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15 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics
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17 Status of this Memo

18 This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests
19 discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official
20 Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this
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35 Abstract

36 This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing Protocol
37 (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet tools and

38 technologies. This document describes a simplified model consisting of abstract objects, their attributes, and their
39 operations that is independent of encoding and transport. The model consists of a Printer and a Job object. A Job
40 optionally supports multiple documents. IPP 1.1 semantics allow end-users and operators to query printer
41 capabilities, submit print jobs, inquire about the status of print jobs and printers, cancel, hold, release, and restart
42 print jobs. IPP 1.1 semantics allow operators to pause, resume, and purge (jobs from) Printer objects. This
43 document also addresses security, internationalization, and directory issues.

44

44 The full set of IPP documents includes:

45 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]

46 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]

47 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)

48 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910]

49 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]

50 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

51

52 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
53 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included in a
54 printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users, operators, and
55 administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A few OPTIONAL
56 operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

57 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document describes
58 IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of IPP specification
59 documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.

60 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
61 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the encoding rules
62 for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines the rules for transporting
63 over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This document defines a new scheme
64 named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

65 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to implementers of
66 IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the considerations that
67 may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For example, a typical order of
68 processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of the specification decisions is also
69 included.

70 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
71 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

72

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351

352 1. Introduction

353 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using
354 Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few
355 administrative operations included. This document is just one of a suite of documents that fully define IPP. The full
356 set of IPP documents includes:

- 357 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 358 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 359 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 360 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910]
- 361 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 362 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

363

364 Anyone reading these documents for the first time is strongly encouraged to read the IPP documents in the above
365 order.

366 This document is laid out as follows:

- 367 - The rest of Section 1 is an introduction to the IPP simplified model for distributed printing.
- 368 - Section 2 introduces the object types covered in the model with their basic behaviors, attributes, and
369 interactions.
- 370 - Section 3 defines the operations included in IPP/1.1. IPP operations are synchronous, therefore, for each
371 operation, there is a both request and a response.
- 372 - Section 4 defines the attributes (and their syntaxes) that are used in the model.
- 373 - Sections 5 - 6 summarizes the implementation conformance requirements for objects that support the
374 protocol and IANA considerations, respectively.
- 375 - Sections 7 - 11 cover the Internationalization and Security considerations as well as References, Author
376 contact information, and Formats for Registration Proposals.
- 377 - Sections 12 - 14 are appendices that cover Terminology, Status Codes and Messages, and "media" keyword
378 values.

379 Note: This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These terms have
380 special meaning and are defined in the model terminology section 12.2. Capitalized terms, such as
381 MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY, NEED NOT, and
382 OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These terms are defined in section
383 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

- 384 - Section 15 is an appendix that helps to clarify the effects of interactions between related attributes and their
385 values.

- 386 - Section 16 is an appendix that enumerates the subset of Printer attributes that form a generic directory
- 387 schema. These attributes are useful when registering a Printer so that a client can find the Printer not just by
- 388 name, but by filtered searches as well.
- 389 - Section 17 is an appendix summarizing the additions and changes from the IPP/1.0 "Model and Semantics"
- 390 document [RFC2566] to make this IPP/1.1 document.
- 391 - Section 18 is the full copyright notice.

392 1.1 Simplified Printing Model

393 In order to achieve its goal of realizing a workable printing protocol for the Internet, the Internet Printing Protocol
394 (IPP) is based on a simplified printing model that abstracts the many components of real world printing solutions.
395 The Internet is a distributed computing environment where requesters of print services (clients, applications, printer
396 drivers, etc.) cooperate and interact with print service providers. This model and semantics document describes a
397 simple, abstract model for IPP even though the underlying configurations may be complex "n-tier" client/server
398 systems. An important simplifying step in the IPP model is to expose only the key objects and interfaces required
399 for printing. The model described in this model document does not include features, interfaces, and relationships
400 that are beyond the scope of the first version of IPP (IPP/1.1). IPP/1.1 incorporates many of the relevant ideas
401 and lessons learned from other specification and development efforts [HTTP] [ISO10175] [LDPA] [P1387.4]
402 [PSIS] [RFC1179] [SWP]. IPP is heavily influenced by the printing model introduced in the Document Printing
403 Application (DPA) [ISO10175] standard. Although DPA specifies both end user and administrative features, IPP
404 version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few additional OPTIONAL operator
405 operations.

406 The IPP/1.1 model encapsulates the important components of distributed printing into two object types:

- 407 - Printer (Section 2.1)
- 408 - Job (Section 2.2)

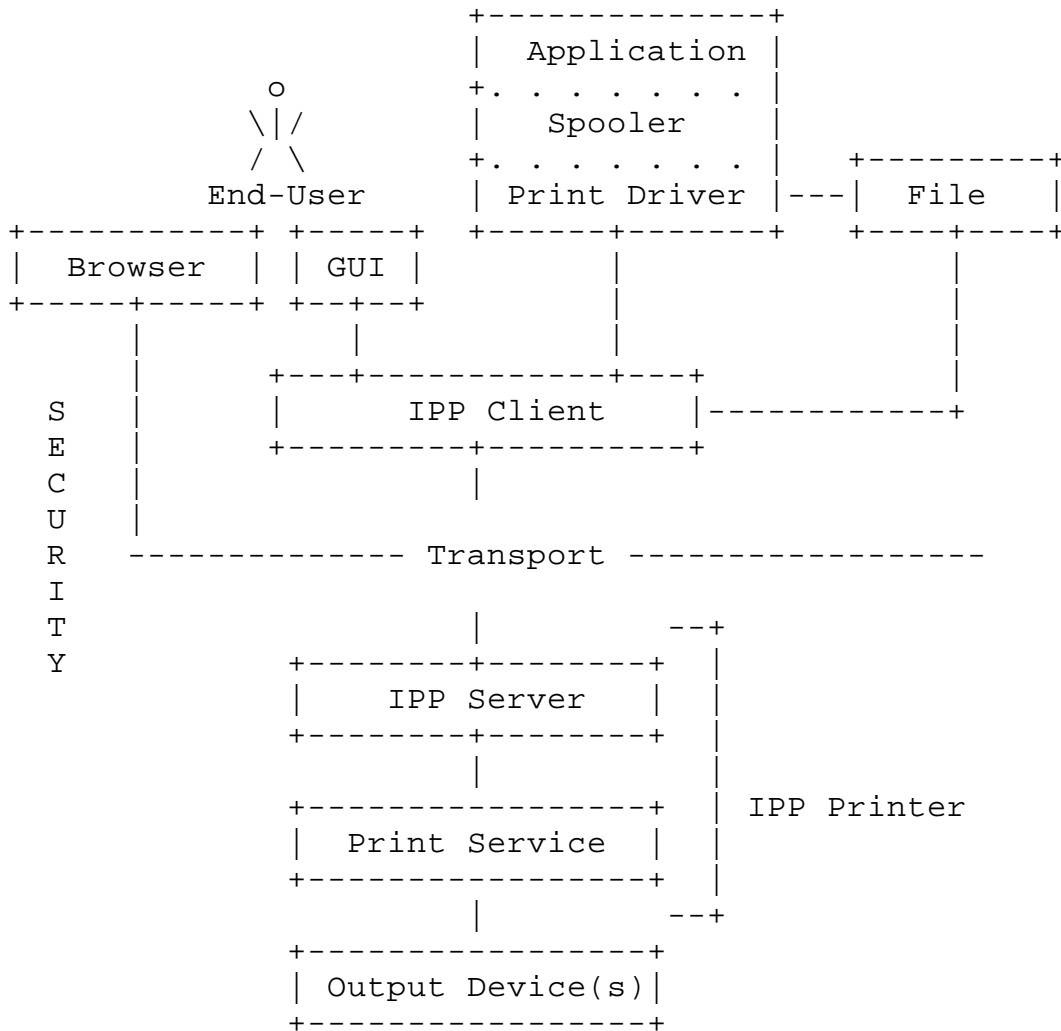
409

410 Each object type has an associated set of operations (see section 3) and attributes (see section 4).

411 It is important, however, to understand that in real system implementations (which lie underneath the abstracted
412 IPP/1.1 model), there are other components of a print service which are not explicitly defined in the IPP/1.1 model.
413 The following figure illustrates where IPP/1.1 fits with respect to these other components.

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445 An IPP Printer object encapsulates the functions normally associated with physical output devices along with the
446 spooling, scheduling and multiple device management functions often associated with a print server. Printer objects
447 are optionally registered as entries in a directory where end users find and select them based on some sort of
448 filtered and context based searching mechanism (see section 16). The directory is used to store relatively static
449 information about the Printer, allowing end users to search for and find Printers that match their search criteria, for
450 example: name, context, printer capabilities, etc. The more dynamic information, such as state, currently loaded
451 and ready media, number of jobs at the Printer, errors, warnings, and so forth, is directly associated with the
452 Printer object itself rather than with the entry in the directory which only represents the Printer object.

453 IPP clients implement the IPP protocol on the client side and give end users (or programs running on behalf of end
454 users) the ability to query Printer objects and submit and manage print jobs. An IPP server is just that part of the
455 Printer object that implements the server-side protocol. The rest of the Printer object implements (or gateways
456 into) the application semantics of the print service itself. The Printer objects may be embedded in an output device
457 or may be implemented on a host on the network that communicates with an output device.

458 When a job is submitted to the Printer object and the Printer object validates the attributes in the submission
459 request, the Printer object creates a new Job object. The end user then interacts with this new Job object to query
460 its status and monitor the progress of the job. An end user can also cancel their print jobs by using the Job object's
461 Cancel-Job operation. An end-user can also hold, release, and restart their print jobs using the Job object's
462 OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations, if implemented.

463 A privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can cancel, hold, release, and restart any user's job using
464 the REQUIRED Cancel-Job and the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations. In
465 additional privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can pause, resume, or purge (jobs from) a Printer
466 object using the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs operations, if implemented.

467 The notification service is out of scope for this IPP/1.1 document, but using such a notification service, the end user
468 is able to register for and receive Printer specific and Job specific events. An end user can query the status of
469 Printer objects and can follow the progress of Job objects by polling using the Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs,
470 and Get-Job-Attributes operations.

471 2. IPP Objects

472 The IPP/1.1 model introduces objects of type Printer and Job. Each type of object models relevant aspects of a
473 real-world entity such as a real printer or real print job. Each object type is defined as a set of possible attributes
474 that may be supported by instances of that object type. For each object (instance), the actual set of supported
475 attributes and values describe a specific implementation. The object's attributes and values describe its state,
476 capabilities, realizable features, job processing functions, and default behaviors and characteristics. For example,
477 the Printer object type is defined as a set of attributes that each Printer object potentially supports. In the same
478 manner, the Job object type is defined as a set of attributes that are potentially supported by each Job object.

479 Each attribute included in the set of attributes defining an object type is labeled as:

- 480 - "REQUIRED": each object MUST support the attribute.
- 481 - "RECOMMENDED": each object SHOULD support the attribute.
- 482 - "OPTIONAL": each object MAY support the attribute.

483
484 Some definitions of attribute values indicate that an object MUST or SHOULD support the value; otherwise,
485 support of the value is OPTIONAL. However, if an implementation supports an attribute, it MUST support at
486 least one of the possible values for that attribute.

487 2.1 Printer Object

488 The major component of the IPP/1.1 model is the Printer object. A Printer object implements the server-side of
489 the IPP/1.1 protocol. Using the protocol, end users may query the attributes of the Printer object and submit print
490 jobs to the Printer object. The actual implementation components behind the Printer abstraction may take on

491 different forms and different configurations. However, the model abstraction allows the details of the configuration
492 of real components to remain opaque to the end user. Section 3 describes each of the Printer operations in detail.

493 The capabilities and state of a Printer object are described by its attributes. Printer attributes are divided into two
494 groups:

- 495 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes describe supported job processing capabilities and defaults for the
496 Printer object. (See section 4.2)
- 497 - "printer-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Printer object's identification, state, location,
498 references to other sources of information about the Printer object, etc. (see section 4.4)

500 Since a Printer object is an abstraction of a generic document output device and print service provider, a Printer
501 object could be used to represent any real or virtual device with semantics consistent with the Printer object, such
502 as a fax device, an imager, or even a CD writer.

503 Some examples of configurations supporting a Printer object include:

- 504 1) An output device with no spooling capabilities
- 505 2) An output device with a built-in spooler
- 506 3) A print server supporting IPP with one or more associated output devices
 - 507 3a) The associated output devices may or may not be capable of spooling jobs
 - 508 3b) The associated output devices may or may not support IPP

510 The following figures show some examples of how Printer objects can be realized on top of various distributed
511 printing configurations. The embedded case below represents configurations 1 and 2. The hosted and fan-out
512 figures below represent configurations 3a and 3b.

513 In this document the term "client" refers to a software entity that sends IPP operation requests to an IPP Printer
514 object and accepts IPP operation responses. A client MAY be:

- 515 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
516 application or
- 517 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another "downstream"
518 print server.

519 The term "IPP Printer" is a network entity that accepts IPP operation requests and returns IPP operation
520 responses. As such, an IPP object MAY be:

- 521 1. an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 522 2. a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server controls one or more
523 networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

524

524 Legend:

525

526 ##### indicates a Printer object which is
527 either embedded in an output device or is
528 hosted in a server. The Printer object
529 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

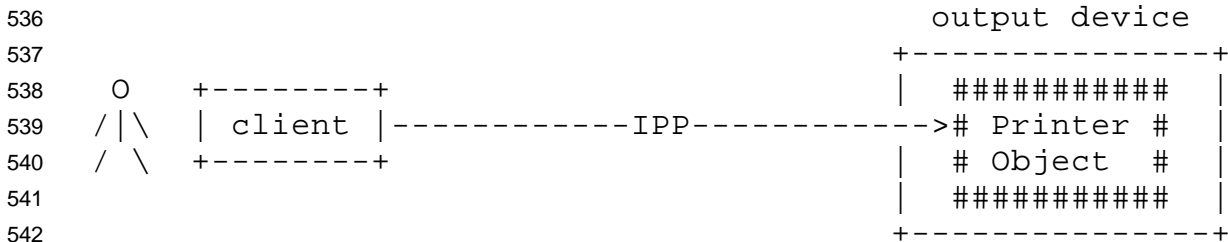
530

531 any indicates any network protocol or direct
532 connect, including IPP

533

534

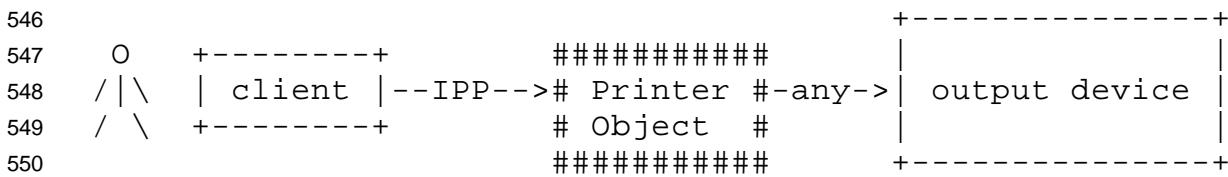
535 embedded printer:



543

544

545 hosted printer:



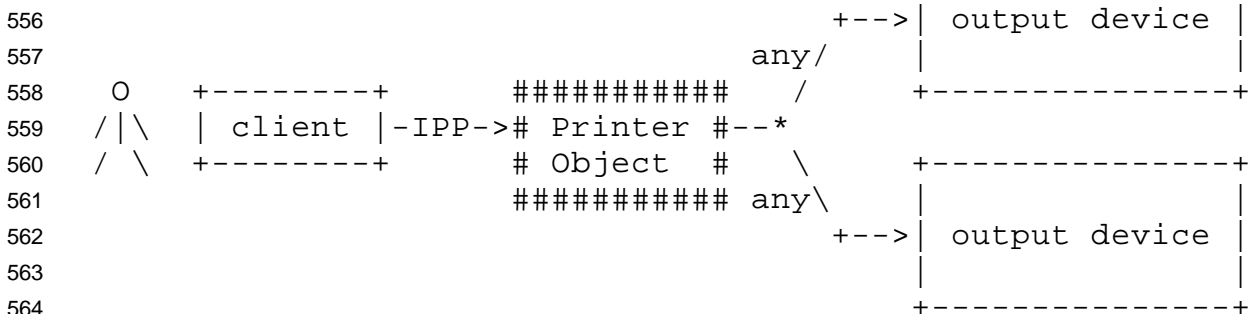
552

553

554

555

556 fan out:



565

566

567 2.2 Job Object

568 A Job object is used to model a print job. A Job object contains documents. The information required to create a
569 Job object is sent in a create request from the end user via an IPP Client to the Printer object. The Printer object
570 validates the create request, and if the Printer object accepts the request, the Printer object creates the new Job
571 object. Section 3 describes each of the Job operations in detail.

572 The characteristics and state of a Job object are described by its attributes. Job attributes are grouped into two
573 groups as follows:

- 574 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes can be supplied by the client or end user and include job
575 processing instructions which are intended to override any Printer object defaults and/or instructions
576 embedded within the document data. (See section 4.2)
- 577 - "job-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Job object's identification, state, size, etc. The client
578 supplies some of these attributes, and the Printer object generates others. (See section 4.3)

579

580 An implementation **MUST** support at least one document per Job object. An implementation **MAY** support
581 multiple documents per Job object. A document is either:

- 582 - a stream of document data in a format supported by the Printer object (typically a Page Description
583 Language - PDL), or
- 584 - a reference to such a stream of document data

585

586 In IPP/1.1, a document is not modeled as an IPP object, therefore it has no object identifier or associated
587 attributes. All job processing instructions are modeled as Job object attributes. These attributes are called Job
588 Template attributes and they apply equally to all documents within a Job object.

589 **2.3 Object Relationships**

590 IPP objects have relationships that are maintained persistently along with the persistent storage of the object
591 attributes.

592 A Printer object can represent either one or more physical output devices or a logical device which "processes"
593 jobs but never actually uses a physical output device to put marks on paper. Examples of logical devices include a
594 Web page publisher or a gateway into an online document archive or repository. A Printer object contains zero or
595 more Job objects.

596 A Job object is contained by exactly one Printer object, however the identical document data associated with a
597 Job object could be sent to either the same or a different Printer object. In this case, a second Job object would
598 be created which would be almost identical to the first Job object, however it would have new (different) Job
599 object identifiers (see section 2.4).

600 A Job object is either empty (before any documents have been added) or contains one or more documents. If the
601 contained document is a stream of document data, that stream can be contained in only one document. However,
602 there can be identical copies of the stream in other documents in the same or different Job objects. If the contained

603 document is just a reference to a stream of document data, other documents (in the same or different Job object(s))
604 may contain the same reference.

605 2.4 Object Identity

606 All Printer and Job objects are identified by a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) [RFC2396] so that they can be
607 persistently and unambiguously referenced. Since every URL is a specialized form of a URI, even though the more
608 generic term URI is used throughout the rest of this document, its usage is intended to cover the more specific
609 notion of URL as well.

610 An administrator configures Printer objects to either support or not support authentication and/or message privacy
611 using Transport Layer Security (TLS) [RFC2246] (the mechanism for security configuration is outside the scope of
612 this IPP/1.1 document). In some situations, both types of connections (both authenticated and unauthenticated)
613 can be established using a single communication channel that has some sort of negotiation mechanism. In other
614 situations, multiple communication channels are used, one for each type of security configuration. Section 8
615 provides a full description of all security considerations and configurations.

616 If a Printer object supports more than one communication channel, some or all of those channels might support
617 and/or require different security mechanisms. In such cases, an administrator could expose the simultaneous
618 support for these multiple communication channels as multiple URIs for a single Printer object where each URI
619 represents one of the communication channels to the Printer object. To support this flexibility, the IPP Printer
620 object type defines a multi-valued identification attribute called the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. It MUST
621 contain at least one URI. It MAY contain more than one URI. That is, every Printer object will have at least one
622 URI that identifies at least one communication channel to the Printer object, but it may have more than one URI
623 where each URI identifies a different communication channel to the Printer object. The "printer-uri-supported"
624 attribute has two companion attributes, the "uri-security-supported" attribute and the "uri-authentication-
625 supported". Both have the same cardinality as "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-security-supported"
626 attribute is to indicate the security mechanisms (if any) used for each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". The
627 purpose of the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute is to indicate the authentication mechanisms (if any) used for
628 each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". These three attributes are fully described in sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and
629 4.4.3.

630 When a job is submitted to the Printer object via a create request, the client supplies only a single Printer object
631 URI. The client supplied Printer object URI MUST be one of the values in the "printer-uri-supported" Printer
632 attribute.

633 IPP/1.1 does not specify how the client obtains the client supplied URI, but it is RECOMMENDED that a Printer
634 object be registered as an entry in a directory service. End-users and programs can then interrogate the directory
635 searching for Printers. Section 16 defines a generic schema for Printer object entries in the directory service and
636 describes how the entry acts as a bridge to the actual IPP Printer object. The entry in the directory that represents
637 the IPP Printer object includes the possibly many URIs for that Printer object as values in one its attributes.

638 When a client submits a create request to the Printer object, the Printer object validates the request and creates a
639 new Job object. The Printer object assigns the new Job object a URI which is stored in the "job-uri" Job attribute.
640 This URI is then used by clients as the target for subsequent Job operations. The Printer object generates a Job
641 URI based on its configured security policy and the URI used by the client in the create request.

642 For example, consider a Printer object that supports both a communication channel secured by the use of SSL3
643 (using HTTP over SSL3 with an "https" schemed URI) and another open communication channel that is not
644 secured with SSL3 (using a simple "http" schemed URI). If a client were to submit a job using the secure URI, the
645 Printer object would assign the new Job object a secure URI as well. If a client were to submit a job using the
646 open-channel URI, the Printer would assign the new Job object an open-channel URI.

647 In addition, the Printer object also populates the Job object's "job-printer-uri" attribute. This is a reference back to
648 the Printer object that created the Job object. If a client only has access to a Job object's "job-uri" identifier, the
649 client can query the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute in order to determine which Printer object created the Job
650 object. If the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object picks the one URI supplied by the
651 client when creating the job to build the value for and to populate the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute.

652 Allowing Job objects to have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability. For example, in some implementations, the
653 Printer object might create Jobs that are processed in the same local environment as the Printer object itself. In this
654 case, the Job URI might just be a composition of the Printer's URI and some unique component for the Job object,
655 such as the unique 32-bit positive integer mentioned later in this paragraph. In other implementations, the Printer
656 object might be a central clearing-house for validating all Job object creation requests, but the Job object itself
657 might be created in some environment that is remote from the Printer object. In this case, the Job object's URI
658 may have no physical-location relationship at all to the Printer object's URI. Again, the fact that Job objects have
659 URIs allows for flexibility and scalability, however, many existing printing systems have local models or interface
660 constraints that force print jobs to be identified using only a 32-bit positive integer rather than an independent URI.
661 This numeric Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally
662 submitted. Therefore, in order to allow both types of client access to IPP Job objects (either by Job URI or by
663 numeric Job ID), when the Printer object successfully processes a create request and creates a new Job object, the
664 Printer object MUST generate both a Job URI and a Job ID. The Job ID (stored in the "job-id" attribute) only has
665 meaning in the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted. This requirement
666 to support both Job URIs and Job IDs allows all types of clients to access Printer objects and Job objects no
667 matter the local constraints imposed on the client implementation.

668 In addition to identifiers, Printer objects and Job objects have names ("printer-name" and "job-name"). An object
669 name NEED NOT be unique across all instances of all objects. A Printer object's name is chosen and set by an
670 administrator through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. A Job object's name is
671 optionally chosen and supplied by the IPP client submitting the job. If the client does not supply a Job object
672 name, the Printer object generates a name for the new Job object. In all cases, the name only has local meaning.

673 To summarize:

- 674 - Each Printer object is identified with one or more URIs. The Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute
675 contains the URI(s).

- 676 - The Printer object's "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the communication channel security protocols
677 that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'tls' or 'none').
- 678 - The Printer object's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute identifies the authentication mechanisms that may
679 or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'digest' or 'none').
- 680 - Each Job object is identified with a Job URI. The Job's "job-uri" attribute contains the URI.
- 681 - Each Job object is also identified with Job ID which is a 32-bit, positive integer. The Job's "job-id" attribute
682 contains the Job ID. The Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object which created the
683 Job object.
- 684 - Each Job object has a "job-printer-uri" attribute which contains the URI of the Printer object that was used to
685 create the Job object. This attribute is used to determine the Printer object that created a Job object when
686 given only the URI for the Job object. This linkage is necessary to determine the languages, charsets, and
687 operations which are supported on that Job (the basis for such support comes from the creating Printer
688 object).
- 689 - Each Printer object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The administrator chooses and sets this
690 name through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The Printer object's "printer-
691 name" attribute contains the name.
- 692 - Each Job object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The client optionally supplies this name in the
693 create request. If the client does not supply this name, the Printer object generates a name for the Job
694 object. The Job object's "job-name" attribute contains the name.

695 3. IPP Operations

696 IPP objects support operations. An operation consists of a request and a response. When a client communicates
697 with an IPP object, the client issues an operation request to the URI for that object. Operation requests and
698 responses have parameters that identify the operation. Operations also have attributes that affect the run-time
699 characteristics of the operation (the intended target, localization information, etc.). These operation-specific
700 attributes are called operation attributes (as compared to object attributes such as Printer object attributes or Job
701 object attributes). Each request carries along with it any operation attributes, object attributes, and/or document
702 data required to perform the operation. Each request requires a response from the object. Each response
703 indicates success or failure of the operation with a status code as a response parameter. The response contains
704 any operation attributes, object attributes, and/or status messages generated during the execution of the operation
705 request.

706 This section describes the semantics of the IPP operations, both requests and responses, in terms of the
707 parameters, attributes, and other data associated with each operation.

708 The IPP/1.1 Printer operations are:

- 709 Print-Job (section 3.2.1)
- 710 Print-URI (section 3.2.2)
- 711 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)
- 712 Create-Job (section 3.2.4)

- 713 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)
- 714 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)
- 715 Pause-Printer (section 3.3.5)
- 716 Resume-Printer (section 3.3.6)
- 717 Purge-Jobs (section 3.3.7)

718

719 The Job operations are:

- 720 Send-Document (section 3.3.1)
- 721 Send-URI (section 3.3.2)
- 722 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)
- 723 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)
- 724 Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)
- 725 Release-Job (section 3.3.6)
- 726 Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)

727

728 The Send-Document and Send-URI Job operations are used to add a new document to an existing multi-
729 document Job object created using the Create-Job operation.

730 3.1 Common Semantics

731 All IPP operations require some common parameters and operation attributes. These common elements and their
732 semantic characteristics are defined and described in more detail in the following sections.

733 3.1.1 Required Parameters

734 Every operation request contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 735 - a "version-number",
- 736 - an "operation-id",
- 737 - a "request-id", and
- 738 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of request.

739

740 Every operation response contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 741 - a "version-number",
- 742 - a "status-code",
- 743 - the "request-id" that was supplied in the corresponding request, and
- 744 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of response.

745

746 The "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910] defines special rules for the encoding of these
747 parameters. All other operation elements are represented using the more generic encoding rules for attributes and
748 groups of attributes.

749 **3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs**

750 Each IPP operation request includes an identifying "operation-id" value. Valid values are defined in the
751 "operations-supported" Printer attribute section (see section 4.4.15). The client specifies which operation is being
752 requested by supplying the correct "operation-id" value.

753 In addition, every invocation of an operation is identified by a "request-id" value. For each request, the client
754 chooses the "request-id" which MUST be an integer (possibly unique depending on client requirements) in the
755 range from 1 to $2^{*}31 - 1$ (inclusive). This "request-id" allows clients to manage multiple outstanding requests. The
756 receiving IPP object copies all 32-bits of the client-supplied "request-id" attribute into the response so that the
757 client can match the response with the correct outstanding request, even if the "request-id" is out of range. If the
758 request is terminated before the complete "request-id" is received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a
759 response with a "request-id" of 0.

760 Note: In some cases, the transport protocol underneath IPP might be a connection oriented protocol that would
761 make it impossible for a client to receive responses in any order other than the order in which the corresponding
762 requests were sent. In such cases, the "request-id" attribute would not be essential for correct protocol operation.
763 However, in other mappings, the operation responses can come back in any order. In these cases, the "request-id"
764 would be essential.

765 **3.1.3 Attributes**

766 Operation requests and responses are both composed of groups of attributes and/or document data. The
767 attributes groups are:

- 768 - Operation Attributes: These attributes are passed in the operation and affect the IPP object's behavior while
769 processing the operation request and may affect other attributes or groups of attributes. Some operation
770 attributes describe the document data associated with the print job and are associated with new Job
771 objects, however most operation attributes do not persist beyond the life of the operation. The description
772 of each operation attribute includes conformance statements indicating which operation attributes are
773 REQUIRED and which are OPTIONAL for an IPP object to support and which attributes a client MUST
774 supply in a request and an IPP object MUST supply in a response.
- 775 - Job Template Attributes: These attributes affect the processing of a job. A client OPTIONALLY supplies
776 Job Template Attributes in a create request, and the receiving object MUST be prepared to receive all
777 supported attributes. The Job object can later be queried to find out what Job Template attributes were
778 originally requested in the create request, and such attributes are returned in the response as Job Object
779 Attributes. The Printer object can be queried about its Job Template attributes to find out what type of job
780 processing capabilities are supported and/or what the default job processing behaviors are, though such
781 attributes are returned in the response as Printer Object Attributes. The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation
782 attribute affects processing of all client-supplied Job Template attributes (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 15 for a
783 full description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes).
- 784 - Job Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a Job
785 object.

- 786 - Printer Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a Printer
787 object.
- 788 - Unsupported Attributes: In a create request, the client supplies a set of Operation and Job Template
789 attributes. If any of these attributes or their values is unsupported by the Printer object, the Printer object
790 returns the set of unsupported attributes in the response. Sections 3.1.7, 3.2.1.2, and 15 give a full
791 description of how Job Template attributes supplied by the client in a create request are processed by the
792 Printer object and how unsupported attributes are returned to the client. Because of extensibility, any IPP
793 object might receive a request that contains new or unknown attributes or values for which it has no
794 support. In such cases, the IPP object processes what it can and returns the unsupported attributes in the
795 response. The Unsupported Attribute group is defined for all operation responses for returning
796 unsupported attributes that the client supplied in the request.
797

798 Later in this section, each operation is formally defined by identifying the allowed and expected groups of attributes
799 for each request and response. The model identifies a specific order for each group in each request or response,
800 but the attributes within each group may be in any order, unless specified otherwise.

801 The attributes within a group MUST be unique; if an attribute with the same name occurs more than once, the
802 group is mal-formed. Clients MUST NOT submit such malformed requests and Printers MUST NOT return such
803 malformed responses. If such a malformed request is submitted to a Printer, the Printer MUST either (1) reject the
804 request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (see section 13.1.4.1) or (2) process the request normally
805 after selecting only one of the attribute instances, depending on implementation. Which attribute is selected when
806 there are duplicate attributes depends on implementation. The IPP Printer MUST NOT use the values from more
807 than one such duplicate attribute instance.

808 Each attribute definition includes the attribute's name followed by the name of its attribute syntax(es) in
809 parentheses. In addition, each 'integer' attribute is followed by the allowed range in parentheses, (m:n), for values
810 of that attribute. Each 'text' or 'name' attribute is followed by the maximum size in octets in parentheses, (size), for
811 values of that attribute. For more details on attribute syntax notation, see the descriptions of these attributes
812 syntaxes in section 4.1.

813 Note: Document data included in the operation is not strictly an attribute, but it is treated as a special attribute
814 group for ordering purposes. The only operations that support supplying the document data within an operation
815 request are Print-Job and Send-Document. There are no operation responses that include document data.

816 Some operations are REQUIRED for IPP objects to support; the others are OPTIONAL (see section 5.2.2).
817 Therefore, before using an OPTIONAL operation, a client SHOULD first use the REQUIRED Get-Printer-
818 Attributes operation to query the Printer's "operations-supported" attribute in order to determine which
819 OPTIONAL Printer and Job operations are actually supported. The client SHOULD NOT use an OPTIONAL
820 operation that is not supported. When an IPP object receives a request to perform an operation it does not
821 support, it returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code (see section 13.1.5.2). An IPP object is
822 non-conformant if it does not support a REQUIRED operation.

823 3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes

824 Some Job and Printer attributes have values that are text strings and names intended for human understanding
825 rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax descriptions in section 4.1). The
826 following sections describe two special Operation Attributes called "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-
827 language". These attributes are always part of the Operation Attributes group. For most attribute groups, the
828 order of the attributes within the group is not important. However, for these two attributes within the Operation
829 Attributes group, the order is critical. The "attributes-charset" attribute MUST be the first attribute in the group and
830 the "attributes-natural-language" attribute MUST be the second attribute in the group. In other words, these
831 attributes MUST be supplied in every IPP request and response, they MUST come first in the group, and MUST
832 come in the specified order. For job creation operations, the IPP Printer implementation saves these two attributes
833 with the new Job object as Job Description attributes. For the sake of brevity in this document, these operation
834 attribute descriptions are not repeated with every operation request and response, but have a reference back to this
835 section instead.

836 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes

837 The client MUST supply and the Printer object MUST support the following REQUIRED operation attributes in
838 every IPP/1.1 operation request:

839 "attributes-charset" (charset):

840 This operation attribute identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by any 'text'
841 and 'name' attributes that the client is supplying in this request. It also identifies the charset that the Printer
842 object MUST use (if supported) for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer
843 object returns in the response to this request. See Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 for the definition of the 'text'
844 and 'name' attribute syntaxes.

845
846 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2279] and MAY support additional
847 charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object does not support
848 the client supplied charset value, the Printer object MUST reject the request, set the "attributes-charset" to
849 'utf-8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported' status code and any 'text' or
850 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset. The Printer NEED NOT return any attributes in the Unsupported
851 Attributes Group (See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2). The Printer object MUST indicate the charset(s)
852 supported as the values of the "charset-supported" Printer attribute (see Section 4.4.18), so that the client
853 can query to determine which charset(s) are supported.

854
855 Note to client implementers: Since IPP objects are only required to support the 'utf-8' charset, in order to
856 maximize interoperability with multiple IPP object implementations, a client may want to supply 'utf-8' in the
857 "attributes-charset" operation attribute, even though the client is only passing and able to present a simpler
858 charset, such as US-ASCII [ASCII] or ISO-8859-1 [ISO8859-1]. Then the client will have to filter out
859 (or charset convert) those characters that are returned in the response that it cannot present to its user. On
860 the other hand, if both the client and the IPP objects also support a charset in common besides utf-8, the
861 client may want to use that charset in order to avoid charset conversion or data loss.

862

863 See the 'charset' attribute syntax description in Section 4.1.7 for the syntax and semantic interpretation of
864 the values of this attribute and for example values.

865

866 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

867 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the client
868 is supplying in this request. This attribute also identifies the natural language that the Printer object
869 SHOULD use for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer object returns in the
870 response to this request. See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description in section 4.1.8 for the
871 syntax and semantic interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

872

873 There are no REQUIRED natural languages required for the Printer object to support. However, the
874 Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the natural languages supported
875 by the Printer object and any contained Job objects for all text strings generated by the IPP object. A
876 client MAY query this attribute to determine which natural language(s) are supported for generated
877 messages.

878

879 For any of the attributes for which the Printer object generates text, i.e., for the "job-state-message",
880 "printer-state-message", and status messages (see Section 3.1.6), the Printer object MUST be able to
881 generate these text strings in any of its supported natural languages. If the client requests a natural language
882 that is not supported, the Printer object MUST return these generated messages in the Printer's configured
883 natural language as specified by the Printer's "natural-language-configured" attribute" (see Section 4.4.19).

884

885 For other 'text' and 'name' attributes supplied by the client, authentication system, operator, system
886 administrator, or manufacturer (i.e., for "job-originating-user-name", "printer-name" (name), "printer-
887 location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text)), the Printer object is only
888 required to support the configured natural language of the Printer identified by the Printer object's "natural-
889 language-configured" attribute, though support of additional natural languages for these attributes is
890 permitted.

891

892 For any 'text' or 'name' attribute in the request that is in a different natural language than the value supplied
893 in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the client MUST use the Natural Language Override
894 mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) for each such attribute value supplied. The client MAY use
895 the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same
896 natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the request.

897

898 The IPP object MUST accept any natural language and any Natural Language Override, whether the IPP
899 object supports that natural language or not (and independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
900 Operation attribute). That is the IPP object accepts all client supplied values no matter what the values are
901 in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute. That attribute, "generated-natural-
902 language-supported", only applies to generated messages, not client supplied messages. The IPP object

903 MUST remember that natural language for all client-supplied attributes, and when returning those attributes
904 in response to a query, the IPP object MUST indicate that natural language.

905
906 Each value whose attribute syntax type is 'text' or 'name' (see sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2) has an Associated
907 Natural-Language. This document does not specify how this association is stored in a Printer or Job
908 object. When such a value is encoded in a request or response, the natural language is either implicit or
909 explicit:

- 910
911 – In the implicit case, the value contains only the text/name value, and the language is specified by the
912 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute in the request or response (see sections 4.1.1.1
913 textWithoutLanguage and 4.1.2.1 nameWithoutLanguage).
- 914
915 – In the explicit case (also known as the Natural-Language Override case), the value contains both
916 the language and the text/name value (see sections 4.1.1.2 textWithLanguage and 4.1.2.2
917 nameWithLanguage).

918
919 For example, the "job-name" attribute MAY be supplied by the client in a create request. The text value
920 for this attribute will be in the natural language identified by the "attribute-natural-language" attribute, or if
921 different, as identified by the Natural Language Override mechanism. If supplied, the IPP object will use
922 the value of the "job-name" attribute to populate the Job object's "job-name" attribute. Whenever any
923 client queries the Job object's "job-name" attribute, the IPP object returns the attribute as stored and uses
924 the Natural Language Override mechanism to specify the natural language, if it is different from that
925 reported in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response. The IPP object MAY use
926 the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same
927 natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the
928 response.

929
930 An IPP object MUST NOT reject a request based on a supplied natural language in an "attributes-natural-
931 language" Operation attribute or in any attribute that uses the Natural Language Override.

932
933 Clients SHOULD NOT supply 'text' or 'name' attributes that use an illegal combination of natural language and
934 charset. For example, suppose a Printer object supports charsets 'utf-8', 'iso-8859-1', and 'iso-8859-7'. Suppose
935 also, that it supports natural languages 'en' (English), 'fr' (French), and 'el' (Greek). Although the Printer object
936 supports the charset 'iso-8859-1' and natural language 'el', it probably does not support the combination of Greek
937 text strings using the 'iso-8859-1' charset. The Printer object handles this apparent incompatibility differently
938 depending on the context in which it occurs:

- 939 - In a create request: If the client supplies a text or name attribute (for example, the "job-name" operation
940 attribute) that uses an apparently incompatible combination, it is a client choice that does not affect the
941 Printer object or its correct operation. Therefore, the Printer object simply accepts the client supplied
942 value, stores it with the Job object, and responds back with the same combination whenever the client (or
943 any client) queries for that attribute.

944 - In a query-type operation, like Get-Printer-Attributes: If the client requests an apparently incompatible
945 combination, the Printer object responds (as described in section 3.1.4.2) using the Printer's configured
946 natural language rather than the natural language requested by the client.
947

948 In either case, the Printer object does not reject the request because of the apparent incompatibility. The potential
949 incompatible combination of charset and natural language can occur either at the global operation level or at the
950 Natural Language Override attribute-by-attribute level. In addition, since the response always includes explicit
951 charset and natural language information, there is never any question or ambiguity in how the client interprets the
952 response.

953 3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes

954 The Printer object MUST supply and the client MUST support the following REQUIRED operation attributes in
955 every IPP/1.1 operation response:

956 "attributes-charset" (charset):

957 This operation attribute identifies the charset used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the Printer object
958 is returning in this response. The value in this response MUST be the same value as the "attributes-charset"
959 operation attribute supplied by the client in the request. If this is not possible (i.e., the charset requested is
960 not supported), the request would have been rejected. See "attributes-charset" described in Section
961 3.1.4.1 above.
962

963 If the Printer object supports more than just the 'utf-8' charset, the Printer object MUST be able to code
964 convert between each of the charsets supported on a highest fidelity possible basis in order to return the
965 'text' and 'name' attributes in the charset requested by the client. However, some information loss MAY
966 occur during the charset conversion depending on the charsets involved. For example, the Printer object
967 may convert from a UTF-8 'a' to a US-ASCII 'a' (with no loss of information), from an ISO Latin 1
968 CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE ACCENT to US-ASCII 'A' (losing the accent), or from a UTF-8
969 Japanese Kanji character to some ISO Latin 1 error character indication such as '?', decimal code
970 equivalent, or to the absence of a character, depending on implementation.
971

972 Whether an implementation that supports more than one charset stores the data in the charset supplied by
973 the client or code converts to one of the other supported charsets, depends on implementation. The
974 strategy should try to minimize loss of information during code conversion. On each response, such an
975 implementation converts from its internal charset to that requested.
976

977 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

978 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the IPP
979 object is returning in this response. Unlike the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, the IPP object
980 NEED NOT return the same value as that supplied by the client in the request. The IPP object MAY
981 return the natural language of the Job object or the Printer's configured natural language as identified by the
982 Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, rather than the natural language supplied by the

983 client. For any 'text' or 'name' attribute or status message in the response that is in a different natural
984 language than the value returned in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the IPP object
985 MUST use the Natural Language Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) on each attribute
986 value returned. The IPP object MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use
987 it even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-
988 language" operation attribute of the response.

989 3.1.5 Operation Targets

990 All IPP operations are directed at IPP objects. For Printer operations, the operation is always directed at a Printer
991 object using one of its URIs (i.e., one of the values in the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute). Even if
992 the Printer object supports more than one URI, the client supplies only one URI as the target of the operation. The
993 client identifies the target object by supplying the correct URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute.

994 For Job operations, the operation is directed at either:

- 995 - The Job object itself using the Job object's URI. In this case, the client identifies the target object by
996 supplying the correct URI in the "job-uri (uri)" operation attribute.
- 997 - The Printer object that created the Job object using both the Printer objects URI and the Job object's Job
998 ID. Since the Printer object that created the Job object generated the Job ID, it MUST be able to
999 correctly associate the client supplied Job ID with the correct Job object. The client supplies the Printer
1000 object's URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute and the Job object's Job ID in the "job-id
1001 (integer(1:MAX))" operation attribute.

1002

1003 If the operation is directed at the Job object directly using the Job object's URI, the client MUST NOT include the
1004 redundant "job-id" operation attribute.

1005 The operation target attributes are REQUIRED operation attributes that MUST be included in every operation
1006 request. Like the charset and natural language attributes (see section 3.1.4), the operation target attributes are
1007 specially ordered operation attributes. In all cases, the operation target attributes immediately follow the
1008 "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes within the operation attribute group, however the
1009 specific ordering rules are:

- 1010 - In the case where there is only one operation target attribute (i.e., either only the "printer-uri" attribute or only
1011 the "job-uri" attribute), that attribute MUST be the third attribute in the operation attributes group.
- 1012 - In the case where Job operations use two operation target attributes (i.e., the "printer-uri" and "job-id"
1013 attributes), the "printer-uri" attribute MUST be the third attribute and the "job-id" attribute MUST be the
1014 fourth attribute.

1015

1016 In all cases, the target URIs contained within the body of IPP operation requests and responses must be in absolute
1017 format rather than relative format (a relative URL identifies a resource with the scope of the HTTP server, but does
1018 not include scheme, host or port).

1019 The following rules apply to the use of port numbers in URIs that identify IPP objects:

- 1020 1. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port number is
1021 specified within the URI, then that port number MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
1022
- 1023 2. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port number is
1024 not specified within the URI, then default port number implied by that URI scheme MUST be used by the
1025 client to contact the IPP object.
1026
- 1027 3. If the URI scheme does not allow an explicit port number to be specified within the URI, then the default
1028 port number implied by that URI MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
1029

1030 Note: The IPP "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] shows a mapping of IPP onto HTTP/1.1
1031 [RFC2616] and defines a new default port number for using IPP over HTTP/1.1.

1032 3.1.6 Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages

1033 Every operation response includes a REQUIRED "status-code" parameter and an OPTIONAL "status-message"
1034 operation attribute, and an OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute. The Print-URI and Send-
1035 URI response MAY include an OPTIONAL "document-access-error" operation attribute.

1036 3.1.6.1 "status-code" (type2 enum)

1037 The REQUIRED "status-code" parameter provides information on the processing of a request.

1038 The status code is intended for use by automata. A client implementation of IPP SHOULD convert status code
1039 values into any localized message that has semantic meaning to the end user.

1040 The "status-code" value is a numeric value that has semantic meaning. The "status-code" syntax is similar to a
1041 "type2 enum" (see section 4.1 on "Attribute Syntaxes") except that values can range only from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF.
1042 Section 13 describes the status codes, assigns the numeric values, and suggests a corresponding status message for
1043 each status code for use by the client when the user's natural language is English.

1044 If the Printer performs an operation with no errors and it encounters no problems, it MUST return the status code
1045 'successful-ok' in the response. See section 13.

1046 If the client supplies unsupported values for the following parameters or Operation attributes, the Printer object
1047 MUST reject the operation, NEED NOT return the unsupported attribute value in the Unsupported Attributes
1048 group, and MUST return the indicated status code:

Parameter/Attribute	Status code
version-number	server-error-version-not-supported
operation-id	server-error-operation-not-supported
attributes-charset	client-error-charset-not-supported
compression	client-error-compression-not-supported
document-format	client-error-document-format-not-supported
document-uri	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported, client-error-document-access-error

1049

1050 If the client supplies unsupported values for other attributes, or unsupported attributes, the Printer returns the status
1051 code defined in section 3.1.7 on Unsupported Attributes.

1052 3.1.6.2 "status-message" (text(255))

1053 The OPTIONAL "status-message" operation attribute provides a short textual description of the status of the
1054 operation. The "status-message" attribute's syntax is "text(255)", so the maximum length is 255 octets (see section
1055 4.1.1). The status message is intended for the human end user. If a response does include a "status-message"
1056 attribute, an IPP client NEED NOT examine or display the messages, however it SHOULD do so in some
1057 implementation specific manner. The "status-message" is especially useful for a later version of a Printer object to
1058 return as supplemental information for the human user to accompany a status code that an earlier version of a client
1059 might not understand.

1060 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to
1061 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-
1062 supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in section 3.1.4.1. Section
1063 13 suggests the text for the status message returned by the Printer for use with the English natural language.

1064 As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for generating this message, the
1065 Printer object uses the natural language indicated by the value of the "attributes-natural-language" in the client
1066 request if supported, otherwise the Printer object uses the value in the Printer object's own "natural-language-
1067 configured" attribute.

1068 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-8'
1069 charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13): 'client-error-bad-request',
1070 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-supported', and
1071 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of the "attributes-charset" operation
1072 attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.

1073 3.1.6.3 "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX))

1074 The OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute provides additional more detailed technical and
1075 implementation-specific information about the operation. The "detailed-status-message" attribute's syntax is
1076 "text(MAX)", so the maximum length is 1023 octets (see section 4.1.1). If the Printer objects supports the

1077 "detailed-status-message" operation attribute, the Printer NEED NOT localize the message, since it is intended for
1078 use by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons. Localization might obscure the technical
1079 meaning of such messages. Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See the "document-
1080 access-error" operation attribute (section 3.1.6.4) for additional errors that a program can process.

1081 **3.1.6.4 "document-access-error" (text(MAX))**

1082 This OPTIONAL operation attribute provides additional information about any document access errors
1083 encountered by the Printer before it returned a response to the Print-URI (section 3.2.2) or Send-URI (section
1084 3.3.1) operation. For errors in the protocol identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri" operation attribute,
1085 such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI. For example:

```
1086         (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf  
1087
```

1088 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
1089 decimal.

1090 **3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes**

1091 The Unsupported Attributes group contains attributes that are not supported by the operation. This group is
1092 primarily for the job creation operations, but all operations can return this group.

1093 A Printer object MUST include an Unsupported Attributes group in a response if the status code is one of the
1094 following: 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes', 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes', 'client-error-
1095 attributes-or-values-not-supported' or 'client-error-conflicting-attributes'.

1096 If the status code is one of the four specified in the preceding paragraph, the Unsupported Attributes group MUST
1097 contain all of those attributes and only those attributes that are:

- 1098 a. an Operation or Job Template attribute supplied in the request, and
- 1099 b. unsupported by the printer. See below for details on the three categories "unsupported" attributes.

1100 If the status code is one of those in the table in section 3.1.6.1, the Unsupported Attributes group NEED NOT
1101 contain the unsupported parameter or attribute indicated in that table.

1102 If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the response, the Printer object SHOULD omit
1103 Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client MUST be able to accept an empty group.

1104 Unsupported attributes fall into three categories:

- 1105 1. The Printer object does not support the supplied attribute (no matter what the attribute syntax or value).

1106 2. The Printer object does support the attribute, but does not support some or all of the particular attribute
1107 syntaxes or values supplied by the client (i.e., the Printer object does not have those attribute syntaxes or
1108 values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute).

1109 3. The Printer object does support the attributes and values supplied, but the particular values are in conflict
1110 with one another, because they violate a constraint, such as not being able to staple transparencies.

1111 In the case of an unsupported attribute name, the Printer object returns the client-supplied attribute with a
1112 substituted value of 'unsupported'. This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by special
1113 rules for "out-of-band" values in the "Encoding and Transport" document [[IPP-PRO-RFC2910](#)]. Its value
1114 indicates no support for the attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).

1115 In the case of a supported attribute with one or more unsupported attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer object
1116 simply returns the client-supplied attribute with the unsupported attribute syntaxes or values as supplied by the
1117 client. This indicates support for the attribute, but no support for that particular attribute syntax or value. If the
1118 client supplies a multi-valued attribute with more than one value and the Printer object supports the attribute but
1119 only supports a subset of the client-supplied attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer object MUST return only
1120 those attribute syntaxes or values that are unsupported.

1121 In the case of two (or more) supported attribute values that are in conflict with one another (although each is
1122 supported independently, the values conflict when requested together within the same job), the Printer object
1123 MUST return all the values that it ignores or substitutes to resolve the conflict, but not any of the values that it is still
1124 using. The choice for exactly how to resolve the conflict is implementation dependent. See sections 3.2.1.2 and
1125 15. See The Implementer's Guide [[IPP-IIG](#)] for an example.

1126 **3.1.8 Versions**

1127 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the "version-
1128 number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version number. By including
1129 a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which version of IPP it is interested in using,
1130 i.e., the version whose conformance requirements the client may be depending upon the Printer to meet.

1131 If the IPP object does not support that major version number supplied by the client, i.e., the major version field of
1132 the "version-number" parameter does not match any of the values of the Printer's "ipp-versions-supported" (see
1133 section 4.4.14), the object MUST respond with a status code of 'server-error-version-not-supported' along with
1134 the closest version number that is supported (see section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but
1135 the minor version number is not, the IPP object SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the
1136 request if the operation is not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-
1137 supported' status code. In all cases, the IPP object MUST return the "version-number" that it supports that is
1138 closest to the version number supplied by the client in the request.

1139 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported' status
1140 code from an IPP object, a client SHOULD try again with a different version number. A client MAY also

1141 determine the versions supported either from a directory that conforms to Appendix E (see section 16) or by
1142 querying the Printer object's "ipp-versions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.14) to determine which versions
1143 are supported.

1144 An IPP object implementation **MUST** support version '1.1', i.e., meet the conformance requirements for IPP/1.1
1145 as specified in this document and [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910]. It is recommended that IPP object implementations
1146 accept any request with the major version '1' (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

1147 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes. Thus the
1148 version number **MUST** change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics document (this
1149 document) or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910].

1150 Changes to the major version number of the Model and Semantics document indicate structural or syntactic
1151 changes that make it impossible for older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and correctly
1152 process the new or changed attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number changes, the minor
1153 version numbers is set to zero. As an example, adding the **REQUIRED** "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute to version
1154 '1.1' (if it had not been part of version '1.0'), would have required a change to the major version number, since an
1155 IPP/1.0 Printer would not have processed a request with the correct semantics that contained the "ipp-attribute-
1156 fidelity" attribute that it did not know about. Items that might affect the changing of the major version number
1157 include any changes to the Model and Semantics document (this document) or the "Encoding and Transport"
1158 document [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] itself, such as:

- 1159 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1160 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1161 - adding **REQUIRED** (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1162 - adding values to existing **REQUIRED** operation attributes
- 1163 - adding **REQUIRED** operations

1164
1165 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute values that may
1166 not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items that might affect the
1167 changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and attributes but not the encoding
1168 and transport rules [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] (except adding attribute syntaxes). Examples of such changes are:

- 1169 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1170 - adding new attribute values
- 1171 - adding new object attributes
- 1172 - adding **OPTIONAL** (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an IPP
1173 object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1174 - adding **OPTIONAL** (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes that an
1175 IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1176 - adding new attribute syntaxes
- 1177 - adding **OPTIONAL** operations
- 1178 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from **OPTIONAL** to **REQUIRED** or
1179 vice versa.

1180 - adding OPTIONAL attribute syntaxes to an existing attribute.

1181 The encoding of the "version-number" MUST NOT change over any version number (either major or minor). This
1182 rule guarantees that all future versions will be backwards compatible with all previous versions (at least for checking
1183 the "version-number"). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes, error codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried
1184 forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that they can never be reused with new semantics.

1185 Implementations that support a certain version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As each new
1186 version is defined (through the release of a new IPP specification document), that version will specify which
1187 previous versions MUST and which versions SHOULD be supported in compliant implementations.

1188 3.1.9 Job Creation Operations

1189 In order to "submit a print job" and create a new Job object, a client issues a create request. A create request is
1190 any one of following three operation requests:

1191 - The Print-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document uses the Print-
1192 Job operation. The operation allows for the client to "push" the document data to the Printer object by
1193 including the document data in the request itself.

1194
1195 - The Print-URI Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document (where the
1196 Printer object "pulls" the document data instead of the client "pushing" the data to the Printer object) uses
1197 the Print-URI operation. In this case, the client includes in the request only a URI reference to the
1198 document data (not the document data itself).

1199
1200 - The Create-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with multiple documents uses the Create-
1201 Job operation. This operation is followed by an arbitrary number (one or more) of Send-Document and/or
1202 Send-URI operations (each creating another document for the newly create Job object). The Send-
1203 Document operation includes the document data in the request (the client "pushes" the document data to
1204 the printer), and the Send-URI operation includes only a URI reference to the document data in the request
1205 (the Printer "pulls" the document data from the referenced location). The last Send-Document or Send-
1206 URI request for a given Job object includes a "last-document" operation attribute set to 'true' indicating that
1207 this is the last request.

1208
1209 Throughout this model document, the term "create request" is used to refer to any of these three operation requests.

1210 A Create-Job operation followed by only one Send-Document operation is semantically equivalent to a Print-Job
1211 operation, however, for performance reasons, the client SHOULD use the Print-Job operation for all single
1212 document jobs. Also, Print-Job is a REQUIRED operation (all implementations MUST support it) whereas
1213 Create-Job is an OPTIONAL operation, hence some implementations might not support it.

1214 Job submission time is the point in time when a client issues a create request. The initial state of every Job object is
1215 the 'pending', 'pending-held', or 'processing' state (see section 4.3.7). When the Printer object begins processing
1216 the print job, the Job object's state moves to 'processing'. This is known as job processing time. There are

1217 validation checks that must be done at job submission time and others that must be performed at job processing
1218 time.

1219 At job submission time and at the time a Validate-Job operation is received, the Printer MUST do the following:

- 1220 1. Process the client supplied attributes and either accept or reject the request
- 1221 2. Validate the syntax of and support for the scheme of any client supplied URI

1222

1223 At job submission time the Printer object MUST validate whether or not the supplied attributes, attribute syntaxes,
1224 and values are supported by matching them with the Printer object's corresponding "xxx-supported" attributes.
1225 See section 3.1.7 for details. [IPP-IIG] presents suggested steps for an IPP object to either accept or reject any
1226 request and additional steps for processing create requests.

1227 At job submission time the Printer object NEED NOT perform the validation checks reserved for job processing
1228 time such as:

- 1229 1. Validating the document data
- 1230 2. Validating the actual contents of any client supplied URI (resolve the reference and follow the link to the
1231 document data)

1232

1233 At job submission time, these additional job processing time validation checks are essentially useless, since they
1234 require actually parsing and interpreting the document data, are not guaranteed to be 100% accurate, and MUST
1235 be done, yet again, at job processing time. Also, in the case of a URI, checking for availability at job submission
1236 time does not guarantee availability at job processing time. In addition, at job processing time, the Printer object
1237 might discover any of the following conditions that were not detectable at job submission time:

- 1238 - runtime errors in the document data,
- 1239 - nested document data that is in an unsupported format,
- 1240 - the URI reference is no longer valid (i.e., the server hosting the document might be down), or
- 1241 - any other job processing error

1242

1243 At job submission time, a Printer object, especially a non-spooling Printer, MAY accept jobs that it does not have
1244 enough space for. In such a situation, a Printer object MAY stop reading data from a client for an indefinite period
1245 of time. A client MUST be prepared for a write operation to block for an indefinite period of time (see section 5.1
1246 on client conformance).

1247 When a Printer object has too little space for starting a new job, it MAY reject a new create request. In this case,
1248 a Printer object MUST return a response (in reply to the rejected request) with a status-code of 'server-error-
1249 busy' (see section 14.1.5.8) and it MAY close the connection before receiving all bytes of the operation. A Printer
1250 SHOULD indicate that it is temporarily unable to accept jobs by setting the 'spool-space-full' value in its "printer-
1251 state-reasons" attribute and removing the value when it can accept another job (see section 4.4.12).

1252 When receiving a 'server-error-busy' status-code in an operation response, a client MUST be prepared for the
1253 Printer object to close the connection before the client has sent all of the data (especially for the Print-Job

1254 operation). A client MUST be prepared to keep submitting a create request until the IPP Printer object accepts the
1255 create request.

1256 At job processing time, since the Printer object has already responded with a successful status code in the
1257 response to the create request, if the Printer object detects an error, the Printer object is unable to inform the end
1258 user of the error with an operation status code. In this case, the Printer, depending on the error, can set the job
1259 object's "job-state", "job-state-reasons", or "job-state-message" attributes to the appropriate value(s) so that later
1260 queries can report the correct job status.

1261 Note: Asynchronous notification of events is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

1262

1263 3.2 Printer Operations

1264 All Printer operations are directed at Printer objects. A client MUST always supply the "printer-uri" operation
1265 attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation.

1266 3.2.1 Print-Job Operation

1267 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to submit a print job with only one document and supply the document
1268 data (rather than just a reference to the data). See Section 15 for the suggested steps for processing create
1269 operations and their Operation and Job Template attributes.

1270 3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request

1271 The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Print-Job Request:

1272 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1273 Natural Language and Character Set:

1274 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1. The
1275 Printer object MUST copy these values to the corresponding Job Description attributes described in
1276 sections 4.3.19 and 4.3.20.

1277

1278 Target:

1279 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1280

1281 Requesting User Name:

1282 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1283 section 8.3.

1284

1285 "job-name" (name(MAX)):

1286 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1287 contains the client supplied Job name. If this attribute is supplied by the client, its value is used for the "job-
1288 name" attribute of the newly created Job object. The client MAY automatically include any information
1289 that will help the end-user distinguish amongst his/her jobs, such as the name of the application program
1290 along with information from the document, such as the document name, document subject, or source file
1291 name. If this attribute is not supplied by the client, the Printer generates a name to use in the "job-name"
1292 attribute of the newly created Job object (see Section 4.3.5).

1293

1294 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" (boolean):

1295 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. The
1296 value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and values is required, else
1297 the Printer object MUST reject the Print-Job request. The value 'false' indicates that a reasonable attempt
1298 to print the Job object is acceptable and the Printer object MUST accept the Print-Job request. If not
1299 supplied, the Printer object assumes the value is 'false'. All Printer objects MUST support both types of
1300 job processing. See section 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and its relationship to other
1301 attributes, especially the Printer object's "pdl-override-supported" attribute.

1302

1303 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1304 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1305 contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job name.
1306 Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end user by using a
1307 file name or an application generated name. If this attribute is supplied, its value can be used in a manner
1308 defined by each implementation. Examples include: printed along with the Job (job start sheet, page
1309 adornments, etc.), used by accounting or resource tracking management tools, or even stored along with
1310 the document as a document level attribute. IPP/1.1 does not support the concept of document level
1311 attributes.

1312

1313 "compression" (type3 keyword):

1314 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute and the
1315 "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.32). The client supplied "compression" operation
1316 attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document data. The following cases exist:

- 1317 a) If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object MUST assume that the data is not
1318 compressed (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the "compression"
1319 attribute with a value of 'none').
- 1320 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the
1321 value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported" attribute, the
1322 Printer object MUST reject the request, and return the 'client-error-compression-not-
1323 supported' status code. See section 3.1.7 for returning unsupported attributes and values.
- 1324 c) If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute value, the Printer
1325 object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data.

- 1326 d) If the decompression algorithm fails before the Printer returns an operation response, the
1327 Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-compression-error' status
1328 code.
- 1329 e) If the decompression algorithm fails after the Printer returns an operation response, the Printer
1330 object MUST abort the job and add the 'compression-error' value to the job's "job-state-
1331 reasons" attribute.
- 1332 f) If the decompression algorithm succeeds, the document data MUST then have the format
1333 specified by the job's "document-format" attribute, if supplied (see "document-format"
1334 operation attribute definition below).

1335
1336 "document-format" (mimeMediaType):

1337 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. The
1338 value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. The following cases exist:

- 1339 a) If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document data is
1340 in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute. (i.e. the
1341 Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the "document-format" attribute with a
1342 value equal to the printer's default value).
- 1343 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the
1344 value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, the
1345 Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-
1346 supported' status code.
- 1347 c) If the client supplies this attribute and its value is 'application/octet-stream' (i.e. to be auto-
1348 sensed, see Section 4.1.9.1), and the format is not one of the document-formats that the
1349 Printer can auto-sense, and this check occurs before the Printer returns an operation response,
1350 then the Printer MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-
1351 supported' status code.
- 1352 d) If the client supplies this attribute, and the value is supported by the Printer object, the Printer is
1353 capable of interpreting the document data.
- 1354 e) If interpreting of the document data fails before the Printer returns an operation response, the
1355 Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-error'
1356 status code.
- 1357 f) If interpreting of the document data fails after the Printer returns an operation response, the
1358 Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'document-format-error' value to the job's
1359 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1360
1361 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1362 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1363 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats that
1364 require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously. There are no
1365 particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1366

1367 "job-k-octets" (integer(0:MAX)):

1368 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1369 attribute and the "job-k-octets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.33). The client supplied "job-k-
1370 octets" operation attribute identifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets being submitted (see
1371 section 4.3.17.1 for the complete semantics). If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object
1372 supports the attribute, the value of the attribute is used to populate the Job object's "job-k-octets" Job
1373 Description attribute.

1374

1375 For this attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions", and "job-media-sheets"), if the client
1376 supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the attribute, the Printer object ignores the
1377 client-supplied value. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute, and the value
1378 is within the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute, the Printer object
1379 MUST use the value to populate the Job object's "xxx" attribute. If the client supplies the attribute and the
1380 Printer supports the attribute, but the value is outside the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-
1381 supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and its value to the Unsupported
1382 Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-
1383 supported' status code. If the client does not supply the attribute, the Printer object MAY choose to
1384 populate the corresponding Job object attribute depending on whether the Printer object supports the
1385 attribute and is able to calculate or discern the correct value.

1386

1387 "job-impressions" (integer(0:MAX)):

1388 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1389 attribute and the "job-impressions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.34). The client supplied "job-
1390 impressions" operation attribute identifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being
1391 submitted (see section 4.3.17.2 for the complete semantics).

1392

1393 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".

1394

1395 "job-media-sheets" (integer(0:MAX)):

1396 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1397 attribute and the "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.35). The client supplied "job-
1398 media-sheets" operation attribute identifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job
1399 (see section 4.3.17.3 for the complete semantics).

1400

1401 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".

1402

1403 Group 2: Job Template Attributes

1404 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in section 4.2. If the client
1405 is not supplying any Job Template attributes in the request, the client SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than
1406 sending an empty group. However, a Printer object MUST be able to accept an empty group.

1407

1408 Group 3: Document Content

1409 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.

1410

1411 In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation request, the simplest Print-Job Request
1412 consists of just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes; the "printer-uri" target
1413 operation attribute; the Document Content and nothing else. In this simple case, the Printer object:

- 1414 - creates a new Job object (the Job object contains a single document),
- 1415 - stores a generated Job name in the "job-name" attribute in the natural language and charset requested (see
1416 Section 3.1.4.1) (if those are supported, otherwise using the Printer object's default natural language and
1417 charset), and
- 1418 - at job processing time, uses its corresponding default value attributes for the supported Job Template
1419 attributes that were not supplied by the client as IPP attribute or embedded instructions in the document
1420 data.

1421

1422 **3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response**

1423 The Printer object MUST return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of the Print-Job Response:

1424 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1425 Status Message:

1426 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1427 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
1428 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6. If the client supplies unsupported or conflicting Job Template
1429 attributes or values, the Printer object MUST reject or accept the Print-Job request depending on the
1430 whether the client supplied a 'true' or 'false' value for the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute. See the
1431 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for a complete description of the suggested steps for processing a create
1432 request.

1433

1434 Natural Language and Character Set:

1435 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1436

1437 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1438 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1439

1440 The value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" supplied by the client does not affect what attributes the Printer
1441 object returns in this group. The value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" only affects whether the Print-Job
1442 operation is accepted or rejected. If the job is accepted, the client may query the job using the Get-Job-
1443 Attributes operation requesting the unsupported attributes that were returned in the create response to see

1444 which attributes were ignored (not stored on the Job object) and which attributes were stored with other
1445 (substituted) values.
1446

1447 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1448 "job-uri" (uri):

1449 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's URI by returning the contents of the REQUIRED "job-
1450 uri" Job object attribute. The client uses the Job object's URI when directing operations at the Job object.
1451 The Printer object always uses its configured security policy when creating the new URI. However, if the
1452 Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object also uses information about which URI was
1453 used in the Print-Job Request to generate the new URI so that the new URI references the correct access
1454 channel. In other words, if the Print-Job Request comes in over a secure channel, the Printer object
1455 MUST generate a Job URI that uses the secure channel as well.
1456

1457 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1458 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's Job ID by returning the REQUIRED "job-id" Job object
1459 attribute. The client uses this "job-id" attribute in conjunction with the "printer-uri" attribute used in the
1460 Print-Job Request when directing Job operations at the Printer object.
1461

1462 "job-state" (type1 enum):

1463 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state" attribute. The value of this
1464 attribute (along with the value of the next attribute: "job-state-reasons") is taken from a "snapshot" of the
1465 new Job object at some meaningful point in time (implementation defined) between when the Printer object
1466 receives the Print-Job Request and when the Printer object returns the response.
1467

1468 "job-state-reasons" (1setOf type2 keyword):

1469 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state-reasons" attribute.
1470

1471 "job-state-message" (text(MAX)):

1472 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "job-state-message" attribute. If
1473 the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If this attribute is not
1474 returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-message" attribute is not supported and
1475 will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.
1476

1477 "number-of-intervening-jobs" (integer(0:MAX)):

1478 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "number-of-intervening-jobs"
1479 attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If this
1480 attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "number-of-intervening-jobs"
1481 attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.
1482

1483 Note: Since any printer state information which affects a job's state is reflected in the "job-state" and "job-
1484 state-reasons" attributes, it is sufficient to return only these attributes and no specific printer status
1485 attributes.
1486

1487 Note: In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation response, the simplest response
1488 consists of the just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes and the "job-uri",
1489 "job-id", and "job-state" Job Object Attributes. In this simplest case, the status code is 'successful-ok' and there is
1490 no "status-message" or "detailed-status-message" operation attribute.

1491 3.2.2 Print-URI Operation

1492 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies a
1493 URI reference to the document data using the "document-uri" (uri) operation attribute (in Group 1) rather than
1494 including the document data itself. Before returning the response, the Printer MUST validate that the Printer
1495 supports the retrieval method (e.g., http, ftp, etc.) implied by the URI, and MUST check for valid URI syntax. If
1496 the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer object's "referenced-uri-scheme-
1497 supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-
1498 supported' status code.

1499 The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the operation or subsequently. If the
1500 Printer determines an accessibility problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the request and
1501 returns the 'client-error-document-access-error' status code. The Printer MAY also return a specific document
1502 access error code using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4).

1503 If the Printer determines this document accessibility problem after accepting the request and returning an operation
1504 response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'document-access-error' value to the job's
1505 "job-state-reasons" attribute and MAY populate the job's "job-document-access-errors" Job Description attribute
1506 (see section 4.3.11). See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested additional checks.

1507 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer
1508 attribute (see section 4.4.27).

1509 It is up to the IPP object to interpret the URI and subsequently "pull" the document from the source referenced by
1510 the URI string.

1511 3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation

1512 This REQUIRED operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies no
1513 document data and the Printer allocates no resources (i.e., it does not create a new Job object). This operation is
1514 used only to verify capabilities of a printer object against whatever attributes are supplied by the client in the
1515 Validate-Job request. By using the Validate-Job operation a client can validate that an identical Print-Job
1516 operation (with the document data) would be accepted. The Validate-Job operation also performs the same

1517 security negotiation as the Print-Job operation (see section 8), so that a client can check that the client and Printer
1518 object security requirements can be met before performing a Print-Job operation.

1519 The Validate-Job operation does not accept a "document-uri" attribute in order to allow a client to check that the
1520 same Print-URI operation will be accepted, since the client doesn't send the data with the Print-URI operation.
1521 The client SHOULD just issue the Print-URI request.

1522 The Printer object returns the same status codes, Operation Attributes (Group 1) and Unsupported Attributes
1523 (Group 2) as the Print-Job operation. However, no Job Object Attributes (Group 3) are returned, since no Job
1524 object is created.

1525 3.2.4 Create-Job Operation

1526 This OPTIONAL operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that in the Create-Job
1527 request, a client does not supply document data or any reference to document data. Also, the client does not
1528 supply any of the "document-name", "document-format", "compression", or "document-natural-language" operation
1529 attributes. This operation is followed by one or more Send-Document or Send-URI operations. In each of those
1530 operation requests, the client OPTIONALLY supplies the "document-name", "document-format", and "document-
1531 natural-language" attributes for each document in the multi-document Job object.

1532 If a Printer object supports the Create-Job operation, it MUST also support the Send-Document operation and
1533 also MAY support the Send-URI operation.

1534 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "multiple-operation-time-out" Printer attribute
1535 (see section 4.4.31).

1536 If the Printer object supports this operation, then it MUST support the "multiple-document-jobs-supported" Printer
1537 Description attribute (see section 4.4.16) and indicate whether or not it supports multiple-document jobs.

1538 If the Printer object supports this operation and supports multiple documents in a job, then it MUST support the
1539 "multiple-document-handling" Job Template job attribute with at least one value (see section 4.2.4) and the
1540 associated "multiple-document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-supported" Job Template
1541 Printer attributes (see section 4.2).

1542 After the Create-Job operation has completed, the value of the "job-state" attribute is similar to the "job-state" after
1543 a Print-Job, even though no document-data has arrived. A Printer MAY set the 'job-data-insufficient' value of the
1544 job's "job-state-reason" attribute to indicate that processing cannot begin until sufficient data has arrived and set the
1545 "job-state" to either 'pending' or 'pending-held'. A non-spooling printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job
1546 state may even set the "job-state" to 'processing', even though there is not yet any data to process. See sections
1547 4.3.7 and 4.3.8.

1548 **3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation**

1549 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Printer object. In the
1550 request, the client supplies the set of Printer attribute names and/or attribute group names in which the requester is
1551 interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a corresponding attribute set with the appropriate attribute
1552 values filled in.

1553 For Printer objects, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 1554 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Printer object (the last two columns of
1555 the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Printer objects.
- 1556 - 'printer-description': the subset of the attributes specified in Section 4.4 that the implementation supports for
1557 Printer objects.
- 1558 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Printer objects.
1559

1560 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some overlap. For
1561 example, if a client requests, 'printer-name' and 'all', the client is actually requesting the "printer-name" attribute
1562 twice: once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'all' group. In such cases, the Printer object NEED
1563 NOT return each attribute only once in the response even if it is requested multiple times. The client SHOULD
1564 NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

1565 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes are
1566 OPTIONAL). However, it is REQUIRED that each Printer object support all group names.

1567 **3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request**

1568 The following sets of attributes are part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Request:

1569 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1570 Natural Language and Character Set:

1571 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1572

1573 Target:

1574 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1575

1576 Requesting User Name:

1577 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1578 section 8.3.

1579

1580 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword)-:

1581 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values
1582 the requester is interested. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the client omits this attribute,
1583 the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a value of 'all'.

1584

1585 "document-format" (mimeMediaType)-:

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The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. This attribute is useful for a Printer object to determine the set of supported attribute values that relate to the requested document format. The Printer object MUST return the attributes and values that it uses to validate a job on a create or Validate-Job operation in which this document format is supplied. The Printer object SHOULD return only (1) those attributes that are supported for the specified format and (2) the attribute values that are supported for the specified document format. By specifying the document format, the client can get the Printer object to eliminate the attributes and values that are not supported for a specific document format. For example, a Printer object might have multiple interpreters to support both 'application/postscript' (for PostScript) and 'text/plain' (for text) documents. However, for only one of those interpreters might the Printer object be able to support "number-up" with values of '1', '2', and '4'. For the other interpreter it might be able to only support "number-up" with a value of '1'. Thus a client can use the Get-Printer-Attributes operation to obtain the attributes and values that will be used to accept/reject a create job operation.

If the Printer object does not distinguish between different sets of supported values for each different document format when validating jobs in the create and Validate-Job operations, it MUST NOT distinguish between different document formats in the Get-Printer-Attributes operation. If the Printer object does distinguish between different sets of supported values for each different document format specified by the client, this specialization applies only to the following Printer object attributes:

- Printer attributes that are Job Template attributes ("xxx-default" "xxx-supported", and "xxx-ready" in the Table in Section 4.2),
- "pdl-override-supported",
- "compression-supported",
- "job-k-octets-supported",
- "job-impressions-supported",
- "job-media-sheets-supported"
- "printer-driver-installer",
- "color-supported", and
- "reference-uri-schemes-supported"

The values of all other Printer object attributes (including "document-format-supported") remain invariant with respect to the client supplied document format (except for new Printer description attribute as registered according to section 6.2).

If the client omits this "document-format" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the attribute had been supplied with the value of the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute. It is RECOMMENDED that the client always supply a value for "document-format", since the Printer object's "document-format-default" may be 'application/octet-stream', in which case the returned attributes and

1625 values are for the union of the document formats that the Printer can automatically sense. For more details,
1626 see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax in section 4.1.9.

1627

1628 If the client supplies a value for the "document-format" Operation attribute that is not supported by the
1629 Printer, i.e., is not among the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, the
1630 Printer object MUST reject the operation and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported'
1631 status code.

1632

1633 3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response

1634 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Response:

1635 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1636 Status Message:

1637 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1638 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
1639 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1640

1641 Natural Language and Character Set:

1642 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1643

1644 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1645 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1646

1647 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values
1648 (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the
1649 Printer object does ~~include~~ return unsupported attributes referenced in the "requested-attributes" operation
1650 attribute and ~~such-that~~ attributes included group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST
1651 NOT include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

1652

1653 Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

1654 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The Printer object ignores (does not
1655 respond with) any requested attribute which is not supported. The Printer object MAY respond with a
1656 subset of the supported attributes and values, depending on the security policy in force. However, the
1657 Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all
1658 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value. Also the Printer object
1659 MUST respond with the 'no-value' for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for
1660 which the system administrator has not configured a value. See the description of the "out-of-band" values
1661 in the beginning of Section 4.1.

1662

1663 3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation

1664 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to retrieve the list of Job objects belonging to the target Printer object.
1665 The client may also supply a list of Job attribute names and/or attribute group names. A group of Job object
1666 attributes will be returned for each Job object that is returned.

1667 This operation is similar to the Get-Job-Attributes operation, except that this Get-Jobs operation returns attributes
1668 from possibly more than one object (~~see the description of Job attribute group names in section 3.3.4~~).

1669 3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request

1670 The client submits the Get-Jobs request to a Printer object.

1671 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Jobs Request:

1672 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1673 Natural Language and Character Set:

1674 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1675
1676 Target:

1677 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1678
1679 Requesting User Name:

1680 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1681 section 8.3.

1682
1683 "limit" (integer(1:MAX)):

1684 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It is an
1685 integer value that determines the maximum number of jobs that a client will receive from the Printer even if
1686 "which-jobs" or "my-jobs" constrain which jobs are returned. The limit is a "stateless limit" in that if the
1687 value supplied by the client is 'N', then only the first 'N' jobs are returned in the Get-Jobs Response. There
1688 is no mechanism to allow for the next 'M' jobs after the first 'N' jobs. If the client does not supply this
1689 attribute, the Printer object responds with all applicable jobs.

1690
1691 "requested-attributes" (1setOf [type2](#) keyword):

1692 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It is a
1693 set of Job attribute names and/or attribute groups names in whose values the requester is interested. This
1694 set of attributes is returned for each Job object that is returned. The allowed attribute group names are the
1695 same as those defined in the Get-Job-Attributes operation in section 3.3.4. If the client does not supply
1696 this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had supplied this attribute with two values: 'job-uri'
1697 and 'job-id'.
1698

1699 "which-jobs" (type2 keyword):

1700 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1701 indicates which Job objects MUST be returned by the Printer object. The values for this attribute are:

1702

1703 'completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'.

1704 'not-completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'pending', 'processing', 'processing-
1705 stopped', or 'pending-held'.

1706

1707 A Printer object MUST support both values. However, if the implementation does not keep jobs in the
1708 'completed', 'canceled', and 'aborted' states, then it returns no jobs when the 'completed' value is supplied.

1709

1710 If a client supplies some other value, the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and the unsupported value
1711 to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the 'client-error-attributes-or-
1712 values-not-supported' status code.

1713

1714 If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the client had supplied the
1715 attribute with a value of 'not-completed'.

1716

1717 "my-jobs" (boolean):

1718 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1719 indicates whether jobs from all users or just the jobs submitted by the requesting user of this request
1720 MUST be considered as candidate jobs to be returned by the Printer object. If the client does not supply
1721 this attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of
1722 'false', i.e., jobs from all users. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the jobs is
1723 described in section 8.

1724 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response

1725 The Printer object returns all of the Job objects up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute that match the
1726 criteria as defined by the attribute values supplied by the client in the request. It is possible that no Job objects are
1727 returned since there may literally be no Job objects at the Printer, or there may be no Job objects that match the
1728 criteria supplied by the client. If the client requests any Job attributes at all, there is a set of Job Object Attributes
1729 returned for each Job object.

1730 It is not an error for the Printer to return 0 jobs. If the response returns 0 jobs because there are no jobs matching
1731 the criteria, and the request would have returned 1 or more jobs with a status code of 'successful-ok' if there had
1732 been jobs matching the criteria, then the status code for 0 jobs MUST be 'successful-ok'.

1733 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1734 Status Message:

1735 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1736 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
1737 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1738

1739 Natural Language and Character Set:

1740 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1741

1742 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1743 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1744

1745 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values
1746 (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the
1747 Printer object does ~~include-return~~ unsupported attributes referenced in the "requested-attributes" operation
1748 attribute and ~~such-that~~ attributes included group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST
1749 NOT include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

1750

1751 Groups 3 to N: Job Object Attributes

1752 The Printer object responds with one set of Job Object Attributes for each returned Job object. The
1753 Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or
1754 which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting user is the user that
1755 submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the Printer object MUST
1756 respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for
1757 which the Printer object does not know the value, unless it would violate the security policy. See the
1758 description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

1759

1760 Jobs are returned in the following order:

- 1761 - If the client requests all 'completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states), then
- 1762 the Jobs are returned newest to oldest (with respect to actual completion time)
- 1763 - If the client requests all 'not-completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'pending', 'processing', 'pending-held', and
- 1764 'processing-stopped' states), then Jobs are returned in relative chronological order of expected
- 1765 time to complete (based on whatever scheduling algorithm is configured for the Printer object).

1766

3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation

1767 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its devices.
1768 Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer from processing the current
1769 job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as soon as the implementation permits or is
1770 completed, depending on implementation. The Printer object MUST still accept create operations to create new
1771 jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from entering the 'processing' state.

1772 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and vice-
1773 versa.

1774 The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states
 1775 as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation will take appreciable time to stop, the IPP Printer
 1776 adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.4.12).
 1777 When the device(s) have all stopped, the IPP Printer transitions the Printer object to the 'stopped' state, removes
 1778 the 'moving-to-paused' value, if present, and adds the 'paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons"
 1779 attribute.

1780 When the current job(s) complete that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP Printer transitions them to the
 1781 'completed' state. When the current job(s) stop in mid processing that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP
 1782 Printer transitions them to the 'processing-stopped' state and adds the 'printer-stopped' value to the job's "job-
 1783 state-reasons" attribute.

1784 For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"
 1785 attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons" attributes and
 1786 only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried (so-called "lazy evaluation").

1787 Whether the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other sources than the
 1788 IPP Printer object in the same way that the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the IPP
 1789 Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol is being used as a universal
 1790 management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1791 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new "printer-state"
 1792 before returning as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer- state- reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to- paused'	OPTION 1: 'successful-ok'; Later, when all output has stopped, the "printer- state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	OPTION 2: 'successful-ok'; all device output stopped immediately
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'

1793 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1794 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
 1795 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as
 1796 appropriate.

1797 3.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request

1798 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Request:

1799 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1800 Natural Language and Character Set:

1801 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1802

1803 Target:

1804 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1805

1806 Requesting User Name:

1807 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1808 section 8.3.

1809 **3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response**

1810 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Response:

1811 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1812 Status Message:

1813 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1814 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
1815 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1816

1817 Natural Language and Character Set:

1818 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1819

1820 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1821 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1822

1823 **3.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation**

1824 This operation allows a client to resume the Printer object scheduling jobs on all its devices. The Printer object
1825 MUST remove the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused' values from the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons"
1826 attribute, if present. If there are no other reasons to keep a device paused (such as media-jam), the IPP Printer is
1827 free to transition itself to the 'processing' or 'idle' states, depending on whether there are jobs to be processed or
1828 not, respectively, and the device(s) resume processing jobs.

1829 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and vice-
1830 versa.

1831 The IPP Printer removes the 'printer-stopped' value from any job's "job-state-reasons" attributes contained in that
1832 Printer.

1833 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state, transition the Printer object to the indicated new state as
 1834 follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'idle'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
'stopped'	'processing'	'successful-ok'; when there are jobs to be processed
'stopped'	'idle'	'successful-ok'; when there are no jobs to be processed.

1835 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1836 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
 1837 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as
 1838 appropriate.

1839 The Resume-Printer Request and Resume-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
 1840 Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1841 3.2.9 Purge-Jobs Operation

1842 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to remove all jobs from an IPP Printer object, regardless of their job
 1843 states, including jobs in the Printer object's Job History (see Section 4.3.7.2). After a Purge-Jobs operation has
 1844 been performed, a Printer object MUST return no jobs in subsequent Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs responses
 1845 (until new jobs are submitted).

1846 Whether the Purge-Jobs (and Get-Jobs) operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other
 1847 sources than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Purge-Jobs operation affects jobs that were submitted
 1848 to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol is being used as
 1849 a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1850 Note: if an operator wants to cancel all jobs without clearing out the Job History, the operator uses the Cancel-
 1851 Job operation on each job instead of using the Purge-Jobs operation.

1852 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object to the 'idle' state.

1853 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1854 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation
 1855 and return: client-error-forbidden, client-error-not-authenticated, and client-error-not-authorized as appropriate.

1856 The Purge-Jobs Request and Purge-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Pause-
 1857 Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1858

1859 3.3 Job Operations

1860 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying the Job
1861 object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either be a single Job
1862 URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation MUST support both forms
1863 of identification for every job.

1864 3.3.1 Send-Document Operation

1865 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to create a multi-document Job object that is initially "empty" (contains
1866 no documents). In the Create-Job response, the Printer object returns the Job object's URI (the "job-uri"
1867 attribute) and the Job object's 32-bit identifier (the "job-id" attribute). For each new document that the client
1868 desires to add, the client uses a Send-Document operation. Each Send-Document Request contains the entire
1869 stream of document data for one document.

1870 If the Printer supports this operation but does not support multiple documents per job, the Printer MUST reject
1871 subsequent Send-Document operations supplied with data and return the 'server-error-multiple-document-jobs-
1872 not-supported'. However, the Printer MUST accept the first document with a 'true' or 'false' value for the "last-
1873 document" operation attribute (see below), so that clients MAY always submit one document jobs with a 'false'
1874 value for "last-document" in the first Send-Document and a 'true' for "last-document" in the second Send-
1875 Document (with no data).

1876 Since the Create-Job and the send operations (Send-Document or Send-URI operations) that follow could occur
1877 over an arbitrarily long period of time for a particular job, a client MUST send another send operation within an
1878 IPP Printer defined minimum time interval after the receipt of the previous request for the job. If a Printer object
1879 supports the Create-Job and Send-Document operations, the Printer object MUST support the "multiple-
1880 operation-time-out" attribute (see section 4.4.31). This attribute indicates the minimum number of seconds the
1881 Printer object will wait for the next send operation before taking some recovery action.

1882 An IPP object MUST recover from an errant client that does not supply a send operation, sometime after the
1883 minimum time interval specified by the Printer object's "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute. Such recovery
1884 MAY include any of the following or other recovery actions:

- 1885 1. Assume that the Job is an invalid job, start the process of changing the job state to 'aborted', add the
1886 'aborted-by-system' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), and clean up all
1887 resources associated with the Job. In this case, if another send operation is finally received, the Printer
1888 responds with an "client-error-not-possible" or "client-error-not-found" depending on whether or not the
1889 Job object is still around when the send operation finally arrives.
- 1890 2. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document (as if the "last-document" flag had
1891 been set to 'true'), close the Job object, and proceed to process it (i.e., move the Job's state to 'pending').
- 1892 3. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document, close the Job, but move it to the
1893 'pending-held' and add the 'submission-interrupted' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see
1894 section 4.3.8). This action allows the user or an operator to determine whether to continue processing the

1895 Job by moving it back to the 'pending' state using the Release-Job operation (see section 3.3.6) or to
1896 cancel the job using the Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3).
1897

1898 Each implementation is free to decide the "best" action to take depending on local policy, whether any documents
1899 have been added, whether the implementation spools jobs or not, and/or any other piece of information available
1900 to it. If the choice is to abort the Job object, it is possible that the Job object may already have been processed to
1901 the point that some media sheet pages have been printed.

1902 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job owner (as
1903 determined in the Create-Job operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and
1904 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-
1905 authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

1906 3.3.1.1 Send-Document Request

1907 The following attribute sets are part of the Send-Document Request:

1908 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1909 Natural Language and Character Set:

1910 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
1911

1912 Target:

1913 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation attribute(s)
1914 which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
1915

1916 Requesting User Name:

1917 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1918 section 8.3.
1919

1920 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1921 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1922 contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job name. It
1923 might be helpful, but NEED NOT be unique across multiple documents in the same Job. Typically, the
1924 client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end user by using a file name or
1925 an application generated name. See the description of the "document-name" operation attribute in the
1926 Print-Job Request (section 3.2.1.1) for more information about this attribute.
1927

1928 "compression" (type3 keyword):

1929 See the description of "compression" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.
1930

1931 "document-format" (mimeMediaType)-:

1932 See the description of "document-format" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.

1933

1934 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1935 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this
1936 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats that
1937 require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously. There are no
1938 particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1939

1940 "last-document" (boolean):

1941 The client **MUST** supply this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It is a boolean flag
1942 that is set to 'true' if this is the last document for the Job, 'false' otherwise.

1943

1944 Group 2: Document Content

1945 The client **MUST** supply the document data if the "last-document" flag is set to 'false'. However, since a
1946 client might not know that the previous document sent with a Send-Document (or Send-URI) operation
1947 was the last document (i.e., the "last-document" attribute was set to 'false'), it is legal to send a Send-
1948 Document request with no document data where the "last-document" flag is set to 'true'. Such a request
1949 **MUST NOT** increment the value of the Job object's "number-of-documents" attribute, since no real
1950 document was added to the job. It is not an error for a client to submit a job with no actual document
1951 data, i.e., only a single Create-Job and Send-Document request with a "last-document" operation attribute
1952 set to 'true' with no document data.

1953 **3.3.1.2 Send-Document Response**

1954 The following sets of attributes are part of the Send-Document Response:

1955 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1956 Status Message:

1957 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**
1958 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
1959 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1960

1961 Natural Language and Character Set:

1962 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1963

1964 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1965 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1966 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1967 This is the same set of attributes as described in the Print-Job response (see section 3.2.1.2).

1968

1969 3.3.2 Send-URI Operation

1970 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Send-Document operation (see section 3.3.1) except that a client
 1971 MUST supply a URI reference ("document-uri" operation attribute) rather than the document data itself. If a
 1972 Printer object supports this operation, clients can use both Send-URI or Send-Document operations to add new
 1973 documents to an existing multi-document Job object. However, if a client needs to indicate that the previous Send-
 1974 URI or Send-Document was the last document, the client MUST use the Send-Document operation with no
 1975 document data and the "last-document" flag set to 'true' (rather than using a Send-URI operation with no
 1976 "document-uri" operation attribute).

1977 If a Printer object supports this operation, it MUST also support the Print-URI operation (see section 3.2.2).

1978 The Printer object MUST validate the syntax and URI scheme of the supplied URI before returning a response,
 1979 just as in the Print-URI operation. The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the
 1980 operation or subsequently (see section 3.2.2).

1981 3.3.3 Cancel-Job Operation

1982 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to cancel a Print Job from the time the job is created up to the time it is
 1983 completed, canceled, or aborted. Since a Job might already be printing by the time a Cancel-Job is received,
 1984 some media sheet pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

1985 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to the
 1986 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'pending-held'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'processing-stopped'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

1987 Rule 1: If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or 'processing-
 1988 stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST add the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to the job's "job-state-reasons"
 1989 attribute and then transition the job to the 'canceled' state when the processing ceases (see section 4.3.8).

1990 Rule 2: If the Job object already has the 'processing-to-stop-point' value in its "job-state-reasons" attribute, then
1991 the Printer object MUST reject a Cancel-Job operation.

1992 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job owner or
1993 an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST
1994 reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-
1995 authorized' as appropriate.

1996 3.3.3.1 Cancel-Job Request

1997 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Request:

1998 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1999 Natural Language and Character Set:

2000 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

2002 Target:

2003 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
2004 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

2006 Requesting User Name:

2007 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
2008 section 8.3.

2010 "message" (text(127)):

2011 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
2012 attribute. It is a message to the operator. This "message" attribute is not the same as the "job-message-
2013 from-operator" attribute. That attribute is used to report a message from the operator to the end user that
2014 queries that attribute. This "message" operation attribute is used to send a message from the client to the
2015 operator along with the operation request. It is an implementation decision of how or where to display this
2016 message to the operator (if at all).

2018 3.3.3.2 Cancel-Job Response

2019 The following sets of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Response:

2020 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2021 Status Message:

2022 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2023 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
2024 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2025
2026
2027
2028

Natural Language and Character Set:

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

2029
2030
2031

Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2032
2033
2034
2035
2036

Once a successful response has been sent, the implementation guarantees that the Job will eventually end up in the 'canceled' state. Between the time of the Cancel-Job operation is accepted and when the job enters the 'canceled' job-state (see section 4.3.7), the "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' value which indicates to later queries that although the Job might still be 'processing', it will eventually end up in the 'canceled' state, not the 'completed' state.

2037

3.3.4 Get-Job-Attributes Operation

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2039
2040
2041
2042

This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of attributes of a Job object and it is almost identical to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section 3.2.5). The only differences are that the operation is directed at a Job object rather than a Printer object, there is no "document-format" operation attribute used when querying a Job object, and the returned attribute group is a set of Job object attributes rather than a set of Printer object attributes.

2043

For Jobs, the possible names of attribute groups are:

2044
2045
2046
2047
2048
2049

- 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Job object (the first column of the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Job objects.
- 'job-description': the subset of the Job Description attributes specified in Section 4.3 that the implementation supports for Job objects.
- 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Job objects.

2050
2051
2052
2053
2054

Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'job-name' and 'job-description', the client is actually requesting the "job-name" attribute once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'job-description' group. In such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return the attribute only once in the response even if it is requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

2055
2056

It is NOT REQUIRED that a Job object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes are OPTIONAL). However it is REQUIRED that each Job object support all [these](#) group names.

2057 **3.3.4.1 Get-Job-Attributes Request**

2058 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Job-Attributes Request when the request is directed at a Job
2059 object:

2060 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2061 Natural Language and Character Set:

2062 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

2063

2064 Target:

2065 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
2066 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

2067

2068 Requesting User Name:

2069 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
2070 section 8.3.

2071

2072 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword)-:

2073 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this attribute. It is a set
2074 of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values the requester is interested. If the client
2075 omits this attribute, the IPP object MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a value of 'all'.
2076

2077 **3.3.4.2 Get-Job-Attributes Response**

2078 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Job-Attributes Response:

2079 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2080 Status Message:

2081 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2082 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute
2083 as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2084

2085 Natural Language and Character Set:

2086 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2. The
2087 "attributes-natural-language" MAY be the natural language of the Job object, rather than the one requested.
2088

2089 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2090 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
2091

2092 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values
 2093 (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the
 2094 Printer object does ~~include~~-return unsupported attributes referenced in the "requested-attributes" operation
 2095 attribute and ~~such-that~~ attributes included group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST
 2096 NOT include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.
 2097

2098 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2099 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The IPP object ignores (does not respond
 2100 with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or which is restricted by the security policy in
 2101 force, including whether the requesting user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not
 2102 (see section 8). However, the IPP object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported
 2103 attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the IPP object does not know the value, unless it
 2104 would violate the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of
 2105 Section 4.1.

2106 3.3.5 Hold-Job Operation

2107 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to hold a pending job in the queue so that it is not eligible for
 2108 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported, and
 2109 vice-versa. The OPTIONAL "job-hold-until" operation attribute allows a client to specify whether to hold the job
 2110 indefinitely or until a specified time period, if supported.

2111 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to the
 2112 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2113 Rule 1: If the implementation supports multiple reasons for a job to be in the 'pending-held' state, the IPP object
 2114 MUST add the 'job-hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2115 Rule 2: If the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute, but the specified time period has already
 2116 started (or is the 'no-hold' value) and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object MUST make the
 2117 job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2) by putting the job in the 'pending' state.

2118 Note: In order to keep the Hold-Job operation simple, such a request is rejected when the job is in the
2119 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If an operation is needed to hold jobs while in these states, it will be
2120 added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the Hold-Job operation. Then it is clear to clients by
2121 querying the Printer object's "operations-supported" (see Section 4.4.15) and the Job object's "job-state" (see
2122 Section 4.3.7) attributes which operations are possible.

2123 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job owner or
2124 an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST
2125 reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-
2126 authorized' as appropriate.

2127 3.3.5.1 Hold-Job Request

2128 The groups and operation attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the
2129 addition of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2130 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2131 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute. The IPP object MUST support this operation
2132 attribute in a Hold-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job template attribute in create
2133 operations. See section 4.2.2. The IPP object SHOULD support the "job-hold-until" Job Template
2134 attribute for use in job create operations with at least the 'indefinite' value, if it supports the Hold-Job
2135 operation. Otherwise, a client cannot create a job and hold it immediately (without picking some
2136 supported time period in the future).

2137 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP object
2138 copies the supplied operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-hold-until"
2139 attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied named time period.

2140 If supplied, but either the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself or the value supplied is not supported,
2141 the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute or value in the Unsupported
2142 Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes',
2143 and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job operation.

2144 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold' value
2145 (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute and
2146 there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object MUST accept the operation and make the job
2147 be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2148 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in the request, the IPP object MUST
2149 populate the job object with a "job-hold-until" attribute with the 'indefinite' value (if IPP object supports the
2150 "job-hold-until" attribute) and hold the job indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job operation.

2151 **3.3.5.2 Hold-Job Response**

2152 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2153 **3.3.6 Release-Job Operation**

2154 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to release a previously held job so that it is again eligible for scheduling.
2155 If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported, and vice-versa.

2156 This operation removes the "job-hold-until" job attribute, if present, from the job object that had been supplied in
2157 the create or most recent Hold-Job or Restart-Job operation and removes its effect on the job. The IPP object
2158 MUST remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present. See
2159 section 4.3.8.

2160 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to the
2161 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2162 Rule 1: If there are other reasons to keep the job in the 'pending-held' state, such as 'resources-are-not-ready', the
2163 job remains in the 'pending-held' state. Thus the 'pending-held' state is not just for jobs that have the 'job-hold-
2164 until' applied to them, but are for any reason to keep the job from being a candidate for scheduling and processing,
2165 such as 'resources-are-not-ready'. See the "job-hold-until" attribute (section 4.2.2).

2166 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job owner or
2167 an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST
2168 reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-
2169 authorized' as appropriate.

2170 The Release-Job Request and Release-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Cancel-
2171 Job operation (see section 3.3.3.1 and 3.3.3.2).

2172 **3.3.7 Restart-Job Operation**

2173 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a job that is retained in the queue after processing has
2174 completed (see section 4.3.7.2).

2175 The job is moved to the 'pending' or 'pending-held' job state and restarts at the beginning on the same IPP Printer
2176 object with the same attribute values. If any of the documents in the job were passed by reference (Print-URI or
2177 Send-URI), the Printer MUST re-fetch the data, since the semantics of Restart-Job are to repeat all Job
2178 processing. The Job Description attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-impressions-completed",
2179 "job-media-sheets-completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", MUST be reset to 0 so that they give an accurate
2180 record of the job from its restart point. The job object MUST continue to use the same "job-uri" and "job-id"
2181 attribute values.

2182 Note: If in the future an operation is needed that does not reset the job progress attributes, then a new operation
2183 will be defined which makes a copy of the job, assigns a new "job-uri" and "job-id" to the copy and resets the job
2184 progress attributes in the new copy only.

2185 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state, transition the job to the
2186 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'client-error-not-possible'
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'canceled'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'aborted'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1

2187

2188 Rule 1: If the Job Retention Period has expired for the job in this state, then the IPP object rejects the operation.
2189 See section 4.3.7.2.

2190 Note: In order to prevent a user from inadvertently restarting a job in the middle, the Restart-Job request is
2191 rejected when the job is in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If in the future an operation is needed to
2192 hold or restart jobs while in these states, it will be added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the
2193 Restart-Job operation, so that it is clear that the user intended that the current job not be completed.

2194 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job owner or
2195 an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST

2196 reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-
2197 authorized' as appropriate.

2198 3.3.7.1 Restart-Job Request

2199 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the addition of the
2200 following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2201 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2202 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this Operation attribute
2203 in a Restart-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute in create operations. See
2204 section 4.2.2. Otherwise, the IPP object NEED NOT support the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in a
2205 Restart-Job request.

2206 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP object
2207 copies the supplied Operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-hold-until"
2208 attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied named time period.
2209 See section 4.2.2.

2210 If supplied, but the value is not supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported
2211 attribute or value in the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-
2212 ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a
2213 subsequent Release-Job operation.

2214 If supplied, but the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself is not supported, the IPP object accepts the
2215 request, returns the unsupported attribute with the out-of-band 'unsupported' value in the Unsupported
2216 Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes'
2217 status code, and restarts the job, i.e., ignores the "job-hold-until" attribute.

2218 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold' value
2219 (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute and
2220 there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object makes the job a candidate for processing
2221 immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2222 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" operation attribute in the request, the IPP object removes the
2223 "job-hold-until" attribute, if present, from the job. If there are no other reasons to hold the job, the Restart-
2224 Job operation makes the job a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2225 3.3.7.2 Restart-Job Response

2226 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2227 Note: In the future an OPTIONAL Modify-Job or Set-Job-Attributes operation may be specified that allows the
2228 client to modify other attributes before releasing the restarted job.

2229 **4. Object Attributes**

2230 This section describes the attributes with their corresponding attribute syntaxes and values that are part of the IPP
2231 model. The sections below show the objects and their associated attributes which are included within the scope of
2232 this protocol. Many of these attributes are derived from other relevant documents:

- 2233 - Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175]
- 2234 - RFC 1759 Printer MIB [RFC1759]

2235 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document using a "keyword" (see section 12.2.1) which is the name of
2236 the attribute. The keyword is included in the section header describing that attribute.

2237 Note: Not only are keywords used to identify attributes, but one of the attribute syntaxes described below is
2238 "keyword" so that some attributes have keyword values. Therefore, these attributes are defined as having an
2239 attribute syntax that is a set of keywords.

2240 **4.1 Attribute Syntaxes**

2241 This section defines the basic attribute syntax types that all clients and IPP objects MUST be able to accept in
2242 responses and accept in requests, respectively. Each attribute description in sections 3 and 4 includes the name of
2243 attribute syntax(es) in the heading (in parentheses). A conforming implementation of an attribute MUST include the
2244 semantics of the attribute syntax(es) so identified. Section 6.3 describes how the protocol can be extended with
2245 new attribute syntaxes.

2246 The attribute syntaxes are specified in the following sub-sections, where the sub-section heading is the keyword
2247 name of the attribute syntax inside the single quotes. In operation requests and responses each attribute value
2248 MUST be represented as one of the attribute syntaxes specified in the sub-section heading for the attribute. In
2249 addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of the "out-of-band" values
2250 whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910].
2251 Standard "out-of-band" values are:

- 2252 'unknown': The attribute is supported by the IPP object, but the value is unknown to the IPP object for some
2253 reason.
- 2254 'unsupported': The attribute is unsupported by the IPP object. This value MUST be returned only as the value
2255 of an attribute in the Unsupported Attributes Group.
- 2256 'no-value': The attribute is supported by the Printer object, but the administrator has not yet configured a value.

2257

2258 All attributes in a request MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4. Thus clients MUST
2259 NOT supply attributes with "out-of-band" values for operations defined in this document. All attributes in a
2260 response MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4 or a single "out-of-band" value.

2261 Most attributes are defined to have a single attribute syntax. However, a few attributes (e.g., "job-sheet", "media",
2262 "job-hold-until") are defined to have several attribute syntaxes, depending on the value. These multiple attribute
2263 syntaxes are separated by the "|" character in the sub-section heading to indicate the choice. Since each value
2264 MUST be tagged as to its attribute syntax in the protocol, a single-valued attribute instance may have any one of its
2265 attribute syntaxes and a multi-valued attribute instance may have a mixture of its defined attribute syntaxes.

2266 4.1.1 'text'

2267 A text attribute is an attribute whose value is a sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a maximum of
2268 1023 ('MAX') octets. MAX is the maximum length for each value of any text attribute. However, if an attribute
2269 will always contain values whose maximum length is much less than MAX, the definition of that attribute will include
2270 a qualifier that defines the maximum length for values of that attribute. For example: the "printer-location" attribute
2271 is specified as "printer-location (text(127))". In this case, text values for "printer-location" MUST NOT exceed
2272 127 octets; if supplied with a longer text string via some external interface (other than the protocol),
2273 implementations are free to truncate to this shorter length limitation.

2274 In this document, all text attributes are defined using the 'text' syntax. However, 'text' is used only for brevity; the
2275 formal interpretation of 'text' is: 'textWithoutLanguage | textWithLanguage'. That is, for any attribute defined in this
2276 document using the 'text' attribute syntax, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the
2277 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and protocol
2278 execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The syntax 'text' never
2279 appears "on-the-wire".

2280 Both 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are needed to support the real world needs of interoperability
2281 between sites and systems that use different natural languages as the basis for human communication. Generally,
2282 one natural language applies to all text attributes in a given request or response. The language is indicated by the
2283 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute defined in section 3.1.4 or "attributes-natural-language" job
2284 attribute defined in section 4.3.20, and there is no need to identify the natural language for each text string on a
2285 value-by-value basis. In these cases, the attribute syntax 'textWithoutLanguage' is used for text attributes. In other
2286 cases, the client needs to supply or the Printer object needs to return a text value in a natural language that is
2287 different from the rest of the text values in the request or response. In these cases, the client or Printer object uses
2288 the attribute syntax 'textWithLanguage' for text attributes (this is the Natural Language Override mechanism
2289 described in section 3.1.4).

2290 The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes are described in more detail in the following
2291 sections.

2292 4.1.1.1 'textWithoutLanguage'

2293 The 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a
2294 maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets. Text strings are encoded using the rules of some charset. The Printer object
2295 MUST support the UTF-8 charset [RFC2279] and MAY support additional charsets to represent 'text' values,

2296 provided that the charsets are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. See Section 4.1.7 for the definition of the
2297 'charset' attribute syntax, including restricted semantics and examples of charsets.

2298 4.1.1.2 'textWithLanguage'

2299 The 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2300 'textWithoutLanguage' part encoded in a maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see
2301 section 4.1.8) part that overrides the natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the
2302 natural language that applies to the text part of that value and that value alone. For any give text attribute, the
2303 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum length defined for that 'text' attribute, and the
2304 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 (additional) octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax
2305 rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and
2306 MUST be supported by all IPP objects and clients.

2307 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used to
2308 explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a multi-
2309 valued 'text' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation attribute.

2310 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2311 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not.
2312 Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'textWithLanguage' attribute value, whether the
2313 Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the value of the "ipp-
2314 attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2315 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en' indicating
2316 English, but the value of the "job-name" attribute is in French, the client MUST use the 'textWithLanguage' attribute
2317 syntax with the following two values:

2318 'fr': Natural Language Override indicating French

2319 'Rapport Mensuel': the job name in French

2320

2321 See the "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] section 3.944 for the encoding of the two parts
2322 and Appendix A for a detailed example of the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax.

2323 4.1.2 'name'

2324 This syntax type is used for user-friendly strings, such as a Printer name, that, for humans, are more meaningful than
2325 identifiers. Names are never translated from one natural language to another. The 'name' attribute syntax is
2326 essentially the same as 'text', including the REQUIRED support of UTF-8 except that the sequence of characters is
2327 limited so that its encoded form MUST NOT exceed 255 (MAX) octets.

2328 Also like 'text', 'name' is really an abbreviated notation for either 'nameWithoutLanguage' or 'nameWithLanguage'.
2329 That is, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage'

2330 attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only
2331 one of the two syntax per attribute. The syntax 'name' never appears "on-the-wire".

2332 Only the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes permit the Natural Language Override mechanism.

2333 Some attributes are defined as 'type3 keyword | name'. These attributes support values that are either type3
2334 keywords or names. This dual-syntax mechanism enables a site administrator to extend these attributes to legally
2335 include values that are locally defined by the site administrator. Such names are not registered with IANA.

2336 4.1.2.1 'nameWithoutLanguage'

2337 The 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a
2338 maximum of 255 (MAX) octets.

2339 4.1.2.2 'nameWithLanguage'

2340 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2341 'nameWithoutLanguage' part encoded in a maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets plus an additional 'naturalLanguage'
2342 (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies
2343 the natural language that applies to that name value and that name value alone. For any give text attribute, the
2344 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum length defined for that 'text' attribute, and the
2345 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 (additional) octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax
2346 rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and
2347 MUST be supported by all IPP objects and clients.

2348 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax behaves the same as the 'textWithLanguage' syntax. Using the
2349 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax is the so-called Natural
2350 Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and clients. If a name is in a language
2351 that is different than the rest of the object or operation, then this 'nameWithLanguage' syntax is used rather than the
2352 generic 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax.

2353 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used to
2354 explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a multi-
2355 valued 'name' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation attribute.

2356 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2357 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not.
2358 Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'nameWithLanguage' attribute value, whether the
2359 Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the value of the "ipp-
2360 attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2361 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en' indicating
2362 English, but the "printer-name" attribute is in German, the client MUST use the 'nameWithLanguage' attribute
2363 syntax as follows:

2364 'de': Natural Language Override indicating German

2365 'Farbdrucker': the Printer name in German

2366

2367 See the "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] section 3.9.1.1 for the encoding of the two parts
2368 and Appendix A for a detailed example of the 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax.

2369 4.1.2.3 Matching 'name' attribute values

2370 For purposes of matching two 'name' attribute values for equality, such as in job validation (where a client-supplied
2371 value for attribute "xxx" is checked to see if the value is among the values of the Printer object's corresponding
2372 "xxx-supported" attribute), the following match rules apply:

2373 1. 'keyword' values never match 'name' values.

2374 2. 'name' (nameWithoutLanguage and nameWithLanguage) values match if (1) the name parts match and
2375 (2) the Associated Natural-Language parts (see section 3.1.4.1) match. The matching rules are:

2376 a. the name parts match if the two names are identical character by character, except it is
2377 RECOMMENDED that case be ignored. For example: 'Ajax-letter-head-white' MUST match
2378 'Ajax-letter-head-white' and SHOULD match 'ajax-letter-head-white' and 'AJAX-LETTER-
2379 HEAD-WHITE'.

2380 b. the Associated Natural-Language parts match if the shorter of the two meets the syntactic
2381 requirements of RFC 1766 [RFC1766] and matches byte for byte with the longer. For example,
2382 'en' matches 'en', 'en-us' and 'en-gb', but matches neither 'fr' nor 'e'.

2383 4.1.3 'keyword'

2384 The 'keyword' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters, length: 1 to 255, containing only the US-ASCII
2385 [ASCII] encoded values for lowercase letters ("a" - "z"), digits ("0" - "9"), hyphen ("-"), dot ("."), and underscore
2386 ("_"). The first character MUST be a lowercase letter. Furthermore, keywords MUST be in U.S. English.

2387 This syntax type is used for enumerating semantic identifiers of entities in the abstract protocol, i.e., entities
2388 identified in this document. Keywords are used as attribute names or values of attributes. Unlike 'text' and 'name'
2389 attribute values, 'keyword' values MUST NOT use the Natural Language Override mechanism, since they MUST
2390 always be US-ASCII and U.S. English.

2391 Keywords are for use in the protocol. A user interface will likely provide a mapping between protocol keywords
2392 and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the user. While the
2393 keywords specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural language is U.S. English, they

2394 MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since the user interface is outside the scope
2395 of this document.

2396 In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of defined keyword values for that attribute are
2397 listed.

2398 When a keyword is used to represent an attribute (its name), it MUST be unique within the full scope of all IPP
2399 objects and attributes. When a keyword is used to represent a value of an attribute, it MUST be unique just within
2400 the scope of that attribute. That is, the same keyword MUST NOT be used for two different values within the
2401 same attribute to mean two different semantic ideas. However, the same keyword MAY be used across two or
2402 more attributes, representing different semantic ideas for each attribute. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol
2403 can be extended with new keyword values. Examples of attribute name keywords:

2404 "job-name"
2405 "attributes-charset"
2406

2407 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "keyword" basic syntax to indicate different
2408 levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2409 4.1.4 'enum'

2410 The 'enum' attribute syntax is an enumerated integer value that is in the range from 1 to 2**31 - 1 (MAX). Each
2411 value has an associated 'keyword' name. In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of
2412 possible values for that attribute are listed. This syntax type is used for attributes for which there are enum values
2413 assigned by other standards, such as SNMP MIBs. A number of attribute enum values in this document are also
2414 used for corresponding attributes in other standards [RFC1759]. This syntax type is not used for attributes to
2415 which the administrator may assign values. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol can be extended with new
2416 enum values.

2417 Enum values are for use in the protocol. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol enum values
2418 and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the user. While the
2419 enum symbols specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural language is U.S. English, they
2420 MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since the user interface is outside the scope
2421 of this document.

2422 Note: SNMP MIBs use '2' for 'unknown' which corresponds to the IPP "out-of-band" value 'unknown'. See the
2423 description of the "out-of-band" values at the beginning of Section 4.1. Therefore, attributes of type 'enum' start at
2424 '3'.

2425 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "enum" basic syntax to indicate different
2426 levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2427 **4.1.5 'uri'**

2428 The 'uri' attribute syntax is any valid Uniform Resource Identifier or URI [RFC2396]. Most often, URIs are simply
2429 Uniform Resource Locators or URLs. The maximum length of URIs used as values of IPP attributes is 1023
2430 octets. Although most other IPP attribute syntax types allow for only lower-cased values, this attribute syntax type
2431 conforms to the case-sensitive and case-insensitive rules specified in [RFC2396]. See also [IPP-IIG] for a
2432 discussion of case in URIs.

2433 **4.1.6 'uriScheme'**

2434 The 'uriScheme' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters representing a URI scheme according to RFC 2396
2435 [RFC2396]. Though RFC 2396 requires that the values be case-insensitive, IPP requires all lower case values in
2436 IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects.

2437 Standard values for this syntax type are the following keywords:

- 2438 'ipp': for IPP schemed URIs (e.g., "ipp:...")
- 2439 'http': for HTTP schemed URIs (e.g., "http:...")
- 2440 'https': for use with HTTPS schemed URIs (e.g., "https:...") (not on IETF standards track)
- 2441 'ftp': for FTP schemed URIs (e.g., "ftp:...")
- 2442 'mailto': for SMTP schemed URIs (e.g., "mailto:...")
- 2443 'file': for file schemed URIs (e.g., "file:...")

2444
2445 A Printer object MAY support any URI 'scheme' that has been registered with IANA [IANA-MT]. The maximum
2446 length of URI 'scheme' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2447 **4.1.7 'charset'**

2448 The 'charset' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a charset. A charset is a coded character set and encoding
2449 scheme. Charsets are used for labeling certain document contents and 'text' and 'name' attribute values. The
2450 syntax and semantics of this attribute syntax are specified in RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and contained in the IANA
2451 character-set Registry [IANA-CS] according to the IANA procedures [RFC2278]. Though RFC 2046 requires
2452 that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII [[ASCII](#)], IPP requires all lower case values in IPP attributes to
2453 simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. When a character-set in the IANA registry has more than
2454 one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred MIME name)", if present, MUST be used.

2455 The maximum length of 'charset' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2456 Some examples are:

- 2457 'utf-8': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as the UTF-8
2458 [RFC2279] transfer encoding scheme in which US-ASCII [[ASCII](#)] is a subset charset.

2459 'us-ascii': 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986 [ASCII].
2460 That standard defines US-ASCII, but RFC 2045 [RFC2045] eliminates most of the control characters
2461 from conformant usage in MIME and IPP.
2462 'iso-8859-1': 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set, Latin Alphabet Nr 1 [ISO8859-1]. That standard
2463 defines a coded character set that is used by Latin languages in the Western Hemisphere and Western
2464 Europe. US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2465

2466 Some attribute descriptions MAY place additional requirements on charset values that may be used, such as
2467 REQUIRED values that MUST be supported or additional restrictions, such as requiring that the charset have US-
2468 ASCII as a subset charset.

2469 4.1.8 'naturalLanguage'

2470 The 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a natural language and optionally a country. The
2471 values for this syntax type are defined by RFC 1766 [RFC1766]. Though RFC 1766 requires that the values be
2472 case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects.
2473 Examples include:

2474 'en': for English
2475 'en-us': for US English
2476 'fr': for French
2477 'de': for German
2478

2479 The maximum length of 'naturalLanguage' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2480 4.1.9 'mimeMediaType'

2481 The 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax is the Internet Media Type (sometimes called MIME type) as defined by
2482 RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and registered according to the procedures of RFC 2048 [RFC2048] for identifying a
2483 document format. The value MAY include a charset, or other, parameter, depending on the specification of the
2484 Media Type in the IANA Registry [IANA-MT]. Although most other IPP syntax types allow for only lower-
2485 cased values, this syntax type allows for mixed-case values which are case-insensitive.

2486 Examples are:

2487 'text/html': An HTML document
2488 'text/plain': A plain text document in US-ASCII (RFC 2046 indicates that in the absence of the charset
2489 parameter MUST mean US-ASCII rather than simply unspecified) [RFC2046].
2490 'text/plain; charset=US-ASCII': A plain text document in US-ASCII [52, 56].
2491 'text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1': A plain text document in ISO 8859-1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].
2492 'text/plain; charset=utf-8': A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented as UTF-8 [RFC2279]
2493 'application/postscript': A PostScript document [RFC2046]

2494 'application/vnd.hp-PCL': A PCL document [IANA-MT] (charset escape sequence embedded in the
2495 document data)
2496 'application/pdf': Portable Document Format - see IANA MIME Media Type registry
2497 'application/octet-stream': Auto-sense - see section 4.1.9.1

2498 The maximum length of a 'mimeType' value to represent IPP attribute values is 255 octets.

2499 4.1.9.1 Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the document format

2500 One special type is 'application/octet-stream'. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object MUST be
2501 capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data using an implementation-dependent method that examines
2502 some number of octets of the document data, either as part of the create operation and/or at document processing
2503 time. During auto-sensing, a Printer may determine that the document-data has a format that the Printer doesn't
2504 recognize. If the Printer determines this problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the request and
2505 returns the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code. If the Printer determines this problem after
2506 accepting the request and returning an operation response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds
2507 the 'unsupported-document-format' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2508 If the Printer object's default value attribute "document-format-default" is set to 'application/octet-stream', the
2509 Printer object not only supports auto-sensing of the document format, but will depend on the result of applying its
2510 auto-sensing when the client does not supply the "document-format" attribute. If the client supplies a document
2511 format value, the Printer MUST rely on the supplied attribute, rather than trust its auto-sensing algorithm. To
2512 summarize:

- 2513 1. If the client does not supply a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on its default value setting
2514 (which may be 'application/octet-stream' indicating an auto-sensing mechanism).
- 2515 2. If the client supplies a value other than 'application/octet-stream', the client is supplying valid information
2516 about the format of the document data and the Printer object MUST trust the client supplied value more
2517 than the outcome of applying an automatic format detection mechanism. For example, the client may be
2518 requesting the printing of a PostScript file as a 'text/plain' document. The Printer object MUST print a text
2519 representation of the PostScript commands rather than interpret the stream of PostScript commands and
2520 print the result.
- 2521 3. If the client supplies a value of 'application/octet-stream', the client is indicating that the Printer object MUST
2522 use its auto-sensing mechanism on the client supplied document data whether auto-sensing is the Printer
2523 object's default or not.

2524
2525 Note: Since the auto-sensing algorithm is probabilistic, if the client requests both auto-sensing ("document-format"
2526 set to 'application/octet-stream') and true fidelity ("ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to 'true'), the Printer object might not
2527 be able to guarantee exactly what the end user intended (the auto-sensing algorithm might mistake one document
2528 format for another), but it is able to guarantee that its auto-sensing mechanism be used.

2529 When a Printer performs auto-sensing of a document in a submitted job, it is RECOMMENDED that the Printer
2530 indicate to the user that such auto-sensing has occurred and which document-format was auto-sensed by printing
2531 that information on the job's job-start-sheet.

2532 **4.1.10 'octetString'**

2533 The 'octetString' attribute syntax is a sequence of octets encoded in a maximum of 1023 octets which is indicated in
2534 sub-section headers using the notation: octetString(MAX). This syntax type is used for opaque data.

2535 **4.1.11 'boolean'**

2536 The 'boolean' attribute syntax has only two values: 'true' and 'false'.

2537 **4.1.12 'integer'**

2538 The 'integer' attribute syntax is an integer value that is in the range from -2^{31} (MIN) to $2^{31} - 1$ (MAX). Each
2539 individual attribute may specify the range constraint explicitly in sub-section headers if the range is different from the
2540 full range of possible integer values. For example: job-priority (integer(1:100)) for the "job-priority" attribute.
2541 However, the enforcement of that additional constraint is up to the IPP objects, not the protocol.

2542 **4.1.13 'rangeOfInteger'**

2543 The 'rangeOfInteger' attribute syntax is an ordered pair of integers that defines an inclusive range of integer values.
2544 The first integer specifies the lower bound and the second specifies the upper bound. If a range constraint is
2545 specified in the header description for an attribute in this document whose attribute syntax is 'rangeOfInteger' (i.e.,
2546 'X:Y' indicating X as a minimum value and Y as a maximum value), then the constraint applies to both integers.

2547 **4.1.14 'dateTime'**

2548 The 'dateTime' attribute syntax is a standard, fixed length, 11 octet representation of the "DateAndTime" syntax as
2549 defined in RFC 2579 [RFC2579]. RFC 2579 also identifies an 8 octet representation of a "DateAndTime" value,
2550 but IPP objects MUST use the 11 octet representation. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol
2551 dateTime values and displayable user-friendly words or presentation values and phrases which are localized to the
2552 natural language and date format of the user, including time zone.

2553 **4.1.15 'resolution'**

2554 The 'resolution' attribute syntax specifies a two-dimensional resolution in the indicated units. It consists of 3 values:
2555 a cross feed direction resolution (positive integer value), a feed direction resolution (positive integer value), and a
2556 units value. The semantics of these three components are taken from the Printer MIB [RFC1759] suggested
2557 values. That is, the cross feed direction component resolution component is the same as the
2558 prtMarkerAddressabilityXFeedDir object in the Printer MIB, the feed direction component resolution component

2559 is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityFeedDir in the Printer MIB, and the units component is the same as the
2560 prtMarkerAddressabilityUnit object in the Printer MIB (namely, '3' indicates dots per inch and '4' indicates dots
2561 per centimeter). All three values MUST be present even if the first two values are the same. Example: '300',
2562 '600', '3' indicates a 300 dpi cross-feed direction resolution, a 600 dpi feed direction resolution, since a '3'
2563 indicates dots per inch (dpi).

2564 4.1.16 '1setOf X'

2565 The '1setOf X' attribute syntax is 1 or more values of attribute syntax type X. This syntax type is used for multi-
2566 valued attributes. The syntax type is called '1setOf' rather than just 'setOf' as a reminder that the set of values
2567 MUST NOT be empty (i.e., a set of size 0). Sets are normally unordered. However each attribute description of
2568 this type may specify that the values MUST be in a certain order for that attribute.

2569 4.2 Job Template Attributes

2570 Job Template attributes describe job processing behavior. Support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object
2571 is OPTIONAL (see section 12.2.3 for a description of support for OPTIONAL attributes). Also, clients
2572 OPTIONALLY supply Job Template attributes in create requests.

2573 Job Template attributes conform to the following rules. For each Job Template attribute called "xxx":

2574 1. If the Printer object supports "xxx" then it MUST support both a "xxx-default" attribute (unless there is a
2575 "No" in the table below) and a "xxx-supported" attribute. If the Printer object doesn't support "xxx", then it
2576 MUST support neither an "xxx-default" attribute nor an "xxx-supported" attribute, and it MUST treat an
2577 attribute "xxx" supplied by a client as unsupported. An attribute "xxx" may be supported for some
2578 document formats and not supported for other document formats. For example, it is expected that a
2579 Printer object would only support "orientation-requested" for some document formats (such as 'text/plain'
2580 or 'text/html') but not others (such as 'application/postscript').

2581
2582 2. "xxx" is OPTIONALLY supplied by the client in a create request. If "xxx" is supplied, the client is indicating
2583 a desired job processing behavior for this Job. When "xxx" is not supplied, the client is indicating that the
2584 Printer object apply its default job processing behavior at job processing time if the document content does
2585 not contain an embedded instruction indicating an xxx-related behavior.

2586
2587 Since an administrator MAY change the default value attribute after a Job object has been submitted but
2588 before it has been processed, the default value used by the Printer object at job processing time may be
2589 different than the default value in effect at job submission time.

2590
2591 3. The "xxx-supported" attribute is a Printer object attribute that describes which job processing behaviors are
2592 supported by that Printer object. A client can query the Printer object to find out what xxx-related
2593 behaviors are supported by inspecting the returned values of the "xxx-supported" attribute.

2594

2595 Note: The "xxx" in each "xxx-supported" attribute name is singular, even though an "xxx-supported"
2596 attribute usually has more than one value, such as "job-sheet-supported", unless the "xxx" Job Template
2597 attribute is plural, such as "finishings" or "sides". In such cases the "xxx-supported" attribute names are:
2598 "finishings-supported" and "sides-supported".
2599

2600 4. The "xxx-default" default value attribute describes what will be done at job processing time when no other
2601 job processing information is supplied by the client (either explicitly as an IPP attribute in the create request
2602 or implicitly as an embedded instruction within the document data).
2603

2604 If an application wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the application
2605 SHOULD query the Printer object for its supported value attributes. The application SHOULD also query the
2606 default value attributes. If the application then limits selectable values to only those value that are supported, the
2607 application can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the create request all fall within the set of
2608 supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the client MAY enumerate each attribute by name in
2609 the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY just name the "job-template" group in order to get the
2610 complete set of supported attributes (both supported and default attributes).

2611 The "finishings" attribute is an example of a Job Template attribute. It can take on a set of values such as 'staple',
2612 'punch', and/or 'cover'. A client can query the Printer object for the "finishings-supported" attribute and the
2613 "finishings-default" attribute. The supported attribute contains a set of supported values. The default value attribute
2614 contains the finishing value(s) that will be used for a new Job if the client does not supply a "finishings" attribute in
2615 the create request and the document data does not contain any corresponding finishing instructions. If the client
2616 does supply the "finishings" attribute in the create request, the IPP object validates the value or values to make sure
2617 that they are a subset of the supported values identified in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute. See
2618 section 3.1.7.

2619 The table below summarizes the names and relationships for all Job Template attributes. The first column of the
2620 table (labeled "Job Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Job object. These
2621 are the attributes that can optionally be supplied by the client in a create request. The last two columns (labeled
2622 "Printer: Default Value Attribute" and "Printer: Supported Values Attribute") show the name and syntax for each
2623 Job Template attribute in the Printer object (the default value attribute and the supported values attribute). A "No"
2624 in the table means the Printer MUST NOT support the attribute (that is, the attribute is simply not applicable). For
2625 brevity in the table, the 'text' and 'name' entries do not show the maximum length for each attribute.

2626	+=====+		
2627	Job Attribute	Printer: Default Value	Printer: Supported
2628		Attribute	Values Attribute
2629	+-----+		
2630	job-priority	job-priority-default	job-priority-supported
2631	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)
2632	+-----+		
2633	job-hold-until	job-hold-until-	job-hold-until-
2634	(type3 keyword	default	supported
2635	name)	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2636		name)	type3 keyword name))
2637	+-----+		
2638	job-sheets	job-sheets-default	job-sheets-supported
2639	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2640	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2641	+-----+		
2642	multiple-document-	multiple-document-	multiple-document-
2643	handling	handling-default	handling-supported
2644	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2645	+-----+		
2646	copies	copies-default	copies-supported
2647	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(rangeOfInteger
2648			(1:MAX))
2649	+-----+		
2650	finishings	finishings-default	finishings-supported
2651	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2652	+-----+		
2653	page-ranges	No	page-ranges-
2654	(1setOf		supported (boolean)
2655	rangeOfInteger		
2656	(1:MAX))		
2657	+-----+		
2658	sides	sides-default	sides-supported
2659	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2660	+-----+		
2661	number-up	number-up-default	number-up-supported
2662	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(1setOf (integer
2663			(1:MAX)
2664			rangeOfInteger
2665			(1:MAX))
2666	+-----+		
2667	orientation-	orientation-requested-	orientation-requested-
2668	requested	default	supported
2669	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2670	+-----+		
2671	media	media-default	media-supported
2672	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (

2673	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2674			
2675			media-ready
2676			(1setOf (
2677			type3 keyword name))
2678	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
2679	printer-resolution	printer-resolution-	printer-resolution-
2680	(resolution)	default	supported
2681		(resolution)	(1setOf resolution)
2682	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
2683	print-quality	print-quality-default	print-quality-
2684	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	supported
2685			(1setOf type2 enum)
2686	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
2687			
2688			

2689 4.2.1 job-priority (integer(1:100))

2690 This attribute specifies a priority for scheduling the Job. A higher value specifies a higher priority. The value 1
 2691 indicates the lowest possible priority. The value 100 indicates the highest possible priority. Among those jobs that
 2692 are ready to print, a Printer MUST print all jobs with a priority value of n before printing those with a priority value
 2693 of n-1 for all n.

2694 If the Printer object supports this attribute, it MUST always support the full range from 1 to 100. No
 2695 administrative restrictions are permitted. This way an end-user can always make full use of the entire range with
 2696 any Printer object. If privileged jobs are implemented outside IPP/1.1, they MUST have priorities higher than 100,
 2697 rather than restricting the range available to end-users.

2698 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer object
 2699 MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" at job submission time (unlike most Job Template
 2700 attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2701 The syntax for the "job-priority-supported" is also integer(1:100). This single integer value indicates the number of
 2702 priority levels supported. The Printer object MUST take the value supplied by the client and map it to the closest
 2703 integer in a sequence of n integers values that are evenly distributed over the range from 1 to 100 using the formula:

$$2704 \quad \text{roundToNearestInt}((100x+50)/n)$$

2705 where n is the value of "job-priority-supported" and x ranges from 0 through n-1.

2706 For example, if n=1 the sequence of values is 50; if n=2, the sequence of values is: 25 and 75; if n = 3, the
 2707 sequence of values is: 17, 50 and 83; if n = 10, the sequence of values is: 5, 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 75, 85, and
 2708 95; if n = 100, the sequence of values is: 1, 2, 3, ... 100.

2709 If the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-supported" is 10 and the client supplies values in the range 1 to 10,
2710 the Printer object maps them to 5, in the range 11 to 20, the Printer object maps them to 15, etc.

2711 **4.2.2 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name (MAX))**

2712 This attribute specifies the named time period during which the Job **MUST** become a candidate for printing.

2713 Standard keyword values for named time periods are:

2714 'no-hold': immediately, if there are not other reasons to hold the job

2715 'indefinite': - the job is held indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job (section 3.3.6)

2716 'day-time': during the day

2717 'evening': evening

2718 'night': night

2719 'weekend': weekend

2720 'second-shift': second-shift (after close of business)

2721 'third-shift': third-shift (after midnight)

2722

2723 An administrator **MUST** associate allowable print times with a named time period (by means outside the scope of
2724 this IPP/1.1 document). An administrator is encouraged to pick names that suggest the type of time period. An
2725 administrator **MAY** define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on
2726 implementation.

2727 If the value of this attribute specifies a time period that is in the future, the Printer **SHOULD** add the 'job-hold-until-
2728 specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, **MUST** move the job to the 'pending-held' state, and
2729 **MUST NOT** schedule the job for printing until the specified time-period arrives.

2730 When the specified time period arrives, the Printer **MUST** remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the
2731 job's "job-state-reason" attribute, if present. If there are no other job state reasons that keep the job in the
2732 'pending-held' state, the Printer **MUST** consider the job as a candidate for processing by moving the job to the
2733 'pending' state.

2734 If this job attribute value is the named value 'no-hold', or the specified time period has already started, the job
2735 **MUST** be a candidate for processing immediately.

2736 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer object
2737 **MUST** use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until-default" at job submission time (unlike most Job
2738 Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2739 **4.2.3 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name(MAX))**

2740 This attribute determines which job start/end sheet(s), if any, **MUST** be printed with a job.

2741 Standard keyword values are:

2742 'none': no job sheet is printed

2743 'standard': one or more site specific standard job sheets are printed, e.g. a single start sheet or both start and
2744 end sheet is printed

2745

2746 An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on
2747 implementation.

2748 The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents MAY be affected by the "multiple-document-handling"
2749 job attribute (section 4.2.4), depending on the job sheet semantics.

2750 4.2.4 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)

2751 This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents. This attribute MUST be supported with
2752 at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job (see sections 3.2.4 and 3.3.1). The attribute
2753 controls finishing operations and the placement of one or more print-stream pages into impressions and onto media
2754 sheets. When the value of the "copies" attribute exceeds 1, it also controls the order in which the copies that result
2755 from processing the documents are produced. For the purposes of this explanations, if "a" represents an instance of
2756 document data, then the result of processing the data in document "a" is a sequence of media sheets represented by
2757 "a(*)".

2758 Standard keyword values are:

2759 'single-document': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called a and b, then the
2760 result of processing all the document data (a and then b) MUST be treated as a single sequence of media
2761 sheets for finishing operations; that is, finishing would be performed on the concatenation of the sequences
2762 a(*),b(*). The Printer object MUST NOT force the data in each document instance to be formatted onto
2763 a new print-stream page, nor to start a new impression on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is
2764 made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*),
2765 b(*), a(*), b(*), ..., and the Printer object MUST force each copy (a(*),b(*)) to start on a new media
2766 sheet.

2767 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is
2768 called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated as a
2769 single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would each be
2770 finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the data in a
2771 single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of
2772 media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), a(*), ..., b(*), b(*)

2773 'separate-documents-collated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called
2774 a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated as a single
2775 sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would each be finished
2776 separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the data in a single

2777 document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of media
 2778 sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*),
 2779 'single-document-new-sheet': Same as 'single-document', except that the Printer object MUST ensure that the
 2780 first impression of each document instance in the job is placed on a new media sheet. This value allows
 2781 multiple documents to be stapled together with a single staple where each document starts on a new sheet.
 2782

2783 The 'single-document' value is the same as 'separate-documents-collated-copies' with respect to ordering of print-
 2784 stream pages, but not media sheet generation, since 'single-document' will put the first page of the next document
 2785 on the back side of a sheet if an odd number of pages have been produced so far for the job, while 'separate-
 2786 documents-collated-copies' always forces the next document or document copy on to a new sheet. In addition, if
 2787 the "finishings" attribute specifies 'staple', then with 'single-document', documents a and b are stapled together as a
 2788 single document with no regard to new sheets, with 'single-document-new-sheet', documents a and b are stapled
 2789 together as a single document, but document b starts on a new sheet, but with 'separate-documents-uncollated-
 2790 copies' and 'separate-documents-collated-copies', documents a and b are stapled separately.

2791 Note: None of these values provide means to produce uncollated sheets within a document, i.e., where multiple
 2792 copies of sheet n are produced before sheet n+1 of the same document.

2793 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in section
 2794 15.3.

2795 **4.2.5 copies (integer(1:MAX))**

2796 This attribute specifies the number of copies to be printed.

2797 On many devices the supported number of collated copies will be limited by the number of physical output bins on
 2798 the device, and may be different from the number of uncollated copies which can be supported.

2799 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling"
 2800 job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document
 2801 processing is described in section 15.3.

2802 **4.2.6 finishings (1setOf type2 enum)**

2803 This attribute identifies the finishing operations that the Printer uses for each copy of each printed document in the
 2804 Job. For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what constitutes a
 2805 "copy" for purposes of finishing.

2806 Standard enum values are:

2807	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2808		
2809	'3'	'none': Perform no finishing

- 2810 '4' 'staple': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples. The exact number and placement of the
2811 staples is site-defined.
- 2812 '5' 'punch': This value indicates that holes are required in the finished document. The exact number
2813 and placement of the holes is site-defined. The punch specification MAY be satisfied (in a
2814 site- and implementation-specific manner) either by drilling/punching, or by substituting pre-
2815 drilled media.
- 2816 '6' 'cover': This value is specified when it is desired to select a non-printed (or pre-printed) cover for
2817 the document. This does not supplant the specification of a printed cover (on cover stock
2818 medium) by the document itself.
- 2819 '7' 'bind': This value indicates that a binding is to be applied to the document; the type and placement
2820 of the binding is site-defined.
- 2821
- 2822 '8' 'saddle-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the middle fold.
2823 The exact number and placement of the staples and the middle fold is implementation
2824 and/or site-defined.
- 2825 '9' 'edge-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along one edge. The
2826 exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2827 '10'-'19' reserved for future generic finishing enum values.

2828 The following values are more specific; they indicate a corner or an edge as if the document were a portrait
2829 document (see below):

- 2830 '20' 'staple-top-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top left corner.
- 2831 '21' 'staple-bottom-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom left corner.
- 2832 '22' 'staple-top-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top right corner.
- 2833 '23' 'staple-bottom-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom right corner.
- 2834 '24' 'edge-stitch-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the left edge.
2835 The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2836 '25' 'edge-stitch-top': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the top
2837 edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-
2838 defined.
- 2839 '26' 'edge-stitch-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the right
2840 edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-
2841 defined.
- 2842 '27' 'edge-stitch-bottom': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2843 bottom edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2844 site-defined.
- 2845 '28' 'staple-dual-left': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the left edge
2846 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2847 '29' 'staple-dual-top': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the top edge
2848 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2849 '30' 'staple-dual-right': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the right edge
2850 assuming a portrait document (see above).

2851 '31' 'staple-dual-bottom': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the bottom edge
2852 assuming a portrait document (see above).

2853 The 'staple-xxx' values are specified with respect to the document as if the document were a portrait document. If
2854 the document is actually a landscape or a reverse-landscape document, the client supplies the appropriate
2855 transformed value. For example, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a landscape document when
2856 held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-bottom-left' value (since landscape is defined as a +90 degree
2857 rotation of the image with respect to the media from portrait, i.e., anti-clockwise). On the other hand, to position a
2858 staple in the upper left hand corner of a reverse-landscape document when held for reading, the client supplies the
2859 'staple-top-right' value (since reverse-landscape is defined as a -90 degree rotation of the image with respect to the
2860 media from portrait, i.e., clockwise).

2861 The angle (vertical, horizontal, angled) of each staple with respect to the document depends on the implementation
2862 which may in turn depend on the value of the attribute.

2863 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling"
2864 job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document
2865 processing is described in section 15.3.

2866 If the client supplies a value of 'none' along with any other combination of values, it is the same as if only that other
2867 combination of values had been supplied (that is the 'none' value has no effect).

2868 **4.2.7 page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX))**

2869 This attribute identifies the range(s) of print-stream pages that the Printer object uses for each copy of each
2870 document which are to be printed. Nothing is printed for any pages identified that do not exist in the document(s).
2871 Ranges MUST be in ascending order, for example: 1-3, 5-7, 15-19 and MUST NOT overlap, so that a non-
2872 spooling Printer object can process the job in a single pass. If the ranges are not ascending or are overlapping, the
2873 IPP object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code. The attribute is
2874 associated with print-stream pages not application-numbered pages (for example, the page numbers found in the
2875 headers and or footers for certain word processing applications).

2876 For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what constitutes a "copy"
2877 for purposes of the specified page range(s). When "multiple-document-handling" is 'single-document', the Printer
2878 object MUST apply each supplied page range once to the concatenation of the print-stream pages. For example,
2879 if there are 8 documents of 10 pages each, the page-range '41:60' prints the pages in the 5th and 6th documents as
2880 a single document and none of the pages of the other documents are printed. When "multiple-document-handling"
2881 is 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' or 'separate-documents-collated-copies', the Printer object MUST
2882 apply each supplied page range repeatedly to each document copy. For the same job, the page-range '1:3, 10:10'
2883 would print the first 3 pages and the 10th page of each of the 8 documents in the Job, as 8 separate documents.

2884 In most cases, the exact pages to be printed will be generated by a device driver and this attribute would not be
2885 required. However, when printing an archived document which has already been formatted, the end user may elect
2886 to print just a subset of the pages contained in the document. In this case, if page-range = n.m is specified, the first

2887 page to be printed will be page n. All subsequent pages of the document will be printed through and including page
2888 m.

2889 "page-ranges-supported" is a boolean value indicating whether or not the printer is capable of supporting the
2890 printing of page ranges. This capability may differ from one PDL to another. There is no "page-ranges-default"
2891 attribute. If the "page-ranges" attribute is not supplied by the client, all pages of the document will be printed.

2892 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling"
2893 job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document
2894 processing is described in section 15.3.

2895 **4.2.8 sides (type2 keyword)**

2896 This attribute specifies how print-stream pages are to be imposed upon the sides of an instance of a selected
2897 medium, i.e., an impression.

2898 The standard keyword values are:

2899 'one-sided': imposes each consecutive print-stream page upon the same side of consecutive media sheets.

2900 'two-sided-long-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides of
2901 consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the medium would
2902 be correct for the reader as if for binding on the long edge. This imposition is sometimes called 'duplex' or
2903 'head-to-head'.

2904 'two-sided-short-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides of
2905 consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the medium would
2906 be correct for the reader as if for binding on the short edge. This imposition is sometimes called 'tumble' or
2907 'head-to-toe'.

2909 'two-sided-long-edge', 'two-sided-short-edge', 'tumble', and 'duplex' all work the same for portrait or landscape.
2910 However 'head-to-toe' is 'tumble' in portrait but 'duplex' in landscape. 'head-to-head' also switches between
2911 'duplex' and 'tumble' when using portrait and landscape modes.

2912 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling"
2913 job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document
2914 processing is described in section 15.3.

2915 **4.2.9 number-up (integer(1:MAX))**

2916 This attribute specifies the number of print-stream pages to impose upon a single side of an instance of a selected
2917 medium. For example, if the value is:

2918 Value	Description
------------	-------------

2919

- 2920 '1' the Printer MUST place one print-stream page on a single side of an instance of the selected
- 2921 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
- 2922 '2' the Printer MUST place two print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the selected
- 2923 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
- 2924 '4' the Printer MUST place four print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the selected
- 2925 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
- 2926

2927 This attribute primarily controls the translation, scaling and rotation of print-stream pages.

2928 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling"
2929 job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document
2930 processing is described in section 15.3.

2931 **4.2.10 orientation-requested (type2 enum)**

2932 This attribute indicates the desired orientation for printed print-stream pages; it does not describe the orientation of
2933 the client-supplied print-stream pages.

2934 For some document formats (such as 'application/postscript'), the desired orientation of the print-stream pages is
2935 specified within the document data. This information is generated by a device driver prior to the submission of the
2936 print job. Other document formats (such as 'text/plain') do not include the notion of desired orientation within the
2937 document data. In the latter case it is possible for the Printer object to bind the desired orientation to the document
2938 data after it has been submitted. It is expected that a Printer object would only support "orientations-requested"
2939 for some document formats (e.g., 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but not others (e.g., 'application/postscript'). This is no
2940 different than any other Job Template attribute since section 4.2, item 1, points out that a Printer object may
2941 support or not support any Job Template attribute based on the document format supplied by the client. However,
2942 a special mention is made here since it is very likely that a Printer object will support "orientation-requested" for
2943 only a subset of the supported document formats.

2944 Standard enum values are:

2945 Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2946	
2947 '3'	'portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.
2948 '4'	'landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Landscape is defined
2949	to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by +90 degrees with respect to the
2950	medium (i.e. anti-clockwise) from the portrait orientation. Note: The +90 direction was
2951	chosen because simple finishing on the long edge is the same edge whether portrait or
2952	landscape
2953 '5'	'reverse-landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Reverse-
2954	landscape is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by -90 degrees
2955	with respect to the medium (i.e. clockwise) from the portrait orientation. Note: The

2956 'reverse-landscape' value was added because some applications rotate landscape -90
2957 degrees from portrait, rather than +90 degrees.
2958 '6' 'reverse-portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium. Reverse-
2959 portrait is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by 180 degrees
2960 with respect to the medium from the portrait orientation. Note: The 'reverse-portrait' value
2961 was added for use with the "finishings" attribute in cases where the opposite edge is desired
2962 for finishing a portrait document on simple finishing devices that have only one finishing
2963 position. Thus a 'text/plain' portrait document can be stapled "on the right" by a simple
2964 finishing device as is common use with some middle eastern languages such as Hebrew.
2965

2966 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling"
2967 job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document
2968 processing is described in section 15.3.

2969 **4.2.11 media (type3 keyword | name(MAX))**

2970 This attribute identifies the medium that the Printer uses for all impressions of the Job.

2971 The values for "media" include medium-names, medium-sizes, input-trays and electronic forms so that one attribute
2972 specifies the media. If a Printer object supports a medium name as a value of this attribute, such a medium name
2973 implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the specified medium. If a Printer object supports a medium size as a
2974 value of this attribute, such a medium size implicitly selects a medium name that in turn implicitly selects an input-
2975 tray that contains the medium with the specified size. If a Printer object supports an input-tray as the value of this
2976 attribute, such an input-tray implicitly selects the medium that is in that input-tray at the time the job prints. This
2977 case includes manual-feed input-trays. If a Printer object supports an electronic form as the value of this attribute,
2978 such an electronic form implicitly selects a medium-name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the
2979 medium specified by the electronic form. The electronic form also implicitly selects an image that the Printer MUST
2980 merge with the document data as its prints each page.

2981 Standard keyword values are taken from ISO DPA [ISO10175], the Printer MIB [RFC1759], and ASME-
2982 Y14.1M [ASME-Y14.1M] and are listed in section 14. An administrator MAY define additional values using the
2983 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on implementation.

2984 There is also an additional Printer attribute named "media-ready" which differs from "media-supported" in that legal
2985 values only include the subset of "media-supported" values that are physically loaded and ready for printing with no
2986 operator intervention required. If an IPP object supports "media-supported", it NEED NOT support "media-
2987 ready".

2988 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in section
2989 15.3.

2990 **4.2.12 printer-resolution (resolution)**

2991 This attribute identifies the resolution that Printer uses for the Job.

2992 **4.2.13 print-quality (type2 enum)**

2993 This attribute specifies the print quality that the Printer uses for the Job.

2994 The standard enum values are:

2995	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2996		
2997	'3'	'draft': lowest quality available on the printer
2998	'4'	'normal': normal or intermediate quality on the printer
2999	'5'	'high': highest quality available on the printer

3000

3001 **4.3 Job Description Attributes**

3002 The attributes in this section form the attribute group called "job-description". The following table summarizes these
3003 attributes. The third column indicates whether the attribute is a REQUIRED attribute that MUST be supported by
3004 Printer objects. If it is not indicated as REQUIRED, then it is OPTIONAL. The maximum size in octets for 'text'
3005 and 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3006	+-----+-----+-----+
3007	Attribute Syntax REQUIRED?
3008	+-----+-----+-----+
3009	job-uri uri REQUIRED
3010	+-----+-----+-----+
3011	job-id integer(1:MAX) REQUIRED
3012	+-----+-----+-----+
3013	job-printer-uri uri REQUIRED
3014	+-----+-----+-----+
3015	job-more-info uri
3016	+-----+-----+-----+
3017	job-name name (MAX) REQUIRED
3018	+-----+-----+-----+
3019	job-originating-user-name name (MAX) REQUIRED
3020	+-----+-----+-----+
3021	job-state type1 enum REQUIRED
3022	+-----+-----+-----+
3023	job-state-reasons 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3024	+-----+-----+-----+
3025	job-state-message text (MAX)
3026	+-----+-----+-----+
3027	job-detailed-status- 1setOf text (MAX)
3028	messages
3029	+-----+-----+-----+
3030	job-document-access-errors 1setOf text (MAX)
3031	+-----+-----+-----+
3032	number-of-documents integer (0:MAX)
3033	+-----+-----+-----+
3034	output-device-assigned name (127)
3035	+-----+-----+-----+
3036	time-at-creation integer (MIN:MAX) REQUIRED
3037	+-----+-----+-----+
3038	time-at-processing integer (MIN:MAX) REQUIRED
3039	+-----+-----+-----+
3040	time-at-completed integer (MIN:MAX) REQUIRED
3041	+-----+-----+-----+
3042	job-printer-up-time integer (1:MAX) REQUIRED
3043	+-----+-----+-----+
3044	date-time-at-creation dateTime
3045	+-----+-----+-----+
3046	date-time-at-processing dateTime
3047	+-----+-----+-----+
3048	date-time-at-completed dateTime
3049	+-----+-----+-----+
3050	number-of-intervening-jobs integer (0:MAX)
3051	+-----+-----+-----+
3052	job-message-from-operator text (127)

3053	+-----+-----+-----+
3054	job-k-octets integer (0:MAX)
3055	+-----+-----+-----+
3056	job-impressions integer (0:MAX)
3057	+-----+-----+-----+
3058	job-media-sheets integer (0:MAX)
3059	+-----+-----+-----+
3060	job-k-octets-processed integer (0:MAX)
3061	+-----+-----+-----+
3062	job-impressions-completed integer (0:MAX)
3063	+-----+-----+-----+
3064	job-media-sheets-completed integer (0:MAX)
3065	+-----+-----+-----+
3066	attributes-charset charset REQUIRED
3067	+-----+-----+-----+
3068	attributes-natural-language naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3069	+-----+-----+-----+
3070	
3071	

3072 **4.3.1 job-uri (uri)**

3073 This REQUIRED attribute contains the URI for the job. The Printer object, on receipt of a new job, generates a
3074 URI which identifies the new Job. The Printer object returns the value of the "job-uri" attribute as part of the
3075 response to a create request. The precise format of a Job URI is implementation dependent. If the Printer object
3076 supports more than one URI and there is some relationship between the newly formed Job URI and the Printer
3077 object's URI, the Printer object uses the Printer URI supplied by the client in the create request. For example, if
3078 the create request comes in over a secure channel, the new Job URI MUST use the same secure channel. This can
3079 be guaranteed because the Printer object is responsible for generating the Job URI and the Printer object is aware
3080 of its security configuration and policy as well as the Printer URI used in the create request.

3081 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-id" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the discussion in
3082 section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3083 **4.3.2 job-id (integer(1:MAX))**

3084 This REQUIRED attribute contains the ID of the job. The Printer, on receipt of a new job, generates an ID which
3085 identifies the new Job on that Printer. The Printer returns the value of the "job-id" attribute as part of the response
3086 to a create request. The 0 value is not included to allow for compatibility with SNMP index values which also
3087 cannot be 0.

3088 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the discussion in
3089 section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3090 4.3.3 job-printer-uri (uri)

3091 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Job object. When a Printer object creates
3092 a Job object, it populates this attribute with the Printer object URI that was used in the create request. This
3093 attribute permits a client to identify the Printer object that created this Job object when only the Job object's URI is
3094 available to the client. The client queries the creating Printer object to determine which languages, charsets,
3095 operations, are supported for this Job.

3096 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute, see the discussion in section
3097 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3098 4.3.4 job-more-info (uri)

3099 Similar to "printer-more-info", this attribute contains the URI referencing some resource with more information
3100 about this Job object, perhaps an HTML page containing information about the Job.

3101 4.3.5 job-name (name(MAX))

3102 This REQUIRED attribute is the name of the job. It is a name that is more user friendly than the "job-uri" attribute
3103 value. It does not need to be unique between Jobs. The Job's "job-name" attribute is set to the value supplied by
3104 the client in the "job-name" operation attribute in the create request (see Section 3.2.1.1). If, however, the "job-
3105 name" operation attribute is not supplied by the client in the create request, the Printer object, on creation of the
3106 Job, MUST generate a name. The printer SHOULD generate the value of the Job's "job-name" attribute from the
3107 first of the following sources that produces a value: 1) the "document-name" operation attribute of the first (or only)
3108 document, 2) the "document-URI" attribute of the first (or only) document, or 3) any other piece of Job specific
3109 and/or Document Content information.

3110 4.3.6 job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))

3111 This REQUIRED attribute contains the name of the end user that submitted the print job. The Printer object sets
3112 this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the authentication service over which
3113 the IPP operation was received. Only if such is not available, does the Printer object use the value supplied by the
3114 client in the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute of the create operation (see Sections 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8).

3115 Note: The Printer object needs to keep an internal originating user id of some form, typically as a credential of a
3116 principal, with the Job object. Since such an internal attribute is implementation-dependent and not of interest to
3117 clients, it is not specified as a Job Description attribute. This originating user id is used for authorization checks (if
3118 any) on all subsequent operations.

3119 4.3.7 job-state (type1 enum)

3120 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the current state of the job. Even though the IPP protocol defines seven
3121 values for job states (plus the out-of-band 'unknown' value - see Section 4.1), implementations only need to

3122 support those states which are appropriate for the particular implementation. In other words, a Printer supports
3123 only those job states implemented by the output device and available to the Printer object implementation.

3124 Standard enum values are:

3125 Values Symbolic Name and Description

3126

3127 '3' 'pending': The job is a candidate to start processing, but is not yet processing.

3128

3129 '4' 'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but will return
3130 to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The job's "job-state-
3131 reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a candidate for processing.

3132

3133 '5' 'processing': One or more of:

3134

3135 1. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more purely software processes that are
3136 analyzing, creating, or interpreting a PDL, etc.,

3137 2. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more hardware devices that are
3138 interpreting a PDL, making marks on a medium, and/or performing finishing, such as
3139 stapling, etc.,

3140 3. the Printer object has made the job ready for printing, but the output device is not yet
3141 printing it, either because the job hasn't reached the output device or because the job is
3142 queued in the output device or some other spooler, awaiting the output device to print it.

3143

3144 When the job is in the 'processing' state, the entire job state includes the detailed status
3145 represented in the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons", and "printer-
3146 state-message" attributes.

3147 Implementations MAY, though they NEED NOT, include additional values in the job's
3148 "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate the progress of the job, such as adding the 'job-
3149 printing' value to indicate when the output device is actually making marks on paper and/or
3150 the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to indicate that the IPP object is in the process of
3151 canceling or aborting the job. Most implementations won't bother with this nuance.

3152

3153 '6' 'processing-stopped': The job has stopped while processing for any number of reasons and will
3154 return to the 'processing' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present.

3155

3156 The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MAY indicate why the job has stopped processing.
3157 For example, if the output device is stopped, the 'printer-stopped' value MAY be included
3158 in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

3159

3160 Note: When an output device is stopped, the device usually indicates its condition in
3161 human readable form locally at the device. A client can obtain more complete device
3162 status remotely by querying the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons" and
3163 "printer-state-message" attributes.

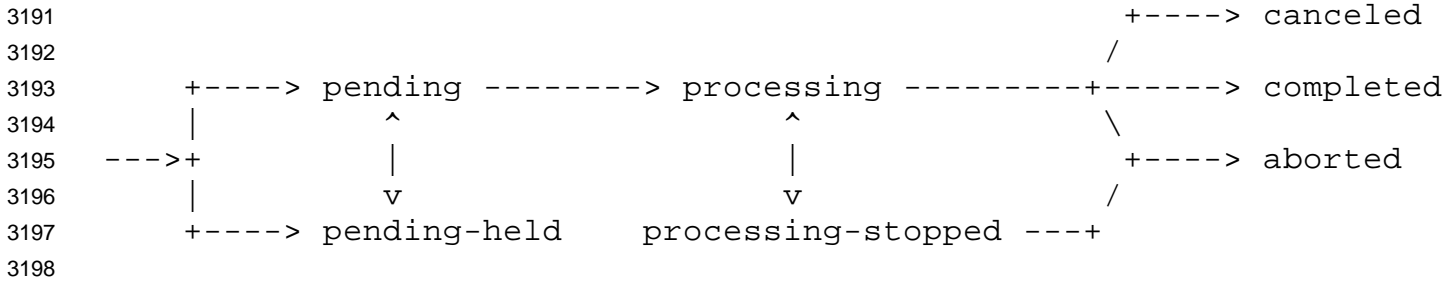
3164
3165 '7' 'canceled': The job has been canceled by a Cancel-Job operation and the Printer object has
3166 completed canceling the job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for
3167 the job. While the Printer object is canceling the job, the job remains in its current state,
3168 but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point'
3169 value and one of the 'canceled-by-user', 'canceled-by-operator', or 'canceled-at-device'
3170 value. When the job moves to the 'canceled' state, the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if
3171 present, MUST be removed, but the 'canceled-by-xxx', if present, MUST remain.

3172
3173 '8' 'aborted': The job has been aborted by the system, usually while the job was in the 'processing' or
3174 'processing-stopped' state and the Printer has completed aborting the job and all job status
3175 attributes have reached their final values for the job. While the Printer object is aborting
3176 the job, the job remains in its current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute
3177 SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' and 'aborted-by-system' values. When
3178 the job moves to the 'aborted' state, the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present,
3179 MUST be removed, but the 'aborted-by-system' value, if present, MUST remain.

3180
3181 '9' 'completed': The job has completed successfully or with warnings or errors after processing and all
3182 of the job media sheets have been successfully stacked in the appropriate output bin(s) and
3183 all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. The job's "job-state-
3184 reasons" attribute SHOULD contain one of: 'completed-successfully', 'completed-with-
3185 warnings', or 'completed-with-errors' values.

3186
3187 The final value for this attribute MUST be one of: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' before the Printer removes
3188 the job altogether. The length of time that jobs remain in the 'canceled', 'aborted', and 'completed' states depends
3189 on implementation. See section 4.3.7.2.

3190 The following figure shows the normal job state transitions.



3199 Normally a job progresses from left to right. Other state transitions are unlikely, but are not forbidden. Not shown
3200 are the transitions to the 'canceled' state from the 'pending', 'pending-held', and 'processing-stopped' states.

3201 Jobs reach one of the three terminal states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', after the jobs have completed all
3202 activity, including stacking output media, after the jobs have completed all activity, and all job status attributes have
3203 reached their final values for the job.

3204 **4.3.7.1 Forwarding Servers**

3205 As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation cannot determine the correct value for this attribute, it
3206 SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to guess at some
3207 possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the Job object. For
3208 example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system from which it can normally get status, but
3209 temporarily is unable, then the implementation should return the 'unknown' value. However, if the implementation is
3210 a gateway to a printing system that never provides detailed status about the print job, the implementation MAY set
3211 the IPP Job object's state to 'completed', provided that it also sets the 'queued-in-device' value in the job's "job-
3212 state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8).

3213 **4.3.7.2 Partitioning of Job States**

3214 This section partitions the 7 job states into phases: Job Not Completed, Job Retention, Job History, and Job
3215 Removal. This section also explains the 'job-restartable' value of the "job-state-reasons" Job Description attribute
3216 for use with the Restart-Job operation.

3217 Job Not Completed: When a job is in the 'pending', 'pending-held', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped' states,
3218 the job is not completed.

3219 Job Retention: When a job enters one of the three terminal job states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', the
3220 IPP Printer object MAY "retain" the job in a restartable condition for an implementation-defined time period. This
3221 time period MAY be zero seconds and MAY depend on the terminal job state. This phase is called Job
3222 Retention. While in the Job Retention phase, the job's document data is retained and a client may restart the job
3223 using the Restart-Job operation. If the IPP object supports the Restart-Job operation, then it SHOULD indicate
3224 that the job is restartable by adding the 'job-restartable' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see Section
3225 4.3.8) during the Job Retention phase.

3226 Job History: After the Job Retention phase expires for a job, the Printer object deletes the document data for the
3227 job and the job becomes part of the Job History. The Printer object MAY also delete any number of the job
3228 attributes. Since the job is no longer restartable, the Printer object MUST remove the 'job-restartable' value from
3229 the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present.

3230 Job Removal: After the job has remained in the Job History for an implementation-defined time, such as when the
3231 number of jobs exceeds a fixed number or after a fixed time period (which MAY be zero seconds), the IPP Printer
3232 removes the job from the system.

3233 Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the 'not-completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a
3234 client is requesting jobs in the Job Not Completed phase. Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the
3235 'completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the Job Retention and Job
3236 History phases. Using the Get-Job-Attributes operation, a client is requesting a job in any phase except Job
3237 Removal. After Job Removal, the Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations no longer are capable of returning
3238 any information about a job.

3239 **4.3.8 job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3240 This REQUIRED attribute provides additional information about the job's current state, i.e., information that
3241 augments the value of the job's "job-state" attribute.

3242 These values MAY be used with any job state or states for which the reason makes sense. Some of these value
3243 definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL. Furthermore, when implemented, the
3244 Printer MUST return these values when the reason applies and MUST NOT return them when the reason no
3245 longer applies whether the value of the Job's "job-state" attribute changed or not. When the Job does not have any
3246 reasons for being in its current state, the value of the Job's "job-state-reasons" attribute MUST be 'none'.

3247 Note: While values cannot be added to the 'job-state' attribute without impacting deployed clients that take actions
3248 upon receiving "job-state" values, it is the intent that additional "job-state-reasons" values can be defined and
3249 registered without impacting such deployed clients. In other words, the "job-state-reasons" attribute is intended to
3250 be extensible.

3251 The following standard keyword values are defined. For ease of understanding, the values are presented in the
3252 order in which the reasons are likely to occur (if implemented), starting with the 'job-incoming' value:

3253 'none': There are no reasons for the job's current state. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "job-
3254 state-reasons" without any value and MUST be used when there is no other value, since the 1setOf
3255 attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3256 'job-incoming': Either (1) the Printer has accepted the Create-Job operation and is expecting additional Send-
3257 Document and/or Send-URI operations, or (2) the Printer is retrieving/accepting document data as a result
3258 of a Print-Job, Print-URI, Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

3259 'job-data-insufficient': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is expecting
3260 additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. If a Printer starts
3261 processing before it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient' reason, but the

3262 'job-incoming' remains. If a Printer starts processing after it has received all data, the Printer removes the
3263 'job-data-insufficient' reason and the 'job-incoming' at the same time.

3264 'document-access-error': After accepting a Print-URI or Send-URI request, the Printer could not access one
3265 or more documents passed by reference. This reason is intended to cover any file access problem,
3266 including file does not exist and access denied because of an access control problem. The Printer MAY
3267 also indicate the document access error using the "job-document-access-errors" Job Description attribute
3268 (see section 4.3.11). Whether the Printer aborts the job and moves the job to the 'aborted' job state or
3269 prints all documents that are accessible and moves the job to the 'completed' job state and adds the
3270 'completed-with-errors' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute depends on implementation and/or
3271 site policy. This value SHOULD be supported if the Print-URI or Send-URI operations are supported.

3272 'submission-interrupted': The job was not completely submitted for some unforeseen reason, such as: (1) the
3273 Printer has crashed before the job was closed by the client, (2) the Printer or the document transfer method
3274 has crashed in some non-recoverable way before the document data was entirely transferred to the Printer,
3275 (3) the client crashed or failed to close the job before the time-out period. See section 4.4.31.

3276 'job-outgoing': The Printer is transmitting the job to the output device.

3277 'job-hold-until-specified': The value of the job's "job-hold-until" attribute was specified with a time period that
3278 is still in the future. The job MUST NOT be a candidate for processing until this reason is removed and
3279 there are no other reasons to hold the job. This value SHOULD be supported if the "job-hold-until" Job
3280 Template attribute is supported.

3281 'resources-are-not-ready': At least one of the resources needed by the job, such as media, fonts, resource
3282 objects, etc., is not ready on any of the physical printer's for which the job is a candidate. This condition
3283 MAY be detected when the job is accepted, or subsequently while the job is pending or processing,
3284 depending on implementation. The job may remain in its current state or be moved to the 'pending-held'
3285 state, depending on implementation and/or job scheduling policy.

3286 'printer-stopped-partly': The value of the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains the value 'stopped-
3287 partly'.

3288 'printer-stopped': The value of the Printer's "printer-state" attribute is 'stopped'.

3289 'job-interpreting': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting the document
3290 data.

3291 'job-queued': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer has queued the document data.

3292 'job-transforming': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting document
3293 data and producing another electronic representation.

3294 'job-queued-for-marker': Job is in any of the 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' states, but more
3295 specifically, the Printer has completed enough processing of the document to be able to start marking and
3296 the job is waiting for the marker. Systems that require human intervention to release jobs using the
3297 Release-Job operation, put the job into the 'pending-held' job state. Systems that automatically select a
3298 job to use the marker put the job into the 'pending' job state or keep the job in the 'processing' job state
3299 while waiting for the marker, depending on implementation. All implementations put the job into (or back
3300 into) the 'processing' state when marking does begin.

3301 'job-printing': The output device is marking media. This value is useful for Printers which spend a great deal of
3302 time processing (1) when no marking is happening and then want to show that marking is now happening or

- 3303 (2) when the job is in the process of being canceled or aborted while the job remains in the 'processing'
3304 state, but the marking has not yet stopped so that impression or sheet counts are still increasing for the job.
3305 'job-canceled-by-user': The job was canceled by the owner of the job using the Cancel-Job request, i.e., by a
3306 user whose authenticated identity is the same as the value of the originating user that created the Job object,
3307 or by some other authorized end-user, such as a member of the job owner's security group. This value
3308 SHOULD be supported.
- 3309 'job-canceled-by-operator': The job was canceled by the operator using the Cancel-Job request, i.e., by a
3310 user who has been authenticated as having operator privileges (whether local or remote). If the security
3311 policy is to allow anyone to cancel anyone's job, then this value may be used when the job is canceled by
3312 other than the owner of the job. For such a security policy, in effect, everyone is an operator as far as
3313 canceling jobs with IPP is concerned. This value SHOULD be supported if the implementation permits
3314 canceling by other than the owner of the job.
- 3315 'job-canceled-at-device': The job was canceled by an unidentified local user, i.e., a user at a console at the
3316 device. This value SHOULD be supported if the implementation supports canceling jobs at the console.
- 3317 'aborted-by-system': The job (1) is in the process of being aborted, (2) has been aborted by the system and
3318 placed in the 'aborted' state, or (3) has been aborted by the system and placed in the 'pending-held' state,
3319 so that a user or operator can manually try the job again. This value SHOULD be supported.
- 3320 'unsupported-compression': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer determined while
3321 attempting to decompress the document-data's that the compression is actually not among those supported
3322 by the Printer. This value MUST be supported, since "compressions is a REQUIRED operation attribute.
- 3323 'compression-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in the
3324 document-data while decompressing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has already
3325 passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-compression' job-state-reason.
- 3326 'unsupported-document-format': The job was aborted by the system because the document-data's document-
3327 format is not among those supported by the Printer. If the client specifies the document-format as
3328 'application/octet-stream', the printer MAY abort the job and post this reason even though the format is a
3329 member of the "document-format-supported" printer attribute, but not among the auto-sensed document-
3330 formats. This value MUST be supported, since "document-format" is a REQUIRED operation attribute.
- 3331 'document-format-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in the
3332 document-data while processing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has already passed
3333 any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-document-format' job-state-reason.
- 3334 'processing-to-stop-point': The requester has issued a Cancel-Job operation or the Printer object has aborted
3335 the job, but is still performing some actions on the job until a specified stop point occurs or job
3336 termination/cleanup is completed.
- 3337 If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or 'processing-
3338 stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST use this value to indicate that the Printer object is still
3339 performing some actions on the job while the job remains in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state.
3340 After all the job's job description attributes have stopped incrementing, the Printer object moves the job
3341 from the 'processing' state to the 'canceled' or 'aborted' job states.
- 3342 'service-off-line': The Printer is off-line and accepting no jobs. All 'pending' jobs are put into the 'pending-held'
3343 state. This situation could be true if the service's or document transform's input is impaired or broken.
- 3344 'job-completed-successfully': The job completed successfully. This value SHOULD be supported.

3345 'job-completed-with-warnings': The job completed with warnings. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3346 implementation detects warnings.
3347 'job-completed-with-errors': The job completed with errors (and possibly warnings too). This value
3348 SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors.
3349 'job-restartable' - This job is retained (see section 4.3.7.2) and is currently able to be restarted using the
3350 Restart-Job operation (see section 3.3.7). If 'job-restartable' is a value of the job's 'job-state-reasons'
3351 attribute, then the IPP object MUST accept a Restart-Job operation for that job. This value SHOULD be
3352 supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported.
3353 'queued-in-device': The job has been forwarded to a device or print system that is unable to send back status.
3354 The Printer sets the job's "job-state" attribute to 'completed' and adds the 'queued-in-device' value to the
3355 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate that the Printer has no additional information about the job
3356 and never will have any better information. See section 4.3.7.1.

3357 **4.3.9 job-state-message (text(MAX))**

3358 This attribute specifies information about the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes in human readable text.
3359 If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate this message in any of the
3360 natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-
3361 natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section 3.1.4.1).

3362 The value SHOULD NOT contain additional information not contained in the values of the "job-state" and "job-
3363 states-reasons" attributes, such as interpreter error information. Otherwise, application programs might attempt to
3364 parse the (localized text). For such additional information such as interpreter errors for application program
3365 consumption or specific document access errors, new attributes with keyword values, needs to be developed and
3366 registered.

3367 **4.3.10 job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX))**

3368 This attribute specifies additional detailed and technical information about the job. The Printer NEED NOT
3369 localize the message(s), since they are intended for use by the system administrator or other experienced technical
3370 persons. Localization might obscure the technical meaning of such messages. Clients MUST NOT attempt to
3371 parse the value of this attribute. See "job-document-access-errors" (section 4.3.11) for additional errors that a
3372 program can process.

3373 **4.3.11 job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))**

3374 This attribute provides additional information about each document access error for this job encountered by the
3375 Printer after it returned a response to the Print-URI or Send-URI operation and subsequently attempted to access
3376 document(s) supplied in the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. For errors in the protocol that is identified by the
3377 URI scheme in the "document-uri" operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code is returned in
3378 parentheses, followed by the URI. For example:

3379 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf
3380

3381 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
3382 decimal.

3383 **4.3.12 number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))**

3384 This attribute indicates the number of documents in the job, i.e., the number of Send-Document, Send-URI, Print-
3385 Job, or Print-URI operations that the Printer has accepted for this job, regardless of whether the document data
3386 has reached the Printer object or not.

3387 Implementations supporting the OPTIONAL Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI operations SHOULD
3388 support this attribute so that clients can query the number of documents in each job.

3389 **4.3.13 output-device-assigned (name(127))**

3390 This attribute identifies the output device to which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an output device
3391 implements an embedded Printer object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print server
3392 implements a Printer object, the value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the Printer object
3393 assigns an output device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer object supports
3394 multiple devices (so called "fan-out" - see section 2.1).

3395 **4.3.14 Event Time Job Description Attributes**

3396 This section defines the Job Description attributes that indicate the time at which certain events occur for a job. If
3397 the job event has not yet occurred, then the IPP object MUST return the 'no-value' out-of-band value (see the
3398 beginning of Section 4.1). The "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes represent time as an 'integer' representing the
3399 number of seconds since the device was powered up (informally called "time ticks"). The "date-time-at-
3400 xxx(dateTime)" attributes represent time as 'dateTime' representing date and time (including an offset from UTC).

3401 In order to populate these attributes, the Printer object copies the value(s) of the following Printer Description
3402 attributes at the time the event occurs:

- 3403 1. the value in the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute for the "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes
- 3404 2. the value in the Printer's "printer-current-time" attribute for the "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" attributes.

3405 If the Printer resets its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on power-up (see section 4.4.29) and has persistent jobs,
3406 then it MUST change all of jobs' "time-at-xxx(integer)" (time tick) job attributes whose events have occurred either
3407 to:

- 3408 1. 0 to indicate that the event happened before the most recent power up OR
- 3409 2. the negative of the number of seconds before the most recent power-up that the event took place, though
3410 the negative number NEED NOT reflect the exact number of seconds.

3411 If a client queries a "time-at-xxx(integer)" time tick Job attribute and finds the value to be 0 or negative, the client
3412 MUST assume that the event occurred in some life other than the Printer's current life.

3413 Note: A Printer does not change the values of any "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" job attributes on power-up.

3414 **4.3.14.1 time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX))**

3415 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object was created.

3416 **4.3.14.2 time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX))**

3417 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3418 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation. The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not
3419 yet been in the 'processing' state (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3420 **4.3.14.3 time-at-completed (integer(MIN:MAX))**

3421 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object completed (or was canceled or aborted).
3422 The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet completed, been canceled, or aborted (see the
3423 beginning of Section 4.1).

3424 **4.3.14.4 job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))**

3425 This REQUIRED Job Description attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that the Printer
3426 implementation has been up and running. This attribute is an alias for the "printer-up-time" Printer Description
3427 attribute (see Section 4.4.29).

3428 A client MAY request this attribute in a Get-Job-Attributes or Get-Jobs request and use the value returned in
3429 combination with other requested Event Time Job Description Attributes in order to display time attributes to a
3430 user. The difference between this attribute and the 'integer' value of a "time-at-xxx" attribute is the number of
3431 seconds ago that the "time-at-xxx" event occurred. A client can compute the wall-clock time at which the "time-at-
3432 xxx" event occurred by subtracting this difference from the client's wall-clock time.

3433 **4.3.14.5 date-time-at-creation (dateTime)**

3434 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object was created.

3435 **4.3.14.6 date-time-at-processing (dateTime)**

3436 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object first began processing after the create operation or
3437 the most recent Restart-Job operation.

3438 **4.3.14.7 date-time-at-completed (dateTime)**

3439 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object completed (or was canceled or aborted).

3440

3441 **4.3.15 number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))**

3442 This attribute indicates the number of jobs that are "ahead" of this job in the relative chronological order of
3443 expected time to complete (i.e., the current scheduled order). For efficiency, it is only necessary to calculate this
3444 value when an operation is performed that requests this attribute.

3445 **4.3.16 job-message-from-operator (text(127))**

3446 This attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to indicate to the
3447 end user the reasons for modification or other management action taken on a job.

3448 **4.3.17 Job Size Attributes**

3449 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the size of the job. These attributes are not intended to be
3450 counters; they are intended to be useful routing and scheduling information if known. For these attributes, the
3451 Printer object may try to compute the value if it is not supplied in the create request. Even if the client does supply
3452 a value for these three attributes in the create request, the Printer object MAY choose to change the value if the
3453 Printer object is able to compute a value which is more accurate than the client supplied value. The Printer object
3454 may be able to determine the correct value for these attributes either right at job submission time or at any later
3455 point in time.

3456 **4.3.17.1 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))**

3457 This attribute specifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets requested to be
3458 processed in the job. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets MUST be
3459 indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 MUST be 2, etc.

3460 This value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified by the
3461 "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without making multiple passes
3462 over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not. Thus the value is
3463 independent of the implementation and indicates the size of the document(s) measured in K octets independent of
3464 the number of copies.

3465 This value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction embedded in the document
3466 data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this value will include such
3467 replication. In other words, this value is always the size of the source document data, rather than a measure of the
3468 hardcopy output to be produced.

3469 **4.3.17.2 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))**

3470 This attribute specifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see the definition
3471 of impression in section 12.2.5).

3472 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of
3473 copies specified by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without
3474 making multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not.
3475 Thus the value is independent of the implementation and reflects the size of the document(s) measured in
3476 impressions independent of the number of copies.

3477 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction
3478 embedded in the document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this
3479 value will include such replication. In other words, this value is always the number of impressions in the source
3480 document data, rather than a measure of the number of impressions to be produced by the job.

3481 **4.3.17.3 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))**

3482 This attribute specifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job.

3483 Unlike the "job-k-octets" and the "job-impressions" attributes, this value MUST include the multiplicative factors
3484 contributed by the number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute and a 'number of copies' instruction
3485 embedded in the document data, if any. This difference allows the system administrator to control the lower and
3486 upper bounds of both (1) the size of the document(s) with "job-k-octets-supported" and "job-impressions-
3487 supported" and (2) the size of the job with "job-media-sheets-supported".

3488 **4.3.18 Job Progress Attributes**

3489 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the progress of the job. These attributes are intended to be
3490 counters. That is, the value for a job that has not started processing MUST be 0. When the job's "job-state" is
3491 'processing' or 'processing-stopped', this value is intended to contain the amount of the job that has been processed
3492 to the time at which the attributes are requested. When the job enters the 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'
3493 states, these values are the final values for the job.

3494 **4.3.18.1 job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))**

3495 This attribute specifies the total number of octets processed in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets so far. The
3496 value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets inclusive MUST be indicated as being 1,
3497 1025 to 2048 inclusive MUST be 2, etc.

3498 For implementations where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter with only a single pass over the data,
3499 the final value MUST be equal to the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute. For implementations where multiple

3500 copies are produced by the interpreter by processing the data for each copy, the final value MUST be a multiple of
3501 the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute.

3502 **4.3.18.2 job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))**

3503 This job attribute specifies the number of impressions completed for the job so far. For printing devices, the
3504 impressions completed includes interpreting, marking, and stacking the output.

3505 **4.3.18.3 job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX))**

3506 This job attribute specifies the media-sheets completed marking and stacking for the entire job so far whether those
3507 sheets have been processed on one side or on both.

3508 **4.3.19 attributes-charset (charset)**

3509 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-charset" attribute in the
3510 create request. It identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by any Job attributes with
3511 attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section 3.1.4 for a
3512 complete description of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute.

3513 This attribute does not indicate the charset in which the 'text' and 'name' values are stored internally in the Job
3514 object. The internal charset is implementation-defined. The IPP object MUST convert from whatever the internal
3515 charset is to that being requested in an operation as specified in Section 3.1.4.

3516 **4.3.20 attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)**

3517 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-natural-language" attribute
3518 in the create request. It identifies the natural language used for any Job attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and
3519 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section 3.1.4 for a complete description of the
3520 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 for how a Natural Language
3521 Override may be supplied explicitly for each 'text' and 'name' attribute value that differs from the value identified by
3522 the "attributes-natural-language" attribute.

3523 **4.4 Printer Description Attributes**

3524 These attributes form the attribute group called "printer-description". The following table summarizes these
3525 attributes, their syntax, and whether or not they are REQUIRED for a Printer object to support. If they are not
3526 indicated as REQUIRED, they are OPTIONAL. The maximum size in octets for 'text' and 'name' attributes is
3527 indicated in parentheses.

3528 Note: How these attributes are set by an Administrator is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

3529	+-----+-----+-----+
3530	Attribute Syntax REQUIRED?
3531	+-----+-----+-----+
3532	printer-uri-supported 1setOf uri REQUIRED
3533	+-----+-----+-----+
3534	uri-security-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3535	+-----+-----+-----+
3536	uri-authentication- 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3537	supported
3538	+-----+-----+-----+
3539	printer-name name (127) REQUIRED
3540	+-----+-----+-----+
3541	printer-location text (127)
3542	+-----+-----+-----+
3543	printer-info text (127)
3544	+-----+-----+-----+
3545	printer-more-info uri
3546	+-----+-----+-----+
3547	printer-driver-installer uri
3548	+-----+-----+-----+
3549	printer-make-and-model text (127)
3550	+-----+-----+-----+
3551	printer-more-info- uri
3552	manufacturer
3553	+-----+-----+-----+
3554	printer-state type1 enum REQUIRED
3555	+-----+-----+-----+
3556	printer-state-reasons 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3557	+-----+-----+-----+
3558	printer-state-message text (MAX)
3559	+-----+-----+-----+
3560	ipp-versions-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3561	+-----+-----+-----+
3562	operations-supported 1setOf type2 enum REQUIRED
3563	+-----+-----+-----+
3564	multiple-document-jobs- boolean
3565	supported
3566	+-----+-----+-----+
3567	charset-configured charset REQUIRED
3568	+-----+-----+-----+
3569	charset-supported 1setOf charset REQUIRED
3570	+-----+-----+-----+
3571	natural-language-configured naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3572	+-----+-----+-----+
3573	generated-natural-language- 1setOf naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3574	supported
3575	+-----+-----+-----+

3576	document-format-default	mimeType	REQUIRED	
3577	+-----+-----+-----+			
3578	document-format-supported	1setOf mimeType	REQUIRED	
3579	+-----+-----+-----+			
3580	printer-is-accepting-jobs	boolean	REQUIRED	
3581	+-----+-----+-----+			
3582	queued-job-count	integer (0:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3583	+-----+-----+-----+			
3584	printer-message-from-	text (127)		
3585	operator			
3586	+-----+-----+-----+			
3587	color-supported	boolean		
3588	+-----+-----+-----+			
3589	reference-uri-schemes-	1setOf uriScheme		
3590	supported			
3591	+-----+-----+-----+			
3592	pdl-override-supported	type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3593	+-----+-----+-----+			
3594	printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3595	+-----+-----+-----+			
3596	printer-current-time	dateTime		
3597	+-----+-----+-----+			
3598	multiple-operation-time-out	integer (1:MAX)		
3599	+-----+-----+-----+			
3600	compression-supported	1setOf type3 keyword	REQUIRED	
3601	+-----+-----+-----+			
3602	job-k-octets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3603	+-----+-----+-----+			
3604	job-impressions-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3605	+-----+-----+-----+			
3606	job-media-sheets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3607	+-----+-----+-----+			
3608	pages-per-minute	integer(0:MAX)		
3609	+-----+-----+-----+			
3610	pages-per-minute-color	integer(0:MAX)		
3611	+-----+-----+-----+			
3612				

3613 4.4.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

3614 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains at least one URI for the Printer object. It OPTIONALLY contains
 3615 more than one URI for the Printer object. An administrator determines a Printer object's URI(s) and configures
 3616 this attribute to contain those URIs by some means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The precise
 3617 format of this URI is implementation dependent and depends on the protocol. See the next two sections for a
 3618 description of the "uri-security-supported" and "uri-authentication-supported" attributes, both of which are the

3619 REQUIRED companion attributes to this "printer-uri-supported" attribute. See section 2.4 on Printer object
3620 identity and section 8.2 on security and URIs for more information.

3621 4.4.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3622 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as the
3623 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated with each
3624 URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The Printer object uses the specified mechanism to identify the
3625 authenticated user (see section 8.3)-. The "i th" value in "uri-authentication-supported" corresponds to the "i th"
3626 value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the authentication mechanisms used by the Printer when accessed
3627 via that URI. See [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)] for more details on Client Authentication.

3628 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3629 'none': There is no authentication mechanism associated with the URI. The Printer object assumes that the
3630 authenticated user is "anonymous".
- 3631 'requesting-user-name': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer
3632 object assumes that the authenticated user is specified by the "requesting-user-name" Operation attribute
3633 (see section 8.3). If the "requesting-user-name" attribute is absent in a request, the Printer object assumes
3634 that the authenticated user is "anonymous".
- 3635 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object challenges
3636 the client with HTTP basic authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated
3637 user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism.
- 3638 'digest': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object challenges
3639 the client with HTTP digest authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated
3640 user is the name received via the digest authentication mechanism.
- 3641 'certificate': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object expects
3642 the client to provide a certificate. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is the textual name
3643 contained within the certificate.

3644 4.4.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3645 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as the
3646 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the security mechanisms used for each URI listed in the
3647 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The "i th" value in "uri-security-supported" corresponds to the "i th" value in
3648 "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the security mechanisms used for accessing the Printer object via that URI.
3649 See [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)] for more details on security mechanisms.

3650 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3651 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.
- 3652 'ssl3': SSL3 [SSL] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.
- 3653 'tls': TLS [RFC2246] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.

3654

3655 This attribute is orthogonal to the definition of a Client Authentication mechanism. Specifically, 'none' does not
3656 exclude Client Authentication. See section 4.4.2.

3657 Consider the following example. For a single Printer object, an administrator configures the "printer-uri-
3658 supported", "uri-authentication-supported" and "uri-security-supported" attributes as follows:

```
3659 "printer-uri-supported": 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer',  
3660 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer'  
3661 "uri-authentication-supported": 'none', 'digest', 'basic'  
3662 "uri-security-supported": 'none', 'none', 'tls'  
3663
```

3664 Note: 'xxx' is not a valid scheme. See the IPP/1.1 "Transport and Encoding" document [~~IPP-PRO~~[RFC2910](#)] for
3665 the actual URI schemes to be used in object target attributes.

3666 In this case, one Printer object has three URIs.

- 3667 - For the first URI, 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-supported" indicates that
3668 there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The value of 'none' in "uri-
3669 authentication-supported" indicates that all users are 'anonymous'. There will be no challenge and the
3670 Printer will ignore "requesting-user-name".
- 3671 - For the second URI, 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-supported"
3672 indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The value of 'digest' in
3673 "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and that the Printer will use the
3674 name supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated user (see section 8.3).
- 3675 - For the third URI, 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer', the value 'tls' in "uri-security-supported" indicates that
3676 TLS is being used to secure the channel. The client SHOULD be prepared to use TLS framing to
3677 negotiate an acceptable ciphersuite to use while communicating with the Printer object. In this case, the
3678 name implies the use of a secure communications channel, but the fact is made explicit by the presence of
3679 the 'tls' value in "uri-security-supported". The client does not need to resort to understanding which
3680 security it must use by following naming conventions or by parsing the URI to determine which security
3681 mechanisms are implied. The value of 'basic' in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that the Printer will
3682 issue a challenge and that the Printer will use the name supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the
3683 authenticated user (see section 8.3)-. Because this challenge occurs in a tls session, the channel is secure.
3684

3685 It is expected that many IPP Printer objects will be configured to support only one channel (either configured to use
3686 TLS access or not) and only one authentication mechanism. Such Printer objects only have one URI listed in the
3687 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. No matter the configuration of the Printer object (whether it has only one URI or
3688 more than one URI), a client MUST supply only one URI in the target "printer-uri" operation attribute.

3689 4.4.4 printer-name (name(127))

3690 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains the name of the Printer object. It is a name that is more end-user
3691 friendly than a URI. An administrator determines a printer's name and sets this attribute to that name. This name

3692 may be the last part of the printer's URI or it may be unrelated. In non-US-English locales, a name may contain
3693 characters that are not allowed in a URI.

3694 **4.4.5 printer-location (text(127))**

3695 This Printer attribute identifies the location of the device. This could include things like: "in Room 123A, second
3696 floor of building XYZ".

3697 **4.4.6 printer-info (text(127))**

3698 This Printer attribute identifies the descriptive information about this Printer object. This could include things like:
3699 "This printer can be used for printing color transparencies for HR presentations", or "Out of courtesy for others,
3700 please print only small (1-5 page) jobs at this printer", or even "This printer is going away on July 1, 1997, please
3701 find a new printer".

3702 **4.4.7 printer-more-info (uri)**

3703 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this specific Printer object. For
3704 example, this could be an HTTP type URI referencing an HTML page accessible to a Web Browser. The
3705 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of IPP can be
3706 accessed from this URI. The information is intended to be specific to this printer instance and site specific services
3707 (e.g. job pricing, services offered, end user assistance). The device manufacturer may initially populate this
3708 attribute.

3709 **4.4.8 printer-driver-installer (uri)**

3710 This Printer attribute contains a URI to use to locate the driver installer for this Printer object. This attribute is
3711 intended for consumption by automata. The mechanics of print driver installation is outside the scope of this
3712 IPP/1.1 document. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3713 **4.4.9 printer-make-and-model (text(127))**

3714 This Printer attribute identifies the make and model of the device. The device manufacturer may initially populate
3715 this attribute.

3716 **4.4.10 printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)**

3717 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this type of device. The information
3718 obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of IPP can be accessed
3719 from this URI (e.g., latest firmware, upgrades, print drivers, optional features available, details on color support).
3720 The information is intended to be germane to this printer without regard to site specific modifications or services.
3721 The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3722 4.4.11 printer-state (type1 enum)

3723 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the current state of the device. The "printer-state reasons" attribute
3724 augments the "printer-state" attribute to give more detailed information about the Printer in the given printer state.

3725 A Printer object need only update this attribute before responding to an operation which requests the attribute; the
3726 Printer object NEED NOT update this attribute continually, since asynchronous event notification is not part of
3727 IPP/1.1. A Printer NEED NOT implement all values if they are not applicable to a given implementation.

3728 The following standard enum values are defined:

3729 Value	Symbolic Name and Description
------------	-------------------------------

3730

3731 '3'	'idle': Indicates that new jobs can start processing without waiting.
----------	---

3732 '4'	'processing': Indicates that jobs are processing; new jobs will wait before processing.
----------	---

3733 '5'	'stopped': Indicates that no jobs can be processed and intervention is required.
----------	--

3734 Values of "printer-state-reasons", such as 'spool-area-full' and 'stopped-partly', MAY be used to provide further
3735 information.

3736 4.4.12 printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3737 This REQUIRED Printer attribute supplies additional detail about the device's state. Some of the these value
3738 definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL.

3739 Each keyword value MAY have a suffix to indicate its level of severity. The three levels are: report (least severe),
3740 warning, and error (most severe).

3741 - '-report': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "report". An implementation may choose to omit some or all
3742 reports. Some reports specify finer granularity about the printer state; others serve as a precursor to a
3743 warning. A report MUST contain nothing that could affect the printed output.

3744 - '-warning': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "warning". An implementation may choose to omit some or
3745 all warnings. Warnings serve as a precursor to an error. A warning MUST contain nothing that prevents a
3746 job from completing, though in some cases the output may be of lower quality.

3747 - '-error': This suffix indicates that the reason is an "error". An implementation MUST include all errors. If this
3748 attribute contains one or more errors, printer MUST be in the stopped state.

3749

3750 If the implementation does not add any one of the three suffixes, all parties MUST assume that the reason is an
3751 "error".

3752 If a Printer object controls more than one output device, each value of this attribute MAY apply to one or more of
3753 the output devices. An error on one output device that does not stop the Printer object as a whole MAY appear
3754 as a warning in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons attribute". If the "printer-state" for such a Printer has a value of
3755 'stopped', then there MUST be an error reason among the values in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

3756 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3757 'other': The device has detected an error other than one listed in this document.

3758 'none': There are not reasons. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "printer-state-reasons" without any
3759 value and MUST be used, since the 1setOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3760 'media-needed': A tray has run out of media.

3761 'media-jam': The device has a media jam.

3762 'moving-to-paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section
3763 3.2.7) or other means, but the device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when all output has
3764 stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused'
3765 value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value MUST be supported, if the Pause-Printer
3766 operation is supported and the implementation takes significant time to pause a device in certain
3767 circumstances.

3768 'paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section 3.2.7) or other
3769 means and the Printer object's "printer-state" is 'stopped'. In this state, a Printer MUST NOT produce
3770 printed output, but it MUST perform other operations requested by a client. If a Printer had been printing
3771 a job when the Printer was paused, the Printer MUST resume printing that job when the Printer is no
3772 longer paused and leave no evidence in the printed output of such a pause. This value MUST be
3773 supported, if the Pause-Printer operation is supported.

3774 'shutdown': Someone has removed a Printer object from service, and the device may be powered down or
3775 physically removed. In this state, a Printer object MUST NOT produce printed output, and unless the
3776 Printer object is realized by a print server that is still active, the Printer object MUST perform no other
3777 operations requested by a client, including returning this value. If a Printer object had been printing a job
3778 when it was shutdown, the Printer NEED NOT resume printing that job when the Printer is no longer
3779 shutdown. If the Printer resumes printing such a job, it may leave evidence in the printed output of such a
3780 shutdown, e.g. the part printed before the shutdown may be printed a second time after the shutdown.

3781 'connecting-to-device': The Printer object has scheduled a job on the output device and is in the process of
3782 connecting to a shared network output device (and might not be able to actually start printing the job for an
3783 arbitrarily long time depending on the usage of the output device by other servers on the network).

3784 'timed-out': The server was able to connect to the output device (or is always connected), but was unable to
3785 get a response from the output device.

3786 'stopping': The Printer object is in the process of stopping the device and will be stopped in a while. When the
3787 device is stopped, the Printer object will change the Printer object's state to 'stopped'. The 'stopping-
3788 warning' reason is never an error, even for a Printer with a single output device. When an output-device
3789 ceases accepting jobs, the Printer will have this reason while the output device completes printing.

3790 'stopped-partly': When a Printer object controls more than one output device, this reason indicates that one or
3791 more output devices are stopped. If the reason is a report, fewer than half of the output devices are
3792 stopped. If the reason is a warning, fewer than all of the output devices are stopped.

3793 'toner-low': The device is low on toner.

3794 'toner-empty': The device is out of toner.

3795 'spool-area-full': The limit of persistent storage allocated for spooling has been reached. The Printer is
3796 temporarily unable to accept more jobs. The Printer will remove this value when it is able to accept more

3797 jobs. This value SHOULD be used by a non-spooling Printer that only accepts one or a small number
3798 jobs at a time or a spooling Printer that has filled the spool space.

3799 'cover-open': One or more covers on the device are open.

3800 'interlock-open': One or more interlock devices on the printer are unlocked.

3801 'door-open': One or more doors on the device are open.

3802 'input-tray-missing': One or more input trays are not in the device.

3803 'media-low': At least one input tray is low on media.

3804 'media-empty': At least one input tray is empty.

3805 'output-tray-missing': One or more output trays are not in the device

3806 'output-area-almost-full': One or more output area is almost full (e.g. tray, stacker, collator).

3807 'output-area-full': One or more output area is full. (e.g. tray, stacker, collator)

3808 'marker-supply-low': The device is low on at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3809 'marker-supply-empty': The device is out of at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3810 'marker-waste-almost-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is almost full.

3811 'marker-waste-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is full.

3812 'fuser-over-temp': The fuser temperature is above normal.

3813 'fuser-under-temp': The fuser temperature is below normal.

3814 'opc-near-eol': The optical photo conductor is near end of life.

3815 'opc-life-over': The optical photo conductor is no longer functioning.

3816 'developer-low': The device is low on developer.

3817 'developer-empty': The device is out of developer.

3818 'interpreter-resource-unavailable': An interpreter resource is unavailable (i.e. font, form)

3819

3820 **4.4.13 printer-state-message (text(MAX))**

3821 This Printer attribute specifies information about the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes in human
3822 readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate this
3823 message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute
3824 (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section 3.1.4.1).

3825 **4.4.14 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3826 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the IPP protocol version(s) that this Printer supports, including major and
3827 minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Printer implementation meets the conformance requirements.
3828 For version number validation, the Printer matches the (two-octet binary) "version-number" parameter supplied by
3829 the client in each request (see sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.8) with the (US-ASCII) keyword values of this attribute.

3830 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3831 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.0 as specified in RFC 2566 [RFC2566] and RFC
3832 2565 [RFC2565] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension defined in
3833 this version or any future version of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP "Encoding and
3834 Transport" document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number" parameter is '1.0'.

3835 '1.1': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.1 as specified in this document and [~~IPP-~~
 3836 ~~PRO~~RFC2910] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension defined in
 3837 any future versions of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP Encoding and Transport
 3838 document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number" parameter is '1.1'.

3839 4.4.15 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

3840 This REQUIRED Printer attribute specifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and contained
 3841 Job objects.

3842 This attribute is encoded as any other enum attribute syntax according to [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] as 32-bits.
 3843 However, all 32-bit enum values for this attribute MUST NOT exceed 0x00008FFF, since these same values are
 3844 also passed in two octets in the "operation-id" parameter (see section 3.1.1) in each Protocol request with the two
 3845 high order octets omitted in order to indicate the operation being performed [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910].

3846 The following standard enum and "operation-id" (see section 3.1.2) values are defined:

3847	Value	Operation Name
3848	-----	-----
3849		
3850	0x0000	reserved, not used
3851	0x0001	reserved, not used
3852	0x0002	Print-Job
3853	0x0003	Print-URI
3854	0x0004	Validate-Job
3855	0x0005	Create-Job
3856	0x0006	Send-Document
3857	0x0007	Send-URI
3858	0x0008	Cancel-Job
3859	0x0009	Get-Job-Attributes
3860	0x000A	Get-Jobs
3861	0x000B	Get-Printer-Attributes
3862	0x000C	Hold-Job
3863	0x000D	Release-Job
3864	0x000E	Restart-Job
3865	0x000F	reserved for a future operation
3866	0x0010	Pause-Printer
3867	0x0011	Resume-Printer
3868	0x0012	Purge-Jobs
3869	0x0013-0x3FFF	reserved for future IETF standards track operations (see section 6.4)
3870	0x4000-0x8FFF	reserved for vendor extensions (see section 6.4)
3871		

3872 **4.4.16 multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)**

3873 This Printer attribute indicates whether or not the Printer supports more than one document per job, i.e., more than
3874 one Send-Document or Send-Data operation with document data. If the Printer supports the Create-Job and
3875 Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

3876 **4.4.17 charset-configured (charset)**

3877 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the charset that the Printer object has been configured to represent
3878 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or manufacturer, i.e., for
3879 "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text).
3880 Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "charset-configured" attribute MUST also be among the values of the
3881 Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute.

3882 **4.4.18 charset-supported (1setOf charset)**

3883 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of charsets that the Printer and contained Job objects support in
3884 attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. At least the value 'utf-8' MUST be present, since IPP objects
3885 MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset. If a Printer object supports a charset, it means that for all
3886 attributes of syntax 'text' and 'name' the IPP object MUST (1) accept the charset in requests and return the charset
3887 in responses as needed.

3888 If more charsets than UTF-8 are supported, the IPP object MUST perform charset conversion between the
3889 charsets as described in Section 3.1.4.2.

3890 **4.4.19 natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)**

3891 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language that the Printer object has been configured to
3892 represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or manufacturer, i.e.,
3893 for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text).
3894 When returning these Printer attributes, the Printer object MAY return them in the configured natural language
3895 specified by this attribute, instead of the natural language requested by the client in the "attributes-natural-language"
3896 operation attribute. See Section 3.1.4.1 for the specification of the OPTIONAL multiple natural language support.
3897 Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute MUST also be among the values
3898 of the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute.

3899 **4.4.20 generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)**

3900 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language(s) that the Printer object and contained Job
3901 objects support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. The natural language(s) supported depends on
3902 implementation and/or configuration. Unlike charsets, IPP objects MUST accept requests with any natural
3903 language or any Natural Language Override whether the natural language is supported or not.

3904 If a Printer object supports a natural language, it means that for any of the attributes for which the Printer or Job
3905 object generates messages, i.e., for the "job-state-message" and "printer-state-message" attributes and Operation
3906 Messages (see Section 3.1.5) in operation responses, the Printer and Job objects MUST be able to generate
3907 messages in any of the Printer's supported natural languages. See section 3.1.4 for the definition of 'text' and
3908 'name' attributes in operation requests and responses.

3909 Note: A Printer object that supports multiple natural languages, often has separate catalogs of messages, one for
3910 each natural language supported.

3911 **4.4.21 document-format-default (mimeMediaType)**

3912 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the document format that the Printer object has been configured to
3913 assume if the client does not supply a "document-format" operation attribute in any of the operation requests that
3914 supply document data. The standard values for this attribute are Internet Media types (sometimes called MIME
3915 types). For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

3916 **4.4.22 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType)**

3917 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of document formats that the Printer object and contained Job
3918 objects can support. For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax in Section
3919 4.1.9.

3920 **4.4.23 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)**

3921 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates whether the printer is currently able to accept jobs, i.e., is accepting
3922 Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests. If the value is 'true', the printer is accepting jobs. If the value is
3923 'false', the Printer object is currently rejecting any jobs submitted to it. In this case, the Printer object returns the
3924 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

3925 This value is independent of the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes because its value does not
3926 affect the current job; rather it affects future jobs. This attribute, when 'false', causes the Printer to reject jobs even
3927 when the "printer-state" is 'idle' or, when 'true', causes the Printer object to accept jobs even when the "printer-
3928 state" is 'stopped'.

3929 **4.4.24 queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))**

3930 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains a count of the number of jobs that are either 'pending', 'processing',
3931 'pending-held', or 'processing-stopped' and is set by the Printer object.

3932 **4.4.25 printer-message-from-operator (text(127))**

3933 This Printer attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to indicate
3934 to the end user information or status of the printer, such as why it is unavailable or when it is expected to be
3935 available.

3936 **4.4.26 color-supported (boolean)**

3937 This Printer attribute identifies whether the device is capable of any type of color printing at all, including highlight
3938 color. All document instructions having to do with color are embedded within the document PDL (none are
3939 external IPP attributes in IPP/1.1).

3940 Note: end-users are able to determine the nature and details of the color support by querying the "printer-more-
3941 info-manufacturer" Printer attribute.

3942 **4.4.27 reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)**

3943 This Printer attribute specifies which URI schemes are supported for use in the "document-uri" operation attribute
3944 of the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. If a Printer object supports these optional operations, it MUST support
3945 the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer attribute with at least the following schemed URI value:

3946 'ftp': The Printer object will use an FTP 'get' operation as defined in RFC 2228 [RFC2228] using FTP URLs
3947 as defined by [RFC2396] and [RFC2316].
3948

3949 The Printer object MAY OPTIONALLY support other URI schemes (see section 4.1.6).

3950 **4.4.28 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)**

3951 This REQUIRED Printer attribute expresses the ability for a particular Printer implementation to either attempt to
3952 override document data instructions with IPP attributes or not.

3953 This attribute takes on the following keyword values:

- 3954 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
3955 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 3956 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute values
3957 take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
3958

3959 Section 15 contains a full description of how this attribute interacts with and affects other IPP attributes, especially
3960 the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

3961 4.4.29 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

3962 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this Printer instance has been up
3963 and running. The value is a monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object is started-up
3964 (initialized, booted, etc.). This value is used to populate the Event Time Job Description Job attributes "time-at-
3965 creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see section 4.3.14).

3966 If the Printer object goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up, the implementation MAY:

- 3967 1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or
- 3968 2. Restart from 1.

3969 In other words, if the device or devices that the Printer object is representing are restarted or power cycled, the
3970 Printer object MAY continue counting this value or MAY reset this value to 1 depending on implementation.
3971 However, if the Printer object software ceases running, and restarts without knowing the last value for "printer-up-
3972 time", the implementation MUST reset this value to 1. If this value is reset and the Printer has persistent jobs, the
3973 Printer MUST reset the "time-at-xxx(integer) Event Time Job Description attributes according to Section 4.3.14.
3974 An implementation MAY use both implementation alternatives, depending on warm versus cold start, respectively.

3975 4.4.30 printer-current-time (dateTime)

3976 This Printer attribute indicates the current date and time. This value is used to populate the Event Time Job
3977 Description attributes: "date-time-at-creation", "date-time-at-processing", and "date-time-at-completed" (see
3978 Section 4.3.14).

3979 The date and time is obtained on a "best efforts basis" and does not have to be that precise in order to work in
3980 practice. A Printer implementation sets the value of this attribute by obtaining the date and time via some
3981 implementation-dependent means, such as getting the value from a network time server, initialization at time of
3982 manufacture, or setting by an administrator. See [IPP-IIG] for examples. If an implementation supports this
3983 attribute and the implementation knows that it has not yet been set, then the implementation MUST return the value
3984 of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not configured. See the beginning of section 4.1.

3985 The time zone of this attribute NEED NOT be the time zone used by people located near the Printer object or
3986 device. The client MUST NOT expect that the time zone of any received 'dateTime' value to be in the time zone of
3987 the client or in the time zone of the people located near the printer.

3988 The client SHOULD display any dateTime attributes to the user in client local time by converting the 'dateTime'
3989 value returned by the server to the time zone of the client, rather than using the time zone returned by the Printer in
3990 attributes that use the 'dateTime' attribute syntax.

3991 4.4.31 multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))

3992 This Printer attributes identifies the minimum time (in seconds) that the Printer object waits for additional Send-
3993 Document or Send-URI operations to follow a still-open Job object before taking any recovery actions, such as

3994 the ones indicated in section 3.3.1. If the Printer object supports the Create-Job and Send-Document operations
3995 (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

3996 It is RECOMMENDED that vendors supply a value for this attribute that is between 60 and 240 seconds. An
3997 implementation MAY allow a system administrator to set this attribute (by means outside this IPP/1.1 document).
3998 If so, the system administrator MAY be able to set values outside this range.

3999 **4.4.32 compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)**

4000 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of supported compression algorithms for document data.
4001 Compression only applies to the document data; compression does not apply to the encoding of the IPP operation
4002 itself. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "compression" operation attributes in Print-Job,
4003 Send-Document, and Send-URI requests.

4004 Standard keyword values are :

4005 'none': no compression is used.

4006 'deflate': ZIP public domain inflate/deflate) compression technology [in RFC 1951](#) [RFC1951]

4007 'gzip' GNU zip compression technology described in RFC 1952 [RFC1952].

4008 'compress': UNIX compression technology [in RFC 1977](#) [RFC1977]

4009

4010 **4.4.33 job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))**

4011 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds of total sizes of jobs in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024
4012 octets. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-k-octets" operation attributes in create
4013 requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-k-octets" is defined in section 4.3.17.1.

4014 **4.4.34 job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))**

4015 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of impressions per job. The supported
4016 values are used to validate the client supplied "job-impressions" operation attributes in create requests. The
4017 corresponding job description attribute "job-impressions" is defined in section 4.3.17.2.

4018 **4.4.35 job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))**

4019 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of media sheets per job. The supported
4020 values are used to validate the client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attributes in create requests. The
4021 corresponding Job attribute "job-media-sheets" is defined in section 4.3.17.3.

4022 **4.4.36 pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))**

4023 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which may be
4024 generated by this printer (e.g., simplex, black-and-white). This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee.
4025 Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the device.

4026 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4027 **4.4.37 pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))**

4028 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which may be
4029 generated by this printer when printing color (e.g., simplex, color). For purposes of this attribute, "color" means the
4030 same as for the "color-supported" attribute, namely, the device is capable of any type of color printing at all,
4031 including highlight color. This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the
4032 marketing literature to describe the color capabilities of this device.

4033 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4034 If a color device has several color modes, it MAY use the pages-per-minute value for this attribute that
4035 corresponds to the mode that produces the highest number.

4036 Black and white only printers MUST NOT support this attribute. If this attribute is present, then the "color-
4037 supported" Printer description attribute MUST be present and have a 'true' value.

4038 The values of these two attributes returned by the Get-Printer-Attributes operation MAY be affected by the
4039 "document-format" attribute supplied by the client in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. In other words, the
4040 implementation MAY have different speeds depending on the document format being processed. See section
4041 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes.

4042 **5. Conformance**

4043 This section describes conformance issues and requirements. This document introduces model entities such as
4044 objects, operations, attributes, attribute syntaxes, and attribute values. These conformance sections describe the
4045 conformance requirements which apply to these model entities.

4046 **5.1 Client Conformance Requirements**

4047 This section describes the conformance requirements for a client (see section 2.1), whether it be:

- 4048 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
4049 application that sends IPP requests or

4050 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another "downstream"
4051 print server.

4052 A conforming client **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** operations as defined in this document. For each attribute
4053 included in an operation request, a conforming client **MUST** supply a value whose type and value syntax conforms
4054 to the requirements of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4. A conforming client **MAY** supply any
4055 IETF standards track extensions and/or vendor extensions in an operation request, as long as the extensions meet
4056 the requirements in Section 6.

4057 Otherwise, there are no conformance requirements placed on the user interfaces provided by IPP clients or their
4058 applications. For example, one application might not allow an end user to submit multiple documents per job, while
4059 another does. One application might first query a Printer object in order to supply a graphical user interface (GUI)
4060 dialogue box with supported and default values whereas a different implementation might not.

4061 When sending a request, an IPP client **NEED NOT** supply any attributes that are indicated as **OPTIONALLY**
4062 supplied by the client.

4063 A client **MUST** be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full range, that
4064 may be returned to it in a response from a Printer object. In particular for each attribute that the client supports
4065 whose attribute syntax is 'text', the client **MUST** accept and process both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and
4066 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the client supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the
4067 client **MUST** accept and process both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. For
4068 presentation purposes, truncation of long attribute values is not recommended. A recommended approach would
4069 be for the client implementation to allow the user to scroll through long attribute values.

4070 A response **MAY** contain attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, values, and status codes that the client
4071 does not expect. Therefore, a client implementation **MUST** gracefully handle such responses and not refuse to
4072 inter-operate with a conforming Printer that is returning IETF standards track extension or vendor extensions,
4073 including attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, status codes, and out-of-band attribute
4074 values that conform to Section 6. Clients may choose to ignore any parameters, [attribute groups](#), attributes,
4075 attribute syntaxes, or values that they do not understand.

4076 While a client is sending data to a printer, it **SHOULD** do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by a
4077 lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of paper' or 'job
4078 ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print submission (e.g. an end user)
4079 **MAY** close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a channel, a Printer **MAY** print all or part
4080 of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and Transport" document [[IPP-PRO-RFC2910](#)] for
4081 more details.

4082 A client **MUST** support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [[IPP-
4083 PRO-RFC2910](#)]. A client **SHOULD** support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the
4084 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [[IPP-PRO-RFC2910](#)]. See also section 8 of this document.

4085 **5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements**

4086 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations of IPP objects (see section 2).
4087 These requirements apply to an IPP object whether it is:

- 4088 (1) an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 4089 (2) a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server control one or more
4090 networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

4091 **5.2.1 Objects**

4092 Conforming implementations MUST implement all of the model objects as defined in this document in the indicated
4093 sections:

- 4094 Section 2.1 - Printer Object
- 4095 Section 2.2 - Job Object

4096 **5.2.2 Operations**

4097 Conforming IPP object implementations MUST implement all of the REQUIRED model operations, including
4098 REQUIRED responses, as defined in this document in the indicated sections:

4099 For a Printer object:

4100	Print-Job (section 3.2.1)	REQUIRED
4101	Print-URI (section 3.2.2)	OPTIONAL
4102	Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)	REQUIRED
4103	Create-Job (section 3.2.4)	OPTIONAL
4104	Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)	REQUIRED
4105	Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)	REQUIRED
4106	Pause-Printer (section 3.2.7)	OPTIONAL
4107	Resume-Printer (section 3.2.8)	OPTIONAL
4108	Purge-Jobs (section 3.2.9)	OPTIONAL

4110 For a Job object:

4111	Send-Document (section 3.3.1)	OPTIONAL
4112	Send-URI (section 3.3.2)	OPTIONAL
4113	Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)	REQUIRED
4114	Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)	REQUIRED
4115	Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)	OPTIONAL
4116	Release-Job (section 3.3.6)	OPTIONAL
4117	Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)	OPTIONAL

4118

4119 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all REQUIRED operation attributes and all values of such attributes if so
4120 indicated in the description. Conforming IPP objects MUST ignore all unsupported or unknown operation
4121 attributes or operation attribute groups received in a request, but MUST reject a request that contains a supported
4122 operation attribute that contains an unsupported value.

4123 Conforming IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attributes groups, attributes names,
4124 attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to this standard. The additional attribute
4125 groups MAY occur in any order.

4126 The following section on object attributes specifies the support required for object attributes.

4127 **5.2.3 IPP Object Attributes**

4128 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all of the REQUIRED object attributes, as defined in this document in the
4129 indicated sections.

4130 If an object supports an attribute, it MUST support only those values specified in this document or through the
4131 extension mechanism described in section 5.2.4. It MAY support any non-empty subset of these values. That is, it
4132 MUST support at least one of the specified values and at most all of them.

4133 **5.2.4 Versions**

4134 IPP/1.1 clients MUST meet the conformance requirements for clients specified in this document and [~~IPP-~~
4135 ~~PRO~~RFC2910]. IPP/1.1 clients MUST send requests containing a "version-number" parameter with a '1.1' value.

4136 IPP/1.1 Printer and Job objects MUST meet the conformance requirements for IPP objects specified in this
4137 document and [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910]. IPP/1.1 objects MUST accept requests containing a "version-number"
4138 parameter with a '1.1' value (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

4139 It is beyond the scope of this specification to mandate conformance with previous versions. IPP/1.1 was
4140 deliberately designed, however, to make supporting previous versions easy. It is worth noting that, at the time of
4141 composing this specification (1999), we would expect IPP/1.1 Printer implementations to:

4142 understand any valid request in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1;

4143 respond appropriately with a response containing the same "version-number" parameter value used by the
4144 client in the request.

4145 And we would expect IPP/1.1 clients to:

4146 understand any valid response in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1.

4147 It is recommended that IPP/1.1 clients try supplying alternate version numbers if they receive a 'server-error-
4148 version-not-supported' error return in a response.

4149 5.2.5 Extensions

4150 A conforming IPP object MAY support IETF standards track extensions and vendor extensions, as long as the
4151 extensions meet the requirements specified in Section 6.

4152 For each attribute included in an operation response, a conforming IPP object MUST return a value whose type
4153 and value syntax conforms to the requirement of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4.

4154 5.2.6 Attribute Syntaxes

4155 An IPP object MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full
4156 range, in any operation in which a client may supply attributes or the system administrator may configure attributes
4157 (by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In particular for each attribute that the IPP object
4158 supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the IPP object MUST accept and process both the 'textWithoutLanguage'
4159 and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is
4160 'name', the IPP object MUST accept and process both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage'
4161 forms. Furthermore, an IPP object MUST return attributes to the client in operation responses that conform to the
4162 syntax specified in Section 4.1, including their full range if supplied previously by a client.

4163 5.2.7 Security

4164 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1
4165 Encoding and Transport document [[IPP-PRO-RFC2910](#)]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator
4166 to configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. See also section 8 of this
4167 document.

4168 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as
4169 defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [[IPP-PRO-RFC2910](#)]. A Printer implementation MAY
4170 allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication. See
4171 also section 8 of this document.

4172 Security MUST NOT be compromised when a client supplies a lower "version-number" parameter in a request.
4173 For example, if an IPP/1.1 conforming Printer object accepts version '1.0' requests and is configured to enforce
4174 Digest Authentication, it MUST do the same for a version '1.0' request.

4175 5.3 Charset and Natural Language Requirements

4176 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset as defined in section 4.1.7.

4177 IPP objects MUST be able to accept any client request which correctly uses the "attributes-natural-language"
4178 operation attribute or the Natural Language Override mechanism on any individual attribute whether or not the
4179 natural language is supported by the IPP object. If an IPP object supports a natural language, then it MUST be
4180 able to translate (perhaps by table lookup) all generated 'text' or 'name' attribute values into one of the supported

4181 languages (see section 3.1.4). That is, the IPP object that supports a natural language NEED NOT be a general
4182 purpose translator of any arbitrary 'text' or 'name' value supplied by the client into that natural language. However,
4183 the object MUST be able to translate (automatically generate) any of its own attribute values and messages into
4184 that natural language.

4185 6. IANA Considerations

4186 This section describes the procedures for defining semantics for the following IETF standards track extensions and
4187 vendor extensions to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document:

- 4188 1. keyword attribute values
- 4189 2. enum attribute values
- 4190 3. attributes
- 4191 4. attribute syntaxes
- 4192 5. operations
- 4193 6. attribute groups
- 4194 7. status codes
- 4195 8. out-of-band attribute values

4196

4197 Extensions registered for use with IPP/1.1 are OPTIONAL for client and IPP object conformance to the IPP/1.1
4198 "Model and Semantics" document (this document).

4199 These extension procedures are aligned with the guidelines as set forth by the IESG [IANA-CON]. Section 11
4200 describes how to propose new registrations for consideration. IANA will reject registration proposals that leave
4201 out required information or do not follow the appropriate format described in Section 11. The IPP/1.1 Model and
4202 Semantics document may also be extended by an appropriate RFC that specifies any of the above extensions.

4203 6.1 Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions

4204 IPP allows for 'keyword' and 'enum' extensions (see sections 4.1.2.3 and 4.1.4). This document uses prefixes to
4205 the 'keyword' and 'enum' basic attribute syntax type in order to communicate extra information to the reader
4206 through its name. This extra information is not represented in the protocol because it is unimportant to a client or
4207 Printer object. The list below describes the prefixes and their meaning.

4208 "type1": This IPP specification document must be revised (or another IETF standards track document which
4209 augments this document) to add a new keyword or a new enum. No vendor defined keywords or enums
4210 are allowed.

4211

4212 "type2": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword or enum values by proposing the complete
4213 specification to IANA:

4214

4215 iana@iana.org

4216

4217 IANA will forward the registration proposal to the IPP Designated Expert who will review the proposal
4218 with a mailing list that the Designated Expert keeps for this purpose. Initially, that list will be the mailing list
4219 used by the IPP WG:

4220

4221 ipp@pwg.org

4222

4223 even after the IPP WG is disbanded as permitted by [IANA-CON]. The IPP Designated Expert is
4224 appointed by the IESG Area Director responsible for IPP, according to [IANA-CON].

4225

4226 When a type2 keyword or enum is approved, the IPP Designated Expert becomes the point of contact for
4227 any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4228

4229 "type3": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword and enum values by submitting the complete
4230 specification to IANA as for type2 who will forward the proposal to the IPP Designated Expert. While no
4231 additional technical review is required, the IPP Designated Expert may, at his/her discretion, forward the
4232 proposal to the same mailing list as for type2 registrations for advice and comment.

4233

4234 When a type3 keyword or enum is approved by the IPP Designated Expert, the original proposer
4235 becomes the point of contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4236

4237 For type2 and type3 keywords, the proposer includes the name of the keyword in the registration proposal and the
4238 name is part of the technical review.

4239 After type2 and type3 enums specifications are approved, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA
4240 assigns the next available enum number for each enum value.

4241 IANA will publish approved type2 and type3 keyword and enum attributes value registration specifications in:

4242 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/xxx/yyy.txt

4243 where xxx is the attribute name that specifies the initial values and yyy.txt is a descriptive file name that contains one
4244 or more enums or keywords approved at the same time. For example, if several additional enums for stapling are
4245 approved for use with the "finishings" attribute (and "finishings-default" and "finishings-supported" attributes), IANA
4246 will publish the additional values in the file:

4247 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/finishings/stapling.txt

4248 Note: Some attributes are defined to be: 'type3 keywords' | 'name' which allows for attribute values to be extended
4249 by a site administrator with administrator defined names. Such names are not registered with IANA.

4250 By definition, each of the three types above assert some sort of registry or review process in order for extensions
4251 to be considered valid. Each higher numbered level (1, 2, 3) tends to be decreasingly less stringent than the
4252 previous level. Therefore, any typeN value MAY be registered using a process for some typeM where M is less
4253 than N, however such registration is NOT REQUIRED. For example, a type3 value MAY be registered in a type
4254 1 manner (by being included in a future version of an IPP specification), however, it is NOT REQUIRED.

4255 This document defines keyword and enum values for all of the above types, including type3 keywords.

4256 For vendor keyword extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix, such
4257 as "xxx-" where xxx follows the syntax rules for keywords (see section 4.1.3) and is the (lowercase) fully qualified
4258 company name registered with IANA for use in domain names [RFC1035]. For example, if the company XYZ
4259 Corp. had obtained the domain name "XYZ.com", then a vendor keyword 'abc' would be: 'xyz.com-abc'.

4260 Note: RFC 1035 [RFC1035] indicates that while upper and lower case letters are allowed in domain names, no
4261 significance is attached to the case. That is, two names with the same spelling but different case are to be treated
4262 as if identical. Also, the labels in a domain name must follow the rules for ARPANET host names: They must start
4263 with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior characters only letters, digits, and hyphen. Labels must
4264 be 63 characters or less. Labels are separated by the "." character.

4265 For vendor enum extensions, implementers MUST use values in the reserved integer range which is $2^{*}30$ to
4266 $2^{*}31-1$.

4267 6.2 Attribute Extensibility

4268 Attribute names (see section 4.1.3) are type2 keywords. Therefore, new attributes may be registered and have the
4269 same status as attributes in this document by following the type2 extension rules. For vendor attribute extensions,
4270 implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix as described in Section 6.1.

4271 IANA will publish approved attribute registration specifications as separate files:

4272 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4273 where "xxx-yyy" is the new attribute name.

4274 If a new Printer object attribute is defined and its values can be affected by a specific document format, its
4275 specification needs to contain the following sentence:

4276 "The value of this attribute returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response MAY depend on the
4277 "document-format" attribute supplied (see Section 3.2.5.1)."

4278 If the specification does not, then its value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response MUST NOT depend on the
4279 "document-format" supplied in the request. When a new Job Template attribute is registered, the value of the
4280 Printer attributes MAY vary with "document-format" supplied in the request without the specification having to
4281 indicate so.

4282 **6.3 Attribute Syntax Extensibility**

4283 Attribute syntaxes (see section 4.1) are like type2 enums. Therefore, new attribute syntaxes may be registered and
4284 have the same status as attribute syntaxes in this document by following the type2 extension rules described in
4285 Section 6.1. The initial set of value codes that identify each of the attribute syntaxes have been assigned in the
4286 "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910], including a designated range for vendor extension.

4287 For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute syntax code
4288 in the appropriate range as specified in [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910]. IANA will publish approved attribute syntax
4289 registration specifications as separate files:

4290 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/xxx-yyy.txt

4291 where 'xxx-yyy' is the new attribute syntax name.

4292 **6.4 Operation Extensibility**

4293 Operations (see section 3) may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1, though
4294 major new operations will usually be done by a new standards track RFC that augments this document. For
4295 vendor operation extensions, implementers MUST use the range for the "operation-id" in requests specified in
4296 Section 4.4.15 "operations-supported" Printer attribute.

4297 For operations, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next operation-id code as
4298 specified in Section 4.4.15. IANA will publish approved operation registration specifications as separate files:

4299 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/Xxx-Yyy.txt

4300 where "Xxx-Yyy" is the new operation name.

4301 **6.5 Attribute Group Extensibility**

4302 Attribute groups (see section 3.1.3) passed in requests and responses may be registered following the type2
4303 procedures described in Section 6.1. The initial set of attribute group tags have been assigned in the "Encoding and
4304 Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910], including a designated range for vendor extension.

4305 For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute group tag
4306 code in the appropriate range as specified in [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910]. IANA will publish approved attribute group
4307 registration specifications as separate files:

4308 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt

4309 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new attribute group tag name.

4310 **6.6 Status Code Extensibility**

4311 Operation status codes (see section 3.1.6.1) may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in
4312 Section 6.1. The values for status codes are allocated in ranges as specified in Section 14 for each status code
4313 class:

- 4314 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
- 4315 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
- 4316 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
- 4317 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
- 4318 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request
- 4319

4320 For vendor operation status code extensions, implementers MUST use the top of each range as specified in
4321 Section 13.

4322 For operation status codes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next status code in
4323 the appropriate class range as specified in Section 13. IANA will publish approved status code registration
4324 specifications as separate files:

4325 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4326 where "xxx-yyy" is the new operation status code keyword.

4327 **6.7 Out-of-band Attribute Value Extensibility**

4328 Out-of-band attribute values (see the beginning of section 4.1) passed in requests and responses may be registered
4329 following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1. The initial set of out-of-band attribute value tags have
4330 been assigned in the "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910].

4331 For out-of-band attribute value tags, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next out-of-
4332 band attribute value tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910]. IANA will publish
4333 approved out-of-band attribute value tags registration specifications as separate files:

4334 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/out-of-band-attribute-value-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4335 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new out-of-band attribute value tag name.

4336 **6.8 Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats**

4337 The "document-format" attribute's syntax is 'mimeMediaType'. This means that valid values are Internet Media
4338 Types (see Section 4.1.9). RFC 2045 [RFC2045] defines the syntax for valid Internet media types. IANA is the
4339 registry for all Internet media types.

4340 6.9 Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values

4341 The "attributes-charset" attribute's syntax is 'charset'. This means that valid values are charsets names. When a
4342 charset in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred MIME name)", if
4343 present, MUST be used (see Section 4.1.7). IANA is the registry for charsets following the procedures of
4344 [RFC2278].

4345 7. Internationalization Considerations

4346 Some of the attributes have values that are text strings and names which are intended for human understanding
4347 rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes in Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2).

4348 In each operation request, the client

- 4349 - identifies the charset and natural language of the request which affects each supplied 'text' and 'name' attribute
4350 value, and
- 4351 - requests the charset and natural language for attributes returned by the IPP object in operation responses (as
4352 described in Section 3.1.4.1).

4353

4354 In addition, the client MAY separately and individually identify the Natural Language Override of a supplied 'text'
4355 or 'name' attribute using the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' technique described section 4.1.1.2 and
4356 4.1.2.2 respectively.

4357 All IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset in all 'text' and 'name' attributes supported. If an
4358 IPP object supports more than the UTF-8 charset, the object MUST convert between them in order to return the
4359 requested charset to the client according to Section 3.1.4.2. If an IPP object supports more than one natural
4360 language, the object SHOULD return 'text' and 'name' values in the natural language requested where those values
4361 are generated by the Printer (see Section 3.1.4.1).

4362 For Printers that support multiple charsets and/or multiple natural languages in 'text' and 'name' attributes, different
4363 jobs may have been submitted in differing charsets and/or natural languages. All responses MUST be returned in
4364 the charset requested by the client. However, the Get-Jobs operation uses the 'textWithLanguage' and
4365 'nameWithLanguage' mechanism to identify the differing natural languages with each job attribute returned.

4366 The Printer object also has configured charset and natural language attributes. The client can query the Printer
4367 object to determine the list of charsets and natural languages supported by the Printer object and what the Printer
4368 object's configured values are. See the "charset-configured", "charset-supported", "natural-language-configured",
4369 and "generated-natural-language-supported" Printer description attributes for more details.

4370 The "charset-supported" attributed identifies the supported charsets. If a charset is supported, the IPP object
4371 MUST be capable of converting to and from that charset into any other supported charset. In many cases, an IPP
4372 object will support only one charset and it MUST be the UTF-8 charset.

4373 The "charset-configured" attribute identifies the one supported charset which is the native charset given the current
4374 configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4375 The "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the set of supported natural languages for generated
4376 messages; it is not related to the set of natural languages that must be accepted for client supplied 'text' and 'name'
4377 attributes. For client supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes, an IPP object MUST accept ALL supplied natural
4378 languages. Just because a Printer object is currently configured to support 'en-us' natural language does not mean
4379 that the Printer object should reject a job if the client supplies a job name that is in 'fr-ca'.

4380 The "natural-language-configured" attribute identifies the one supported natural language for generated messages
4381 which is the native natural language given the current configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4382 Attributes of type 'text' and 'name' are populated from different sources. These attributes can be categorized into
4383 following groups (depending on the source of the attribute):

- 4384 1. Some attributes are supplied by the client (e.g., the client supplied "job-name", "document-name", and
4385 "requesting-user-name" operation attributes along with the corresponding Job object's "job-name" and
4386 "job-originating-user-name" attributes). The IPP object MUST accept these attributes in any natural
4387 language no matter what the set of supported languages for generated messages
- 4388 2. Some attributes are supplied by the system administrator (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-name" and
4389 "printer-location" attributes). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these
4390 attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language
4391 Override mechanism.
- 4392 3. Some attributes are supplied by the device manufacturer (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-make-and-
4393 model" attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is
4394 different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language Override
4395 mechanism.
- 4396 4. Some attributes are supplied by the operator (e.g., the Job object's "job-message-from-operator" attribute).
4397 These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is different than what a
4398 client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language Override mechanism.
- 4399 5. Some attributes are generated by the IPP object (e.g., the Job object's "job-state-message" attribute, the
4400 Printer object's "printer-state-message" attribute, and the "status-message" operation attribute). These
4401 attributes can only be in one of the "generated-natural-language-supported" natural languages. If a client
4402 requests some natural language for these attributes other than one of the supported values, the IPP object
4403 SHOULD respond using the value of the "natural-language-configured" attribute (using the Natural
4404 Language Override mechanism if needed).

4406 The 'text' and 'name' attributes specified in this version of this document (additional ones will be registered
4407 according to the procedures in Section 6) are:

Attributes	Source
Operation Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client
document-name (name)	client
requesting-user-name (name)	client
status-message (text)	Job or Printer object
detailed-status-message (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
document-access-error (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Job Template Attributes:	
job-hold-until (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-ready (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
Job Description Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client or Printer object
job-originating-user-name (name)	Printer object
job-state-message (text)	Job or Printer object
output-device-assigned (name(127))	administrator
job-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator
job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
job-document-access-errors (1setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Printer Description Attributes:	
printer-name (name(127))	administrator
printer-location (text(127))	administrator
printer-info (text(127))	administrator
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	administrator or manufacturer
printer-state-message (text)	Printer object
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator

4408 Rule 1 - Neither the Printer nor the client localizes these message attributes, since they are intended for use by the
4409 system administrator or other experienced technical persons.

4410

4411 **8. Security Considerations**

4412 It is difficult to anticipate the security risks that might exist in any given IPP environment. For example, if IPP is
4413 used within a given corporation over a private network, the risks of exposing document data may be low enough
4414 that the corporation will choose not to use encryption on that data. However, if the connection between the client
4415 and the IPP object is over a public network, the client may wish to protect the content of the information during
4416 transmission through the network with encryption.

4417 Furthermore, the value of the information being printed may vary from one IPP environment to the next. Printing
4418 payroll checks, for example, would have a different value than printing public information from a file. There is also
4419 the possibly of denial-of-service attacks, but denial-of-service attacks against printing resources are not well
4420 understood and there is no published precedents regarding this scenario.

4421 Once the authenticated identity of the requester has been supplied to the IPP object, the object uses that identity to
4422 enforce any authorization policy that might be in place. For example, one site's policy might be that only the job
4423 owner is allowed to cancel a job. The details and mechanisms to set up a particular access control policy are not
4424 part of IPP/1.1, and must be established via some other type of administrative or access control framework.
4425 However, there are operation status codes that allow an IPP server to return information back to a client about any
4426 potential access control violations for an IPP object.

4427 During a create operation, the client's identity is recorded in the Job object in an implementation-defined attribute.
4428 This information can be used to verify a client's identity for subsequent operations on that Job object in order to
4429 enforce any access control policy that might be in effect. See section 8.3 below for more details.

4430 Since the security levels or the specific threats that an IPP system administrator may be concerned with cannot be
4431 anticipated, IPP MUST be capable of operating with different security mechanisms and security policies as
4432 required by the individual installation. Security policies might vary from very strong, to very weak, to none at all,
4433 and corresponding security mechanisms will be required.

4434 **8.1 Security Scenarios**

4435 The following sections describe specific security attacks for IPP environments. Where examples are provided they
4436 should be considered illustrative of the environment and not an exhaustive set. Not all of these environments will
4437 necessarily be addressed in initial implementations of IPP.

4438 **8.1.1 Client and Server in the Same Security Domain**

4439 This environment is typical of internal networks where traditional office workers print the output of personal
4440 productivity applications on shared work-group printers, or where batch applications print their output on large
4441 production printers. Although the identity of the user may be trusted in this environment, a user might want to
4442 protect the content of a document against such attacks as eavesdropping, replaying or tampering.

4443 8.1.2 Client and Server in Different Security Domains

4444 Examples of this environment include printing a document created by the client on a publicly available printer, such
4445 as at a commercial print shop; or printing a document remotely on a business associate's printer. This latter
4446 operation is functionally equivalent to sending the document to the business associate as a facsimile. Printing
4447 sensitive information on a Printer in a different security domain requires strong security measures. In this
4448 environment authentication of the printer is required as well as protection against unauthorized use of print
4449 resources. Since the document crosses security domains, protection against eavesdropping and document
4450 tampering are also required. It will also be important in this environment to protect Printers against "spamming" and
4451 malicious document content.

4452 8.1.3 Print by Reference

4453 When the document is not stored on the client, printing can be done by reference. That is, the print request can
4454 contain a reference, or pointer, to the document instead of the actual document itself (see sections 3.2.2 and 3.3.2).
4455 Standard methods currently do not exist for remote entities to "assume" the credentials of a client for forwarding
4456 requests to a 3rd party. It is anticipated that Print-By-Reference will be used to access "public" documents and that
4457 sophisticated methods for authenticating "proxies" is not specified in this document.

4458 8.2 URIs in Operation, Job, and Printer attributes

4459 The "printer-uri-supported" attribute contains the Printer object's URI(s). Its companion attribute, "uri-security-
4460 supported", identifies the security mechanism used for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. For
4461 each Printer operation request, a client MUST supply only one URI in the "printer-uri" operation attribute. In other
4462 words, even though the Printer supports more than one URI, the client only interacts with the Printer object using
4463 one if its URIs. This duality is not needed for Job objects, since the Printer objects is the factory for Job objects,
4464 and the Printer object will generate the correct URI for new Job objects depending on the Printer object's security
4465 configuration.

4466 8.3 URIs for each authentication mechanisms

4467 Each URI has an authentication mechanism associated with it. If the URI is the i'th element of "printer-uri-
4468 supported", then authentication mechanism is the "i th" element of "uri-authentication-supported". For a list of
4469 possible authentication mechanisms, see section 4.4.2.

4470 The Printer object uses an authentication mechanism to determine the name of the user performing an operation.
4471 This user is called the "authenticated user". The credibility of authentication depends on the mechanism that the
4472 Printer uses to obtain the user's name. When the authentication mechanism is 'none', all authenticated users are
4473 "anonymous".

4474 During job creation operations, the Printer initializes the value of the "job-originating-user-name" attribute (see
4475 section 4.3.6) to be the authenticated user. The authenticated user in this case is called the "job owner".

4476 If an implementation can be configured to support more than one authentication mechanism (see section 4.4.2),
4477 then it MUST implement rules for determining equality of authenticated user names which have been authenticated
4478 via different authentication mechanisms. One possible policy is that identical names that are authenticated via
4479 different mechanisms are different. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same authentication
4480 mechanism for both Cancel-Job and Print-Job. Another policy is that identical names that are authenticated via
4481 different mechanism are the same if the authentication mechanism for the later operation is not less strong than the
4482 authentication mechanism for the earlier job creation operation. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he
4483 uses the same or stronger authentication mechanism for Cancel-Job and Print-Job. With this second policy a job
4484 submitted via 'requesting-user-name' authentication could be canceled via 'digest' authentication. With the first
4485 policy, the job could not be canceled in this way.

4486 A client is able to determine the authentication mechanism used to create a job. It is the i'th value of the Printer's
4487 "uri-authentication-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.2), where i is the index of the element of the Printer's
4488 "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.1) equal to the job's "job-printer-uri" attribute (see section 4.3.3).

4489 **8.4 Restricted Queries**

4490 In many IPP operations, a client supplies a list of attributes to be returned in the response. For security reasons, an
4491 IPP object may be configured not to return all attributes (or all values) that a client requests. The job attributes
4492 returned MAY depend on whether the requesting user is the same as the user that submitted the job. The IPP
4493 object MAY even return none of the requested attributes. In such cases, the status returned is the same as if the
4494 object had returned all requested attributes. The client cannot tell by such a response whether the requested
4495 attribute was present or absent on the object.

4496 **8.5 Operations performed by operators and system administrators**

4497 For the three printer operations Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs (see sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8 and
4498 3.2.9), the requesting user is intended to be an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see section 1).
4499 Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-
4500 authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate. For operations on jobs, the requesting user is
4501 intended to be the job owner or may be an operator or administrator of the Printer object. The means for
4502 authorizing an operator or administrator of the Printer object are not specified in this document.

4503 **8.6 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols**

4504 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols in
4505 addition to IPP, it is RECOMMENDED that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to be
4506 queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation NEED NOT
4507 support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-band value
4508 for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign jobs.

4509 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign jobs",
4510 if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and Cancel-Job. Such
4511 an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign jobs. One approach would
4512 be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the IPP client. Another approach
4513 would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client has been authenticated as an operator
4514 or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the
4515 security policy is to allow users to query other users' jobs, then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-
4516 user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes.

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4682 ~~IPP Mailing List Subscription: ipp-request@pwg.org~~

4683 ~~IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>~~

4684
 4685 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

4686 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org

4687 2) leave the subject line blank

4688 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

4689 subscribe ipp

4690 end

4691
 4692 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join IPP Mailing List in order to participate in any
 4693 discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and values.
 4694

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4696

4697

11. Formats for IPP Registration Proposals

4698 In order to propose an IPP extension for registration, the proposer must submit an application to IANA by email to
4699 "iana@iana.org" or by filling out the appropriate form on the IANA web pages (<http://www.iana.org>). This section
4700 specifies the required information and the formats for proposing registrations of extensions to IPP as provided in
4701 Section 6 for:

4702

- 4703 1. type2 'keyword' attribute values
- 4704 2. type3 'keyword' attribute values
- 4705 3. type2 'enum' attribute values
- 4706 4. type3 'enum' attribute values
- 4707 5. attributes
- 4708 6. attribute syntaxes
- 4709 7. operations
- 4710 8. status codes

4711 9. out-of-band attribute values

4712 **11.1 Type2 keyword attribute values registration**

4713 Type of registration: type2 keyword attribute value

4714 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4715 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4716 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4717 Name of proposer:

4718 Address of proposer:

4719 Email address of proposer:

4720

4721 Note: For type2 keywords, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4722 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4723 **11.2 Type3 keyword attribute values registration**

4724 Type of registration: type3 keyword attribute value

4725 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4726 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4727 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4728 Name of proposer:

4729 Address of proposer:

4730 Email address of proposer:

4731

4732 Note: For type3 keywords, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration specification, if
4733 any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4734 **11.3 Type2 enum attribute values registration**

4735 Type of registration: type2 enum attribute value

4736 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4737 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4738 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4739 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4740 Name of proposer:

4741 Address of proposer:

4742 Email address of proposer:

4743

4744 Note: For type2 enums, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4745 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4746 **11.4 Type3 enum attribute values registration**

4747 Type of registration: type3 enum attribute value

4748 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4749 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4750 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4751 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4752 Name of proposer:

4753 Address of proposer:

4754 Email address of proposer:

4755

4756 Note: For type3 enums, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration specification, if any
4757 maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4758 **11.5 Attribute registration**

4759 Type of registration: attribute

4760 Proposed keyword name of this attribute:

4761 Types of attribute (Operation, Job Template, Job Description, Printer Description):

4762 Operations to be used with if the attribute is an operation attribute:

4763 Object (Job, Printer, etc. if bound to an object):

4764 Attribute syntax(es) (include 1setOf and range as in Section 4.2):

4765 If attribute syntax is 'keyword' or 'enum', is it type2 or type3:

4766 If this is a Printer attribute, MAY the value returned depend on "document-format" (See Section 6.2):

4767 If this is a Job Template attribute, how does its specification depend on the value of the "multiple-document-
4768 handling" attribute:

4769 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.2):

4770 Name of proposer:

4771 Address of proposer:

4772 Email address of proposer:

4773

4774 Note: For attributes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4775 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4776 **11.6 Attribute Syntax registration**

4777 Type of registration: attribute syntax

4778 Proposed name of this attribute syntax:

4779 Type of attribute syntax (integer, octetString, character-string, see [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910]):

4780 Numeric tag according to [~~IPP-PRO~~RFC2910] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4781 IANA):

4782 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1):

4783 Name of proposer:

4784 Address of proposer:
4785 Email address of proposer:
4786
4787 Note: For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4788 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4789 **11.7 Operation registration**

4790 Type of registration: operation
4791 Proposed name of this operation:
4792 Numeric operation-id value according to section 4.4.15 (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in
4793 consultation with IANA):
4794 Object Target (Job, Printer, etc. that operation is upon):
4795 Specification of this operation (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):
4796 Name of proposer:
4797 Address of proposer:
4798 Email address of proposer:
4799

4800 Note: For operations, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4801 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4802 **11.8 Attribute Group registration**

4803 Type of registration: attribute group
4804 Proposed name of this attribute group:
4805 Numeric tag according to [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4806 IANA):
4807 Operation requests and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:
4808 Operation responses and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:
4809 Specification of this attribute group (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):
4810 Name of proposer:
4811 Address of proposer:
4812 Email address of proposer:
4813

4814 Note: For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4815 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4816 **11.9 Status code registration**

4817 Type of registration: status code
4818 Keyword symbolic name of this status code value:
4819 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):
4820 Operations that this status code may be used with:

4821 Specification of this status code (follow the style of IPP Model Section 13 APPENDIX B: Status Codes and
4822 Suggested Status Code Messages):

4823 Name of proposer:

4824 Address of proposer:

4825 Email address of proposer:

4826

4827 Note: For status codes, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4828 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4829 11.10 Out-of-band Attribute Value registration

4830 Type of registration: out-of-band attribute value

4831 Proposed name of this out-of-band attribute value:

4832 Numeric tag according to [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4833 IANA):

4834 Operations that this out-of-band attribute value may be used with:

4835 Attributes that this out-of-band attribute value may be used with:

4836 Specification of this out-of-band attribute value (follow the style of the beginning of IPP Model Section 4.1):

4837 Name of proposer:

4838 Address of proposer:

4839 Email address of proposer:

4840

4841 Note: For out-of-band attribute values, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4842 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4843 12. APPENDIX A: Terminology

4844 This specification document uses the terminology defined in this section.

4845 12.1 Conformance Terminology

4846 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED",
4847 "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

4848 12.1.1 NEED NOT

4849 This term is not included in RFC 2119. The verb "NEED NOT" indicates an action that the subject of the sentence
4850 does not have to implement in order to claim conformance to the standard. The verb "NEED NOT" is used
4851 instead of "MAY NOT" since "MAY NOT" sounds like a prohibition.

4852 **12.2 Model Terminology**

4853 **12.2.1 Keyword**

4854 Keywords are used within this document as identifiers of semantic entities within the abstract model (see section
4855 4.1.2.3). Attribute names, some attribute values, attribute syntaxes, and attribute group names are represented as
4856 keywords.

4857 **12.2.2 Attributes**

4858 An attribute is an item of information that is associated with an instance of an IPP object. An attribute consists of
4859 an attribute name and one or more attribute values. Each attribute has a specific attribute syntax. All object
4860 attributes are defined in section 4 and all operation attributes are defined in section 3.

4861 Job Template Attributes are described in section 4.2. The client optionally supplies Job Template attributes in a
4862 create request (operation requests that create Job objects). The Printer object has associated attributes which
4863 define supported and default values for the Printer.

4864 **12.2.2.1 Attribute Name**

4865 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document by its attribute name. An attribute name is a keyword. The
4866 keyword attribute name is given in the section header describing that attribute. In running text in this document,
4867 attribute names are indicated inside double quotation marks (") where the quotation marks are not part of the
4868 keyword itself.

4869 **12.2.2.2 Attribute Group Name**

4870 Related attributes are grouped into named groups. The name of the group is a keyword. The group name may be
4871 used in place of naming all the attributes in the group explicitly. Attribute groups are defined in section 3.

4872 **12.2.2.3 Attribute Value**

4873 Each attribute has one or more values. Attribute values are represented in the syntax type specified for that
4874 attribute. In running text in this document, attribute values are indicated inside single quotation marks ('), whether
4875 their attribute syntax is keyword, integer, text, etc. where the quotation marks are not part of the value itself.

4876 **12.2.2.4 Attribute Syntax**

4877 Each attribute is defined using an explicit syntax type. In this document, each syntax type is defined as a keyword
4878 with specific meaning. The "Encoding and Transport" document [~~IPP-PRO~~ RFC2910] indicates the actual "on-the-
4879 wire" encoding rules for each syntax type. Attribute syntax types are defined in section 4.1.

4880 **12.2.3 Supports**

4881 By definition, a Printer object supports an attribute only if that Printer object responds with the corresponding
4882 attribute populated with some value(s) in a response to a query for that attribute. A Printer object supports an
4883 attribute value if the value is one of the Printer object's "supported values" attributes. The device behind a Printer
4884 object may exhibit a behavior that corresponds to some IPP attribute, but if the Printer object, when queried for
4885 that attribute, doesn't respond with the attribute, then as far as IPP is concerned, that implementation does not
4886 support that feature. If the Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute is not populated with a particular value (even if
4887 that value is a legal value for that attribute), then that Printer object does not support that particular value.

4888 A conforming implementation MUST support all REQUIRED attributes. However, even for REQUIRED
4889 attributes, conformance to IPP does not mandate that all implementations support all possible values representing
4890 all possible job processing behaviors and features. For example, if a given instance of a Printer supports only
4891 certain document formats, then that Printer responds with the "document-format-supported" attribute populated
4892 with a set of values, possibly only one, taken from the entire set of possible values defined for that attribute. This
4893 limited set of values represents the Printer's set of supported document formats. Supporting an attribute and some
4894 set of values for that attribute enables IPP end users to be aware of and make use of those features associated with
4895 that attribute and those values. If an implementation chooses to not support an attribute or some specific value,
4896 then IPP end users would have no ability to make use of that feature within the context of IPP itself. However, due
4897 to existing practice and legacy systems which are not IPP aware, there might be some other mechanism outside the
4898 scope of IPP to control or request the "unsupported" feature (such as embedded instructions within the document
4899 data itself).

4900 For example, consider the "finishings-supported" attribute.

- 4901 1) If a Printer object is not physically capable of stapling, the "finishings-supported" attribute MUST NOT be
4902 populated with the value of 'staple'.
- 4903 2) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, however an implementation chooses not to support
4904 stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST NOT be a value in the "finishings-
4905 supported" Printer object attribute. Without support for the value 'staple', an IPP end user would have no
4906 means within the protocol itself to request that a Job be stapled. However, an existing document data
4907 formatter might be able to request that the document be stapled directly with an embedded instruction
4908 within the document data. In this case, the IPP implementation does not "support" stapling, however the
4909 end user is still able to have some control over the stapling of the completed job.
- 4910 3) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, and an implementation chooses to support stapling in the
4911 IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST be a value in the "finishings-supported" Printer object
4912 attribute. Doing so, would enable end users to be aware of and make use of the stapling feature using IPP
4913 attributes.

4914
4915 Even though support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object is OPTIONAL, it is RECOMMENDED that
4916 if the device behind a Printer object is capable of realizing any feature or function that corresponds to an IPP
4917 attribute and some associated value, then that implementation SHOULD support that IPP attribute and value.

4918 The set of values in any of the supported value attributes is set (populated) by some administrative process or
4919 automatic sensing mechanism that is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. For administrative policy and
4920 control reasons, an administrator may choose to make only a subset of possible values visible to the end user. In
4921 this case, the real output device behind the IPP Printer abstraction may be capable of a certain feature, however an
4922 administrator is specifying that access to that feature not be exposed to the end user through the IPP protocol.
4923 Also, since a Printer object may represent a logical print device (not just a physical device) the actual process for
4924 supporting a value is undefined and left up to the implementation. However, if a Printer object supports a value,
4925 some manual human action may be needed to realize the semantic action associated with the value, but no end user
4926 action is required.

4927 For example, if one of the values in the "finishings-supported" attribute is 'staple', the actual process might be an
4928 automatic staple action by a physical device controlled by some command sent to the device. Or, the actual
4929 process of stapling might be a manual action by an operator at an operator attended Printer object.

4930 For another example of how supported attributes function, consider a system administrator who desires to control
4931 all print jobs so that no job sheets are printed in order to conserve paper. To force no job sheets, the system
4932 administrator sets the only supported value for the "job-sheets-supported" attribute to 'none'. In this case, if a client
4933 requests anything except 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is ignored (depending on
4934 the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"). To force the use of job start/end sheets on all jobs, the administrator does not
4935 include the value 'none' in the "job-sheets-supported" attribute. In this case, if a client requests 'none', the create
4936 request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is ignored (again depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity").

4937 **12.2.4 print-stream page**

4938 A "print-stream page" is a page according to the definition of pages in the language used to express the document
4939 data.

4940 **12.2.5 impression**

4941 An "impression" is the image (possibly many print-stream pages in different configurations) imposed onto a single
4942 media page.

4943 **13. APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages**

4944 This section defines status code enum keywords and values that are used to provide semantic information on the
4945 results of an operation request. Each operation response **MUST** include a status code. The response **MAY** also
4946 contain a status message that provides a short textual description of the status. The status code is intended for use
4947 by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user. Since the status message is an
4948 **OPTIONAL** component of the operation response, an IPP application (i.e., a browser, GUI, print driver or
4949 gateway) is **NOT REQUIRED** to examine or display the status message, since it **MAY** not be returned to the
4950 application.

4951 The prefix of the status keyword defines the class of response as follows:

4952 "informational" - Request received, continuing process

4953 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted

4954 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request

4955 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled

4956 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

4957

4958 As with type2 enums, IPP status codes are extensible. IPP clients are NOT REQUIRED to understand the
4959 meaning of all registered status codes, though such understanding is obviously desirable. However, IPP clients
4960 MUST understand the class of any status code, as indicated by the prefix, and treat any unrecognized response as
4961 being equivalent to the first status code of that class, with the exception that an unrecognized response MUST
4962 NOT be cached. For example, if an unrecognized status code of "client-error-xxx-yyy" is received by the client, it
4963 can safely assume that there was something wrong with its request and treat the response as if it had received a
4964 "client-error-bad-request" status code. In such cases, IPP applications SHOULD present the OPTIONAL
4965 message (if present) to the end user since the message is likely to contain human readable information which will
4966 help to explain the unusual status. The name of the enum is the suggested status message for US English.

4967 The status code values range from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. The value ranges for each status code class are as follows:

4968 "successful" - 0x0000 to 0x00FF

4969 "informational" - 0x0100 to 0x01FF

4970 "redirection" - 0x0200 to 0x02FF

4971 "client-error" - 0x0400 to 0x04FF

4972 "server-error" - 0x0500 to 0x05FF

4973

4974 The top half (128 values) of each range (0x0n40 to 0x0nFF, for n = 0 to 5) is reserved for vendor use within each
4975 status code class. Values 0x0600 to 0x7FFF are reserved for future assignment by IETF standards track
4976 documents and MUST NOT be used.

4977 13.1 Status Codes

4978 Each status code is described below. Section 13.1.5.9 contains a table that indicates which status codes apply to
4979 which operations. The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] describe the suggested steps for processing IPP attributes
4980 for all operations, including returning status codes.

4981 13.1.1 Informational

4982 This class of status code indicates a provisional response and is to be used for informational purposes only.

4983 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

4984 **13.1.2 Successful Status Codes**

4985 This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and accepted.

4986 **13.1.2.1 successful-ok (0x0000)**

4987 The request has succeeded and no request attributes were substituted or ignored. In the case of a response to a
4988 create request, the 'successful-ok' status code indicates that the request was successfully received and validated,
4989 and that the Job object has been created; it does not indicate that the job has been processed. The transition of the
4990 Job object into the 'completed' state is the only indicator that the job has been printed.

4991 **13.1.2.2 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)**

4992 The request has succeeded, but some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) unsupported values were
4993 substituted with supported values or were ignored in order to perform the operation without rejecting it.
4994 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of the
4995 response for all operations. There is an exception to this rule for the query operations: Get-Printer-Attributes,
4996 Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes for the "requested-attributes" operation attribute only. When the supplied values
4997 of the "requested-attributes" operation attribute are requesting attributes that are not supported, the IPP object
4998 MAY, but is NOT REQUIRED to, return the "requested-attributes" attribute in the Unsupported Attribute
4999 response group (with the unsupported values only). See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

5000 **13.1.2.3 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002)**

5001 The request has succeeded, but some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other supplied
5002 attributes. These conflicting values were either (1) substituted with (supported) values or (2) the attributes were
5003 removed in order to process the job without rejecting it. Attributes or values which conflict with other attributes
5004 and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of the response for
5005 all operations as supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

5006 **13.1.3 Redirection Status Codes**

5007 This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken to fulfill the request.

5008 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5009 **13.1.4 Client Error Status Codes**

5010 This class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. The IPP object SHOULD
5011 return a message containing an explanation of the error situation and whether it is a temporary or permanent
5012 condition.

5013 **13.1.4.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400)**

5014 The request could not be understood by the IPP object due to malformed syntax (such as the value of a fixed
5015 length attribute whose length does not match the prescribed length for that attribute - see the Implementer's Guide
5016 [IPP-IIG]). The IPP application SHOULD NOT repeat the request without modifications.

5017 **13.1.4.2 client-error-forbidden (0x0401)**

5018 The IPP object understood the request, but is refusing to fulfill it. Additional authentication information or
5019 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is commonly
5020 used when the IPP object does not wish to reveal exactly why the request has been refused or when no other
5021 response is applicable.

5022 **13.1.4.3 client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402)**

5023 The request requires user authentication. The IPP client may repeat the request with suitable authentication
5024 information. If the request already included authentication information, then this status code indicates that
5025 authorization has been refused for those credentials. If this response contains the same challenge as the prior
5026 response, and the user agent has already attempted authentication at least once, then the response message may
5027 contain relevant diagnostic information. This status codes reveals more information than "client-error-forbidden".

5028 **13.1.4.4 client-error-not-authorized (0x0403)**

5029 The requester is not authorized to perform the request. Additional authentication information or authorization
5030 credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is used when the IPP
5031 object wishes to reveal that the authentication information is understandable, however, the requester is explicitly not
5032 authorized to perform the request. This status codes reveals more information than "client-error-forbidden" and
5033 "client-error-not-authenticated".

5034 **13.1.4.5 client-error-not-possible (0x0404)**

5035 This status code is used when the request is for something that can not happen. For example, there might be a
5036 request to cancel a job that has already been canceled or aborted by the system. The IPP client SHOULD NOT
5037 repeat the request.

5038 **13.1.4.6 client-error-timeout (0x0405)**

5039 The client did not produce a request within the time that the IPP object was prepared to wait. For example, a
5040 client issued a Create-Job operation and then, after a long period of time, issued a Send-Document operation and
5041 this error status code was returned in response to the Send-Document request (see section 3.3.1). The IPP
5042 object might have been forced to clean up resources that had been held for the waiting additional Documents. The

5043 IPP object was forced to close the Job since the client took too long. The client SHOULD NOT repeat the
5044 request without modifications.

5045 **13.1.4.7 client-error-not-found (0x0406)**

5046 The IPP object has not found anything matching the request URI. No indication is given of whether the condition is
5047 temporary or permanent. For example, a client with an old reference to a Job (a URI) tries to cancel the Job,
5048 however in the mean time the Job might have been completed and all record of it at the Printer has been deleted.
5049 This status code, 'client-error-not-found' is returned indicating that the referenced Job can not be found. This error
5050 status code is also used when a client supplies a URI as a reference to the document data in either a Print-URI or
5051 Send-URI operation, but the document can not be found.

5052 In practice, an IPP application should avoid a not found situation by first querying and presenting a list of valid
5053 Printer URIs and Job URIs to the end-user.

5054 **13.1.4.8 client-error-gone (0x0407)**

5055 The requested object is no longer available and no forwarding address is known. This condition should be
5056 considered permanent. Clients with link editing capabilities should delete references to the request URI after user
5057 approval. If the IPP object does not know or has no facility to determine, whether or not the condition is
5058 permanent, the status code "client-error-not-found" should be used instead.

5059 This response is primarily intended to assist the task of maintenance by notifying the recipient that the resource is
5060 intentionally unavailable and that the IPP object administrator desires that remote links to that resource be
5061 removed. It is not necessary to mark all permanently unavailable resources as "gone" or to keep the mark for any
5062 length of time -- that is left to the discretion of the IPP object administrator and/or Printer implementation.

5063 **13.1.4.9 client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408)**

5064 The IPP object is refusing to process a request because the request entity is larger than the IPP object is willing or
5065 able to process. An IPP Printer returns this status code when it limits the size of print jobs and it receives a print
5066 job that exceeds that limit or when the attributes are so many that their encoding causes the request entity to exceed
5067 IPP object capacity.

5068 **13.1.4.10 client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409)**

5069 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because one or more of the client-supplied attributes has a
5070 variable length value that is longer than the maximum length specified for that attribute. The IPP object might not
5071 have sufficient resources (memory, buffers, etc.) to process (even temporarily), interpret, and/or ignore a value
5072 larger than the maximum length. Another use of this error code is when the IPP object supports the processing of a
5073 large value that is less than the maximum length, but during the processing of the request as a whole, the object may
5074 pass the value onto some other system component which is not able to accept the large value. For more details,
5075 see the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] .

5076 Note: For attribute values that are URIs, this rare condition is only likely to occur when a client has improperly
5077 submitted a request with long query information (e.g. an IPP application allows an end-user to enter an invalid
5078 URI), when the client has descended into a URI "black hole" of redirection (e.g., a redirected URI prefix that
5079 points to a suffix of itself), or when the IPP object is under attack by a client attempting to exploit security holes
5080 present in some IPP objects using fixed-length buffers for reading or manipulating the Request-URI.

5081 **13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)**

5082 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in the
5083 "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is returned
5084 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if
5085 there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with
5086 Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.2.1.1.

5087 **13.1.4.12 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B)**

5088 In a create request, if the Printer object does not support one or more attributes, attribute syntaxes, or attribute
5089 values supplied in the request and the client supplied the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute with the 'true'
5090 value, the Printer object MUST return this status code. The Printer object MUST also return in the Unsupported
5091 Attributes Group all the attributes and/or values supplied by the client that are not supported. See section 3.1.7.
5092 For example, if the request indicates 'iso-a4' media, but that media type is not supported by the Printer object. Or,
5093 if the client supplies a Job Template attribute and the attribute itself is not even supported by the Printer. If the
5094 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is 'false', the Printer MUST ignore or substitute values for unsupported Job
5095 Template attributes and values rather than reject the request and return this status code.

5096 For any operation where a client requests attributes (such as a Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, or Get-Job-
5097 Attributes operation), if the IPP object does not support one or more of the requested attributes, the IPP object
5098 simply ignores the unsupported requested attributes and processes the request as if they had not been supplied,
5099 rather than returning this status code. In this case, the IPP object MUST return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
5100 substituted-attributes' status code and MAY return the unsupported attributes as values of the "requested-
5101 attributes" in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 13.1.2.2).

5102 **13.1.4.13 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)**

5103 The scheme of the client-supplied URI in a Print-URI or a Send-URI operation is not supported. See sections
5104 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5105 **13.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D)**

5106 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-charset"
5107 operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or 'name' attributes
5108 using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1). See sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5109 13.1.4.15 client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E)

5110 The request is rejected because some attribute values conflicted with the values of other attributes which this
5111 document does not permit to be substituted or ignored. The Printer object MUST also return in the Unsupported
5112 Attributes Group the conflicting attributes supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

5113 13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)

5114 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data, as specified in the "compression"
5115 operation attribute, is compressed in a way that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is returned
5116 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if
5117 there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with
5118 Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.2.1.1.

5119 13.1.4.17 client-error-compression-error (0x0410)

5120 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data cannot be decompressed when using
5121 the algorithm specified by the "compression" operation attribute. This error is returned independent of the client-
5122 supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there are Job Template
5123 attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See
5124 sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5125 13.1.4.18 client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)

5126 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because Printer encountered an error in the document data while
5127 interpreting it. This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object
5128 MUST return this status code, even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this
5129 error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5130 13.1.4.19 client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)

5131 The IPP object is refusing to service the Print-URI or Send-URI request because Printer encountered an access
5132 error while attempting to validate the accessibility or access the document data specified in the "document-uri"
5133 operation attribute. The Printer MAY also return a specific document access error code using the "document-
5134 access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4). This error is returned independent of the client-supplied
5135 "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there are Job Template attributes
5136 that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections
5137 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5138 **13.1.5 Server Error Status Codes**

5139 This class of status codes indicates cases in which the IPP object is aware that it has erred or is incapable of
5140 performing the request. The IPP object SHOULD include a message containing an explanation of the error
5141 situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

5142 **13.1.5.1 server-error-internal-error (0x0500)**

5143 The IPP object encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request. This error status
5144 code differs from "server-error-temporary-error" in that it implies a more permanent type of internal error. It also
5145 differs from "server-error-device-error" in that it implies an unexpected condition (unlike a paper-jam or out-of-
5146 toner problem which is undesirable but expected). This error status code indicates that probably some
5147 knowledgeable human intervention is required.

5148 **13.1.5.2 server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501)**

5149 The IPP object does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request. This is the appropriate response
5150 when the IPP object does not recognize an operation or is not capable of supporting it. See sections 3.1.6.1 and
5151 3.1.7.

5152 **13.1.5.3 server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502)**

5153 The IPP object is currently unable to handle the request due to a temporary overloading or maintenance of the IPP
5154 object. The implication is that this is a temporary condition which will be alleviated after some delay. If known, the
5155 length of the delay may be indicated in the message. If no delay is given, the IPP application should handle the
5156 response as it would for a "server-error-temporary-error" response. If the condition is more permanent, the error
5157 status codes "client-error-gone" or "client-error-not-found" could be used.

5158 **13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)**

5159 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was supplied as the value of
5160 the "version-number" operation parameter in the request. The IPP object is indicating that it is unable or unwilling
5161 to complete the request using the same major and minor version number as supplied in the request other than with
5162 this error message. The error response SHOULD contain a "status-message" attribute (see section 3.1.6.2)
5163 describing why that version is not supported and what other versions are supported by that IPP object. See
5164 sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.1.8.

5165 The error response MUST identify in the "version-number" operation parameter the closest version number that the
5166 IPP object does support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0' and an IPP/1.1 object supports version
5167 '1.0', then it responds with version '1.0' in all responses to such a request. If the IPP/1.1 object does not support
5168 version '1.0', then it should accept the request and respond with version '1.1' or may reject the request and
5169 respond with this error code and version '1.1'. If a client supplies a version '1.2', the IPP/1.1 object should accept

5170 the request and return version '1.1' or may reject the request and respond with this error code and version '1.1'.
5171 See sections 3.1.8 and 4.4.14.

5172 **13.1.5.5 server-error-device-error (0x0504)**

5173 A printer error, such as a paper jam, occurs while the IPP object processes a Print or Send operation. The
5174 response contains the true Job Status (the values of the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes). Additional
5175 information can be returned in the OPTIONAL "job-state-message" attribute value or in the OPTIONAL status
5176 message that describes the error in more detail. This error status code is only returned in situations where the
5177 Printer is unable to accept the create request because of such a device error. For example, if the Printer is unable
5178 to spool, and can only accept one job at a time, the reason it might reject a create request is that the printer
5179 currently has a paper jam. In many cases however, where the Printer object can accept the request even though
5180 the Printer has some error condition, the 'successful-ok' status code will be returned. In such a case, the client
5181 would look at the returned Job Object Attributes or later query the Printer to determine its state and state reasons.

5182 **13.1.5.6 server-error-temporary-error (0x0505)**

5183 A temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow (i.e. the document data exceeds the
5184 memory of the Printer), or a disk full condition, occurs while the IPP Printer processes an operation. The client
5185 MAY try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the temporary internal
5186 error condition may have been cleared. Alternatively, as an implementation option, a Printer object MAY delay
5187 the response until the temporary condition is cleared so that no error is returned.

5188 **13.1.5.7 server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506)**

5189 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is not currently accepting jobs, because the administrator has set the
5190 value of the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute to 'false' (by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1
5191 document).

5192 **13.1.5.8 server-error-busy (0x0507)**

5193 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is too busy processing jobs and/or other requests. The client
5194 SHOULD try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the temporary busy
5195 condition will have been cleared.

5196 **13.1.5.9 server-error-job-canceled (0x0508)**

5197 An error indicating that the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was transmitting the
5198 data to the IPP Printer. If a job-id and job-uri had been created, then they are returned in the Print-Job, Send-
5199 Document, or Send-URI response as usual; otherwise, no job-id and job-uri are returned in the response.

5200 **13.1.5.10 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)**

5201 The IPP object does not support multiple documents per job and a client attempted to supply document data with
5202 a second Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

5203 **13.2 Status Codes for IPP Operations**

5204 PJ = Print-Job, PU = Print-URI, CJ = Create-Job, SD = Send-Document
 5205 SU = Send-URI, V = Validate-Job, GA = Get-Job-Attributes and
 5206 Get-Printer-Attributes, GJ = Get-Jobs, C = Cancel-Job

5207

5208

5209 IPP Status Keyword

IPP Operations

	PJ	PU	CJ	SD	SU	V	GA	GJ	C
5210 -----	--	--	--	--	--	-	--	--	-
5211 successful-ok	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5212 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted- 5213 attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5214 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5215 client-error-bad-request	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5216 client-error-forbidden	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5217 client-error-not-authenticated	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5218 client-error-not-authorized	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5219 client-error-not-possible	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5220 client-error-timeout				x	x				
5221 client-error-not-found	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5222 client-error-gone	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5223 client-error-request-entity-too-large	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5224 client-error-request-value-too-long	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5225 client-error-document-format-not- 5226 supported	x	x		x	x	x	x		
5227 client-error-attributes-or-values-not- 5228 supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5229 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported		x			x				
5230 client-error-charset-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5231 client-error-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5232 client-error-compression-not-supported	x	x		x	x	x			
5233 client-error-compression-error	x	x		x	x				
5234 client-error-document-format-error	x	x		x	x				
5235 client-error-document-access-error		x			x				
5236 server-error-internal-error	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5237 server-error-operation-not-supported		x	x	x	x				
5238 server-error-service-unavailable	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5239 server-error-version-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5240 server-error-device-error	x	x	x	x	x				
5241 server-error-temporary-error	x	x	x	x	x				
5242 server-error-not-accepting-jobs	x	x	x			x			
5243 server-error-busy	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5244 server-error-job-canceled	x			x	x				
5245 server-error-multiple-document-jobs- 5246 not-supported				x	x				

5247

5247	HJ = Hold-Job, RJ = Release-Job, RS = Restart-Job						
5248	PP = Pause-Printer, RP = Resume-Printer, PJ = Purge-Jobs						
5249							
5250							
5251	IPP Status Keyword	HJ	RJ	RS	PP	RP	PJ
5252	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--
5253	successful-ok	x	x	x	x	x	x
5254	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-	x	x	x	x	x	x
5255	attributes						
5256	successful-ok-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x
5257	client-error-bad-request	x	x	x	x	x	x
5258	client-error-forbidden	x	x	x	x	x	x
5259	client-error-not-authenticated	x	x	x	x	x	x
5260	client-error-not-authorized	x	x	x	x	x	x
5261	client-error-not-possible	x	x	x	x	x	x
5262	client-error-timeout						
5263	client-error-not-found	x	x	x	x	x	x
5264	client-error-gone	x	x	x	x	x	x
5265	client-error-request-entity-too-large	x	x	x	x	x	x
5266	client-error-request-value-too-long	x	x	x	x	x	x
5267	client-error-document-format-not-						
5268	supported						
5269	client-error-attributes-or-values-not-	x	x	x	x	x	x
5270	supported						
5271	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported						
5272	client-error-charset-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x
5273	client-error-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x
5274	client-error-compression-not-supported						
5275	client-error-compression-error						
5276	client-error-document-format-error						
5277	client-error-document-access-error						
5278	server-error-internal-error	x	x	x	x	x	x
5279	server-error-operation-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x
5280	server-error-service-unavailable	x	x	x	x	x	x
5281	server-error-version-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x
5282	server-error-device-error						
5283	server-error-temporary-error	x	x	x	x	x	x
5284	server-error-not-accepting-jobs						
5285	server-error-busy	x	x	x	x	x	x
5286	server-error-job-canceled						
5287	server-error-multiple-document-jobs-						
5288	not-supported						
5289							
5290							

5290

5291 **14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values**5292 **14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values**

5293 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

5294 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

5295 'default': The default medium for the output device

5296 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium: 210 mm x 297 mm

5297 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium: 210 mm x 297 mm

5298 'iso-a4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium: 210 mm x 297 mm

5299 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium: 297 mm x 420 mm

5300 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium: 297 mm x 420 mm

5301 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium: 148 mm x 210 mm

5302 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium: 148 mm x 210 mm

5303 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium: 250 mm x 353 mm

5304 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium: 250 mm x 353 mm

5305 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium: 176 mm x 250 mm

5306 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium: 176 mm x 250 mm

5307 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium: 257 mm x 364 mm

5308 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium: 257 mm x 364 mm

5309 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium: 182 mm x 257 mm

5310 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium: 182 mm x 257 mm

5311

5312 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

5313 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium

5314 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium

5315 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium

5316 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium

5317 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

5318

5319 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

5320 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium

5321 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium

5322 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium

5323 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium

5324 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium

5325 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium
5326 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium
5327 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium
5328 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium
5329 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope
5330 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium
5331 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope
5332 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope
5333 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope
5334 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope
5335 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope
5336 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope
5337

5338 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media-:

5339 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium
5340 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium
5341 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium
5342 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium
5343 'quarto-white': Specifies the white quarto medium
5344 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5345 'iso-a0-transparent': Specifies the ISO A0 transparent medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5346 'iso-a0-translucent': Specifies the ISO A0 translucent medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5347 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5348 'iso-a1-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1 transparent medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5349 'iso-a1-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1 translucent medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5350 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5351 'iso-a2-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2 transparent medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5352 'iso-a2-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2 translucent medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5353 'iso-a3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3 transparent medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5354 'iso-a3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3 translucent medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5355 'iso-a4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4 translucent medium: 210 mm x 297 mm
5356 'iso-a5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A5 transparent medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5357 'iso-a5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A5 translucent medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5358 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium: 105 mm x 148 mm
5359 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium: 74 mm x 105 mm
5360 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium: 52 mm x 74 mm
5361 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium: 37 mm x 52 mm
5362 'iso-a10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium: 26 mm x 37 mm
5363 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium: 1000 mm x 1414 mm
5364 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium: 707 mm x 1000 mm
5365 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium: 500 mm x 707 mm

5366 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium: 353 mm x 500 mm
5367 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium: 125 mm x 176 mm
5368 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium: 88 mm x 125 mm
5369 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium: 62 mm x 88 mm
5370 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium: 44 mm x 62 mm
5371 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium: 31 mm x 44 mm
5372 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5373 'jis-b0-transparent': Specifies the JIS B0 transparent medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5374 'jis-b0-translucent': Specifies the JIS B0 translucent medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5375 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5376 'jis-b1-transparent': Specifies the JIS B1 transparent medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5377 'jis-b1-translucent': Specifies the JIS B1 translucent medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5378 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5379 'jis-b2-transparent': Specifies the JIS B2 transparent medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5380 'jis-b2-translucent': Specifies the JIS B2 translucent medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5381 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5382 'jis-b3-transparent': Specifies the JIS B3 transparent medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5383 'jis-b3-translucent': Specifies the JIS B3 translucent medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5384 'jis-b4-transparent': Specifies the JIS B4 transparent medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5385 'jis-b4-translucent': Specifies the JIS B4 translucent medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5386 'jis-b5-transparent': Specifies the JIS B5 transparent medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5387 'jis-b5-translucent': Specifies the JIS B5 translucent medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5388 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium: 128 mm x 182 mm
5389 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium: 91 mm x 128 mm
5390 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium: 64 mm x 91 mm
5391 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium: 45 mm x 64 mm
5392 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium: 32 mm x 45 mm
5393

5394 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media:

5395 'a-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size white medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5396 'a-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size transparent medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5397 'a-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size translucent medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5398 'b-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size white medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5399 'b-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size transparent medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5400 'b-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size translucent medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5401 'c-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size white medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5402 'c-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size transparent medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5403 'c-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size translucent medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5404 'd-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size white medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5405 'd-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size transparent medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5406 'd-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size translucent medium: 22 inches x 34 inches

5407 'e-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size white medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5408 'e-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size transparent medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5409 'e-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size translucent medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5410

5411 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media for devices that
5412 provide the "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

5413 'axsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the engineering
5414 ANSI A size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5415 'axsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5416 engineering ANSI A size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5417 'axsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5418 engineering ANSI A size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5419 'bxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the engineering
5420 ANSI B size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5421 'bxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5422 engineering ANSI B size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5423 'bxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5424 engineering ANSI B size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5425 'cxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the engineering
5426 ANSI C size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5427 'cxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5428 engineering ANSI C size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5429 'cxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5430 engineering ANSI C size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5431 'dxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the engineering
5432 ANSI D size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5433 'dxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5434 engineering ANSI D size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5435 'dxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5436 engineering ANSI D size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5437 'exsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the engineering
5438 ANSI E size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5439 'exsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5440 engineering ANSI E size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5441 'exsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5442 engineering ANSI E size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5443

5444 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media:

5445 'arch-a-white': Specifies the Architectural A size white medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5446 'arch-a-transparent': Specifies the Architectural A size transparent medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5447 'arch-a-translucent': Specifies the Architectural A size translucent medium: 9 inches x 12 inches

5448 'arch-b-white': Specifies the Architectural B size white medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5449 'arch-b-transparent': Specifies the Architectural B size transparent medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5450 'arch-b-translucent': Specifies the Architectural B size translucent medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5451 'arch-c-white': Specifies the Architectural C size white medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5452 'arch-c-transparent': Specifies the Architectural C size transparent medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5453 'arch-c-translucent': Specifies the Architectural C size translucent medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5454 'arch-d-white': Specifies the Architectural D size white medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5455 'arch-d-transparent': Specifies the Architectural D size transparent medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5456 'arch-d-translucent': Specifies the Architectural D size translucent medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5457 'arch-e-white': Specifies the Architectural E size white medium: 36 inches x 48 inches
5458 'arch-e-transparent': Specifies the Architectural E size transparent medium: 36 inches x 48 inches
5459 'arch-e-translucent': Specifies the Architectural E size translucent medium: 36 inches x 48 inches
5460

5461 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media for devices that provide
5462 the "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

5463 'arch-axsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of the
5464 Architectural A size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5465 'arch-axsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of the
5466 Architectural A size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5467 'arch-axsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of the
5468 Architectural A size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5469 'arch-bxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of the
5470 Architectural B size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5471 'arch-bxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of the
5472 Architectural B size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5473 'arch-bxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of the
5474 Architectural B size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5475 'arch-cxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of the
5476 Architectural C size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5477 'arch-cxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of the
5478 Architectural C size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5479 'arch-cxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of the
5480 Architectural C size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5481 'arch-dxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of the
5482 Architectural D size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5483 'arch-dxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of the
5484 Architectural D size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5485 'arch-dxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of the
5486 Architectural D size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5487 'arch-exasynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of the
5488 Architectural E size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5489 'arch-exsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of the
5490 Architectural E size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5491 'arch-exsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of the
5492 Architectural E size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5493

5494 The following standard values are defined for Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering media,
5495 which are of a long fixed size [ASME- Y14.1M]:

5496 'iso-a1x3-white': Specifies the ISO A1X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the
5497 ISO A1 medium
5498 'iso-a1x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (841
5499 mm) of the ISO A1 medium
5500 'iso-a1x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (841
5501 mm) of the ISO A1 medium
5502 'iso-a1x4-white': Specifies the ISO A1X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the
5503 ISO A1 medium
5504 'iso-a1x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (841
5505 mm) of the ISO A1 medium
5506 'iso-a1x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (841
5507 mm) of the ISO A1 medium
5508 'iso-a2x3-white': Specifies the ISO A2X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5509 ISO A2 medium
5510 'iso-a2x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (594
5511 mm) of the ISO A2 medium
5512 'iso-a2x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (594
5513 mm) of the ISO A2 medium
5514 'iso-a2x4-white': Specifies the ISO A2X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5515 ISO A2 medium
5516 'iso-a2x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (594
5517 mm) of the ISO A2 medium
5518 'iso-a2x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (594
5519 mm) of the ISO A2 medium
5520 'iso-a2x5-white': Specifies the ISO A2X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5521 ISO A2 medium
5522 'iso-a2x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (594
5523 mm) of the ISO A2 medium
5524 'iso-a2x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (594
5525 mm) of the ISO A2 medium
5526 'iso-a3x3-white': Specifies the ISO A3X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5527 ISO A3 medium
5528 'iso-a3x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5529 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5530 'iso-a3x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5531 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5532 'iso-a3x4-white': Specifies the ISO A3X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5533 ISO A3 medium

5534 'iso-a3x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5535 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5536 'iso-a3x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5537 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5538 'iso-a3x5-white': Specifies the ISO A3X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5539 ISO A3 medium

5540 'iso-a3x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5541 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5542 'iso-a3x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5543 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5544 'iso-a3x6-white': Specifies the ISO A3X6 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5545 ISO A3 medium

5546 'iso-a3x6-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X6 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5547 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5548 'iso-a3x6-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X6 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5549 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5550 'iso-a3x7-white': Specifies the ISO A3X7 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5551 ISO A3 medium

5552 'iso-a3x7-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X7 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5553 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5554 'iso-a3x7-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X7 translucent' medium having the width of the longer edge (420
5555 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5556 'iso-a4x3-white': Specifies the ISO A4X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5557 ISO A4 medium

5558 'iso-a4x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5559 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5560 'iso-a4x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X3 translucent' medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5561 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5562 'iso-a4x4-white': Specifies the ISO A4X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5563 ISO A4 medium

5564 'iso-a4x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5565 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5566 'iso-a4x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5567 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5568 'iso-a4x5-white': Specifies the ISO A4X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5569 ISO A4 medium

5570 'iso-a4x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5571 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5572 'iso-a4x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5573 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5574 'iso-a4x6-white': Specifies the ISO A4X6 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5575 ISO A4 medium
5576 'iso-a4x6-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X6 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5577 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5578 'iso-a4x6-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X6 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5579 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5580 'iso-a4x7-white': Specifies the ISO A4X7 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5581 ISO A4 medium
5582 'iso-a4x7-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X7 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5583 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5584 'iso-a4x7-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X7 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5585 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5586 'iso-a4x8-white': Specifies the ISO A4X8 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5587 ISO A4 medium
5588 'iso-a4x8-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X8 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5589 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5590 'iso-a4x8-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X8 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5591 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5592 'iso-a4x9-white': Specifies the ISO A4X9 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5593 ISO A4 medium
5594 'iso-a4x9-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X9 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5595 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5596 'iso-a4x9-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X9 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge (297
5597 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
5598

5599 The following standard values are defined for Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering media,
5600 which are either a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M] or roll feed, for devices that provide the "synchro-cut" feature
5601 (see section 14.1):

5602 'iso-a0synchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the ISO A0
5603 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5604 'iso-a0synchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the ISO
5605 A0 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5606 'iso-a0synchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the ISO
5607 A0 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5608 'iso-a1synchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the ISO A1 white
5609 medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5610 'iso-a1synchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the ISO A1
5611 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

- 5612 'iso-a1xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the ISO A1
5613 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5614 'iso-a2xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the ISO A2 white
5615 medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5616 'iso-a2xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the ISO A2
5617 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5618 'iso-a2xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the ISO A2
5619 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5620 'iso-a3xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the ISO A3 white
5621 medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5622 'iso-a3xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the ISO A3
5623 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5624 'iso-a3xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the ISO A3
5625 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5626 'iso-a4xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the ISO A4 white
5627 medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5628 'iso-a4xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the ISO A4
5629 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5630 'iso-a4xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the ISO A4
5631 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5632

5633 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media, American
5634 Architectural engineering media, and Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering media, which are
5635 either a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M] or roll feed, for devices that provide the "synchro-cut" feature and/or the
5636 "auto-select" feature (see section 14.1):

- 5637 'auto-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white medium with the appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1, a2,
5638 etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.
- 5639 'auto-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent medium with the appropriate fixed size (e.g.
5640 a1, a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.
- 5641 'auto-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent medium with the appropriate fixed size (e.g.
5642 a1, a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.
- 5643 'auto-fixed-size-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white medium with the appropriate fixed size (e.g.
5644 a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.
- 5645 'auto-fixed-size-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent medium with the appropriate
5646 fixed size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.
- 5647 'auto-fixed-size-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent medium with the appropriate fixed
5648 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.
- 5649 'auto-synchro-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white paper with the appropriate width and cuts it
5650 synchronizing with data.
- 5651 'auto-synchro-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent paper with the appropriate width
5652 and cuts it synchronizing with data.

5653 'auto-synchro-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent paper with the appropriate width
5654 and cuts it synchronizing with data.
5655

5656 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

5657 'top': The top input tray in the printer.
5658 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.
5659 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.
5660 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.
5661 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.
5662 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.
5663 'main': The main input tray
5664 'side': The side input tray
5665

5666 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

5667 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216
5668 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216
5669 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216
5670 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216
5671 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216
5672 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216
5673 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216
5674 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216
5675 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216
5676 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216
5677 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216
5678 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216
5679 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216
5680 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216
5681 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216
5682 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216
5683 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216
5684 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216
5685 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216
5686 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216
5687 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216
5688 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216
5689 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches
5690 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches
5691 'na-8x10': Specifies the North American 8 inches by 10 inches
5692 'na-5x7': Specifies the North American 5 inches by 7 inches

5693 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)
5694 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)
5695 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)
5696 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)
5697 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)
5698 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269
5699 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269
5700 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269
5701 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269
5702 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO 269
5703 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches
5704 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches
5705 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125 inches by
5706 9.5 inches
5707 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size
5708 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size
5709 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size
5710 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size
5711 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size
5712 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size
5713 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)
5714 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm
5715 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm
5716 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm
5717 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm
5718 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm
5719 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm
5720 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm
5721 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm
5722 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm
5723 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm
5724 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

5725 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media sizes:

5726 'a': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5727 'b': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5728 'c': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5729 'd': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5730 'e': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5731

5732 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media sizes:

5733 'arch-a': Specifies the Architectural A size medium: 9 inches x 12 inches

- 5734 'arch-b': Specifies the Architectural B size medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
- 5735 'arch-c': Specifies the Architectural C size medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
- 5736 'arch-d': Specifies the Architectural D size medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
- 5737 'arch-e': Specifies the Architectural E size medium: 36 inches x 48 inches

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14.1. Examples

5740 Below are examples to supplement the engineering media value definitions.

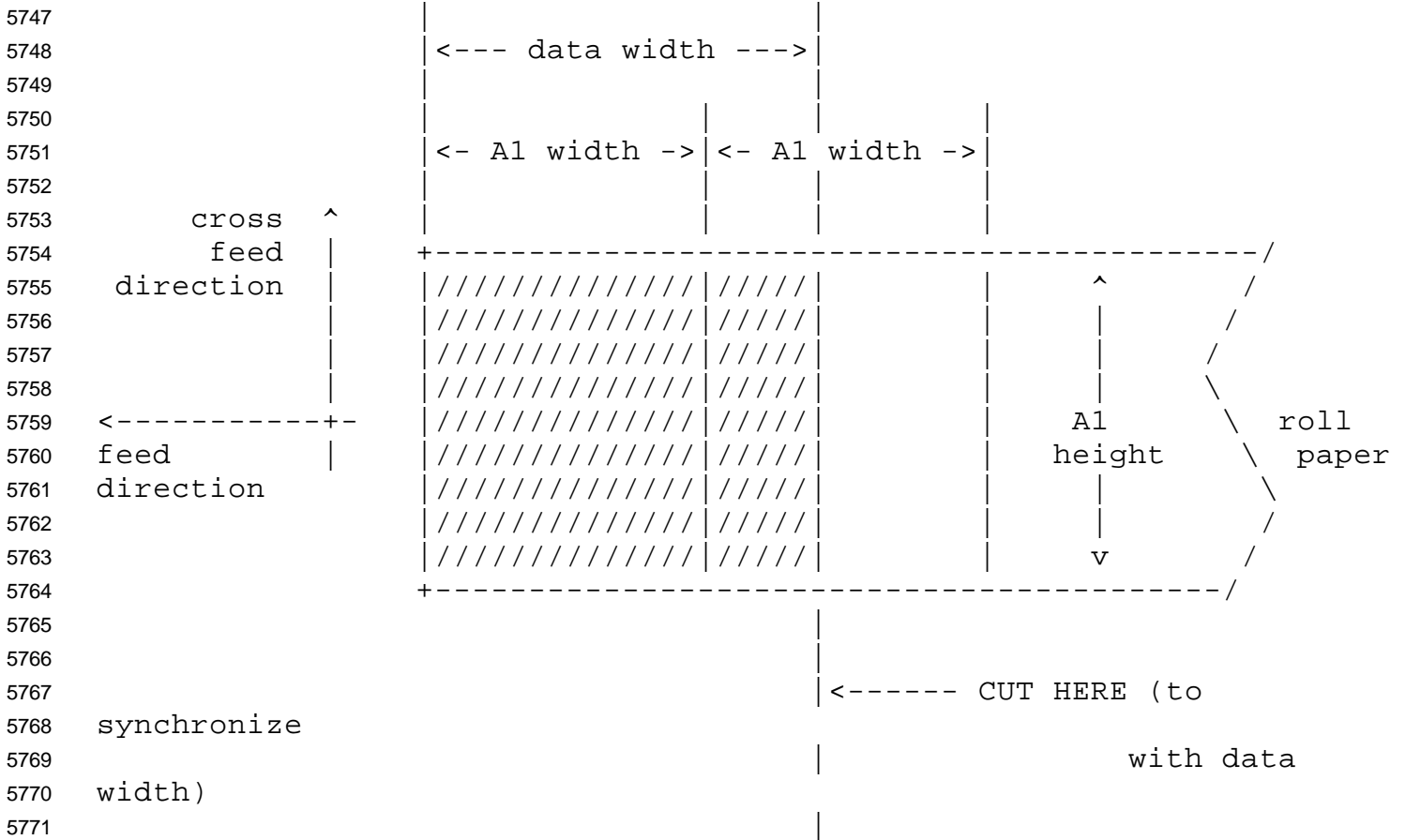
5741 Example 1: "Synchro-Cut", a device cutting the roll paper in synchronization with the data

```

5742 data height:           A1 height
5743 data width (shaded):  A1 width < data width < (A1 width) x 2
5744 specified value:     'iso-axsynchro-white'
5745

```

5746

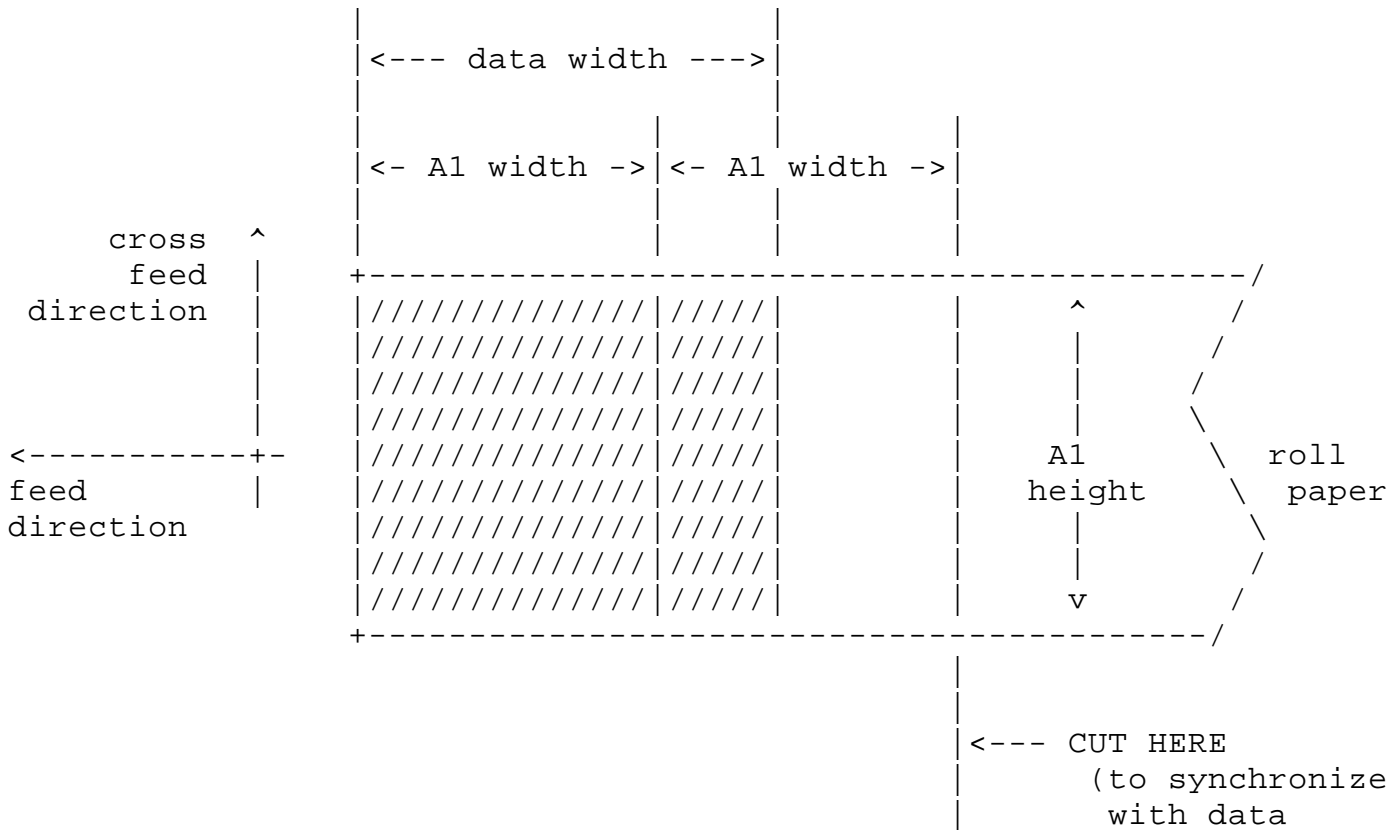


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Example 2: "Auto-Cut", a device cutting the roll paper at multiples of fixed-size media width

data height: A1 height
data width (shaded): A1 width < data width < (A1 width) x 2
specified value: 'auto-fixed-size-white'



5807

5808

5809 Example 3: the 'iso-a4x4-white' fixed size paper

```

5810     paper height:           A4 height
5811     paper width:           (A4 width) x 4
5812     specified value:       'iso-a4x4-white'

```

5813

5814

```

5815 | <- A4 width -> | <- A4 width -> | <- A4 width -> | <- A4 width -> |
5816 |               |               |               |               |
5817 |               |               |               |               |

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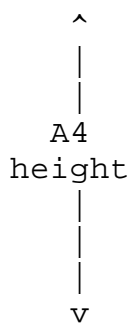
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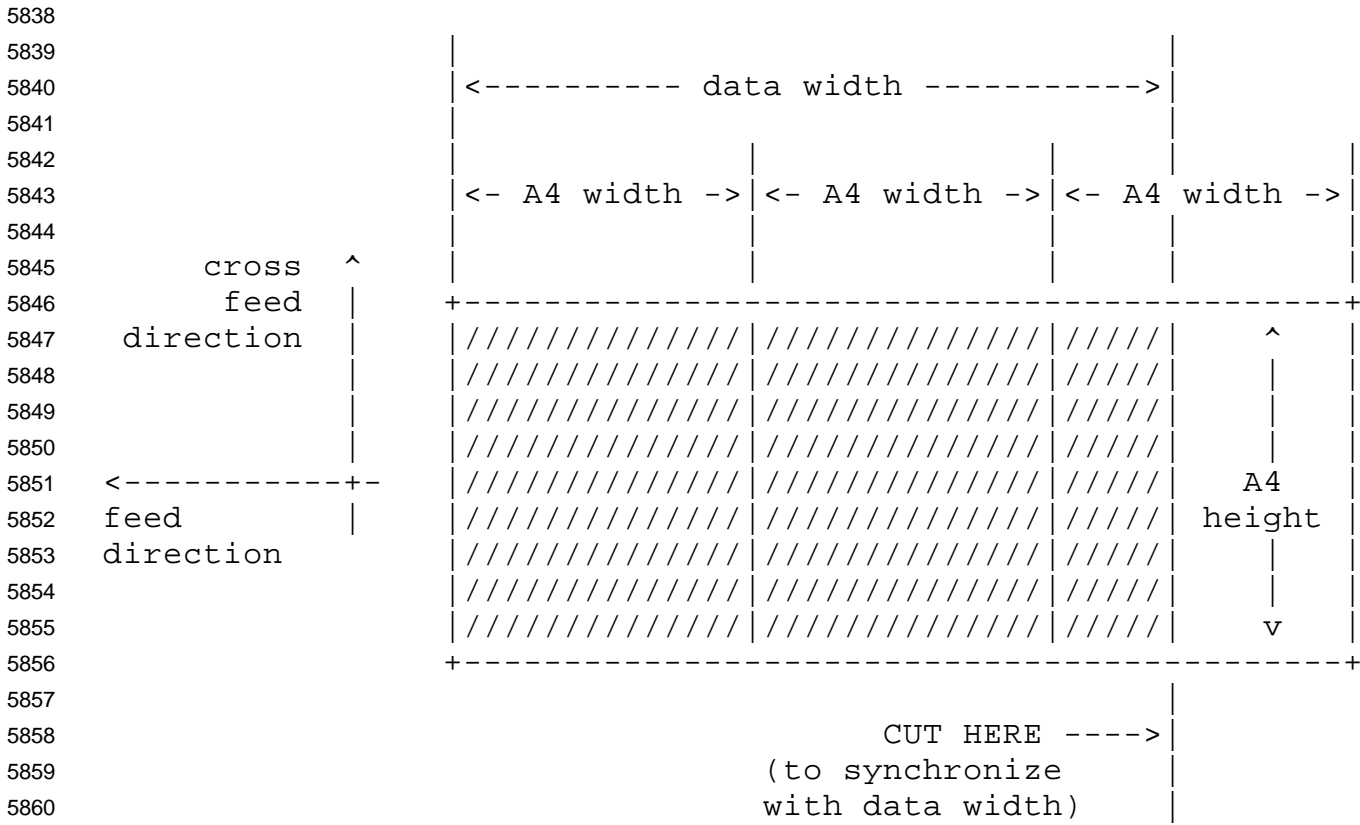
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5833 Example 4: "Synchro-Cut", a device cutting the fixed size paper in synchronization with the data

5834 data height: A4 height
5835 data width (shaded): (A4 width) x 2 < data width < (A4 width) x
5836 3
5837 specified value: 'iso-a4xsynchro-white'



5862

5863 ~~Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.~~5864 ~~Standard values are defined (taken from DPA [ISO10175] and the Printer MIB [RFC1759]):~~5865 ~~'default': The default medium for the output device~~5866 ~~'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium~~5867 ~~'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium~~5868 ~~'iso-a4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium~~5869 ~~'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium~~5870 ~~'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium~~5871 ~~'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium~~5872 ~~'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium~~5873 ~~'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium~~5874 ~~'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium~~5875 ~~'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium~~5876 ~~'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium~~5877 ~~'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium~~5878 ~~'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium~~5879 ~~'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium~~5880 ~~'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium~~

5881

5882 ~~The following standard values are defined for North American media:~~5883 ~~'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium~~5884 ~~'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium~~5885 ~~'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium~~5886 ~~'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium~~5887 ~~'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium~~

5888

5889 ~~The following standard values are defined for envelopes:~~5890 ~~'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium~~5891 ~~'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium~~5892 ~~'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium~~5893 ~~'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium~~5894 ~~'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium~~5895 ~~'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium~~5896 ~~'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium~~5897 ~~'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium~~5898 ~~'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium~~5899 ~~'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope~~

5900 ~~'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium~~
5901 ~~'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope~~
5902 ~~'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope~~
5903 ~~'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope~~
5904 ~~'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope~~
5905 ~~'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope~~
5906 ~~'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope~~
5907

5908 ~~The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media (white only):~~

5909 ~~'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium~~
5910 ~~'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium~~
5911 ~~'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium~~
5912 ~~'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium~~
5913 ~~'quarto-white': Specified the white quarto medium~~
5914 ~~'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium~~
5915 ~~'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium~~
5916 ~~'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium~~
5917 ~~'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium~~
5918 ~~'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium~~
5919 ~~'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium~~
5920 ~~'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium~~
5921 ~~'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium~~
5922 ~~'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium~~
5923 ~~'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium~~
5924 ~~'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium~~
5925 ~~'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium~~
5926 ~~'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium~~
5927 ~~'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium~~
5928 ~~'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium~~
5929 ~~'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium~~
5930 ~~'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium~~
5931 ~~'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium~~
5932 ~~'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium~~
5933 ~~'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium~~
5934 ~~'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium~~
5935 ~~'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium~~
5936 ~~'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium~~
5937 ~~'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium~~
5938 ~~'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium~~
5939 ~~'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium~~
5940

5941 ~~The following standard values are defined for engineering media (white only):~~

5942 ~~'a-white': Specifies the engineering A size medium~~

5943 ~~'b-white': Specifies the engineering B size medium~~

5944 ~~'c-white': Specifies the engineering C size medium~~

5945 ~~'d-white': Specifies the engineering D size medium~~

5946 ~~'e-white': Specifies the engineering E size medium~~

5947

5948 ~~The following standard values are defined for input trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):~~

5949 ~~'top': The top input tray in the printer.~~

5950 ~~'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.~~

5951 ~~'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.~~

5952 ~~'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.~~

5953 ~~'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.~~

5954 ~~'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.~~

5955 ~~'main': The main input tray~~

5956 ~~'side': The side input tray~~

5957

5958 ~~The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):~~

5959 ~~'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5960 ~~'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5961 ~~'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5962 ~~'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5963 ~~'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5964 ~~'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5965 ~~'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5966 ~~'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5967 ~~'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5968 ~~'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5969 ~~'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5970 ~~'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5971 ~~'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5972 ~~'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5973 ~~'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5974 ~~'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5975 ~~'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5976 ~~'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5977 ~~'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5978 ~~'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5979 ~~'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216~~

5980 ~~'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216~~
5981 ~~'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches~~
5982 ~~'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches~~
5983 ~~'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)~~
5984 ~~'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)~~
5985 ~~'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)~~
5986 ~~'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)~~
5987 ~~'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)~~
5988 ~~'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269~~
5989 ~~'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269~~
5990 ~~'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269~~
5991 ~~'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269~~
5992 ~~'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO 269~~
5993 ~~'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches~~
5994 ~~'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches~~
5995 ~~'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125 inches by~~
5996 ~~9.5 inches~~
5997 ~~'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size~~
5998 ~~'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size~~
5999 ~~'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size~~
6000 ~~'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size~~
6001 ~~'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size~~
6002 ~~'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size~~
6003 ~~'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)~~
6004 ~~'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm~~
6005 ~~'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm~~
6006 ~~'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm~~
6007 ~~'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm~~
6008 ~~'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm~~
6009 ~~'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm~~
6010 ~~'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm~~
6011 ~~'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm~~
6012 ~~'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm~~
6013 ~~'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm~~
6014 ~~'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm~~
6015 ~~The following standard values are defined for engineering media sizes:~~
6016 ~~'a': Specifies the engineering A size: 8.5 inches x 11 inches~~
6017 ~~'b': Specifies the engineering B size: 11 inches x 17 inches~~
6018 ~~'c': Specifies the engineering C size: 17 inches x 22 inches~~
6019 ~~'d': Specifies the engineering D size: 22 inches x 34 inches~~
6020 ~~'e': Specifies the engineering E size: 34 inches x 44 inches~~

6021

6022

15. APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes

6023 When submitting a print job to a Printer object, the IPP model allows a client to supply operation and Job
6024 Template attributes along with the document data. These Job Template attributes in the create request affect the
6025 rendering, production and finishing of the documents in the job. Similar types of instructions may also be contained
6026 in the document to be printed, that is, embedded within the print data itself. In addition, the Printer has a set of
6027 attributes that describe what rendering and finishing options which are supported by that Printer. This model, which
6028 allows for flexibility and power, also introduces the potential that at job submission time, these client-supplied
6029 attributes may conflict with either:

- 6030 - what the implementation is capable of realizing (i.e., what the Printer supports), as well as
- 6031 - the instructions embedded within the print data itself.

6032

6033 The following sections describe how these two types of conflicts are handled in the IPP model.

6034

15.1 Fidelity

6035 If there is a conflict between what the client requests and what a Printer object supports, the client may request one
6036 of two possible conflict handling mechanisms:

- 6037 1) either reject the job since the job can not be processed exactly as specified, or
- 6038 2) allow the Printer to make any changes necessary to proceed with processing the Job the best it can.

6039

6040 In the first case the client is indicating to the Printer object: "Print the job exactly as specified with no exceptions,
6041 and if that can't be done, don't even bother printing the job at all." In the second case, the client is indicating to the
6042 Printer object: "It is more important to make sure the job is printed rather than be processed exactly as specified;
6043 just make sure the job is printed even if some client-supplied attributes need to be changed or ignored."

6044 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

6045 In a create request, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is a boolean operation attribute that is OPTIONALLY supplied by the
6046 client. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and values is required.
6047 The client is requesting that the Job be printed exactly as specified, and if that is not possible then the job MUST
6048 be rejected rather than processed incorrectly. The value 'false' indicates that a reasonable attempt to print the Job
6049 is acceptable. If a Printer does not support some of the client supplied Job Template attributes or values, the
6050 Printer MUST ignore them or substitute any supported value for unsupported values, respectively. The Printer may
6051 choose to substitute the default value associated with that attribute, or use some other supported value that is
6052 similar to the unsupported requested value. For example, if a client supplies a "media" value of 'na-letter', the

6053 Printer may choose to substitute 'iso-a4' rather than a default value of 'envelope'. If the client does not supply the
6054 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute, the Printer assumes a value of 'false'.

6055 Each Printer implementation MUST support both types of "fidelity" printing (that is whether the client supplies a
6056 value of 'true' or 'false'):

- 6057 - If the client supplies 'false' or does not supply the attribute, the Printer object MUST always accept the
6058 request by ignoring unsupported Job Template attributes and by substituting unsupported values of
6059 supported Job Template attributes with supported values.
- 6060 - If the client supplies 'true', the Printer object MUST reject the request if the client supplies unsupported Job
6061 Template attributes.

6062

6063 Since a client can always query a Printer to find out exactly what is and is not supported, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" set
6064 to 'false' is useful when:

- 6065 1) The End-User uses a command line interface to request attributes that might not be supported.
- 6066 2) In a GUI context, if the End User expects the job might be moved to another printer and prefers a sub-
6067 optimal result to nothing at all.
- 6068 3) The End User just wants something reasonable in lieu of nothing at all.

6069

6070 15.2 Page Description Language (PDL) Override

6071 If there is a conflict between the value of an IPP Job Template attribute and a corresponding instruction in the
6072 document data, the value of the IPP attribute SHOULD take precedence over the document instruction. Consider
6073 the case where a previously formatted file of document data is sent to an IPP Printer. In this case, if the client
6074 supplies any attributes at job submission time, the client desires that those attributes override the embedded
6075 instructions. Consider the case were a previously formatted document has embedded in it commands to load 'iso-
6076 a4' media. However, the document is passed to an end user that only has access to a printer with 'na-letter' media
6077 loaded. That end user most likely wants to submit that document to an IPP Printer with the "media" Job Template
6078 attribute set to 'na-letter'. The job submission attribute should take precedence over the embedded PDL
6079 instruction. However, until companies that supply document data interpreters allow a way for external IPP
6080 attributes to take precedence over embedded job production instructions, a Printer might not be able to support
6081 the semantics that IPP attributes override the embedded instructions.

6082 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing a "pdl-override-supported" attribute that describes the
6083 Printer objects capabilities to override instructions embedded in the PDL data stream. The value of the "pdl-
6084 override-supported" attribute is configured by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

6085 This REQUIRED Printer attribute takes on the following values:

- 6086 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
6087 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.

6088 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute values
6089 take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
6090

6091 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'attempted' might do one of several different
6092 actions:

- 6093 1) Generate an output device specific command sequence to realize the feature represented by the IPP
6094 attribute value.
- 6095 2) Parse the document data itself and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded
6096 instruction that matches the intent of the IPP attribute value.
- 6097 3) Indicate to the Printer that external supplied attributes take precedence over embedded instructions and then
6098 pass the external IPP attribute values to the document data interpreter.
- 6099 4) Anything else that allows for the semantics that IPP attributes override embedded document data
6100 instructions.
6101

6102 Since 'attempted' does not offer any type of guarantee, even though a given Printer object might not do a very
6103 "good" job of attempting to ensure that IPP attributes take a higher precedence over instructions embedded in the
6104 document data, it would still be a conforming implementation.

6105 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'not-attempted' might do one of the following
6106 actions:

- 6107 1) Simply pre-pend the document data with the PDL instruction that corresponds to the client-supplied PDL
6108 attribute, such that if the document data also has the same PDL instruction, it will override what the Printer
6109 object pre-pended. In other words, this implementation is using the same implementation semantics for the
6110 client-supplied IPP attributes as for the Printer object defaults.
- 6111 2) Parse the document data and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded instruction
6112 that approximates, but does not match, the semantic intent of the IPP attribute value.
6113

6114 Note: The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute applies to the Printer's ability to either accept or reject other
6115 unsupported Job Template attributes. In other words, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'true', a Job is accepted if
6116 and only if the client supplied Job Template attributes and values are supported by the Printer. Whether these
6117 attributes actually affect the processing of the Job when the document data contains embedded instructions
6118 depends on the ability of the Printer to override the instructions embedded in the document data with the semantics
6119 of the IPP attributes. If the document data attributes can be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to
6120 'attempted'), the Printer makes an attempt to use the IPP attributes when processing the Job. If the document data
6121 attributes can not be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to 'not-attempted'), the Printer makes no attempt to
6122 override the embedded document data instructions with the IPP attributes when processing the Job, and hence, the
6123 IPP attributes may fail to affect the Job processing and output when the corresponding instruction is embedded in
6124 the document data.

6125 15.3 Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.

6126 The Printer object uses some of the Job object's Job Template attributes during the processing of the document
6127 data associated with that job. These include, but are not limited to, "orientation-requested", "number-up", "sides",
6128 "media", and "copies". The processing of each document in a Job Object MUST follow the steps below. These
6129 steps are intended only to identify when and how attributes are to be used in processing document data and any
6130 alternative steps that accomplishes the same effect can be used to implement this specification document.

- 6131 1. Using the client supplied "document-format" attribute or some form of document format detection algorithm
6132 (if the value of "document-format" is not specific enough), determine whether or not the document data has
6133 already been formatted for printing. If the document data has been formatted, then go to step 2. Otherwise,
6134 the document data MUST be formatted. The formatting detection algorithm is implementation defined and
6135 is not specified by this document. The formatting of the document data uses the "orientation-requested"
6136 attribute to determine how the formatted print data should be placed on a print-stream page, see section
6137 4.2.10 for the details.
6138
- 6139 2. The document data is in the form of a print-stream in a known media type. The "page-ranges" attribute is
6140 used to select, as specified in section 4.2.7, a sub-sequence of the pages in the print-stream that are to be
6141 processed and images.
6142
- 6143 3. The input to this step is a sequence of print-stream pages. This step is controlled by the "number-up"
6144 attribute. If the value of "number-up" is N, then during the processing of the print-stream pages, each N
6145 print-stream pages are positioned, as specified in section 4.2.9, to create a single impression. If a given
6146 document does not have N more print-stream pages, then the completion of the impression is controlled by
6147 the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4; when the value of this attribute is
6148 'single-document' or 'single-document-new-sheet', the print-stream pages of document data from
6149 subsequent documents is used to complete the impression.
6150

6151 The size(scaling), position(translation) and rotation of the print-stream pages on the impression is
6152 implementation defined. Note that during this process the print-stream pages may be rendered to a form
6153 suitable for placing on the impression; this rendering is controlled by the values of the "printer-resolution"
6154 and "print-quality" attributes as described in sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13. In the case N=1, the impression is
6155 nearly the same as the print-stream page; the differences would only be in the size, position and rotation of
6156 the print-stream page and/or any decoration, such as a frame to the page, that is added by the
6157 implementation.
6158

- 6159 4. The collection of impressions is placed, in sequence, onto sides of the media sheets. This placement is
6160 controlled by the "sides" attribute and the orientation of the print-stream page, as described in section
6161 4.2.8. The orientation of the print-stream pages affects the orientation of the impression; for example, if
6162 "number-up" equals 2, then, typically, two portrait print-stream pages become one landscape impression.
6163 Note that the placement of impressions onto media sheets is also controlled by the "multiple-document-
6164 handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4.

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6166

5. The "copies" and "multiple-document-handling" attributes are used to determine how many copies of each media instance are created and in what order. See sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.4 for the details.

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6. When the correct number of copies are created, the media instances are finished according to the values of the "finishings" attribute as described in 4.2.6. Note that sometimes finishing operations may require manual intervention to perform the finishing operations on the copies, especially uncollated copies. This document allows any or all of the processing steps to be performed automatically or manually at the discretion of the Printer object.

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16. APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema

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This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by which service users can locate service providers. In IPP environments, this means that IPP Printers can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of type printer in the directory using an implementation specific mechanism such as entry attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of type printer. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local Department" context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have certain access rights. IPP itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

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Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object can appear as multiple directory entry object with different names for each object. In each case, each alias refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPP Printer object.

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The generic schema is a subset of IPP Printer Job Template and Printer Description attributes (sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPP Printers objects. The conformance labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to IPP Printer implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding Printer object.

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The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPP Printer attribute names as shown, as much as possible.

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In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPP Printer object, one of the RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The directory client queries the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and then the IPP client addresses the IPP

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6199

6200 Printer object using one of its URIs. The "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to
6201 secure a channel.

6202 The following attributes define the generic schema for directory entries of type PRINTER:

6203	printer-uri-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.1
6204	uri-authentication-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.2
6205	uri-security-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.3
6206	printer-name	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.4
6207	printer-location	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.5
6208	printer-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.6
6209	printer-more-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.7
6210	printer-make-and-model	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.9
6211	ipp-versions-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.14
6212	multiple-document-jobs-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.16
6213	charset-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.18
6214	generated-natural-language-		
6215	supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.20
6216	document-format-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.22
6217	color-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.26
6218	compression-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.32
6219	pages-per-minute	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.36
6220	pages-per-minute-color	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.37
6221			
6222	finishings-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.6
6223	number-up-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.7
6224	sides-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.8
6225	media-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.11
6226	printer-resolution-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.12
6227	print-quality-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.13
6228			

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17. APPENDIX F: Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics" Documents

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This Appendix is divided into two lists that summarize the differences between IPP/1.1 (this document) and IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. The section numbers refer to the numbers in this document which in some cases have changed from RFC 2566. When a change affects multiple sections, the item is listed once in the order of the first section affected and the remaining affected section numbers are indicated.

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The first list contains extensions and clarifications and the second list contains changes in semantics or conformance. However, client and IPP object implementations of IPP/1.0 MAY implement any of the extensions and clarifications in this document.

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The following extensions and clarifications have been incorporated into this document:

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1. Section 2.1 - clarified that the term "client" can be either contained in software controlled by an end user or a part of a print server that controls devices.

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6241

2. Section 2 - clarified that the term "IPP object" and "Printer object" can either be embedded in a device object or part of a print server that accepts IPP requests.

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3. Section 2.4 - added the description of the new "uri-authentication-supported" Printer Description attribute.

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4. Section 3.1.3, 3.1.6, 3.2.5.2, and 3.2.6.2 - clarified the error handling for operation attributes that have their own status code.

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5. Section 3.1.3 - clarified that multiple occurrences of the same attribute in an attribute group is mal-formed. An IPP Printer MAY reject the request or choose one of the attributes.

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6. Section 3.1.6 - reorganized this section into sub-sections to separately describe "status-code", "status-message", "detailed-status-message", and "document-access-error" attributes.

6250

6251

7. Section 3.1.6.1 - clarified the error status codes and their relationship to operation attributes.

6252

8. Section 3.1.6.3 - Added the OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message (text(MAX))" operation attribute to provide additional more detailed information about a response.

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6254

9. Section 3.1.6.4 and 3.2.2 - Added the OPTIONAL "document-access-error (text(MAX))" operation attribute for use with Print-URI and Send-URI responses.

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10. Sections 3.1.7 - Added this new section to clarify returning Unsupported Attributes for all operations, including only returning attributes that were in the request. Moved the text from section 3.2.1.2 Unsupported Attributes to this section.

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6258

11. Sections 3.1.7 and 4.1 - clarified the encoding of the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' and 'unknown' values.

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12. Section 3.1.8 - clarified that only the version number parameter will be carried forward into future major or minor versions of the protocol.

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13. Section 3.1.8 - relaxed the requirements to increment the major version number in future versions of the Model and Semantics document.

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14. Section 3.1.9, and 3.2.5 - added the 'processing' state to the list of job states that a job can be in after a Create-Job operation.

- 6265 15. Section 3.1.9 - clarified that a non-spooling Printer MAY accept zero or more subsequent jobs while
6266 processing a job and flow control them down. Subsequent create requests are rejected with the 'server-
6267 error-busy' error status.
- 6268 16. Section 3.2.1.1 - clarified the validation of the "compression" operation attribute and its relationship to the
6269 validation of the "document-format" attribute and returning Unsupported Attributes.
- 6270 17. Sections 3.2.1.1, 4.3.8, 13.1.4.16, and 13.1.4.17 - added the 'client-error-compression-not-supported',
6271 'client-error-compression-error' status codes and the 'unsupported-compression' and 'compression-error'
6272 job-state-reasons.
- 6273 18. Sections 3.2.1.1 and 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job-
6274 state-reasons.
- 6275 19. Sections 3.2.2, 4.3.8 and 13.1.4.19 - added 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and
6276 'document-access-error' job state reason.
- 6277 20. Section 3.2.5.2 and 3.2.6.2 - clarified that the Unsupported Attributes group MUST NOT include
6278 attributes not requested in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.
- 6279 21. Section 3.2.6 - clarified that "limit" takes precedence over "which-jobs" and "my-jobs".
- 6280 22. Section 3.2.6.2 - clarified that Get-Jobs returns 'successful-ok' when no jobs to return.
- 6281 23. Sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 - added the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs
6282 operations
- 6283 24. Section 3.3.1 - clarified that the authorization required for a Send-Document request MUST be the same
6284 user as the Create-Job or an operator.
- 6285 25. Section 3.3.1.1 - clarified that a Create-Job Send-Document with "last-document" = 'true' and no data is
6286 not an error; its a job with no documents.
- 6287 26. Sections 3.3.5, 3.3.6, and 3.3.7 - added the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job
6288 operations. Clarified the Restart-Job operation so that the Printer MUST re-fetch any documents passed
6289 by-reference (Print-URI or Send-URI).
- 6290 27. Section 4.1 - clarified that the encoding of the out-of-band values are specified in the Encoding and
6291 Transport" document.
- 6292 28. Section 4.1 - Clarified that the requirement that clients MUST NOT send "out-of-band" values in requests
6293 applies only to operations defined in this document. Other operations are allowed to define "out-of-band"
6294 values that clients can supply.
- 6295 29. Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 - clarified that the maximum 'text' and 'name' values of 1023 and 255 are for the
6296 'textWithoutLanguage' portion of the 'textWithLanguage' form, so that the maximum number of octets for
6297 the actual text and name data is the same for the without and with language forms; the 'naturalLanguage'
6298 part is in addition.
- 6299 30. Section 4.1.9 - clarified that 'mimeType' values can include any parameters from the IANA Registry,
6300 not just charset parameters.
- 6301 31. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that 'application/octet-stream' auto-sensing can happen at create request time
6302 and/or job/document processing time.
- 6303 32. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that auto-sensing involves the Printer examining some number of octets of
6304 document data using an implementation-dependent method.
- 6305 33. Section 4.1.14 - clarified that the localization of dateTime by the client includes the time zone.

- 6306 34. Section 4.2 - clarified that xxx-supported have multiple keywords and/or names by adding parentheses to
6307 the table to give: (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))
- 6308 35. Section 4.2.2 - added the 'indefinite' keyword value to the "job-hold-until" attribute for use with the create
6309 operations and Hold-Job and Restart-Job operations.
- 6310 36. Section 4.2.6 - added more enum values to the "finishings" Job Template attribute.
- 6311 37. Section 4.2.6 - clarified that the landscape definition is a rotation of the image with respect to the medium.
- 6312 38. Section 4.3.7 - added that a forwarding server that cannot get any job state MAY return the job's state as
6313 'completed', provided that it also return the new 'queued-in-device' job state reason.
- 6314 39. Section 4.3.7.2 - added the Partitioning of Job States section to clarify the concepts of Job Retention, Job
6315 History, and Job Removal.
- 6316 40. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-data-insufficient' job state reason to indicate whether sufficient data has arrived
6317 for the document to start to be processed.
- 6318 41. Section 4.3.8 - added 'document-access-error' job state reason to indicate an access error of any kind.
- 6319 42. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-queued-for-marker' job state reason to indicate whether the job has completed
6320 some processing and is waiting for the marker.
- 6321 43. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-compression' and 'compression-error' job state reasons to indicate
6322 compression not supported or compression processing error after the create has been accepted.
- 6323 44. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job state reasons to
6324 indicate document not supported or document format processing error after the create has been accepted.
- 6325 45. Section 4.3.8 - added 'queued-in-device' job state reason to indicate that a job as been forwarded to a
6326 print system or device that does not provide any job status.
- 6327 46. Section 4.3.10 - added "job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX)) for returning detailed error
6328 messages.
- 6329 47. Section 4.3.11 - added the "job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))
- 6330 48. Section 4.3.14.2 - clarified that the time recorded is the first time processing since the create operation or
6331 the Restart-Job operation.
- 6332 49. Section 4.3.14.2 and 4.3.14.3 - clarified that the out-of-band value 'no-value' is returned if the job has not
6333 started processing or has not completed, respectively.
- 6334 50. Section 4.3.14 - Added the OPTIONAL "date-time-at-creation", "date-time-at-processing", and "date-
6335 time-at-completed" Event Time Job Description attributes
- 6336 51. Section 4.4.3 - added the 'tls' value to "uri-security-supported" attribute.
- 6337 52. Section 4.4.3 - clarified "uri-security-supported" is orthogonal to Client Authentication so that 'none' does
6338 not exclude Client Authentication.
- 6339 53. Section 4.4.11 - simplified the "printer-state" descriptions while generalizing to allow high end devices that
6340 interpret one or more jobs while marking another. Indicated that 'spool-area-full' and 'stopped-partly'
6341 "printer-state-reasons" may be used to provide further state information.
- 6342 54. Section 4.4.12 - added the 'moving-to-paused' keyword value to the "printer-state-reasons" attribute for
6343 use with the Pause-Printer operation.
- 6344 55. Section 4.4.12 - replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-empty'
6345 keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. (This correction was also made before RFC 2566 was
6346 published).

- 6347 56. Section 4.4.12 - clarified 'spool-area-full' "printer-state-reasons" to include non-spooling printers to
6348 indicate when it can and cannot accept another job.
- 6349 57. Section 4.4.15 - added the enum values to the "operations-supported" attribute for the new operations.
6350 Clarified that the values of this attribute are encoded as any enum, namely 32-bit values.
- 6351 58. Section 4.4.30 - clarified that the dateTime value of "printer-current-time" is on a "best efforts basis". If a
6352 proper date-time cannot be obtained, the implementation returns the 'no-value' out-of-band value. Also
6353 clarified that the time zone NEED NOT be the time zone that the people near the device use and that the
6354 client SHOULD display the dateTime attributes in the user's local time.
- 6355 59. Sections 4.4.36 and 4.4.37 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color"
6356 Printer Description attributes.
- 6357 60. Section 5.1 - clarified that the client conformance requirements apply to clients controlled by an end user
6358 and clients in servers.
- 6359 61. Section 5.1 - clarified that any response MAY contain additional attribute groups, attributes, attribute
6360 syntaxes, or attribute values.
- 6361 62. Section 5.1 - clarified that a client SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by a lower
6362 layer when the channel is flow controlled off by the IPP Printer.
- 6363 63. Section 5.2 - clarified that the IPP object requirements apply to objects embedded in devices or that are
6364 parts of servers.
- 6365 64. Section 5.2.2 - clarified that IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attribute groups,
6366 attribute names, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to this standard.
- 6367 65. Section 6 - changed the terminology of "private extensions" to "vendor extensions" and indicated that they
6368 are registered with IANA along with IETF standards track extensions.
- 6369 66. Section 6.7 - inserted this section on registering out-of-band attribute values with IANA as extensions.
- 6370 67. Section 8.3 - clarified the use of URIs for each Client Authentication mechanism.
- 6371 68. Section 8.5 - added the security discussion around the new operator/administrator operations.
- 6372 69. Section 13.1.4.16 - added client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)
- 6373 70. Section 13.1.4.17 - added client-error-compression-error (0x0410)
- 6374 71. Section 13.1.4.18 - added client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)
- 6375 72. Section 13.1.4.19 - added client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)
- 6376 73. Section 13.1.5.10 - added server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)
- 6377 74. Section 14 - added 'a-white', 'b-white', 'c-white', 'd-white', and 'e-white' and clarified that the existing 'a',
6378 'b', 'c', 'd', and 'e' values are size values. Added American, Japanese, and European Engineering sizes,
6379 filled out -transparent and -translucent media names and drawings for the synchro cut sizes.
- 6380 75. Section 16 - softened the RECOMMENDATION for IPP Printer attributes in a Directory schema so that
6381 they can have equivalents.
- 6382 76. Section 16 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color" Printer attributes
6383 to the Directory schema.
- 6384 77. Section 16 - added OPTIONAL "multiple-document-jobs-supported" to the Directory schema.
- 6385 78. Section 16 - added RECOMMENDED "uri-authentication-supported", "ipp-versions-supported", and
6386 "compression-supported" to the Directory schema.

6387 The following changes in semantics and/or conformance have been incorporated into this document:

- 6388 1. Section 3.1.6.3 - allowed a Printer to localize the "detailed-status-message" operation response attribute,
6389 but indicated that such localization might obscure the technical meaning of such messages.
- 6390 2. Section 3.1.8, 5.2.4, and 13.1.5.4 - Clients and IPP objects MUST support version 1.1 conformance
6391 requirements. It is recommended that they interoperate with 1.0. Also clarified that IPP Printers
6392 MUST accept '1.1' requests. It is recommended that they also accept '1.x' requests.
- 6393 3. Section 3.2.1.1 and section 4.4.32 - changed the "compression" operation and the "compression-
6394 supported" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6395 4. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED, so
6396 that "job-state-reasons" MUST be returned in create operation responses.
- 6397 5. Sections 3.2.4, 3.3.1, 4.4.16, and 16 - changed Create-Job/Send-Document so that they MAY be
6398 implemented while only supporting one document jobs. Added the "multiple-document-jobs-
6399 supported" boolean Printer Description attribute to indicate whether Create-Job/Send-Document
6400 support multiple document jobs or not. Added to the Directory schema.
- 6401 6. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the 'text' type.
- 6402 7. Section 4.1.9.1 - added the RECOMMENDATION that a Printer indicate by printing on the job's job-
6403 start-sheet that auto-sensing has occurred and what document format was auto-sensed.
- 6404 8. Section 4.2.4 - indicated that the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template attribute MUST be
6405 supported with at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job
- 6406 9. Section 4.3.7.2 - indicated that the 'job-restartable' job state reason SHOULD be supported if the
6407 Restart-Job operation is supported.
- 6408 10. Section 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
- 6409 11. Section 4.3.8 - clarified the conformance of the values of the "job-state-reasons" attribute by copying
6410 conformance requirements from other sections of the document so that it is clear from reading the
6411 definition of "job-state-reasons" which values MUST or SHOULD be supported. The 'none',
6412 'unsupported-compression', and 'unsupported-document-format' values MUST be supported. The
6413 "job-hold-until-specified" SHOULD be specified if the "job-hold-until" Job Template is supported.
6414 The following values SHOULD be supported: 'job-canceled-by-user', 'aborted-by-system', and 'job-
6415 completed-successfully'. The 'job-canceled-by-operator' SHOULD be supported if the
6416 implementation permits canceling by other than the job owner. The 'job-canceled-at-device'
6417 SHOULD be supported if the device supports canceling jobs at the console. The 'job-completed-
6418 with-warnings' SHOULD be supported, if the implementation detects warnings. The 'job-completed-
6419 with-errors' SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors. The 'job-restartable'
6420 SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported.
- 6421 12. Section 4.3.10 - allowed a Printer to localize the "job-detailed-status-message" Job Description attribute,
6422 but indicated that such localization might obscure the technical meaning of such messages.
- 6423 13. Section 4.3.14 - changed the "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" Event
6424 Time Job Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6425 14. Section 4.3.14.4 - added the REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))" Job Description
6426 attribute as an alias for "printer-up-time" to reduce number of operations to get job times.
- 6427 15. Section 4.4.2 - added the REQUIRED "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)" Printer
6428 Description attribute to describe the Client Authentication used by each Printer URI.

- 6429 16. Section 4.4.12 - changed "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to
6430 REQUIRED.
- 6431 17. Section 4.4.12 - changed 'paused' value of "printer-state-reasons" to MUST if Pause-Printer operation
6432 is supported.
- 6433 18. Section 4.4.14 - added the REQUIRED "ipp-versions-supported (1setOf keyword)" Printer Description
6434 attribute, since IPP/1.1 Printers do not have to support version '1.0' conformance requirements.
6435 Section 4.4.16 - added the "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer Description
6436 attribute so that a client can tell whether a Printer that supports Create-Job/Send-Document supports
6437 multiple document jobs or not. This attribute is REQUIRED if the Create-Job operation is supported.
- 6438 19. Section 4.4.24 - changed the "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute from RECOMMENDED
6439 to REQUIRED.
- 6440 20. Section 4.4.32 - changed "compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)" Printer Description attribute
6441 from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6442 21. Section 5.1 - changed the client security requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards track
6443 SSL3 to MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport
6444 document [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server
6445 Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)].
- 6446 22. Section 5.2.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-standards track
6447 SSL3 to SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and
6448 Transport document [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to
6449 configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. An IPP Printer
6450 implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined
6451 in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)]. A Printer implementation
6452 MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server
6453 Authentication. Security MUST NOT be compromised when the client supplies a lower version-
6454 number in a request.
- 6455 23. Section 14 (Appendix C): Corrected typo, changing the keyword 'iso-10-white' to 'iso-a10-white'.
- 6456 See also the "IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport" [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)] document for differences between IPP/1.0
6457 [RFC2565] and IPP/1.1 [[IPP-PRO RFC2910](#)].

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