
- 6569 60. Section 5.1 - clarified that the client conformance requirements apply to clients controlled by an end
6570 user and clients in servers.
- 6571 61. Section 5.1 - clarified that any response MAY contain additional attribute groups, attributes,
6572 attribute syntaxes, or attribute values.
- 6573 62. Section 5.1 - clarified that a client SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by a
6574 lower layer when the channel is flow controlled off by the IPP Printer.
- 6575 63. Section 5.2 - clarified that the IPP object requirements apply to objects embedded in devices or that
6576 are parts of servers.
- 6577 64. Section 5.2.2 - clarified that IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attribute
6578 groups, attribute names, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to
6579 this standard.
- 6580 65. Section 6 - changed the terminology of "private extensions" to "vendor extensions" and indicated
6581 that they are registered with IANA along with IETF standards track extensions.
- 6582 66. Section 6.7 - inserted this section on registering out-of-band attribute values with IANA as
6583 extensions.
- 6584 67. Section 8.3 - clarified the use of URIs for each Client Authentication mechanism.
- 6585 68. Section 8.5 - added the security discussion around the new operator/administrator operations.
- 6586 69. Section 13.1.4.16 - added client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)
- 6587 70. Section 13.1.4.17 - added client-error-compression-error (0x0410)
- 6588 71. Section 13.1.4.18 - added client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)
- 6589 72. Section 13.1.4.19 - added client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)
- 6590 73. Section 13.1.5.10 - added server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)
- 6591 74. Section 14 - added 'a-white', 'b-white', 'c-white', 'd-white', and 'e-white' and clarified that the existing
6592 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', and 'e' values are size values. Added American, Japanese, and European Engineering
6593 sizes, filled out -transparent and -translucent media names and drawings for the synchro cut sizes.
- 6594 75. [Section 16 - softened the RECOMMENDATION for IPP Printer attributes in a Directory schema so
6595 that they can have equivalents.](#)
- 6596 76. Section 16 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color" Printer
6597 attributes to the Directory schema.
- 6598 77. Section 16 - added OPTIONAL "multiple-document-jobs-supported" to the Directory schema.
- 6599 78. Section 16 - added RECOMMENDED "uri-authentication-supported", "ipp-versions-supported",
6600 and "compression-supported" to the Directory schema.

6601 The following changes in semantics and/or conformance have been incorporated into this document:

- 6602 1. [Section 3.1.6.3 - allowed a Printer to localize the "detailed-status-message" operation response
6603 attribute, but indicated that such localization might obscure the technical meaning of such
6604 messages.](#)
- 6605 2. Section 3.1.8, 5.2.4, and 13.1.5.4 - Clients and IPP objects MUST support version 1.1
6606 conformance requirements. It is recommended that they interoperate with 1.0. Also clarified

6607 that IPP Printers MUST accept '1.1' requests. It is recommended that they also accept '1.x'
6608 requests.

- 6609 3. Section 3.2.1.1 and section 4.4.32 - changed the "compression" operation and the "compression-
6610 supported" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6611 4. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED,
6612 so that "job-state-reasons" MUST be returned in create operation responses.
- 6613 5. Sections 3.2.4, 3.3.1, 4.4.16, and 16 - changed Create-Job/Send-Document so that they MAY be
6614 implemented while only supporting one document jobs. Added the "multiple-document-jobs-
6615 supported" boolean Printer Description attribute to indicate whether Create-Job/Send-
6616 Document support multiple document jobs or not. Added to the Directory schema.
- 6617 6. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the 'text'
6618 type.
- 6619 7. Section 4.1.9.1 - added the RECOMMENDATION that a Printer indicate by printing on the job's
6620 job-start-sheet that auto-sensing has occurred and what document format was auto-sensed.
- 6621 8. Section 4.2.4 - indicated that the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template attribute MUST be
6622 supported with at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job
- 6623 9. Section 4.3.7.2 - indicated that the 'job-restartable' job state reason SHOULD be supported if the
6624 Restart-Job operation is supported.
- 6625 10. Section 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
- 6626 11. Section 4.3.8 - clarified the conformance of the values of the "job-state-reasons" attribute by
6627 copying conformance requirements from other sections of the document so that it is clear from
6628 reading the definition of "job-state-reasons" which values MUST or SHOULD be supported.
6629 The 'none', 'unsupported-compression', and 'unsupported-document-format' values MUST be
6630 supported. The "job-hold-until-specified" SHOULD be specified if the "job-hold-until" Job
6631 Template is supported. The following values SHOULD be supported: 'job-canceled-by-user',
6632 'aborted-by-system', and 'job-completed-successfully'. The 'job-canceled-by-operator' SHOULD
6633 be supported if the implementation permits canceling by other than the job owner. The 'job-
6634 canceled-at-device' SHOULD be supported if the device supports canceling jobs at the console.
6635 The 'job-completed-with-warnings' SHOULD be supported, if the implementation detects
6636 warnings. The 'job-completed-with-errors' SHOULD be supported if the implementation
6637 detects errors. The 'job-restartable' SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is
6638 supported.
- 6639 12. Section 4.3.10 - allowed a Printer to localize the "job-detailed-status-message" Job Description
6640 attribute, but indicated that such localization might obscure the technical meaning of such
6641 messages.
- 6642 13. Section 4.3.14 - changed the "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"
6643 Event Time Job Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6644 14. Section 4.3.14.4 - added the REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))" Job Description
6645 attribute as an alias for "printer-up-time" to reduce number of operations to get job times.
- 6646 15. Section 4.4.2 - added the REQUIRED "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)"
6647 Printer Description attribute to describe the Client Authentication used by each Printer URI.
- 6648 16. Section 4.4.12 - changed "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to
6649 REQUIRED.
- 6650 17. Section 4.4.12 - changed 'paused' value of "printer-state-reasons" to MUST if Pause-Printer
6651 operation is supported.

- 6652 18. Section 4.4.14 - added the REQUIRED "ipp-versions-supported (1setOf keyword)" Printer
6653 Description attribute, since IPP/1.1 Printers do not have to support version '1.0' conformance
6654 requirements. Section 4.4.16 - added the "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer
6655 Description attribute so that a client can tell whether a Printer that supports Create-Job/Send-
6656 Document supports multiple document jobs or not. This attribute is REQUIRED if the Create-
6657 Job operation is supported.
- 6658 19. Section 4.4.24 - changed the "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute from
6659 RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
- 6660 20. Section 4.4.32 - changed "compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)" Printer Description
6661 attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6662 21. Section 5.1 - changed the client security requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards
6663 track SSL3 to MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and
6664 Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server
6665 Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO].
- 6666 22. Section 5.2.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-standards track
6667 SSL3 to SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding
6668 and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to
6669 configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. An IPP Printer
6670 implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as
6671 defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation
6672 MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and
6673 Server Authentication. Security MUST NOT be compromised when the client supplies a lower
6674 version-number in a request.

6675 See also the "IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport" [IPP-PRO] document for differences between IPP/1.0
6676 [RFC2565] and IPP/1.1 [IPP-PRO].

6677 18. Full Copyright Statement

6678 Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2000). All Rights Reserved.

6679 This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that
6680 comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and
6681 distributed, in whole or in part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice and
6682 this paragraph are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this document itself may not
6683 be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to the Internet Society or
6684 other Internet organizations, except as needed for the purpose of developing Internet standards in which
6685 case the procedures for copyrights defined in the Internet Standards process must be followed, or as
6686 required to translate it into languages other than English.

6687 The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by the Internet Society or its
6688 successors or assigns.

6689 This document and the information contained herein is provided on an "AS IS" basis and THE INTERNET
6690 SOCIETY AND THE INTERNET ENGINEERING TASK FORCE DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES,
6691 EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY THAT THE USE
6692 OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN WILL NOT INFRINGE ANY RIGHTS OR ANY IMPLIED
6693 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
6694