

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9

# IEEE-ISTO

## Printer Working Group

### IPP Fax Project

## Standard for IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

### Working Draft

### Maturity: Initial



16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

**Version 1.0**  
**March 31, 2004**

29  
30  
31  
32

**Abstract:** This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542].

In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDF/IS as specified in [PWG5102.3-2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

This document is available electronically at: [wd-ifx10-20040331.pdf, .doc](#)

A version showing the changes from the previous version is available at: [wd-ifx10-20040331-rev.pdf](#)

The latest version of this specification is available at: [ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-ifx10-latest.pdf](http://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-ifx10-latest.pdf), .doc

**Copyright (C) 2004, IEEE ISTO. All rights reserved.**

33 This document may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on, or otherwise explain it  
34 or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in part, without  
35 restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice, this paragraph and the title of the Document as  
36 referenced below are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this document itself may not be  
37 modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to the IEEE-ISTO and the Printer  
38 Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO.

39 Title: The IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

40 The IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS  
41 OR IMPLIED INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR  
42 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

43 The Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO, reserves the right to make changes to the document  
44 without further notice. The document may be updated, replaced or made obsolete by other documents at any time.

45 The IEEE-ISTO takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights that might  
46 be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the extent to  
47 which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any  
48 effort to identify any such rights.

49 The IEEE-ISTO invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents, or patent applications, or  
50 other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to implement the contents of this  
51 document. The IEEE-ISTO and its programs shall not be responsible for identifying patents for which a license may  
52 be required by a document and/or IEEE-ISTO Industry Group Standard or for conducting inquiries into the legal  
53 validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention. Inquiries may be submitted to the IEEE-ISTO by e-  
54 mail at:

55 [ieee-isto@ieee.org](mailto:ieee-isto@ieee.org).

56 The Printer Working Group acknowledges that the IEEE-ISTO (acting itself or through its designees) is, and shall at  
57 all times, be the sole entity that may authorize the use of certification marks, trademarks, or other special  
58 designations to indicate compliance with these materials.

59 Use of this document is wholly voluntary. The existence of this document does not imply that there are no other  
60 ways to produce, test, measure, purchase, market, or provide other goods and services related to its scope.

**61 About the IEEE-ISTO**

62 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible operational forum  
63 and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards, but also to facilitate activities  
64 that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the marketplace. The organization is affiliated with  
65 the IEEE (<http://www.ieee.org/>) and the IEEE Standards Association (<http://standards.ieee.org/>).

66 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit <http://www.ieee-isto.org>.

67

**68 About the IEEE-ISTO PWG**

69 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology Organization  
70 (ISTO) with member organizations including printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating system  
71 providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print management application  
72 developers. The group is chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems supporting them  
73 work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The Printer Working Group, a  
74 Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will document the results of their work as open  
75 standards that define print related protocols, interfaces, procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and  
76 vendors of printer related software will benefit from the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these  
77 standards.

78 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood, and is technically competent, has  
79 multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and enjoys  
80 significant public support.

81 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit: <http://www.pwg.org>

**82 Contact information:**

83 IFX Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/qualdocs>

84 IFX Mailing List: [ifx@pwg.org](mailto:ifx@pwg.org)

85 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

86 1) send it to [majordomo@pwg.org](mailto:majordomo@pwg.org)

87 2) leave the subject line blank

88 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

89 subscribe ifx

90 end

91

92 Implementers of this specification are encouraged to join the IFX Mailing List in order to participate in any  
93 discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional names.

94

95	<b>Contents</b>	
96	1 Introduction .....	7
97	1.1 Operations Supported .....	7
98	1.2 Typical exchange .....	8
99	2 Terminology .....	9
100	2.1 Conformance Terminology .....	9
101	2.2 Other Terminology .....	9
102	3 IPPFAX Model .....	11
103	3.1 Printer Object Relationships .....	11
104	3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs .....	11
105	4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics .....	12
106	4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute .....	12
107	4.2 version-number parameter .....	12
108	4.3 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute .....	13
109	5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes .....	13
110	5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) .....	14
111	5.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	14
112	5.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	15
113	5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) .....	15
114	5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) .....	16
115	5.6 document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127)) .....	16
116	5.7 digital-signatures-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	16
117	5.8 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword) .....	16
118	6 IPPFax Job Description Attributes .....	16
119	6.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) .....	17
120	6.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) .....	17
121	6.3 xxx-supplied attributes .....	18
122	7 IPPFAX operations .....	18
123	7.1 Get-Printer Attributes operation .....	18
124	7.2 Print-Job operation .....	18
125	7.2.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute .....	19
126	7.2.2 document-format (mimeType) operation attribute .....	20
127	7.2.3 document-format-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute .....	20
128	7.2.4 document-charset (charset) operation attribute .....	21
129	7.2.5 document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) operation attribute .....	21

130	7.2.6 document-digital-signature (type2 keyword) operation attribute.....	21
131	7.2.7 Job Template Attributes (for Print-Job) .....	21
132	7.2.8 Delivery Confirmation using the Print-job response.....	23
133	7.2.9 Originator identifier image.....	23
134	7.3 Cancel-Job operation.....	24
135	7.4 Get-Job-Attributes .....	24
136	7.5 Get-Jobs.....	24
137	8 Security considerations.....	25
138	8.1 Data Integrity and authentication .....	25
139	8.2 Data Privacy (encryption) .....	25
140	8.3 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	26
141	8.4 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	27
142	8.5 Using IPPFAX with TLS.....	28
143	8.6 Access control .....	29
144	8.7 Reduced feature set.....	29
145	9 Attribute Syntaxes .....	30
146	10 Status codes .....	30
147	11 Conformance Requirements .....	30
148	11.1 Operation Conformance Requirements .....	30
149	12 IPPFAX URL Scheme.....	32
150	12.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage.....	32
151	12.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port.....	33
152	12.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type .....	33
153	12.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding.....	33
154	12.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF .....	33
155	12.6 IPPFAX URL Examples.....	34
156	12.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons .....	35
157	13 IANA Considerations .....	35
158	14 References .....	35
159	14.1 Normative .....	35
160	14.2 Informative .....	36
161	15 Authors' addresses.....	39
162	16 Appendix B: vCard Example.....	41

163 17 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved) ..... 41

164  
165

**Table of Tables**

166 Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements ..... 14

167 Table 2 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes.**Error! Bookmark**

168 **not defined.**

169 Table 3 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes ..... 17

170 Table 4 - [RFC 2911] Print-Job operation attributes..... 19

171 Table 5 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes ..... 22

172 Table 6 - Conformance for IPPFax/1.0 Operations..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

173 Table 8 - Authentication Requirements..... 26

174 Table 9 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements ..... 27

175 Table 10 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements..... 27

176 Table 11 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements..... 28

177

## 178 **1 Introduction**

179 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from  
180 the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542].

181 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between  
182 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image  
183 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]  
184 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

185 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document  
186 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.  
187 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents come from actual paper nor is there a  
188 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those  
189 associated with the exchange of data over the network.

190 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a  
191 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in  
192 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL  
193 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations.

194 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least PDF/is [PWG5102.3-  
195 2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be  
196 configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device (or  
197 multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It  
198 is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis].

199 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending  
200 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the  
201 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network  
202 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

203 The target market for an IPPFAX receiver is a midrange imaging device that can support the minimum  
204 memory requirements that are required by the data format PDF/is, but the image format is structured in  
205 such a way that the Receiver is not required to include a disk or other permanent storage.

### 206 **1.1 Operations Supported**

207 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST support the following operations:

208

- 209 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - If the document-format-version is not PDF/is or the media is not  
210 iso\_a4\_210x297mm or na\_letter\_8.5x11in, then the Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can  
211 support the alternate attributes. Rational: Using Get-Printer-Attributes would avoid rejection of  
212 the job which is important if the document data is very large.
- 213 2. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (Create-Job, Send-  
214 document and Send-URI and Print-URI MUST NOT be supported by Senders or Receivers).
- 215 3. Get-Job-Attributes - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for  
216 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise. Job-History MUST be  
217 retained by the Receiver for at least 5 minutes after job completion. See 4.3.7.2 of RFC2911 for  
218 printer object Job-History discussion.
- 219 4. Get-Jobs – Receivers MUST support this operation but only for authenticated Administrators  
220 or Operators.
- 221 5. Job-Cancel – Receivers MUST support this operation but only for authenticated Administrators  
222 or Operators.
- 223 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST NOT support any other IPP operations including job  
224 operations and administrative operation.

## 225 1.2 Typical exchange

226 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four  
227 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 228 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the “printer-uri”  
229 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does  
230 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network discovery  
231 protocols such as SLP, etc. See Appendix E Generic Directory Schema of IPP/1.1 [RFC 2911].
- 232 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to  
233 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver’s  
234 network location and starts the exchange.
- 235 3. The Sender MAY determine other PDF versions supported by the Receiver and the Sender MAY  
236 discover “media-supported” and “media-ready”.
- 237 4. The Sender converts the document, if necessary, into PDF/is or another PDF subset depending on  
238 the Receiver’s capabilities. The PDF/is data format is described in detail in the “PDF Image-  
239 Streamable (PDF/is)” specification [PWG5102.3-2004].



- 240 5. The Sender submits the document in a Print-Job request to the Receiver. The Sender SHOULD  
241 include the sending user vCard[RFC2426, RFC2425] and receiving user vCard in the Print-Job  
242 operations.
- 243 6. The Receiver returns a Print-Job response to the Sender. The Sender in turn MUST inform the  
244 Sending-User.
- 245 7. The Sender MUST use Get-Job-Attributes to check for successful job completion unless the  
246 Sending User requests otherwise.

## 247 **2 Terminology**

248 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

### 249 **2.1 Conformance Terminology**

250 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,  
251 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These  
252 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from  
253 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,  
254 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements  
255 for IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document  
256 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

### 257 **2.2 Other Terminology**

258 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and  
259 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

260 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension  
261 document (see section 14). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL  
262 scheme.

263 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension  
264 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request MUST use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see  
265 section 4.1 and 12). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,  
266 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

267 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and  
268 returns protocol responses. A Printer object MAY be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer

269 object, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**), but  
270 MUST NOT be both (since they support some different operations and attributes and are really two  
271 different kinds of Print Services). A Printer object MAY support multiple URLs with different security,  
272 authentication, and/or access control (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each  
273 URL for a Printer object MUST support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as  
274 restricted depending on the security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other  
275 words, each URL for a given Printer object is offering the same Print Service.

276 Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.  
277 This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to  
278 apply to a Printer object that MAY support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

279 **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects MAY  
280 offer the same Print Service. A Print Service MUST support only one printer object.

281 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by  
282 definition).

283 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by  
284 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).

285 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY  
286 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**) for a  
287 single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with  
288 distinct URLs.

289 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.  
290 A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the  
291 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is  
292 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

293 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

294 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that  
295 Receiver.

296 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the  
297 Receiver.

298 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.

299 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.

300 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.

301 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.

302 **PDF/is** The file format defined by [PWG5102.3-2004].

303 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute**, **operation**, **request**, **response**, **operation**  
304 **attribute**, **Printer Description attribute**, **Job Description attribute**, **integrity**, and **privacy** is also used  
305 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

### 306 **3 IPPFAX Model**

307 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

#### 308 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

309 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]  
310 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]  
311 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be  
312 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that  
313 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

#### 314 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

315 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer  
316 object, not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and  
317 attributes accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security,  
318 authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used.

319 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2  
320 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see  
321 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and  
322 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object.

323

## 324 **4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics**

325 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.  
326 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using  
327 existing IPP operations in [RFC2911], with increased conformance requirements as specified in this  
328 document.

### 329 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute**

330 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the  
331 client **MUST** supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section  
332 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value **MUST** be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 12)  
333 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

334 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”  
335 Printer Description attribute:

336 `ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5`

337 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver **NEED NOT** validate that the “printer-uri”  
338 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s  
339 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 5.1). For URI matching rules see section  
340 12.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not  
341 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver  
342 **MUST** reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return  
343 the attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

### 344 **4.2 version-number parameter**

345 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number  
346 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender **MUST** supply  
347 this parameter in every request and the Receiver **MUST** return this parameter in every response.

348 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender **MUST** supply the IPP version number  
349 parameter with a value of ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number.

350

### 351 **4.3 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

352 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the  
353 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in  
354 every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation  
355 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes  
356 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version” operation attribute  
357 are the same for the IPPFAX Protocol as the “version-number” parameter for IPP 1.1(see [RFC2911]  
358 section 3.1.8).

359 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender MUST supply the IPPFax version  
360 operation attribute with the keyword value of ‘1.0’.

361 The Receiver MUST list the IPPFAX versions supported in the “ippfax-versions-supported” (1setOf type2  
362 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 5.3).

363 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version  
364 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

## 365 **5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

366 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes  
367 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

368 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes  
369 whose semantics are defined in this document.

370 All Printer Description attributes not listed in Table 1 have the same conformance requirements as defined  
371 in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or other IETF or PWG standards track IPP documents.

372 See section 7.2.7 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and  
373 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

374

**Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Fax Receiver support	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	MUST	5.1
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	5.3
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	MUST	5.4
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	MUST	5.5
document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127)) **	MUST	5.6
digital-signature-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) **	MUST	5.7
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.8

375 \* These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this  
376 document.

377 \*\* These IPP attributes are defined in [PWG 5100.7], but have enhanced or constrained semantics defined  
378 in this document.

### 379 5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

380 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e.,  
381 the URI values that a client can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests.  
382 A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute MUST only contain URIs  
383 using the ‘ippfax’ scheme.

### 384 5.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

385 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1.4) identifies the version or versions of the IPP encoding that  
386 this Receiver supports as part of the IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the  
387 IPP Protocol), including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets  
388 the conformance requirements. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The  
389 Receiver MUST compare the “version-number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this  
390 attribute in order to determine whether the Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender *as part*  
391 *of the IPPFAX Protocol*.

392 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

393 ‘1.1’: The IPPFAX operations meets encoding conformance requirements of IPP version 1/1 as specified  
394 in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910].

395

### 396 **5.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

397 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,  
398 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the  
399 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as  
400 opposed to a regular IPP Printer object

401 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by the  
402 Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver supports  
403 the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

404 Standard keyword values are:

405 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX 1/0 as specified in this document.  
406

### 407 **5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)**

408 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.15) identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver  
409 and contained Job objects. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

410 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute  
411 and/or MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver that  
412 supports administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but  
413 such a Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. See section 9 for  
414 conformance requirements for these operations.

415 **A receiver MUST only support the following operations:**

416 • **get-printer-attributes**

417 • **print-job**

418 • **cancel-job**

419 • **get-jobs**

420 • **get-job-attributes**

421 A receiver MUST NOT support any other operation.

## 422 **5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType)**

423 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.22) identifies which document formats the Receiver supports.  
424 The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. Both the Sender and Receiver MUST only  
425 support 'application/pdf'.

## 426 **5.6 document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127))**

427 This attribute (see [PWG 5100.7] section 7.8 ) identifies which PDF subsets the Receiver supports. A  
428 Receiver MUST support this attribute and a Sender MAY support this attribute. Both the Sender and  
429 Receiver MUST support the 'PDF/is-1.0' subset of PDF. The Receiver MAY support other subsets of PDF  
430 and if it does then the Receiver MUST only list subsets that it fully supports.

## 431 **5.7 digital-signatures-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

432 This attribute (see [PWG 5100.7] section 7.4) identifies which digital signature technologies are supported  
433 by the Receiver. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

434 If the Receiver cannot validate the digital signature or if the digital signature fails to verify, then the  
435 Receiver MUST notify the Receiving User using an implementation specific method.

## 436 **5.8 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)**

437 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.28) identifies Receiver implementation support for overriding  
438 document data instructions with IPPFax job attributes. A Receiver MUST support this printer subscription  
439 attribute with the value 'attempted'. . A Receiver MUST attempt to override at least the media attribute.  
440

## 441 **6 IPPFax Job Description Attributes**

442 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes  
443 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX or are new to IPPFax. .



Table 2 - Summary of Job Description attributes

Attribute	Sender supplies *	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD	MUST
compression-supplied (type3 keyword) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-charset-supplied (charset) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-digital-signature-supplied (type2 keyword)**	MUST NOT	MUST
document-format-details-supplied (1setOf collection) **	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
document-format-supplied (mimeMediaType)**	MUST NOT	MUST
document-format-version-supplied (text(127)) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-message-supplied (text(MAX))**	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
document-name-supplied (name (MAX)) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-natural-language-supplied (naturalLanguage)**	MUST NOT	MUST

\*Sender supplies as an operation attribute in a Print-Job operation.

\*\* These IPP attributes are defined in [PWG 5100.7]

444

445

446

447

## 448 6.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))

449 This Job Description attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425]  
 450 format (See Appendix B for a sample vCard). The Receiver MUST support this job description attribute  
 451 according to the vCard v3.0 specification and MUST populate it with the value of the corresponding Print-  
 452 Job operation attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver  
 453 MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts of the vCard, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-  
 454 Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911]  
 455 section 13.1.2.2). The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner  
 456 page) for the job.

## 457 6.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))

458 This Job Description attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426,  
 459 RFC2425] format (See Appendix B for a sample vCard). The Receiver MUST support this Job  
 460 Description operation attribute and MUST populate it with the value of the corresponding Print-Job  
 461 operation attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver  
 462 MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts of the vCard, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-  
 463 Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911]  
 464 section 13.1.2.2). The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner  
 465 page) for the job.

### 466 **6.3 xxx-supplied attributes**

467 An IPPFax Receiver implementation **MUST** supported compression-supplied, document-charset-supplied,  
468 document-digital-signature-supplied, document-format-supplied, document-format-version-supplied,  
469 document-name-supplied, and document-natural-language-supplied Job-Description attributes as defined in  
470 [PWG 5100.7]

471 An IPPFax Receiver **MUST NOT** implement document-format-details-supplied and document-message-  
472 supplied Job-Description attributes.

## 473 **7 IPPFAX operations**

474 An IPPFax Receiver implementation **MUST** support the Get-Printer Attributes, Print Job, Get-Job  
475 Attributes, Get-Jobs and Cancel-Job as defined in this section. An IPPFax Receiver **MUST NOT** support  
476 any other IPP operations.

477 An IPPFax Receiver **MUST NOT** support any optional job-template attributes features of IPP unless  
478 explicitly stated in this document. An IPPFax Receiver **MAY** support any optional operation attributes in  
479 the Print-Job operation and **MAY** support Job-Description attributes in Job Objects.

### 480 **7.1 Get-Printer Attributes operation**

481 The Sender and Receiver **MUST** support the discovery of receiver capabilities using the Get-Printer  
482 attributes operation.

483 See Section 5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes for required Printer Description Attributes for IPPFax  
484 Receivers.

### 485 **7.2 Print-Job operation**

486 The Sender and Receiver **MUST** support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation. The Sender  
487 and Receiver **MUST NOT** support print by reference, i.e., **MUST NOT** support any other print operation,  
488 i.e. Create-Job, Send-Document, Print-URI and Send-URI operations.

489 Table 3 lists the operation attributes for Print-Job operations for Senders, and Receivers. The Receiver  
490 **MUST NOT** support operations attributes defined in other IPP extension documents.

491

**Table 3 - Print-Job operation attributes**

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	Receiver Supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	MUST
printer-uri (uri)	4.1	MUST	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX))		SHOULD	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean)	7.2.1	MUST with 'true' value <sup>1</sup>	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	7.2.2	MUST <sup>2</sup>	MUST
document-format-version (type2 keyword) *	7.2.3	MUST <sup>3</sup>	MUST
document-charset (charset) *	7.2.4	MAY	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *	7.2.5	MAY	MUST
document-digital-signature (type2 keyword)	7.2.6	MAY	MUST
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	6.1	SHOULD <sup>3</sup>	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	6.2	SHOULD <sup>3</sup>	MUST

492 \* These IPPFax attributes MUST be copied to their corresponding xxx-supplied Job-Description attributes  
 493 by the Receiver.  
 494  
 495

### 496 7.2.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute

497 This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) indicates whether or not the client requires the  
 498 Printer to support all Job Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation

<sup>1</sup> [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

<sup>2</sup> The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

<sup>3</sup> These attributes were not defined in [RFC2911].

499 attribute in the Print-Job operations and the value MUST be ‘true’. A Receiver MUST validate and support  
500 this operation attribute.

501 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the ‘false’ value, the Receiver MUST reject the  
502 operation, MUST return the ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘ipp-attribute-  
503 fidelity’ attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

#### 504 **7.2.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute**

505 This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) identifies the MIME Media Type of the document  
506 that the Sender is sending. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation and  
507 the value MUST be “application/PDF”. A Receiver MUST validate that the value of attribute is  
508 “application/pdf” . .

509 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the  
510 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘document-format’ attribute name keyword  
511 in the Unsupported Attributes Group

512 Because only one document-format MAY be supported, attribute coloring is not relevant for IPPFax. If the  
513 Sender desires to send a different format, then it should use a different transmission protocol than IPPFax.

#### 514 **7.2.3 document-format-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

515 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) should be taken from the JobX specification. **Revise this**  
516 **section.Reference the JobX spec.**

517 **(Add somewhere a mention that Sender must support generating and transmitting PDF/is-1.0. Maybe in**  
518 **section 1 to make it clear that it is a basic part of IPPFAX?)**

519 This operation attribute identifies the type2 keyword of the pdf document that the Sender is sending. The  
520 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation. A Receiver MUST validate and  
521 support this operation attribute.

522 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s  
523 “document-format-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the  
524 operation and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code.

525 Standard keyword values are defined in section 5.6.

526 **7.2.4 document-charset (charset) operation attribute**

527 **7.2.5 document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) operation attribute**

528 **7.2.6 document-digital-signature (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

529 **7.2.7 Job Template Attributes (for Print-Job)**

530 Table 4 lists all of the Job Template attributes that have enhanced or constrained semantics for IPP Fax.  
531 IPP Fax Senders SHOULD NOT supply Job Template attributes except Media[RFC2911].

532 As in [RFC2911], the term “Job Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job  
533 attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any  
534 other IPP Job Template attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

535 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the  
536 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support  
537 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

538 In Table 4, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the  
539 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job. When  
540 supported, the Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST support only the indicated value; that is, there  
541 is only one allowed value. Each such single value has been selected as the value for the attribute that would  
542 correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these attributes are  
543 supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since  
544 the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’).

545 If the Receiver supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-  
546 Printer-Attributes response for the corresponding “xxx-supported” and “xxx-default” Printer attributes.  
547 Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly  
548 non-FAX feature if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-  
549 priority” = 100, respectively.

550 In Table 4, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender  
551 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.  
552 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since  
553 the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the Receiver  
554 with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported” MUST  
555 NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or  
556 provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the

557 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |  
558 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

559

560

561

**Table 4 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes**

Job Template attribute	Sender supply /Receiver support	IPP Fax behavior	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1 copy	[RFC2911]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword   name(MAX))	MUST NOT	'no-hold'	[RFC2911]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	MUST NOT	50	[RFC2911]
job-sheets (type3 keyword   name(MAX))	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
media (type3 keyword   name(MAX))	MUST (see section 7.2.7.1)		[RFC2911]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	No multiple document jobs	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	MUST NOT		[RFC2911]
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1:MAX	[RFC2911]
print-quality (type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MUST NOT (see section <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> )		[RFC2911]
sides (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]

### 562 **7.2.7.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template**

563 This Job Template attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets  
564 of the job. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the "media" Job Template attribute  
565 in the Print-Job requests. The Receiver MUST support the "media-default", and "media-supported" Printer  
566 attributes and SHOULD support the "media-ready" Printer attribute.

567 The keyword values MUST be Media Size Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name  
568 standard [pwg-media].

569 At a minimum, an IPPFAX receiver MUST be able to render the sizes ‘na\_letter\_8.5x11in’  
570 ‘iso\_a4\_210x297mm’ and be able to print on at least one of those two sizes. The Receiver MAY  
571 scale down at most 10% (PDF/is directives may prohibit this scaling), overflow to another page, or  
572 truncate. If the Receiver does truncate then it MUST notify the Receiving User. Any scaling  
573 performed MUST be isomorphic.  
574 PDF Crop boxes SHOULD be used when the Sender knows that the imageable region is less than the  
575 media size. If the crop box is the union of the lesser size of iso\_a4\_210x297mm and na\_letter\_8.5x11in  
576 minus ¼ of an inch, then the Sender can be sure that the majority of Receivers can print the complete image  
577 without loss of data. However, this does mean that there is the possibility that data may lost.  
578

579 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.1.

### 580 **7.2.7.2 media-supported Job Template Printer attributes**

581 The following standard keywords MUST be supported. Any other paper sizes supported MUST use the  
582 self-describing names as defined in ([5101.1]):

583 ‘na\_letter\_8.5x11in’  
584 ‘iso\_a4\_210x297mm’  
585 ‘choice\_iso\_a4\_210x297mm\_na\_letter\_8.5x11in’ - represents both ‘na\_letter\_8.5x11in’ and  
586 ‘iso\_a4\_210x297mm’ and indicates that either is acceptable. See [jobx].

### 587 **7.2.8 Delivery Confirmation using the Print-job response**

588 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver  
589 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job Response. The Sender MUST then inform the  
590 Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been  
591 received, unless the Sending User requests otherwise.

### 592 **7.2.9 Originator identifier image**

593 Consistent with ITU-T T.30 facsimile, the Document Originator or Sender MUST place an originator  
594 identifier in one of the following places, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION:

- 595 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is pre-pended before the first page  
596 of user data in the PDF document.
- 597 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 598 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

599 The Sender MAY include additional data (Sending User vCard, Receiver identity vCard, etc.).

600 Reference PDF/is method.

### 601 7.3 Cancel-Job operation

602 Only Operators/Administrators can cancel IPPFax jobs.

### 603 7.4 Get-Job-Attributes

### 604 7.5 Get-Jobs

605 Separate into two sections! Get-Jobs is Operator/Admin only operation

606 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver  
607 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

608 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-  
609 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver  
610 MAY return only the following Job attributes:

611 job-id, job-uri  
612 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed  
613 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,  
614 time-at-creation, time-at-processing  
615 job-state, job-state-reasons  
616 number-of-intervening-jobs – NOT!!!!

617  
618 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,  
619 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this  
620 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

621 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative  
622 destination or warn the Sending User).

623 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it  
624 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

625 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.



## 626 **8 Security considerations**

627 **IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness.** Many of the envisaged uses  
628 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior  
629 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based  
630 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restrictions placed on querying and canceling  
631 IPPFAX Jobs.

### 632 **8.1 Data Integrity and authentication**

633 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver **MUST** be carried using the data integrity mechanism  
634 specified in IPP/1.1 namely TLS/1.0 [RFC2246] or later versions of TLS.

635 A Receiver **MUST** have a TLS certificate and be authenticated by the sender.

636 A Sender **MAY** have a TLS certificate for client authentication. A Receiver **MAY** decide to reject  
637 requests that come from Senders that do not have a TLS certificate and return the ‘client-error-not-  
638 authenticated’ status code.

639 A Sender **MAY** use its own TLS certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

640 A Receiver **MUST** have a TLS certificate, and the Send **MUST** have the public keys of the top level public  
641 key Certificate Authorities (as current browsers do). If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that is  
642 doesn’t recognize, the Sender **MUST** resolve the unrecognized key or inform the Sending User that data  
643 integrity has been lost and **MUST** abort the job.

644 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but if it is  
645 done over the network, it **MUST** be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

### 646 **8.2 Data Privacy (encryption)**

647 A Sender **MAY** chose use data privacy (encryption) as defined in TLS/1.0 [RFC2246].

648 **8.3 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

649 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated  
 650 with each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

651 **Table 5 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests

652 \* TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

653 Table 6 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX  
 654 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

655 **Table 6 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

656

657 **8.4 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

658 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms  
 659 used for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

660 **Table 7 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

661

662 Table 8 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX  
663 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

664 **Table 8 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

665 \* The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

666 \*\* The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

667 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA cipher suite as  
668 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites  
669 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

670 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client  
671 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite  
672 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

## 673 8.5 Using IPPFAX with TLS

674 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start  
675 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]  
676 further explains:

677 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a  
678 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS  
679 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP  
680 request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior,  
681 including retained connections should be followed.

682 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following  
683 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

- 684 IPP/1.1 sequence:  
685 1. Start TCP connection  
686 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests  
687 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header  
688 4. TLS handshake  
689 5. Finish the HTTP/IPP request securely  
690 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

- 691  
692 IPPFAX sequence:  
693 1. Start TCP connection  
694 2. Send TLS ClientHello  
695 3. Rest of TLS handshake  
696 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,  
697 followed by the Print-Job operation).  
698

## 699 **8.6 Access control**

700 **Needs re-writing**

701 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the  
702 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication  
703 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute - see section 8.3).  
704 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]  
705 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

706 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not  
707 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

## 708 **8.7 Reduced feature set**

709 **Needs re-writing**

710 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as an  
711 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it  
712 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

713 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a  
714 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an  
715 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,

716 the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is  
717 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

## 718 **9 Attribute Syntaxes**

719 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

## 720 **10 Status codes**

721 No new Status codes are defined and semantics for existing status codes have not been modified.

722

## 723 **11 Conformance Requirements**

724 **Need to be re-worked.**

### 725 **11.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

726 **Error! Reference source not found.** lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an  
727 IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL), (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a  
728 request from a non-privileged User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated  
729 and authorized operator or administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and  
730 authorization.

731 **Error! Reference source not found.** lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription  
732 operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be  
733 on the same URL as the job was created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri"  
734 Job Description attribute), (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object  
735 Owner, (4) from some other non-privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an  
736 authenticated and authorized operator or administrator.

737

**Table 9 - Conformance for IPPFax/1.0 Operations**

Operation Name	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator	Reference
Print-Job	MUST	MUST	MUST	section
Get-Jobs	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	section 7.4
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections <b>Error! Reference source not found., 5</b>
Cancel-Job				
Get-Job-Attributes				

738

Legend:

739

740

Legend:

741

**MAY\*** - Get-Job-Attributes restricts certain. See section 7.4.

742

**Owner** refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

743

744

745

This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined elsewhere in this document.

746

747

1. A Sender and Receiver **MUST** observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section **Error! Reference source not found..**

748

749

2. The Sender **MUST** supply and the Receiver **MUST** support (1) the “printer-uri” operation attribute with the ‘ippfax’ scheme, (2) the “version-number” parameter with the IPP/1.1 ‘1.1’ (or higher minor version) value, and (3) the “ippfax-version” operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0 ‘1.0’ keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.

750

751

752

753

3. The Receiver **MUST** support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections **Error! Reference source not found..**

754

755

4. The Receiver **MUST** support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 5.

- 756 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-  
757 Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation  
758 as specified in section **Error! Reference source not found.**
- 759 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes  
760 for Identify Exchange as described in section **Error! Reference source not found.**
- 761 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in  
762 section **Error! Reference source not found.**
- 763 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section **Error!**  
764 **Reference source not found.**
- 765 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 7.
- 766 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 8, including  
767 TLS.
- 768 The [set-ops], enable-printer and disable-printer operations MUST only be performed on a connection that  
769 has been authenticated by TLS and the user has the rights to perform them.

## 770 12 IPPFAX URL Scheme

771 Need to be re-worked to be consistent RFC 3510

772 Need to register a port with IANA for IPPFax.

773 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to  
774 the requirements in [RFC2717].

### 775 12.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage

776 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of  
777 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

778 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL  
779 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an  
780 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;  
781 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex  
782 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].



783 The intended usage of the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme is COMMON.

## 784 **12.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

785 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-  
786 known port xxx [TBA by IANA] for the IPPFAX Protocol.

787 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

## 788 **12.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

789 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an ‘application/ipp’  
790 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX  
791 Receivers which support this ‘application/ipp’ operation encoding.

792 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

## 793 **12.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

794 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme  
795 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further  
796 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-  
797 insensitive in the ‘scheme’ and ‘host’ (host name or host address) part; however, the ‘abs\_path’ part is  
798 case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the  
799 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

## 800 **12.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF**

801 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5  
802 ‘uri’ in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return ‘client-error-request-value-too-long’ (see section  
803 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

804 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because  
805 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

806 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name  
807 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see “Uniform Resource  
808 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics” [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of

809 “port”, “host”, “abs\_path”, and “query” from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for  
810 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

811 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
812     ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]
813
```

814 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 12.2 is assumed. The  
815 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX  
816 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for  
817 the identified resource is ‘abs\_path’.

818 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

819 If the ‘abs\_path’ is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as “/” when used as a Request-URI for a  
820 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified  
821 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified  
822 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

## 823 12.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

824 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host  
825 names):

```
826     ippfax://abc.com
827     ippfax://abc.com/listener
828
```

829 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

830 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

```
831     192.9.5.5           ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
832     186.7.8.9         ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
833
```

834 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

```
835     ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
836     ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom
837
```

838 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

```
839     ::192.9.5.5       ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
840     ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
```

841 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373

842

843 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

844 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener

845 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener

846 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom

847

## 848 12.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

849 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same  
850 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 851 • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section  
852 12.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

## 853 13 IANA Considerations

854 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 12 according to the procedures of  
855 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

856 Operation Attributes:

857 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 4.3

858

859 Operation/Job Description attributes:

860 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.1

861 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.2

862

863 Printer Description Attributes:

864 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 5.3

## 865 14 References

### 866 14.1 Normative

867 [IANA-MT]

868 IANA Registry of Media Types: <ftp://ftp.iana.org/iana/assignments/media-types/>.

869 [IANA-PORTREG]

870 IANA Port Numbers Registry. <ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/port-numbers>.

871 [PWG5102.3-2004]  
872 Seeler, R., “PDF Image-Streamable (PDF/is)”, Work in Progress,  
873 <ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/pwg-ix-pdfis-latest.pdf>.  
874  
875 [jobx]  
876 Hastings, T. and P. Zehler, "IPP Job Extensions", May 19, 2000,  
877 [ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new\\_JOBX/wd-ippjobx10-20030518.pdf](ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_JOBX/wd-ippjobx10-20030518.pdf), work in progress.

878

## 879 **14.2 Informative**

880  
881 [ifx-req]  
882 Moore, P., “IPP Fax transport requirements”, October 16, 2000,  
883 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/requirements/ifx-transport-requirements-01.pdf>.

884

885

886 [RFC2542]  
887 Masinter , “Terminology and Goals for Internet Fax”, RFC2542.

888 [RFC3380]  
889 Kugler, C, Hastings, T., Lewis, H., “Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Job and Printer Administrative  
890 Operations”, <draft-ietf-RFC3380-03.txt>, July 17, 2001.

891 [RFC 3382]  
892 deBry, R., , Hastings, T., Herriot, R., “Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): collection attribute  
893 syntax”,RFC 3382, September, 2002 .

894 [ipp-get-method]  
895 Herriot, Kugler, and Lewis, “The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for Event Notifications” , <draft-ietf-  
896 ipp-notify-get-06.txt>, November 19, 2001.

897 [ipp-iig-bis]  
898 Hastings, T., Manros, C., Zehler, P., Kugler, C., and H. Holst, “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1:  
899 Implementer’s Guide”, draft-ietf-ipp-implementers-guide-v11-04.txt, work in progress, intended to  
900 obsolete RFC 3196 [RFC3196], October 8, 2001.

- 901 [RFC 3381]  
902 Hastings, T., Bergman, R., Lewis, H., “Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Job Progress Attributes”,  
903 RFC 3381, September, 2002.
- 904 [ipp-ntfy]  
905 Isaacson, S., Martin, J., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Shepherd, M., Bergman, R., “Internet Printing  
906 Protocol/1.1: IPP Event Notification Specification”, <draft-ietf-ipp-not-spec-08.txt>, November 19,  
907 2001.
- 908 [ipp-output-bin]  
909 Hastings, T., and R. Bergman, “Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): output-bin attribute extension”,  
910 IEEE-ISTO 5100.2-2001, February 7, 2001, <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5100.2.pdf>.
- 911 [ipp-prod-print]  
912 Ocke, K., Hastings, T., “Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Production Printing Attributes - Set1”,  
913 IEEE-ISTO 5100.3-2001, February 12, 2001, <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5100.3.pdf>.
- 914 [ipp-set-ops]  
915 Hastings, Herriot, Kugler, and Lewis, “Job and Printer Set Operations”, <draft-ietf-ipp-job-printer-  
916 set-ops-05.txt>, August 28, 2001.
- 917 [ipp-uri-scheme]  
918 Herriot, McDonald, “IPP URL Scheme”, <draft-ietf-ipp-url-scheme-03.txt>, April 3, 2001.
- 919 [pwg-media]  
920 Bergman, Hastings, “Media Standardized Names”, work in progress, when approved:  
921 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5101.1.pdf>; current draft:  
922 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/media-sizes/pwg-media-12.pdf>, September 24, 2001.
- 923 [RFC1900]  
924 B. Carpenter, Y. Rekhter. Renumbering Needs Work, RFC 1900, February 1996.
- 925 [RFC2069]  
926 Franks, Hallam-Baker, Hostetler, Leach, Luotonen., Sink, Stewart, “An Extension to HTTP: Digest  
927 Access Authentication”, RFC2069.
- 928 [RFC2119]  
929 Bradner, S., “Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Level”, RFC2119.
- 930 [RFC2246]  
931 Dierks, Allen “The TLS Protocol Version 1.0”, RFC 2246.

- 932 [RFC2305]  
933 Toyoda, Ohno, Murai, Wing “A Simple Mode of Facsimile Using Internet Mail”, RFC2305.
- 934 [RFC2373]  
935 R. Hinden, S. Deering. IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture, RFC 2373, July 1998.
- 936 [RFC2396]  
937 Berners-Lee, T. et al. Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax, RFC 2396, August  
938 1998.
- 939 [RFC2409]  
940 Harkins, D., and D. Carrel, “The Internet Key Exchange (IKE)”, RFC 2409, November 1998.
- 941 [RFC2425]  
942 T. Howes, M. Smith, F. Dawson, “A MIME Content-Type for Directory Information”, RFC 2425,  
943 September 1998.
- 944 [RFC2426]  
945 Dawson, Howes, “vCard MIME Directory Profile”, RFC 2426, September 1998 [version v3.0].
- 946 [RFC2532]  
947 Masinter, Wing, “Extended Facsimile Using Internet Mail”, RFC2532.
- 948 [RFC2616]  
949 R. Fielding, J. Gettys, J. Mogul, H. Frystyk, L. Masinter, P. Leach, T. Berners-Lee, “Hypertext  
950 Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1”, RFC 2616, June 1999.
- 951 [RFC2617]  
952 J. Franks, P. Hallam-Baker, J. Hostetler, S. Lawrence, P. Leach, A. Luotonen, L. Stewart, “HTTP  
953 Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication”, RFC 2617, June 1999.
- 954 [RFC2732]  
955 R. Hinden, B. Carpenter, L. Masinter. Format for Literal IPv6 Addresses in URL’s, RFC 2732,  
956 December 1999.
- 957 [RFC2818]  
958 E. Rescorla, “HTTP Over TLS”, May 2000.
- 959 [RFC2910]  
960 Herriot, Butler, Moore, Turner, Wenn, “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport”,  
961 RFC2910, September 2000.

- 962 [RFC2911]  
 963 deBry, Hastings, Herriot, Isaacson, Powell, “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics”,  
 964 RFC2911, September 2000.
- 965 [RFC3196]  
 966 Hastings, T., Manros, C., Zehler, P., Kugler, C., and H. Holst, “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1:  
 967 Implementer’s Guide”, RFC 3196, November, 2001.
- 968 [X509]  
 969 CCITT. Recommendation X.509: “The Directory - Authentication Framework”, 1988.

970 **15 Authors’ addresses**

<p>Thomas N. Hastings          Xerox Corporation          701 Aviation Blvd.          El Segundo, CA 90245</p> <p>Phone: +1 310-333-6413          FAX: +1 310-333-5514          email: <a href="mailto:hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com">hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com</a></p>	<p>Ira McDonald          High North Inc          221 Ridge Ave          Grand Marais, MI 49839</p> <p>Phone: +1 906-494-2434          Email: <a href="mailto:imcdonald@sharplabs.com">imcdonald@sharplabs.com</a></p>
	<p>Gail Songer          Peerless Systems Corp          2381 Rosecrans Ave          El Segundo, CA 90245</p> <p>Phone: +1 650-358 8875          Email: <a href="mailto:gsonger@peerless.com">gsonger@peerless.com</a></p>
<p>Dennis Carney          IBM          6300 Diagonal Highway          Boulder, CO 80301</p>	<p>Rick Seeler          Adobe Systems Incorporated          321 Park Ave.  <span style="float: right;">San Jose, CA 95110</span></p> <p>Phone: +1 408- 536-4393          Email: <a href="mailto:rseeler@adobe.com">rseeler@adobe.com</a></p>

Phone: +1 303-924-0565 Email: dcarney@us.ibm.com	
---	--

971  
972 Contact Information:  
973  
974 IPPFAX Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/qualdocs/>  
975 IPPFAX Mailing List: [ifx@pwg.org](mailto:ifx@pwg.org)  
976  
977 To subscribe to the IPPFAX mailing list, send the following email:  
978 1) send it to [majordomo@pwg.org](mailto:majordomo@pwg.org)  
979 2) leave the subject line blank  
980 3) put the following two lines in the message body:  
981       subscribe ifx  
982       end  
983

984 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPPFAX Mailing List in order  
985 to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for  
986 additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-  
987 subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the  
988 mailing list.

989 Other Participants:  
990

Aisushi Uchino - Epson	Marty Joel - Peerless
Bill Wagner - NetSilicon/DPI	Michael Wu - Heidelberg Digital
Carl-Uno Manros - Xerox	Mike Kuindersma - PrinterOn
Charles Kong - Panasonic	Norbert Schade - Oak Technology
Dan Calle - Digital Paper	Patrick Pidduck - PrinterOn
David Kellerman - Northlake	Peter Zehler - Xerox
Don Wright - Lexmark	Rich Heckelmann - Panasonic USA
Elliott Bradshaw - Oak Technologies	Richard Shockey - Newstar
Frank Martin - Brother	Rob Buckley - Xerox
Fumio Nagasaka - Epson	Robert Herriot - Xerox
Geoff Soord - Software 2000	Roelop Hamberg - Océ
Harry Lewis - IBM	Ron Bergman - Hitachi Koki
Howard Sidorski - Netreon	Satoshi Fujitani - Ricoh
Hugo Parra - Novell	Shigeru Udea - Canon
Jeff Christensen - Novell	Shinichi Tsuruyama - Epson
Jerry Thrasher - Lexmark	Stuart Rowley - Kyocera



John Thomas - Sharp Labs	Ted Tronson - Novell
Koichi "Hurry" Izuhara - Minolta	Toru Maeda - Canon
Lee Farrell - Canon Info Systems	Yiruo Yang - Epson
Lloyd McIntyre	Yuji Sasaki - JCI
Mark VanderWiele - IBM	Paul Moore -
John Pulera - Minolta	

991

992

## 1. Appendix A:

993 **16 Appendix B: vCard Example**994 **Update the example**

995 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```

996 BEGIN:VCARD
997 VERSION:3.0
998 N:Moore;Paul
999 FN:Paul Moore
1000 ORG:Netreon
1001 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1002 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1003 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1004 REV:19991207T215341Z
1005 END:VCARD

```

1006

1007

1008 **17 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Netreon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to

			be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with PDFax.
12	10/16/02 10/24/02	Rick Seeler Gail Songer	Updated to reflect PDF/is as file format. Replace CONNEG with UPDF. Attributes for OPTIONAL PDF/is functionality.
13	11/22/02	Rick Seeler	Replaced 'PDFax' with 'PDF/is' or 'pdfis'. Updated spec to match 0.3 PDF/is specification.
14	03/18/03	Gail Songer	Removed pdfis-profile-requested and pdfis-profile-supported and pdfis-profiles; all image formats are required Removed pdfis-cache-size-k-octets (now fixed value) Removed pdfis-banding-direction-supported Started to split references into two sections, "normative" and "informative" and update descriptions to references Other editorial changes
15	03/24/03	Gail Songer	Added digital-signatures-supported. Added pdf-format and pdf-format supported. Put "coloring" back to optional. Removed PDF data encryption (leave for a future

			version of PDF/is and IPPFax)
16		Gail Songer Dennis Carney	Remove all references to coloring Changed pdf-format to document-format-version Remove the requirement that [set-ops] supports document-format coloring (we only allow document-format==PDF) ALL admin operations require TLS to have authenticated the user and the user has admin rights Other editorial changes
17	05/21/03 05/28/03	Dennis Carney Tom Hastings	Editorial updates Added new 'choice_iso_a4_210x297mm_na_letter_8.5x11in' value for "media" and a reference to [jobx]. Fixed conformance for "media-ready".
18	10/03 11/03	Gail Songer	Reviewed in light of the Requirements specification. Noted lots of places in which the document MUST be changed.

1009

1010

**Allow Cancel-job for Administrators.**