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IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group IPP Fax Project Standard for IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

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Abstract: This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542]. In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport. The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDF/IS as specified in [PWG5102.3-2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

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31 The latest version of this specification is available at: ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-afx10-latest.pdf, .doc

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87 2) leave the subject line blank

88 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

89 subscribe ifx

90 end

91

92 Implementers of this specification are encouraged to join the IFX Mailing List in order to participate in any
93 discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional names.

94

95

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178 **1 Introduction**

179 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from
180 the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542].

181 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
182 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
183 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
184 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

185 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
186 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.
187 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents come from actual paper nor is there a
188 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those
189 associated with the exchange of data over the network.

190 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
191 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
192 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
193 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations.

194 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least PDF/is [PWG5102.3-
195 2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be
196 configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device (or
197 multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It
198 is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis].

199 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
200 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the
201 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network
202 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

203 The target market for an IPPFAX receiver is a midrange imaging device that can support the minimum
204 memory requirements that are required by the data format PDF/is, but the image format is structured in
205 such a way that the Receiver is not required to include a disk or other permanent storage.

206 **1.1 Operations Supported**

207 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST support the following operations:

208

- 209 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - If the document-format-version is not PDF/is or the media is not
210 iso_a4_210x297mm or na_letter_8.5x11in, then the Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can
211 support the alternate attributes. Rational: Using Get-Printer-Attributes would avoid rejection of
212 the job which is important if the document data is very large.
- 213 2. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (Create-Job, Send-
214 document and Send-URI and Print-URI MUST NOT be supported by Senders or Receivers).
- 215 3. Get-Job-Attributes - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for
216 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise. Job-History MUST be
217 retained by the Receiver for at least 5 minutes after job completion. See 4.3.7.2 of RFC2911 for
218 printer object Job-History discussion.
- 219 4. Get-Jobs – Receivers MUST support this operation but only for authenticated Administrators
220 or Operators.
- 221 5. Job-Cancel – Receivers MUST support this operation but only for authenticated Administrators
222 or Operators.
- 223 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST NOT support any other IPP operations including job
224 operations and administrative operation.

225 1.2 Typical exchange

226 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four
227 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 228 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the “printer-uri”
229 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does
230 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network discovery
231 protocols such as SLP, etc. See Appendix E Generic Directory Schema of IPP/1.1 [RFC 2911].
- 232 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to
233 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver’s
234 network location and starts the exchange.
- 235 3. The Sender MAY determine other PDF versions supported by the Receiver and the Sender MAY
236 discover “media-supported” and “media-ready”.
- 237 4. The Sender converts the document, if necessary, into PDF/is or another PDF subset depending on
238 the Receiver’s capabilities. The PDF/is data format is described in detail in the “PDF Image-
239 Streamable (PDF/is)” specification [PWG5102.3-2004].

- 240 5. The Sender submits the document in a Print-Job request to the Receiver. The Sender SHOULD
241 include the sending user vCard[RFC2426, RFC2425] and receiving user vCard in the Print-Job
242 operations.
- 243 6. The Receiver returns a Print-Job response to the Sender. The Sender in turn MUST inform the
244 Sending-User.
- 245 7. The Sender MUST use Get-Job-Attributes to check for successful job completion unless the
246 Sending User requests otherwise.

247 2 Terminology

248 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

249 2.1 Conformance Terminology

250 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
251 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
252 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
253 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,
254 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements
255 for IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
256 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

257 2.2 Other Terminology

258 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
259 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

260 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
261 document (see section 14). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL
262 scheme.

263 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
264 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request MUST use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see
265 section 4.1 and 12). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,
266 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

267 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
268 returns protocol responses. A Printer object MAY be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer

269 object, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**), but
270 MUST NOT be both (since they support some different operations and attributes and are really two
271 different kinds of Print Services). A Printer object MAY support multiple URLs with different security,
272 authentication, and/or access control (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each
273 URL for a Printer object MUST support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as
274 restricted depending on the security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other
275 words, each URL for a given Printer object is offering the same Print Service.

276 Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.
277 This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to
278 apply to a Printer object that MAY support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

279 **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects MAY
280 offer the same Print Service. A Print Service MUST support only one printer object.

281 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by
282 definition).

283 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
284 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).

285 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY
286 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**) for a
287 single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with
288 distinct URLs.

289 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
290 A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the
291 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is
292 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

293 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

294 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
295 Receiver.

296 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
297 Receiver.

298 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.

299 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.

300 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.

301 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.

302 **PDF/Is** The file format defined by [PWG5102.3-2004].

303 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute, operation, request, response, operation**
304 **attribute, Printer Description attribute, Job Description attribute, integrity, and privacy** is also used
305 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

306 **3 IPPFAX Model**

307 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

308 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

309 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
310 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]
311 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
312 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
313 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

314 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

315 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer
316 object, not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and
317 attributes accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security,
318 authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used.

319 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2
320 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
321 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
322 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object.

323

324 4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics

325 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
326 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using
327 existing IPP operations in [RFC2911], with increased conformance requirements as specified in this
328 document.

329 4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute

330 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the
331 client MUST supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section
332 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value MUST be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 12)
333 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

334 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”
335 Printer Description attribute:

336 ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5

337 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver NEED NOT validate that the “printer-uri”
338 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s
339 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 5.1). For URI matching rules see section
340 12.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not
341 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver
342 MUST reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return
343 the attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

344 4.2 version-number parameter

345 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number
346 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply
347 this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response.

348 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender MUST supply the IPP version number
349 parameter with a value of ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number.

350

351 **4.3 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

352 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the
353 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in
354 every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation
355 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes
356 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version” operation attribute
357 are the same for the IPPFAX Protocol as the “version-number” parameter for IPP 1.1(see [RFC2911]
358 section 3.1.8).

359 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender MUST supply the IPPFax version
360 operation attribute with the keyword value of ‘1.0’.

361 The Receiver MUST list the IPPFAX versions supported in the “ippfax-versions-supported” (1setOf type2
362 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 5.3).

363 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
364 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

365 **5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

366 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
367 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

368 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
369 whose semantics are defined in this document.

370 All Printer Description attributes not listed in Table 1 have the same conformance requirements as defined
371 in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or other IETF or PWG standards track IPP documents.

372 See section 7.2.7 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
373 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

374

Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Fax Receiver support	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	MUST	5.1
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	5.3
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	MUST	5.4
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	MUST	5.5
document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127)) **	MUST	5.6
digital-signature-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) **	MUST	5.7
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.8

375 * These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this
376 document.

377 ** These IPP attributes are defined in [PWG 5100.7], but have enhanced or constrained semantics defined
378 in this document.

379 5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

380 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e.,
381 the URI values that a client can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests.
382 A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute MUST only contain URIs
383 using the ‘ippfax’ scheme.

384 5.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

385 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1.4) identifies the version or versions of the IPP encoding that
386 this Receiver supports as part of the IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the
387 IPP Protocol), including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets
388 the conformance requirements. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The
389 Receiver MUST compare the “version-number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this
390 attribute in order to determine whether the Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender *as part*
391 *of the IPPFAX Protocol*.

392 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

393 ‘1.1’: The IPPFAX operations meets encoding conformance requirements of IPP version 1/1 as specified
394 in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910].
395

396 5.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

397 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,
398 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the
399 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as
400 opposed to a regular IPP Printer object

401 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by the
402 Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver supports
403 the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

404 Standard keyword values are:

405 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX 1/0 as specified in this document.
406

407 5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

408 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.15) identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver
409 and contained Job objects. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

410 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute
411 and/or MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver that
412 supports administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but
413 such a Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. See section 9 for
414 conformance requirements for these operations.

415 **A receiver MUST only support the following operations:**

- 416 • **get-printer-attributes**
- 417 • **print-job**
- 418 • **cancel-job**
- 419 • **get-jobs**
- 420 • **get-job-attributes**

421 A receiver MUST NOT support any other operation.

422 **5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType)**

423 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.22) identifies which document formats the Receiver supports.
424 The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. Both the Sender and Receiver MUST only
425 support 'application/pdf'.

426 **5.6 document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127))**

427 This attribute (see [PWG 5100.7] section 7.8) identifies which PDF subsets the Receiver supports. A
428 Receiver MUST support this attribute and a Sender MAY support this attribute. Both the Sender and
429 Receiver MUST support the 'PDF/iso-1.0' subset of PDF. The Receiver MAY support other subsets of PDF
430 and if it does then the Receiver MUST only list subsets that it fully supports.

431 **5.7 digital-signatures-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

432 This attribute (see [PWG 5100.7] section 7.4) identifies which digital signature technologies are supported
433 by the Receiver. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

434 If the Receiver cannot validate the digital signature or if the digital signature fails to verify, then the
435 Receiver MUST notify the Receiving User using an implementation specific method.

436 **5.8 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)**

437 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.28) identifies Receiver implementation support for overriding
438 document data instructions with IPPFax job attributes. A Receiver MUST support this printer subscription
439 attribute with the value 'attempted'. . A Receiver MUST attempt to override at least the media attribute.
440

441 **6 IPPFax Job Description Attributes**

442 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
443 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX or are new to IPPFax. .

444

Table 2 - Summary of Job Description attributes

Attribute	Sender supplies *	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD	MUST
compression-supplied (type3 keyword) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-charset-supplied (charset) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-digital-signature-supplied (type2 keyword)**	MUST NOT	MUST
document-format-details-supplied (1setOf collection) **	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
document-format-supplied (mimeMediaType)**	MUST NOT	MUST
document-format-version-supplied (text(127)) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-message-supplied (text(MAX))**	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
document-name-supplied (name (MAX)) **	MUST NOT	MUST
document-natural-language-supplied (naturalLanguage)**	MUST NOT	MUST

445 *Sender supplies as an operation attribute in a Print-Job operation.

446 ** These IPP attributes are defined in [PWG 5100.7]

447

448 **6.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))**

449 This Job Description attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425]
 450 format (See Appendix B for a sample vCard). The Receiver MUST support this job description attribute
 451 according to the vCard v3.0 specification and MUST populate it with the value of the corresponding Print-
 452 Job operation attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver
 453 MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts of the vCard, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-
 454 Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911]
 455 section 13.1.2.2). The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner
 456 page) for the job.

457 **6.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))**

458 This Job Description attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426,
 459 RFC2425] format (See Appendix B for a sample vCard). The Receiver MUST support this Job
 460 Description operation attribute and MUST populate it with the value of the corresponding Print-Job
 461 operation attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver
 462 MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts of the vCard, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-
 463 Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911]
 464 section 13.1.2.2). The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner
 465 page) for the job.

466 **6.3 xxx-supplied attributes**

467 An IPPFax Receiver implementation MUST supported ~~compression-supplied, document-charset-supplied,~~
 468 ~~document-digital-signature-supplied, document-format-supplied, document-format-version-supplied,~~
 469 ~~document-name-supplied, and document-natural-language-supplied Job-Description attributes as defined in~~
 470 ~~[PWG 5100.7]~~

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471 An IPPFax Receiver MUST NOT implement ~~document-format-details-supplied and document-message-~~
 472 ~~supplied Job-Description attributes.~~

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¶
attributes defined in [PWG 5100.7].473 **7 IPPFAX operations**

474 An IPPFax Receiver implementation MUST support the Get-Printer Attributes, Print Job, Get-Job
 475 Attributes, Get-Jobs and Cancel-Job as defined in this section. An IPPFax Receiver MUST NOT support
 476 any other IPP operations.

477 An IPPFax Receiver MUST NOT support any optional job-template attributes features of IPP unless
 478 explicitly stated in this document. An IPPFax Receiver MAY support any optional operation attributes in
 479 the Print-Job operation and MAY support Job-Description attributes in Job Objects.

480 **7.1 Get-Printer Attributes operation**

481 The Sender and Receiver MUST support the discovery of receiver capabilities using the Get-Printer
 482 attributes operation.

483 See Section 5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes for required Printer Description Attributes for IPPFax
 484 Receivers.

485 **7.2 Print-Job operation**

486 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation. The Sender
 487 and Receiver MUST NOT support print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support any other print operation,
 488 i.e. Create-Job, Send-Document, Print-URI and Send-URI operations.

489 Table 3 lists the operation attributes for Print-Job operations for Senders, and Receivers. The Receiver
 490 MUST NOT support operations attributes defined in other IPP extension documents.

491

Table 3 - Print-Job operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	Receiver Supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	MUST
printer-uri (uri)	4.1	MUST	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX))		SHOULD	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean)	7.2.1	MUST with 'true' value	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	7.2.2	MUST ²	MUST
document-format-version (type2 keyword) *	7.2.3	MUST ³	MUST
document-charset (charset) *	7.2.4	MAY	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *	7.2.5	MAY	MUST
document-digital-signature (type2 keyword)	7.2.6	MAY	MUST
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	6.1	SHOULD ³	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	6.2	SHOULD ³	MUST

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493
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495

* These IPPFax attributes MUST be copied to their corresponding ~~xxx~~-supplied Job-Description attributes by the Receiver.

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7.2.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute

497
498

This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

³ These attributes were not defined in [RFC2911].

499 attribute in the Print-Job operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support
500 this operation attribute.

Deleted: Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

501 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the 'false' value, the Receiver MUST reject the
502 operation, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ipp-attribute-
503 fidelity' attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

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504 7.2.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute

505 This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) identifies the MIME Media Type of the document
506 that the Sender is sending. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation and
507 the value MUST be "application/PDF". A Receiver MUST validate that the value of attribute is
508 "application/pdf".

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Deleted: Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute

509 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
510 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'document-format' attribute name keyword
511 in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

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512 Because only one document-format MAY be supported, attribute coloring is not relevant for IPPFax. If the
513 Sender desires to send a different format, then it should use a different transmission protocol than IPPFax.

514 7.2.3 document-format-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute

515 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) should be taken from the JobX specification. **Revise this**
516 **section. Reference the JobX spec.**

517 **(Add somewhere a mention that Sender must support generating and transmitting PDF/is-1.0. Maybe in**
518 **section 1 to make it clear that it is a basic part of IPPFAX?)**

519 This operation attribute identifies the type2 keyword of the pdf document that the Sender is sending. The
520 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation. A Receiver MUST validate and
521 support this operation attribute.

522 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's
523 "document-format-versions-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the
524 operation and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code.

525 Standard keyword values are defined in section 5.6.

526 **7.2.4 document-charset (charset) operation attribute**

527 **7.2.5 document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) operation attribute**

528 **7.2.6 document-digital-signature (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

529 **7.2.7 Job Template Attributes (for Print-Job)**

530 Table 4 lists all of the Job Template attributes that have enhanced or constrained semantics for IPP Fax.
531 IPP Fax Senders SHOULD NOT supply Job Template attributes except Media[RFC2911].

532 As in [RFC2911], the term “Job Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job
533 attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any
534 other IPP Job Template attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

535 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
536 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
537 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

538 In Table 4, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the
539 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job. When
540 supported, the Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST support only the indicated value; that is, there
541 is only one allowed value. Each such single value has been selected as the value for the attribute that would
542 correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these attributes are
543 supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since
544 the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’).

545 If the Receiver supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-
546 Printer-Attributes response for the corresponding “xxx-supported” and “xxx-default” Printer attributes.
547 Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly
548 non-FAX feature if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-
549 priority” = 100, respectively.

550 In Table 4, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender
551 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.
552 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since
553 the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the Receiver
554 with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported” MUST
555 NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or
556 provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the

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557 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |
558 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

559

560

561

Table 4 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply /Receiver support	IPP Fax behavior	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1 copy	[RFC2911]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	'no-hold'	[RFC2911]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	MUST NOT	50	[RFC2911]
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see section 7.2.7.1)		[RFC2911]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	No multiple document jobs	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	MUST NOT		[RFC2911]
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1:MAX	[RFC2911]
print-quality (type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MUST NOT (see section Error! Reference source not found.)		[RFC2911]
sides (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]

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562 **7.2.7.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template**

563 This Job Template attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets
564 of the job. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the “media” Job Template attribute
565 in the Print-Job requests. The Receiver MUST support the “media-default”, and “media-supported” Printer
566 attributes and SHOULD support the “media-ready” Printer attribute.

567 The keyword values MUST be Media Size Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name
568 standard [pwg-media].

569 At a minimum, an IPPFAX receiver MUST be able to render the sizes ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’
 570 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’ and be able to print on at least one of those two sizes. The Receiver MAY
 571 scale down at most 10% (PDF/is directives may prohibit this scaling), overflow to another page, or
 572 truncate. If the Receiver does truncate then it MUST notify the Receiving User. Any scaling
 573 performed MUST be isomorphic.
 574 PDF Crop boxes SHOULD be used when the Sender knows that the imageable region is less than the
 575 media size. If the crop box is the union of the lesser size of iso_a4_210x297mm and na_letter_8.5x11in
 576 minus ¼ of an inch, then the Sender can be sure that the majority of Receivers can print the complete image
 577 without loss of data. However, this does mean that there is the possibility that data may be lost.
 578

579 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.1.

580 **7.2.7.2 media-supported Job Template Printer attributes**

581 The following standard keywords MUST be supported. Any other paper sizes supported MUST use the
 582 self-describing names as defined in ([5101.1]):

583 ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’
 584 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’
 585 ‘choice_iso_a4_210x297mm_na_letter_8.5x11in’ - represents both ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’ and
 586 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’ and indicates that either is acceptable. See [jobx].

587 **7.2.8 Delivery Confirmation using the Print-job response**

588 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
 589 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job Response. The Sender MUST then inform the
 590 Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been
 591 received, unless the Sending User requests otherwise.

592 **7.2.9 Originator identifier image**

593 Consistent with ITU-T T.30 facsimile, the Document Originator or Sender MUST place an originator
 594 identifier in one of the following places, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION:

- 595 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is pre-pended before the first page
 596 of user data in the PDF document.
- 597 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 598 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

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599 The Sender MAY include additional data (Sending User vCard, Receiver identity vCard, etc.).

600 **Reference PDF/is method.**

601 **7.3 Cancel-Job operation**

602 **Only Operators/Administrators can cancel IPPFax jobs.**

603 **7.4 Get-Job-Attributes**

604 **7.5 Get-Jobs**

605 **Separate into two sections! Get-Jobs is Operator/Admin only operation**

606 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
607 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

608 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
609 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
610 MAY return only the following Job attributes:

611 job-id, job-uri
612 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
613 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
614 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
615 job-state, job-state-reasons
616 **number-of-intervening-jobs – NOT!!!!**

617
618 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
619 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
620 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

621 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
622 destination or warn the Sending User).

623 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it
624 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

625 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

626 **8 Security considerations**

627 **IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness.** Many of the envisaged uses
628 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
629 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
630 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restrictions placed on querying and canceling
631 IPPFAX Jobs.

632 **8.1 Data Integrity and authentication**

633 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver **MUST** be carried using the data integrity mechanism
634 specified in IPP/1.1 namely TLS/1.0 [RFC2246] or later versions of TLS.

635 A Receiver **MUST** have a TLS certificate and be authenticated by the sender.

636 A Sender **MAY** have a TLS certificate for client authentication. A Receiver **MAY** decide to reject
637 requests that come from Senders that do not have a TLS certificate and return the 'client-error-not-
638 authenticated' status code.

639 A Sender **MAY** use its own TLS certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

640 A Receiver **MUST** have a TLS certificate, and the Send **MUST** have the public keys of the top level public
641 key Certificate Authorities (as current browsers do). If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that is
642 doesn't recognize, the Sender **MUST** resolve the unrecognized key or inform the Sending User that data
643 integrity has been lost and **MUST** abort the job.

644 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but if it is
645 done over the network, it **MUST** be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

646 **8.2 Data Privacy (encryption)**

647 A Sender **MAY** chose use data privacy (encryption) as defined in TLS/1.0 [RFC2246].

648 **8.3 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

649 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated
 650 with each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

651 **Table 5 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests

652 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

653 Table 6 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 654 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

655 **Table 6 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

656

657 **8.4 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

658 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms
 659 used for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

660 **Table 7 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

661

662 Table 8 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
663 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

664 **Table 8 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

665 * The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

666 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

667 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as
668 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites
669 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

670 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
671 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
672 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

673 8.5 Using IPPFAX with TLS

674 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start
675 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]
676 further explains:

677 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a
678 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS
679 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP
680 request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior,
681 including retained connections should be followed.

682 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following
683 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

- 684 IPP/1.1 sequence:
685 1. Start TCP connection
686 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
687 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
688 4. TLS handshake
689 5. Finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
690 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

- 691
692 IPPFAX sequence:
693 1. Start TCP connection
694 2. Send TLS ClientHello
695 3. Rest of TLS handshake
696 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
697 followed by the Print-Job operation).
698

699 8.6 Access control

700 Needs re-writing

701 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the
702 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
703 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute - see section 8.3).
704 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]
705 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

706 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
707 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

708 8.7 Reduced feature set

709 Needs re-writing

710 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as an
711 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
712 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

713 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a
714 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an
715 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,

716 the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is
717 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

718 **9 Attribute Syntaxes**

719 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

720 **10 Status codes**

721 No new Status codes are defined and semantics for existing status codes have not been modified.

722

723 **11 Conformance Requirements**

724 **Need to be re-worked.**

725 **11.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

726 **Error! Reference source not found.** lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an
727 IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL), (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a
728 request from a non-privileged User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated
729 and authorized operator or administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and
730 authorization.

731 **Error! Reference source not found.** lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription
732 operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL), (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be
733 on the same URL as the job was created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri"
734 Job Description attribute), (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object
735 Owner, (4) from some other non-privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an
736 authenticated and authorized operator or administrator.

737

Table 9 - Conformance for IPPFax/1.0 Operations

Operation Name	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator	Reference
Print-Job	MUST	MUST	MUST	section
Get-Jobs	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	section 7.4
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections Error! Reference source not found. , 5
Cancel-Job				
Get-Job-Attributes				

738 Legend:

739

740 Legend:

741 **MAY*** - Get-Job-Attributes restricts certain. See section 7.4.742 **Owner** refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

743

744

745 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined

746 elsewhere in this document.

747 1. A Sender and Receiver **MUST** observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section748 **Error! Reference source not found.**

749 2. The Sender **MUST** supply and the Receiver **MUST** support (1) the “printer-uri” operation attribute
 750 with the ‘ippfax’ scheme, (2) the “version-number” parameter with the IPP/1.1 ‘1.1’ (or higher
 751 minor version) value, and (3) the “ippfax-version” operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0 ‘1.0’
 752 keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.

753 3. The Receiver **MUST** support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections **Error!**754 **Reference source not found.**755 4. The Receiver **MUST** support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 5.

- 756 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-
757 Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation
758 as specified in section **Error! Reference source not found.**
- 759 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
760 for Identify Exchange as described in section **Error! Reference source not found.**
- 761 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in
762 section **Error! Reference source not found.**
- 763 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section **Error!**
764 **Reference source not found.**
- 765 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 7.
- 766 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 8, including
767 TLS.
- 768 The [set-ops], enable-printer and disable-printer operations MUST only be preformed on a connection that
769 has been authenticated by TLS and the user has the rights to perform them.

770 12 IPPFAX URL Scheme

771 **Need to be re-worked to be consistent RFC 3510**

772 **Need to register a port with IANA for IPPFax.**

773 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to
774 the requirements in [RFC2717].

775 12.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage

776 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
777 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

778 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
779 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
780 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;
781 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex
782 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

783 The intended usage of the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme is COMMON.

784 **12.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

785 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
786 known port **xxx [TBA by IANA]** for the IPPFAX Protocol.

787 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

788 **12.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

789 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an ‘application/ipp’
790 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
791 Receivers which support this ‘application/ipp’ operation encoding.

792 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

793 **12.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

794 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
795 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
796 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-
797 insensitive in the ‘scheme’ and ‘host’ (host name or host address) part; however, the ‘abs_path’ part is
798 case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the
799 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

800 **12.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF**

801 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5
802 ‘uri’ in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return ‘client-error-request-value-too-long’ (see section
803 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

804 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
805 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

806 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
807 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see “Uniform Resource
808 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics” [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of

809 “port”, “host”, “abs_path”, and “query” from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
810 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

811 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
812     ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]
813
```

814 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 12.2 is assumed. The
815 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX
816 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for
817 the identified resource is ‘abs_path’.

818 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

819 If the ‘abs_path’ is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as “/” when used as a Request-URI for a
820 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
821 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
822 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

823 12.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

824 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
825 names):

```
826     ippfax://abc.com
827     ippfax://abc.com/listener
828
```

829 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

830 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

```
831     192.9.5.5           ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
832     186.7.8.9          ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
833
```

834 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

```
835     ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
836     ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom
837
```

838 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

```
839     ::192.9.5.5        ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
840     ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
```

841 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373

842

843 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

844 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener

845 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener

846 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom

847

848 12.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

849 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same
850 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 851 • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section
852 12.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

853 13 IANA Considerations

854 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 12 according to the procedures of
855 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

856 Operation Attributes:

857 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 4.3

858

859 Operation/Job Description attributes:

860 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.1

861 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.2

862

863 Printer Description Attributes:

864 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 5.3

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866 14.1 Normative

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970 **15 Authors' addresses**

Thomas N. Hastings Xerox Corporation 701 Aviation Blvd. El Segundo, CA 90245 Phone: +1 310-333-6413 FAX: +1 310-333-5514 email: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com	Ira McDonald High North Inc 221 Ridge Ave Grand Marais, MI 49839 Phone: +1 906-494-2434 Email: imcdonald@sharplabs.com
	Gail Songer Peerless Systems Corp 2381 Rosecrans Ave El Segundo, CA 90245 Phone: +1 650-358 8875 Email: gsonger@peerless.com
Dennis Carney IBM 6300 Diagonal Highway Boulder, CO 80301	Rick Seeler Adobe Systems Incorporated 321 Park Ave. San Jose, CA 95110 Phone: +1 408- 536-4393 Email: rseeler@adobe.com

Phone: +1 303-924-0565 Email: dcarney@us.ibm.com	
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Contact Information:

IPPFAX Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/qualdocs/>
IPPFAX Mailing List: ifx@pwg.org

To subscribe to the IPPFAX mailing list, send the following email:

- 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org
- 2) leave the subject line blank
- 3) put the following two lines in the message body:
subscribe ifx
end

Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPPFAX Mailing List in order to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

Other Participants:

Aisushi Uchino - Epson	Marty Joel - Peerless
Bill Wagner - NetSilicon/DPI	Michael Wu - Heidelberg Digital
Carl-Uno Manros - Xerox	Mike Kuindersma - PrinterOn
Charles Kong - Panasonic	Norbert Schade - Oak Technology
Dan Calle - Digital Paper	Patrick Pidduck - PrinterOn
David Kellerman - Northlake	Peter Zehler - Xerox
Don Wright - Lexmark	Rich Heckelmann - Panasonic USA
Elliott Bradshaw - Oak Technologies	Richard Shockey - Newstar
Frank Martin - Brother	Rob Buckley - Xerox
Fumio Nagasaka - Epson	Robert Herriot - Xerox
Geoff Soord - Software 2000	Roelop Hamberg - Océ
Harry Lewis - IBM	Ron Bergman - Hitachi Koki
Howard Sidorski - Netreon	Satoshi Fujitani - Ricoh
Hugo Parra - Novell	Shigeru Ueda - Canon
Jeff Christensen - Novell	Shinichi Tsuruyama - Epson
Jerry Thrasher - Lexmark	Stuart Rowley - Kyocera

John Thomas - Sharp Labs	Ted Tronson - Novell
Koichi "Hurry" Izuhara - Minolta	Toru Maeda - Canon
Lee Farrell - Canon Info Systems	Yiruo Yang - Epson
Lloyd McIntyre	Yuji Sasaki - JCI
Mark VanderWiele - IBM	Paul Moore -
John Pulera - Minolta	

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992

1. Appendix A:

993 **16 Appendix B: vCard Example**

994 **Update the example**

995 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```
996 BEGIN:VCARD
997 VERSION:3.0
998 N:Moore;Paul
999 FN:Paul Moore
1000 ORG:Netreon
1001 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1002 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1003 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1004 REV:19991207T215341Z
1005 END:VCARD
1006
1007
```

1008 **17 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Netreon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to

			be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with PDFax.
12	10/16/02 10/24/02	Rick Seeler Gail Songer	Updated to reflect PDF/is as file format. Replace CONNEG with UPDF. Attributes for OPTIONAL PDF/is functionality.
13	11/22/02	Rick Seeler	Replaced 'PDFax' with 'PDF/is' or 'pdfis'. Updated spec to match 0.3 PDF/is specification.
14	03/18/03	Gail Songer	Removed pdfis-profile-requested and pdfis-profile-supported and pdfis-profiles; all image formats are required Removed pdfis-cache-size-k-octets (now fixed value) Removed pdfis-banding-direction-supported Started to split references into two sections, "normative" and "informative" and update descriptions to references Other editorial changes
15	03/24/03	Gail Songer	Added digital-signatures-supported. Added pdf-format and pdf-format supported. Put "coloring" back to optional. Removed PDF data encryption (leave for a future

			version of PDF/is and IPPFax)
16		Gail Songer Dennis Carney	Remove all references to coloring Changed pdf-format to document-format-version Remove the requirement that [set-ops] supports document-format coloring (we only allow document-format==PDF) ALL admin operations require TLS to have authenticated the user and the user has admin rights Other editorial changes
17	05/21/03 05/28/03	Dennis Carney Tom Hastings	Editorial updates Added new 'choice_iso_a4_210x297mm_na_letter_8.5x11in' value for "media" and a reference to [jobx]. Fixed conformance for "media-ready".
18	10/03 11/03	Gail Songer	Reviewed in light of the Requirements specification. Noted lots of places in which the document MUST be changed.

1009

1010

Allow Cancel-job for Administrators.